

The City recommends members of the public wear a mask if they have been exposed to COVID-19 or have a respiratory illness. City staff, City Commission and all board and committee members must wear a mask if they have been exposed to COVID-19 or actively have a respiratory illness. The City continues to provide KN-95 respirators and triple layered masks for attendees.

- 1) Roll Call
- 2) Approval of the HDC Minutes of September 6, 2023
- 3) Courtesy Review
- 4) Historic Design Review
 - A. 138 W. Maple Blakeslee Building (Postponed from August 16, 2023)
 - B. 172 N. Old Woodward National Bank Building
- 5) Sign Review
- 6) Study Session
 - A. Historic Preservation Master Plan (UPDATE)
- 7) Miscellaneous Business and Communication
 - A. Pre-Application Discussions
 - **B.** Draft Agenda
 - 1. October 4, 2023
 - C. Staff Reports
 - 1. Administrative Sign Approvals
 - 2. Administrative Approvals
 - 3. Demolitions
 - 4. Action List 2023
- 8) Adjournment

Link to Access Virtual Meeting: https://zoom.us/j/91282479817

Telephone Meeting Access: 877 853 5247 US Toll-free

Meeting ID Code: 912 8247 9817

Notice: Individuals requiring accommodations, such as interpreter services for effective participation in this meeting should contact the City Clerk's Office at (248) 530-1880 at least on day in advance of the public meeting.

Las personas que requieren alojamiento, tales como servicios de interpretación, la participación efectiva en esta reunión deben ponerse en contacto con la Oficina del Secretario Municipal al (248) 530-1880 por lo menos el día antes de la reunión pública. (Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964).

A PERSON DESIGNATED WITH THE AUTHORITY TO MAKE DECISIONS MUST BE PRESENT AT THE MEETING.

^{*}Please note that board meetings will be conducted in person once again. Members of the public can attend in person at Birmingham City Hall, 151 Martin St., OR may attend virtually at:

Historic District Commission Minutes Of September 6, 2023

151 Martin Street, City Commission Room 205, Birmingham, MI

Minutes of the regular meeting of the Historic District Commission ("HDC") held September 6, 2023. Chair Henke called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m.

1) Rollcall

Present: Chair John Henke (left at 8:31 p.m.); Board Members Natalia Dukas, Dustin Kolo,

Michael Willoughby; Alternate Board Members Mary Jaye, Steven Lemberg

Absent: Board Members Gigi Debbrecht, Keith Deyer, Patricia Lang; Student

Representative Ian Weinberg

Staff: Planning Director Dupuis; City Transcriptionist Eichenhorn

2) Approval of the HDC Minutes of August 16, 2023

09-27-23

Motion by Mr. Willoughby Seconded by Mr. Kolo to approve the HDC Minutes of August 16, 2023 as submitted.

Motion carried, 6-0.

VOICE VOTE

Yeas: Henke, Kolo, Jaye, Lemberg, Dukas, Willoughby

Nays: None

3) Courtesy Review

4) Historic Design Review

A. 380 S. Bates – Community House

Mr. Willoughby noted that he has previously served on the Board of the Community House and that there exists no conflict of interest. No concerns were raised regarding Mr. Willoughby's disclosure.

PD Dupuis presented the item. Victor Saroki, architect, and Bill Seklar, President and CEO of the Community House, spoke on behalf of the project. All answered informational questions from the HDC.

HDC members' discussion was as follows:

 There was some concern regarding how the project would be received by the neighbors to the north on Townsend, and there was some additional concern regarding the massing of the project. It was requested that the removal of the upper floor or half a floor be considered; Historic District Commission Minutes of September 6, 2023

- Some support for the massing was also stated, citing the design appearing to be a number of buildings instead of one larger building, Preservation Brief 14 from the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, and the value that a larger Community House would bring to the community;
- The new building and the old building were well-differentiated in the plans;
- The present landscaping outside the Community House blocks the view of the historic building, and it would be positive if the landscaping could be modified to place more emphasis on the historic building;
- Rehabilitating the historic building would be worthwhile. Adding historically appropriate windows, and restoring the entrance to the original location further south were two suggestions made;
- Modifying the addition on Bates Street to look less like the historic building would be appropriate; and,
- Simplifying some of the design elements to create more of a cohesive impression might be worthwhile.

The Chair summarized that the HDC was generally supportive of the plans, with a request that some aspects of the design be studied.

It was decided that the applicant team would bring the same plans to the preliminary site plan review at the Planning Board, with the caveat that some changes to the facade based on HDC's feedback would be pending.

09-28-23

Motion by Ms. Dukas

Seconded by Mr. Willoughby to postpone the design review application and issuance of a certificate of appropriateness for 380 S. Bates – Community House with the date to be determined.

The Chair confirmed for Mr. Saroki that the Planning Board would understand why the item was tabled.

Public Comment

Penny Sage, resident of Townsend, raised a concern about Community House windows that might face into her bedroom and about a potential increase in traffic and parking congestion.

Motion carried, 6-0.

VOICE VOTE

Yeas: Henke, Kolo, Jaye, Lemberg, Dukas, Willoughby

Nays: None

5) Sign Review

6) Study Session

A. Historic Preservation Master Plan — Update

PD Dupuis presented the item and answered questions from the HDC.

HDC members' discussion was as follows:

- The aim should be to identify historic resources, to evaluate them, and to plan for preservation of the resources with the support of the community;
- The process should be very well-publicized. Realtors should have access to a list of historic resources in the City;
- The plan should include the City's Historic Design Guidelines;
- Evanston, Illinois is a positive example of historic preservation;
- The Peoria, Arizona, City of Plano, Texas, and Township of Montclair, New Jersey historic preservation master plans were well received;
- Pleasant Ridge, Michigan's design guidelines could provide a model for Birmingham's historic preservation master plan in terms of its simplicity; and,
- As part of the process, the HDC should identify buildings that are not being maintained and examples of demolition-by-neglect.

7) Miscellaneous Business and Communication

- **A. Pre-Application Discussion**
- **B.** Draft Agenda
- C. Staff Reports
 - 1. Administrative Sign Approvals
 - 2. Administrative Approvals
 - 3. Demolitions
 - 4. Action List

8) Adjournment

No further business being evident, the HDC motioned to adjourn at 8:39 p.m.

Nick Dupuis, Planning Director

Laura Eichenhorn, City Transcriptionist



MEMORANDUM

Planning Division

DATE: September 20, 2023

TO: Historic District Commission Members

FROM: Nicholas Dupuis, Planning Director

SUBJECT: 138 W. Maple – Blakeslee Building – Revised Design Review

Zoning: B4 (Business-Residential) & D4 (Downtown Overlay)

Existing Use: One-Story Commercial Building

History

The small one-story brick store was built by Frank Blakeslee in 1880. Mr. Blakeslee was a general merchant. Later, Irwin Smith's meat market occupied the premises. Though modest, this is one of the oldest commercial buildings in Downtown Birmingham.

Introduction

A revised Design Review application has been submitted for façade renovations and paint. The current proposals are not associated with a new tenant – the property was recently acquired by a new ownership entity who is looking to make improvements to the space to increase the leasing potential for the building, predominantly through improved access.

On July 19, 2023 (<u>Agenda</u> – <u>Minutes</u>), the Historic District Commission reviewed the proposed façade renovations and provided feedback that may be summarized as an opinion that the renovations were too modern, and that they would like to see some of the historic character be brought back. Ultimately, the Design Review application was postponed.

On August 16, 2023 (<u>Agenda</u> – <u>Minutes</u>), the Historic District Commission again moved to postpone the Design Review for 138 W. Maple to revisit the design but also to permit the applicant time to perform a partial investigation of the historical features that may be hidden behind the current soffit area.

The applicant has performed the exploratory work and has provided the following analysis to the property owner/applicant:

Per your request we have investigated the Facade at 138 W Maple to ascertain the construction of the original Facade and how it progressed to its current condition.

The original Facade was wood framed with a 3/4" plywood face that appears to have been originally painted white. A small detail at the bottom of the Facade consisted of vertical tongue and groove trim boards set back approximately 3" and approximately 5" high. This trim detail also appears to have been originally painted white. The Facade was capped with a metal coping and the overall height of the Facade, including the lower trim boards, is approximately 48" high.

Some years later, the plywood was cover with a metal siding with a vertical profile that was also white. This was directly attached to the plywood at the time.

Some years later, the metal siding was covered with 1/2" plywood, which was painted a hunter green color.

Some years later the Facade was furred out with 2 x 4's on the flat, so 1 1/2", and the furring was extended approximately 4 1/4" lower than the bottom of the existing soffit. The framing was then covered with 3/4" plywood on the face and soffit. As a result, the height became approximately 5" more than original, although the top of the Facade is in its original location.

This is what is currently visible and is painted as it appears today.

I have retrieved original samples of each layer for your review if you would like. Also, please refer to the attached sketches that I have prepared for your use.

Please see the attached sketches provided from the contractor. At this time, it appears as though the applicant would like to proceed with the storefront renovations as designed, with the exception of the soffit area that they would like to restore to its original condition, pending further investigation.

Proposal

The major facet of the revised Design Review application remains the total replacement/reworking of the existing storefront. Currently, the storefront contains contain a central double door, with two large windows on either side. The proposed storefront relocates the door to the east side of the storefront, and will introduce a new ramp and railing. The rest of the proposed storefront will contain a storefront window system, new recessed lighting, and paint (Sherwin Williams "Tricorn Black" and Sherman Williams "White Duck").

Due to the buildings location within the Downtown Overlay, the applicant is required to adhere to certain Architectural Standards, including the following:

- 1. At least 90% of the exterior finish material on all facades that face a street shall be limited to the following: glass, brick, cut stone, cast stone, coarsely textured stucco, or wood. Dryvit or E.F.I.S is prohibited.
- 2. The primary colors of building exteriors shall be compatible with the colors of adjacent buildings and in character with the surrounding area, although the trim may be of a contrasting color.
- 3. Storefronts shall be directly accessible from public sidewalks. Each storefront must have transparent areas, equal to 70% of its portion of the facade, between one and eight feet from the ground. The wood or metal armature (structural elements to support canopies or signage) of such storefronts shall be painted or powder-coated.
- 4. Storefronts shall have mullion systems, with doorways and signage integrally designed. Mullion systems shall be painted, powder-coated, or stained.
- 5. Facade openings, including porches, windows, and colonnades, shall be vertical in proportion.

In reviewing the site/design plans submitted, the applicant appears to generally meet the standards of the Downtown Overlay.

Signage

The site/design plans submitted contain references to future tenant signage, but appear to be for demonstration purposes only. Any new sign will require approval from the Planning Division, and will require the applicant to submit all required permit applications. **There are no new signs approved as a part of the Design Review application submitted.**

Lighting

The applicant is proposing new recessed lighting underneath the existing soffit. The applicant has provided details on that show 3 fixtures with low lumen output that are full cutoff. The Planning Division did not seek a photometric plan pursuant to Article 4, Section 4.21 (C).

Design Review Standards and Guidelines

Chapter 127, Section 127-11 of the Birmingham Code of Ordinances states that in reviewing plans, the commission shall follow the U.S. secretary of the interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for rehabilitating historic buildings as set forth in 36 C.F.R. part 67. Design review standards and guidelines that address special design characteristics of historic districts administered by the commission may be followed if they are equivalent in guidance to the secretary of interior's standards and guidelines and are established or approved by the state historic preservation office of the Michigan Historical Center. The U.S. Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation ("SOI Standards") are provided in full at the end of this report.

In reviewing plans, the commission shall also consider all of the following:

- 1. The historic or architectural value and significance of the resource and its relationship to the historic value of the surrounding area.
- 2. The relationship of any architectural features of the resource to the rest of the resource and to the surrounding area.
- 3. The general compatibility of the design, arrangement, texture, and materials proposed to be used.
- 4. Other factors, such as aesthetic value, that the commission finds relevant.
- 5. Whether the applicant has certified in the application that the property where work will be undertaken has, or will have before the proposed project completion date, a fire alarm system or a smoke alarm complying with the requirements of the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1501 to 125.1531.

Recommendation

The Michigan State Historic Preservation Office defines rehabilitation as the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values.

Considering the above, the proposed revised exterior renovations, as proposed by the applicant, generally meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers 1, 5, 9 and 10. Standard number 2, however, should still be discussed. The following analysis breaks down the proposal through the lens of each standard above:

- 1. A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.
 - This building has historically been a retail storefront. The proposed alterations do not affect the historic purpose or use-type of the building at this time.
- 2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.

The proposed renovations raise several questions regarding the historic character of the building. When it comes to the storefront system, it is clear based on historical photographs that the existing conditions were not original. Historically, a recessed entryway for the building appears to have been on the northern side of the building with the remaining storefront flush with the façade, as was typical of that era. The removal of the current storefront does not pose any issues in terms of character retention or the removal of historic materials. What should be discussed, though, is the relocation of the entry door to the south and the storefront to remain recessed, which does not match the historic character of the property.

As a part of the renovations, the applicant is now proposing to keep the wood column features that were installed on the brick portions of the storefront on the north and south. These features do not appear to be original, but do appear to have been a part of the building façade for at least 40 years, if not longer.

Finally, the addition of the black paint across the entire building and its facades had previously raised concerns about the alteration of the historic character of the property. The applicant has now proposed a differentiation of the soffit area with a lighter paint color, with the remainder of the building to be painted black. This change helps break up the façade visually, and appears to bring back and highlight a historic feature of the building in the soffit. In addition, the applicant now believes that the original wood soffit piece may be intact, so the more bulky obtrusive material would be removed than the soffit would be restored.

5. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.

Because this is a relatively simple, one-story commercial building, there are not many distinctive features of note. The soffit, which has been heavily modified over the years, could be considered distinctive, but it not proposed to change significantly at this time. As noted above, the applicant is now proposing to restore that original element.

9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.

The applicant does not appear to be proposing to remove any historic materials. The majority of the storefront appears to have been modified and are not original or historic. Special consideration would ordinarily be given to paint on historic brick; however the existing brick has been painted over multiple times. It would be more damaging to remove the existing paint than it would be to add new paint.

10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

Each of the proposals offered in the site/design plans submitted could be removed without damaging the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment.

Based on the review above, the Planning Division recommends that the Historic District Commission consider **APPROVAL** of the Design Review application for 138 W. Maple – Blakeslee Building. The Planning Division feels as though the proposed work will meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers 1, 2, 5, 9 and 10. As has been done in the past, due to the uncertainty of the condition of the original material, the Historic District Commission

should also require the applicant to submit a façade condition assessment once the modern materials have been removed, and require the applicant to immediately stop work and report to the Planning Division if any issues were to arise.

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I move that the Commission **APPROVE** the Design Review application and issue a Certificate of Appropriateness for 138 W. Maple – Blakeslee Building. The proposed work meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers _______. As a condition of approval, the Historic District Commission will also require the following:

- 1. The applicant must submit to the Commission a façade condition assessment upon the removal of the modern soffit material; and
- 2. Should any issues arise during the removal of the modern materials that could compromise the condition of the original material below, work shall immediately be stopped and the applicant shall inform the Planning Division of the issue.

OR

I move that the Commission POSTPONE the Design Review application and the issuance of a Certificate of Appropriateness for 138 W. Maple – Blakeslee Building – for the following reason(s):
1
2
3
OR
I move that the Commission DENY the Design Review application for 138 W. Maple – Blakeslee Building. Because of the work does not meet The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation standard number(s)
Notice to Proceed
I move the Commission issue a Notice to Proceed for number The work is not appropriate, however the following condition prevails: and the proposed application will

Choose from one of these conditions:

materially correct the condition.

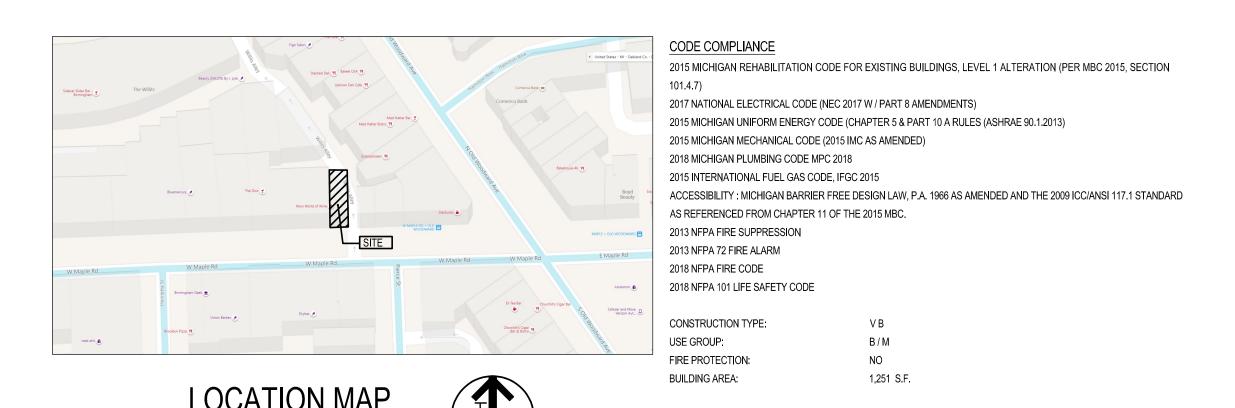
- a) The resource constitutes hazard to the safety of the public or the structure's occupants.
- b) The resource is a deterrent to a major improvement program that will be of substantial benefit to the community and the applicant proposing the work has obtained all necessary planning and zoning approvals, financing, and environmental clearances.

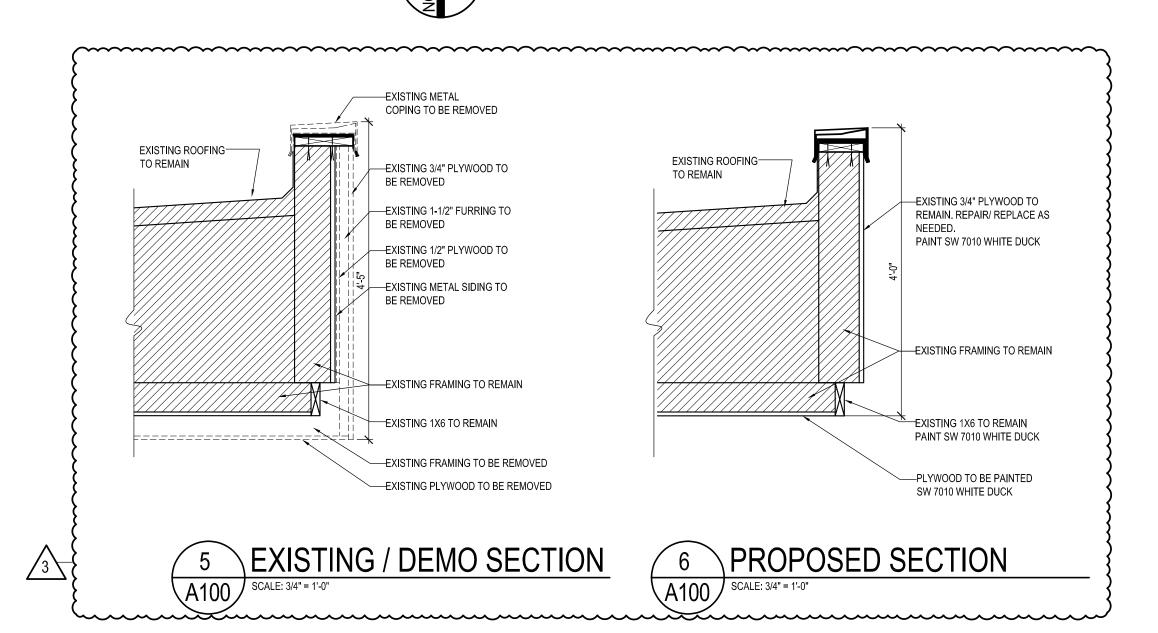
- c) Retaining the resource will cause undue financial hardship to the owner when a governmental action, an act of God, or other events beyond the owner's control created the hardship, and all feasible alternatives to eliminate the financial hardship, which may include offering the resource for sale at its fair market value or moving the resource to a vacant site within the historic district. have been attempted and exhausted by the owner.
- d) Retaining the resource is not in the best of the majority of the community.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR'S STANDARDS FOR REHABILITATION AND GUIDELINES FOR REHABILITATING HISTORIC BUILDINGS

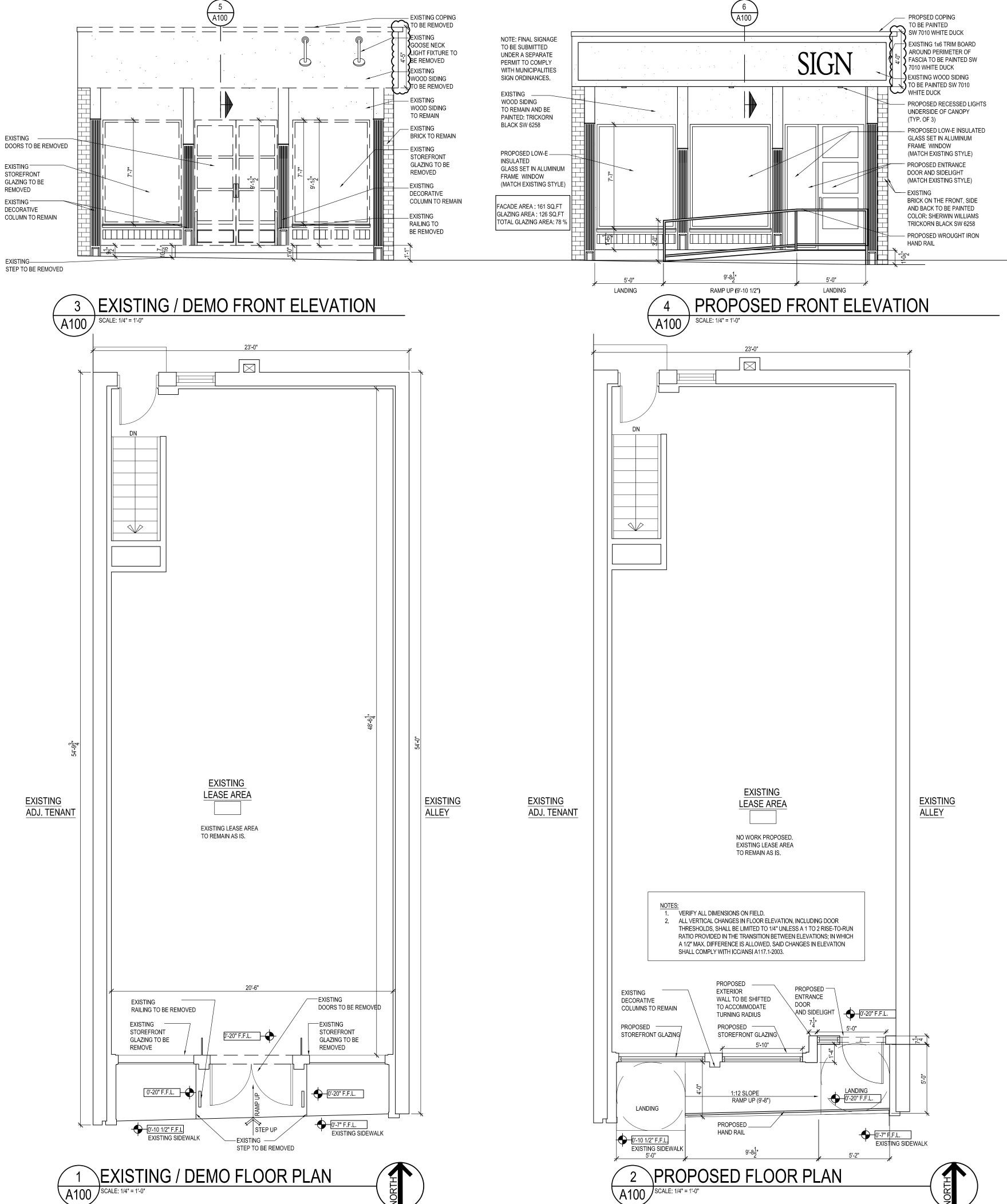
- A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.
- 2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- 3. Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.
- 4. Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
- 5. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.
- 6. Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence.
- 7. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
- 8. Significant archaeological resources affected by a project shall be protected and preserved. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
- 10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.













Architects

189 E. Big Beaver, Ste 106 Troy, MI 48083 s-m-associates.com 248.457.6903 info@s-m-associates.com

PROJECT NAME: RETAIL BIRMINGHAM

PER CITY COMMENTS 09-15-2023

ADDRESS: 138 W. MAPLE RD., BIRMINGHAM, MI 48009

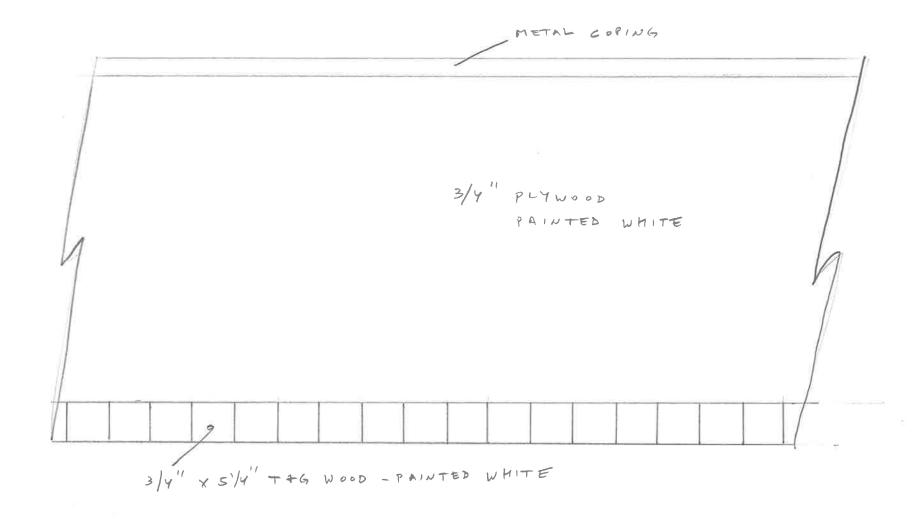


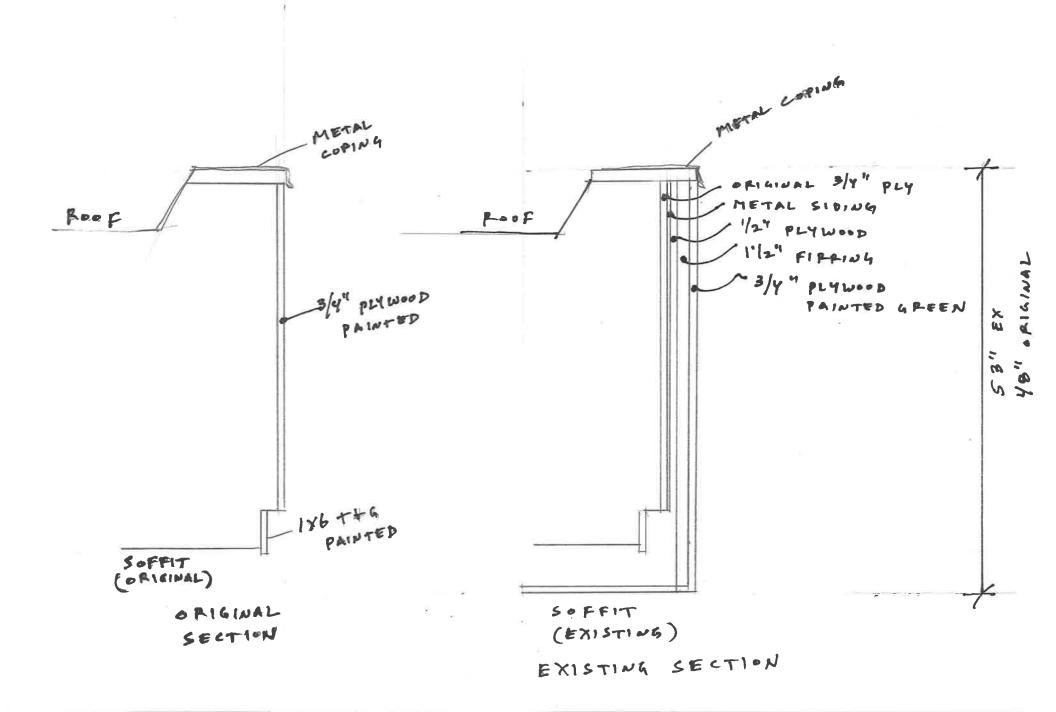
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1	PERMIT SUBMISSION	05/23/23
2	PER CITY COMMENTS	08/09/23
3	PER CITY COMMENTS	09/15/23

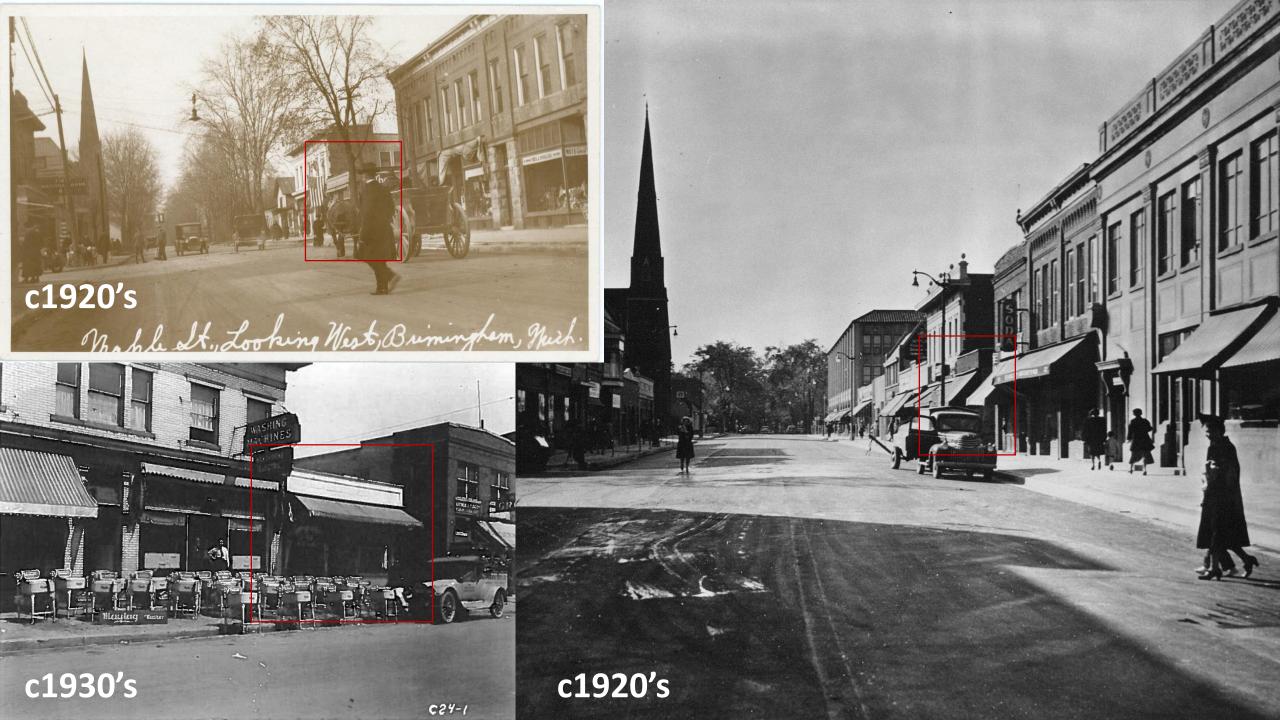
FLOOR PLANS & ELEVATIONS

DWG. NO.

A1.0.0









MEMORANDUM

Planning Division

DATE: September 20, 2023

TO: Historic District Commission Members

FROM: Nicholas Dupuis, Planning Director

SUBJECT: 172 N. Old Woodward – National Bank Building –Design Review

Zoning: B4 (Business-Residential) & D4 (Downtown Overlay)

Existing Use: Two-Story Commercial Building

History

In 1919, the old National Hotel was razed and on its site, two buildings were erected: at the southeast corner of Hamilton and Old Woodward a limestone bank with Ionic columns and just south of it, this three bay, two story red brick building that looks today very much as it did when it was built. Although this red brick building was not occupied by the National Bank, it was built by them and thus carries its name. It is the most important historical building on the east side of the first block north of Maple. Although its ground floor shops have been remodeled in a colonial style, and the second story windows have been replaced, the second floor façade is attractive with its decorative brick masonry, window arches, limestone medallions and trim.

Introduction

A Design Review application has been submitted for façade renovations including new windows, cleaning, wood repair, new limestone base, and paint. Some of the façade is in very poor shape (please see attached photos) as it relates to wood rot. In addition, the existing windows were an inappropriate replacement, which is proposed to be remedied.

Proposal

As noted above, the majority of the proposal is maintenance/repair, with the exception of new windows, a new limestone base, and paint. Currently, the building retains the three separate bays

and same general form as it was originally built. However, the wood portion of the storefront is not original.

Due to the buildings location within the Downtown Overlay, the applicant is required to adhere to certain Architectural Standards, including the following:

- 1. At least 90% of the exterior finish material on all facades that face a street shall be limited to the following: glass, brick, cut stone, cast stone, coarsely textured stucco, or wood. Dryvit or E.F.I.S is prohibited.
- 2. The primary colors of building exteriors shall be compatible with the colors of adjacent buildings and in character with the surrounding area, although the trim may be of a contrasting color.
- 3. Storefronts shall be directly accessible from public sidewalks. Each storefront must have transparent areas, equal to 70% of its portion of the facade, between one and eight feet from the ground. The wood or metal armature (structural elements to support canopies or signage) of such storefronts shall be painted or powder-coated.
- 4. Storefronts shall have mullion systems, with doorways and signage integrally designed. Mullion systems shall be painted, powder-coated, or stained.
- 5. Facade openings, including porches, windows, and colonnades, shall be vertical in proportion.

In reviewing the site/design plans submitted, the applicant appears to generally meet the standards of the Downtown Overlay.

Signage

The site/design plans submitted contain references to existing tenant signage only. No new signs are proposed as a part of this Design Review application.

Lighting

There are no new light proposed as a part of the Design Review application submitted.

Design Review Standards and Guidelines

Chapter 127, Section 127-11 of the Birmingham Code of Ordinances states that in reviewing plans, the commission shall follow the U.S. secretary of the interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for rehabilitating historic buildings as set forth in 36 C.F.R. part 67. Design review standards and guidelines that address special design characteristics of historic districts administered by the commission may be followed if they are equivalent in guidance to the secretary of interior's standards and guidelines and are established or approved by the state historic preservation office of the Michigan Historical Center. The U.S. Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation ("SOI Standards") are provided in full at the end of this report.

In reviewing plans, the commission shall also consider all of the following:

- 1. The historic or architectural value and significance of the resource and its relationship to the historic value of the surrounding area.
- 2. The relationship of any architectural features of the resource to the rest of the resource and to the surrounding area.
- 3. The general compatibility of the design, arrangement, texture, and materials proposed to be used.
- 4. Other factors, such as aesthetic value, that the commission finds relevant.
- 5. Whether the applicant has certified in the application that the property where work will be undertaken has, or will have before the proposed project completion date, a fire alarm system or a smoke alarm complying with the requirements of the Stille-DeRossett-Hale single state construction code act, 1972 PA 230, MCL 125.1501 to 125.1531.

Finally, the City of Birmingham has adopted its own <u>Historic Design Guidelines</u> that should be reviewed for applicability in all historic Design Review applications.

Recommendation

The Michigan State Historic Preservation Office defines rehabilitation as the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values.

Considering the above, the proposed revised exterior renovations, as proposed by the applicant, generally meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers 1, 2, 5, 7, 9 and 10. The following analysis breaks down the proposal through the lens of each standard above:

1. A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.

This building has historically been two-story commercial building with a distinctive retail storefront. The proposed alterations do not affect the historic purpose or use-type of the building at this time.

 The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.

As noted in the introduction, this building has features and materials that have been fairly well maintained over time. The decorative brickwork and stone features on the second floor remain, as well as the three distinct retail bays. The proposal to clean and repair pieces of the façade, in addition to the window replacement, should be an upgrade to the buildings character.

What could be discussed further in regards to character is the use of dark black paint on the wood portions of the façade. Historic photographs of the site demonstrate that this feature is not original, and that there is not necessarily an evidence suggesting that this

- area should be a certain color. In this case, the dark paint does not modernize the storefront or damage the character of the building.
- 5. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.
 - As emphasized already, the distinctive features of this building (decorative brickwork, window arches, stone details, retail bays) are not proposed to change.
- 7. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
 - The applicant has stated that no sand blasting or power washing will be performed to clean the stone or brick and that all cleaning will be done by hand. The Historic District Commission should confirm these plans to ensure that the cleaning of the building will not damage the historic materials.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
 - The applicant does not appear to be proposing to remove any historic materials. The majority of the storefront appears to have been modified and are not original.
- 10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.
 - Each of the proposals offered in the site/design plans submitted could be removed without damaging the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment.

Based on the review above, the Planning Division recommends that the Historic District Commission consider **APPROVAL** of the Design Review application for 172 N. Old Woodward – National Bank Building. The Planning Division feels as though the proposed work will meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers 1, 2, 5, 7, 9 and 10.

Wording for Motions

I move that the Commission **APPROVE** the Design Review application and issue a Certificate of Appropriateness for 172 N. Old Woodward – National Bank Building. The proposed work meet the Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation numbers 1, 2, 5, 7, 9 and 10.

Ce	nove that the Commission POSTPONE the Design Review application and the issuance of a rtificate of Appropriateness for 172 N. Old Woodward – National Bank Building – for the
toll	lowing reason(s):
	1
	2
	3
	OR
Na	nove that the Commission DENY the Design Review application for 172 N. Old Woodward – tional Bank Building. Because of the work does not meet The Secretary of the terior's Standards for Rehabilitation standard number(s)
No	otice to Proceed
apı	move the Commission issue a Notice to Proceed for number The work is not propriate, however the following condition prevails:and the proposed application will aterially correct the condition.
_	The resource constitutes hazard to the safety of the public or the structure's occupants.
b)	The resource is a deterrent to a major improvement program that will be of substantial benefit to the community and the applicant proposing the work has obtained all necessary planning and zoning approvals, financing, and environmental clearances.

- c) Retaining the resource will cause undue financial hardship to the owner when a governmental action, an act of God, or other events beyond the owner's control created the hardship, and all feasible alternatives to eliminate the financial hardship, which may include offering the resource for sale at its fair market value or moving the resource to a vacant site within the historic district. have been attempted and exhausted by the owner.
- d) Retaining the resource is not in the best of the majority of the community.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR'S STANDARDS FOR REHABILITATION AND GUIDELINES FOR REHABILITATING HISTORIC BUILDINGS

- A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.
- 2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- 3. Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.
- 4. Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
- 5. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.
- 6. Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence.
- 7. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
- 8. Significant archaeological resources affected by a project shall be protected and preserved. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
- 10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.



- 172 NOTE 010 Woodward





First National Bank of Birmingham est. 1910-1933
SE corner of (old) Woodward & Hamilton (building on left)





















The City recommends members of the public wear a mask if they have been exposed to COVID-19 or have a respiratory illness. City staff, City Commission and all board and committee members must wear a mask if they have been exposed to COVID-19 or actively have a respiratory illness. The City continues to provide KN-95 respirators and triple layered masks for attendees.

- 1) Roll Call
- 2) Approval of the HDC Minutes of September 20, 2023
- 3) Courtesy Review
- 4) Historic Design Review
- 5) Sign Review
- 6) Study Session
 - A. Historic Preservation Master Plan
- 7) Miscellaneous Business and Communication
 - A. Pre-Application Discussions
 - **B.** Draft Agenda
 - 1. October 18, 2023
 - C. Staff Reports
 - 1. Administrative Sign Approvals
 - 2. Administrative Approvals
 - 3. Demolitions
 - 4. Action List 2023
- 8) Adjournment

*Please note that board meetings will be conducted in person once again. Members of the public can attend in person at Birmingham City Hall, 151 Martin St., or may attend virtually at:

Link to Access Virtual Meeting: https://zoom.us/j/91282479817

Telephone Meeting Access: 877 853 5247 US Toll-free

Meeting ID Code: 912 8247 9817

Notice: Individuals requiring accommodations, such as interpreter services for effective participation in this meeting should contact the City Clerk's Office at (248) 530-1880 at least on day in advance of the public meeting.

Las personas que requieren alojamiento, tales como servicios de interpretación, la participación efectiva en esta reunión deben ponerse en contacto con la Oficina del Secretario Municipal al (248) 530-1880 por lo menos el día antes de la reunión pública. (Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964).

A PERSON DESIGNATED WITH THE AUTHORITY TO MAKE DECISIONS MUST BE PRESENT AT THE MEETING.

Historic District Commission Action List –2023

Historic District Commission	Quarter Goals	In Progress	Complete
Historic Design Guidelines Project	1 st (January-March)		\boxtimes
Schedule Training Sessions for HDC and Community	1 st (January-March)		
Historic Plaque for Community House, Parks & Wooster, & Ford Building	2 nd (April-June)	\boxtimes	
Bates St. Historic District Signage	2 nd (April-June)	\bowtie	
Develop Resources for the Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit	3 rd (July-September)		
First Draft – Historic Preservation Master Plan	4 th (October-December)	\boxtimes	