AGENDA REGUAR MEETING OF THE BIRMINGHAM PLANNING BOARD

WEDNESDAY JANUARY 12, 2021

151 MARTIN ST., CITY COMMISSION ROOM 205, BIRMINGHAM MI*

The highly transmissible COVID-19 Delta variant is spreading throughout the nation at an alarming rate. As a result, the CDC is recommending that vaccinated and unvaccinated personnel wear a facemask indoors while in public if you live or work in a substantial or high transmission area. Oakland County is currently classified as a substantial transmission area. The City has reinstated mask requirements for all employees while indoors. The mask requirement also applies to all board and commission members as well as the public attending public meetings.

- A. Roll Call
- B. Review and Approval of the Minutes of the Regular Meeting of December 8 & 16, 2021
- C. Chairpersons' Comments
- **D.** Review of the Agenda
- E. Unfinished Business
- F. Rezoning Applications
- G. Community Impact Studies
- H. Special Land Use Permits
- I. Site Plan & Design Reviews
- J. Study Session
 - 1. The Birmingham Plan 2040 Review of Chapter Three (Retain Neighborhood Quality)
 - 2. Outdoor Dining (Comprehensive)
- K. Miscellaneous Business and Communications:
 - 1. Communications
 - 2. Administrative Approval Correspondence
 - 3. Draft Agenda January 26, 2022
 - 4. Other Business
- L. Planning Division Action Items
 - 1. Staff Report on Previous Requests
 - 2. Additional Items from Tonight's Meeting
- M. Adjournment

*Please note that board meetings will be conducted in person once again. Members of the public can attend in person at Birmingham City Hall OR may attend virtually at:

Link to Access Virtual Meeting: <u>https://zoom.us/j/111656967</u> Telephone Meeting Access: 877-853-5247 US Toll-Free Meeting ID Code: 111656967

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City Of Birmingham Regular Meeting Of The Planning Board Wednesday, December 8, 2021

City Commission Room 151 Martin Street, Birmingham, Michigan

Minutes of the regular meeting of the City of Birmingham Planning Board held on December 8, 2021. Chair Clein convened the meeting at 7:30 p.m.

A. Roll Call

- **Present:** Chair Scott Clein; Board Members Robin Boyle, Stuart Jeffares, Bert Koseck, Daniel Share, Janelle Whipple-Boyce, Bryan Williams
- Absent: Alternate Board Members Jason Emerine, Nasseem Ramin; Student Representatives Daniel Murphy, Jane Wineman

Administration:

Nick Dupuis, Planning Director Brooks Cowan, Senior Planner Leah Blizinski, City Planner Laura Eichenhorn, City Transcriptionist

Master Planning Team:

Matt Lambert, DPZ

12-187-21

B. Approval Of The Minutes Of The Regular Planning Board Meeting of November 10, 2021

Mr. Share noted that on the bottom of page two "routs" should read "routes".

Mr. Jeffares said on page two "senior or community" should read "senior and community". Mr. Jeffares also specified that the 2040 draft Plan did not precisely call for a traffic circle on Woodward and recommended that Chair Clein's comments on page two be modified to clarify what was being referred to.

Chair Clein said that while he thought traffic circle sufficiently conveyed the concept, it could be changed from "a traffic circle on Woodward" to "the modification of the Woodward intersection".

Motion by Mr. Jeffares

Seconded by Mr. Koseck to approve the minutes of the Regular Planning Board Meeting of November 10, 2021 as amended.

Motion carried, 7-0.

VOICE VOTE

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Yeas: Jeffares, Koseck, Share, Williams, Whipple-Boyce, Clein Nays: None Abstain: Boyle

12-188-21

C. Chair's Comments

Chair Clein welcomed everyone to the meeting and reviewed the meeting's procedures.

	12-189-21
D. Review Of The Agenda	
	12-190-21
E. Unfinished Business	
None.	
	12-191-21
F. Rezoning Applications	
None.	
	12-192-21
G. Community Impact Studies	
None.	
	12-193-21
H. Special Land Use Permits	
None.	
	12-194-21
I. Site Plan & Design Reviews	
None.	
	12-195-21
J. Study Session	

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1. The Birmingham Plan 2040 – Review of Chapter Two (Embrace Managed Growth)

PD Dupuis introduced the item.

Mr. Lambert presented the item.

The Chair invited Board comment.

Mr. Williams commented that:

- Oakland west of Woodward and Ann near Purdy should be left as-is, and not as recommended in the light blue sections of the Future Land Use Proposed Changes Map and the map on District Seams;
- The furthest east parcel of the aforementioned section of Oakland west of Woodward underwent a lot split in October 2021 which was not reflected on the map; and,
- Moving development closer to the road on Southfield, from Southlawn up to Canterbury, would be worth further exploration.

Mr. Jeffares said he believed the area of Oakland Mr. Williams referred to should be upzoned. He noted the area has multifamily developments, commercial developments, and busy roads, and said that it was a prime candidate for the addition of duplexes and small-scale multifamily. He also noted that the maps were incorrect, because Lincoln does not go all the way through Haynes Square.

Ms. Whipple-Boyce and Mr. Share agreed with Mr. Williams' comments regarding Southfield Road. Ms. Whipple-Boyce and Mr. Share said there could be an opportunity to add moderately-priced housing along Southfield Road.

In reply to Mr. Boyle, Mr. Lambert explained that the parcel to the north of Greenwood Cemetery in the Future Land Use Proposed Changes "District Seams" was being recommended for upzoning to bring it in line with the zoning of the adjacent area.

Chair Clein concurred with Mr. Jeffares regarding Oakland, noting that zoning to allow lowintensity multifamily would not preclude the addition of single family residential to the area if desired. He concurred with Mr. Williams' recommendations for Ann. He said he agreed with Mr. Lambert's comments about the homes near Willits.

Two Board members stated they were comfortable with the recommendations for Lincoln and 14 Mile.

In reply to Board inquiry, Mr. Lambert stated:

- It would be appropriate to consider having criteria for developments to qualify for unbundled parking in order to incentivize more 'missing middle' housing; and,
- The Master Planning Team could look into other potential mechanisms for incentivizing the City's goals for residential unit size and cost.

Mr. Boyle agreed it remains important to look at the correlation between required parking, residential density, properties and their prices. He said that the Plan should at least state that as a goal for the City, even if it cannot make full recommendations of how to proceed.

Chair Clein concurred with Mr. Boyle.

Mr. Williams and Chair Clein stated that until the Triangle Area has parking available there will not be an increase in the Area's residential development.

Mr. Jeffares noted that the majority of the recommended "District Destinations" are near existing commercial areas.

Mr. Lambert explained that the recommended "District Destinations" would be more oriented towards community gathering, like coffee shops, than the businesses already in those areas.

In reply to Mr. Koseck, Mr. Lambert noted that while there were residents that expressed their opposition to accessory dwelling units (ADUs), some also offered their support for the concept. He said that ADUs could possibly be tested first in areas zoned for multifamily. He said that the recommendation had been reduced from the first draft, and that study remains necessary.

Mr. Koseck said he had not spoken with anyone thus far who supported ADUs.

Mr. Lambert reported that the second Plan survey had 116 replies, and raised the topic of ADUs. He said of the replies, 43% of the respondents were in favor of ADUs, 43% were not, and the remainder of the respondents were undecided.

Chair Clein asked Mr. Lambert to reply to the email from Larry Bertollini which was submitted to the Board.

In reply to the Chair, Mr. Lambert said he was recommending a commercial destination for the parcel on the northeast corner of Eton and Lincoln because it is adjacent to a substantial park and it would encourage further development of the Rail District.

SP Cowan advised the Planning Board that the Parks and Recreation Board had recommended said parcel be developed with eight pickleball courts at its December 7, 2021 meeting.

Public Comment

Carl Kona spoke as a resident living in an area zoned for multifamily and said he was not in favor of ADUs. He said he could only see ADUs being appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Mr. Bertollini reviewed his email to the Board.

Norm Cohen concurred with Mr. Kona. He said he was unsure how ADUs would add value to the community.

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Mr. Williams said further exploration of zoning to allow main-floor additions, instead of vertical additions like ADUs, would likely be more beneficial in terms of keeping seniors in the community.

Ms. Whipple-Boyce said she was curious to learn more about ADUs and was glad they had not been eliminated entirely from the draft Plan. She said study of ADUs would be appropriate.

Chair Clein concurred with Ms. Whipple-Boyce, adding that he was not persuaded that denser areas were the appropriate trial locations for ADUs.

Chair Clein responded to Mr. Bertollini's comments. The Chair noted that sometimes broader Master Plan efforts supersede more local Master Plan efforts, as may be the case with the 2040 Plan and the Kenning Park Master Plan. Chair Clein acknowledged that can be disappointing when one has put effort into the more local Master Plan, but can also be necessary when trying to plan for a whole community. He concluded by stating that he did not believe the best use for the northeast corner of Eton and Lincoln was pickleball or tennis courts.

Chair Clein thanked all participants.

2. Outdoor Dining (End Date)

PD Dupuis and Chair Clein introduced the item.

There was no Board or public comment or inquiry.

Motion by Mr. Williams

Seconded by Mr. Boyle to recommend approval to the City Commission the ordinance amendments to Article 4, Section 4.44, Outdoor Dining Standards, to remove temporal restrictions on outdoor dining patios in the public right-of-way, and to allow outdoor dining fixtures and furnishings to stay outside overnight.

Motion carried, 7-0.

ROLL CALL VOTE Yeas: Williams, Boyle, Koseck, Share, Whipple-Boyce, Clein, Jeffares Nays: None

3. Outdoor Dining (Comprehensive)

PD Dupuis reviewed the item. He noted that an establishment's outdoor dining is restricted in most cases by ordinance to only being in front of said establishment's storefront.

Mr. Jeffares stated that while the resident survey on Engage Birmingham regarding outdoor dining had hundreds of respondents, he had heard from Birmingham Shopping District (BSD) members that very few business owners participated in writing the letter from the BSD to the Planning Board. He noted that page six of the BSD letter specified that the BSD received minimal feedback from business owners. He recommended that the Board not give the letter from the BSD disproportionate weight given the rate of participation.

Chair Clein said Mr. Jeffares' point was fair and that the perspectives of the BSD members still needed to be taken into account as property and business owners in the City.

Motion by Mr. Williams Seconded by Mr. Jeffares to receive and file an email from Joe Bongiovanni to PD Dupuis dated December 7, 2021.

Motion carried, 7-0.

VOICE VOTE Yeas: Williams, Jeffares, Boyle, Koseck, Share, Whipple-Boyce, Clein Nays: None

Chair Clein noted that the email was signed by both Joe and Kristen Bongiovanni. The Chair summarized that the Bongiovannis recommended outdoor dining be enclosed and heated during colder months, and that they stated the lean-to Luxe had would likely meet guest expectations while not meeting pedestrian expectations. The Bongiovannis also recommended retractable awnings that cover a wider width of the sidewalk and at a lower height to protect against inclement weather.

Mr. Williams stated the Bongiovannis' perspective was largely opposite of what was contained in the BSD's letter. Mr. Williams said it was unlikely that all stakeholders would reach an agreement about how to approach outdoor dining. Mr. Williams said he was not in favor of fully enclosed outdoor dining but remained in favor of being able to provide protection from inclement weather during months of the year when people may want to dine outdoors.

Mr. Koseck said he was comfortable either with maintaining the outdoor dining as it was prior to Covid-19 or bringing in professionals to study the options and make recommendations. He said that changing the outdoor dining standards was a complex enough undertaking that the City should have outside assistance.

Chair Clein said that if the Board were at more of an impasse he might agree with Mr. Koseck, but that there were already a number of points of agreement among the Board members. He cited the Commission's and Board's agreement that there should not be full enclosures as one example.

Chair Clein said the Board must first determine the purpose of expanding outdoor dining. He said that decision would then help guide the further recommendations the Board would make.

In reply to the Chair, Mr. Share ventured that not all days or times of day would be appropriate for outdoor dining. He stated that pedestrian access and other accessibility concerns should all be appropriately addressed. He said that the purpose of this study would be creating opportunities to seize the infrequent times between November and April when outdoor dining would be appropriate, and to preserve the look, feel and utility of the City. He said he would prefer to err on the side of maintaining access over drastically increasing the number of days that outdoor dining would be feasible. He said those would be possible criteria for guiding the study.

In reply to the BSD letter, the Chair noted that hours of operation are a SLUP matter and not an outdoor dining one.

After Board discussion, Chair Clein summarized the matters to be decided regarding outdoor dining. Those matters included:

- Whether establishments with liquor licenses and establishments without liquor licenses should be handled differently;
- Whether there should be on-season and off-season dates for outdoor dining, and what should happen to furniture and other equipment on public property if there are different 'seasons';
- Whether establishments should be permitted outdoor dining on both a sidewalk and a deck if requested, and if not, what the City wants to incentivize instead;
- What types of coverings and equipment should be allowed, and how specific the standards should be in terms of material, location, and other considerations;
- Whether outdoor dining should be permitted to extend beyond the storefront of an establishment, and if so, what the limitations should be;
- Whether outdoor dining decks should be limited to a certain number per block; and,
- Whether outdoor dining in public space and outdoor dining in private space should be regulated differently.

Mr. Williams asked PD Dupuis to get a clear opinion from the BSD regarding whether the number of outdoor dining operations on a block should be limited and/or clustered in some way.

Mr. Boyle noted the City already has outdoor design standards that the Board can use to inform the discussion.

Chair Clein said it would be helpful for PD Dupuis to provide, if possible:

- A map with all non-liquor, bistro, and Class C establishments in the City;
- The number of parking spaces per street in the central business district; and,
- A compilation of all existing outdoor dining standards in the ordinance.

Mr. Jeffares asked PD Dupuis to seek clarification from the Fire Marshal about how an awning that is more than four feet wide and made of a non-combustible material would be handled.

Ms. Whipple-Boyce and Mr. Jeffares said it could be helpful to learn more about social districts, especially since it could help address a concern about too many potential outdoor dining decks on particular blocks.

Chair Clein said hearing about social districts might be helpful anecdotally, but that the Board was not tasked with studying social districts and should be careful not to overly focus on the topic.

Mr. Share noted any recommendations made by the Board can be observed post-implementation and then amended later if need be.

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Chair Clein said the Board could likely make initial recommendations on a majority of the matters, while some of the other decisions could be potentially delayed to see how the initial implementation goes.

Chair Clein also recommended that a poll be posted to Engage Birmingham sometime in the new year to ascertain whether the public was actually interested in al fresco outdoor dining, as opposed to outdoor dining in semi-permanent structures with climate control.

12-196-21

K. Miscellaneous Business and Communications

- a. Communications
- b. Administrative Approval Correspondence
- c. Draft Agenda for next meeting
- d. Other Business

12-197-21

L. Planning Division Action Items

- a. Staff Report on Previous Requests
- b. Additional Items from tonight's meeting

12-198-21

M. Adjournment

No further business being evident, the Chair adjourned the meeting at 9:48 p.m.

Nick Dupuis Planning Director

City Of Birmingham Special Meeting Of The Planning Board Thursday, December 16, 2021 City Commission Room 151 Martin Street, Birmingham, Michigan

Minutes of the special meeting of the City of Birmingham Planning Board held on December 16, 2021. Chair Clein convened the meeting at 7:30 p.m.

A. Roll Call

- **Present:** Chair Scott Clein; Board Members Robin Boyle, Stuart Jeffares, Bert Koseck, Daniel Share, Bryan Williams; Student Representative Daniel Murphy
- Absent: Board Member Janelle Whipple-Boyce; Alternate Board Members Jason Emerine, Nasseem Ramin; Student Representative Jane Wineman

Administration:

Nick Dupuis, Planning Director Leah Blizinski, City Planner Brooks Cowan, Senior Planner Laura Eichenhorn, City Transcriptionist

12-199-21

B. Approval Of The Minutes Of The Regular Planning Board Meeting of December 8, 2021 (POSTPONE)

It was noted that the minutes of the December 8, 2021 meeting would be approved along with the minutes of the December 16, 2021 meeting at the January 12, 2022 meeting.

12-200-21

C. Chair's Comments

Chair Clein welcomed everyone to the meeting and reviewed the meeting's procedures.

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D. Review Of The Agenda

12-202-21

E. Unfinished Business

None.

F. Rezoning Applications

None.

12-204-21

G. Community Impact Studies

None.

12-205-21

H. Special Land Use Permits

1. **211 Hamilton Row – Sybil –** SLUP request for new restaurant service alcoholic liquors for on premises consumption and associated exterior building modifications.

PD Dupuis presented the item.

Kevin Biddison, architect, and Jordan Jonna of AF Jonna, owners of the Palladium Building, spoke on behalf of the project.

Mr. Jonna stated that Sybil would be using an escrow Class C liquor license assigned to 211 Hamilton Row.

In reply to Mr. Jeffares, Mr. Biddison said he would add outdoor trash receptacles to the plan.

In reply to the Chair, Mr. Biddison said the ADA crossing is in front of the fourth door to the left, and the outdoor dining would be well to the right of the crossing.

Mr. Boyle said this project could be beneficial for the area if well-done and well-managed. He noted that the plan leaves well over five feet for pedestrians.

Mr. Koseck concurred with Mr. Boyle that the project could benefit the area.

Mr. Williams said that while the plans somewhat reroute the pedestrian traffic, the proposal is better than having pedestrians walk between outdoor dining on either side of the pedestrian path. He stated the plans leave ample room for pedestrians between the outdoor dining and the curb.

Mr. Share said he was not in favor of the plans. He opined that gaining four seats was not worth moving the pedestrians closer to the street.

Chair Clein said he was in favor of the project. He cautioned the project team that the greenery in the planters should not be overly tall, stating that the outdoor dining should activate the street and not be walled off from the street with plants. The Chair emphasized that in broader considerations of outdoor dining he believed the City needed prioritize enhancing and maintaining ADA and pedestrian pathways over eking out a few more tables for outdoor seating.

Mr. Koseck said it would be nice if the planters could round the corner. He suggested that a foot could be added to the sidewalk while preserving the total number of outdoor occupants if the tables and seating arrangements were slightly modified.

In reply to Mr. Koseck, Mr. Biddison said he would explore ways of modifying the seating, tables, and/or planters to add an additional foot to the width of the pedestrian path.

Chair Clein reminded Mr. Biddison to work with City Staff to ensure that any proposed changes would be ADA compliant.

Motion by Mr. Williams

Seconded by Mr. Boyle to recommend approval to the City Commission for the Special Land Use Permit for 211 Hamilton Row – Sybil – subject to the following conditions:

1. The applicant must submit specification sheets for the proposed tables and chairs to ensure compliance with Article 4, Section 4.44 of the Zoning Ordinance;

2. The applicant must submit sign plans for review by the Planning Department prior to the public hearing at the City Commission; and,

3. The applicant must comply with the requests of all City Departments.

Motion carried, 5-1.

VOICE VOTE Yeas: Williams, Boyle, Jeffares, Koseck, Clein Nays: Share

12-206-21

I. Site Plan & Design Reviews

1. 211 Hamilton Row – Sybil – FSP & DR request for new restaurant service alcoholic liquors for on premises consumption and associated exterior building modifications

Presented and discussed during previous item.

Motion by Mr. Williams

Seconded by Mr. Boyle to recommend approval to the City Commission for the Final Site Plan & Design Review for 211 Hamilton Row – Sybil – subject to the following conditions:

1. The applicant must submit specification sheets for the proposed tables and chairs to ensure compliance with Article 4, Section 4.44 of the Zoning Ordinance;

2. The applicant must submit sign plans for review by the Planning Department prior to the public hearing at the City Commission; and,

3. The applicant must comply with the requests of all City Departments.

Motion carried, 5-1.

VOICE VOTE Yeas: Jeffares, Koseck, Williams, Clein, Boyle Nays: Share

2. 460 N. Old Woodward – FSP & DR request for a new 4-story mixed use building

Chair Clein recused himself at 8:01 p.m. due to a business relationship with one of the applicants.

Vice-Chair Williams assumed facilitation of the meeting at 8:01 p.m.

PD Dupuis presented the item.

Alex Saroki, architect, introduced the project. He stated:

- Plans for a masonry trash enclosure with a limestone cap and an opaque door will be added;
- The dumpster will be rolled out to the curb for emptying and then be returned to the enclosure;
- The photometric plans will be updated to comply with City requirements;
- The glass specifications were submitted to PD Dupuis after the December 16, 2021 agenda was published;
- The project will comply with all departmental reviews;
- The existing grading will be maintained along the south property line;
- An easement was reached with 450 N. Old Woodward for drive access;
- The drive will be 17 feet across, instead of the 18 feet showed on the previous plans, because the owners of 450 N. Old Woodward did not want to modify their staircase to add the extra foot.

PD Dupuis confirmed that he had received the glass specifications.

Vice-Chair Williams noted that the property to the south may have concerns about trucks in the driveway area. He advised the project team to solicit feedback from the neighboring property owners and to attempt to resolve any concerns before this item returns to the Board for a bistro review.

In reply to Mr. Koseck, Alex Saroki confirmed the project team would find a way to indicate to drivers that the height to the second story cantilever is eight feet in order to avoid vehicle collisions.

In reply to Mr. Jeffares, Victor Saroki, architect, said the project team was only seeking approval for the knee wall presently and not the planter that was shown on some earlier renderings.

After discussion, the Board asked the applicant if they would agree to comply with any existing streetscape plans for the area of 460 N. Old Woodward.

Vice-Chair Williams added that the applicant could come back to the Board if the streetscape plan requirements for the area were found to be too onerous.

Victor Saroki confirmed.

In reply to Vice-Chair Williams, Mr. Murphy said he thought the proposal was good.

Motion by Mr. Jeffares

Seconded by Mr. Share to approve the Final Site Plan & Design Review for 460 N. Old Woodward with the following conditions:

1. The applicant must provide revised plans containing all material details including the masonry cap and gate materials for the proposed trash enclosure;

2. The applicant must submit a revised photometric plan that meets the requirements of Article 4, Section 4.21 of the Zoning Ordinance;

3. The applicant must comply adhere to any existing streetscape plans; and,

4. The applicant must comply with the requests of all City Departments.

Motion carried, 5-0.

VOICE VOTE Yeas: Jeffares, Share, Williams, Boyle, Koseck Nays: None

3. 325 S. Eton – District Lofts Phase 3 – FSP & DR request for a new 4-story mixed use building

Chair Clein returned at 8:36 p.m. and resumed facilitation of the meeting.

SP Cowan presented the item. He noted that the amount of available parking would be sufficient for most uses unless restaurants or other parking-intensive commercial uses moved into all three available commercial spaces.

Victor Saroki, architect, spoke on behalf of the project. He stated that the majority of the units would be one-bedroom and would be smaller than the residential units in District Lofts Buildings A and B. He confirmed that the project would comply with all departmental requirements.

The Chair reiterated SP Cowan's report which noted that no changes are planned for the Grand Trunk Railroad Depot, located at 245 S. Eton.

In reply to Mr. Jeffares, Mr. Saroki stated that the building will be a heavy-gauge metal frame building using a stick-built construction style.

Mr. Boyle noted that the smaller residential units were in line with the City's goals.

In reply to an inquiry from Mr. Boyle, the project team estimated that the residential units would go on the market for about \$2,100 per month.

In reply to Mr. Boyle's inquiry regarding amenities, Mr. Saroki stated the building will have a community room, business facility, fitness facility, and package delivery area on the first floor. The building's units will also have open floor plans, and there will be a park in the rear that will be shared by residents of all three District Lofts buildings.

In reply to Mr. Koseck, Mr. Saroki said they hoping to discourage vehicular traffic behind the building. It was noted that vehicles looking to park beneath the building would largely not have to go behind the building. He noted that the crosswalks in the rear of the building would be constructed of brick pavers to maintain the focus on pedestrian access.

The Chair said he liked the project, and was glad to see smaller residential units. He said it might be worthwhile for the the project team to consider removing curbs, as done with festival streets, from the rear of the building.

Motion by Mr. Share

Seconded by Mr. Koseck to approve the Final Site Plan & Design Review for 325 S. Eton Street subject to the following conditions:

1. The applicant provide a formal easement agreement to the City to accommodate the required space to install required street trees and street lights in a manner consistent with the Eton Street Corridor and to maintain a five foot public sidewalk;

2. The applicant provide specification sheets indicating the proper City standard Rail District street lights, benches, and bike racks will be installed;

3. The applicant submit complete floor plans indicating the number of bedrooms for all units in order to verify the minimum lot area per unit requirement is met;

4. The applicant submit a revised photometric plan indicating proper illuminance levels for the circulation area connecting the Phase 3 building to the parking structure;

5. The applicant indicate a first floor height of 12 feet measured from the finished floor to finished ceiling in the submitted building plans;

6. The applicant provide dimensions of the electronic transformers to verify they are properly screened; and,

7. The applicant must comply with the requests of all City Departments.

Mr. Boyle spoke in favor of the project. He commended the City, architects and developers on the quality of materials being used. He noted that the initial phase of the project proposed live-work spaces, but suggested that mixed use buildings are the appropriate evolution of that thinking.

Mr. Williams noted that District Lofts Buildings A and B have been popular with residents and have maintained a number of residents for a long time.

Chair Clein stated that this project exemplifies what the City is looking for in terms of quality, design, thoughtfulness, and type of product. He commended the project team.

Motion carried, 6-0.

VOICE VOTE Yeas: Share, Koseck, Clein, Jeffares, Williams, Boyle Nays: None

12-207-21

J. Study Session

None.

12-208-21

K. Miscellaneous Business and Communications

- a. Communications
- b. Administrative Approval Correspondence
- c. Draft Agenda for next meeting
- d. Other Business

12-209-21

L. Planning Division Action Items a. Staff Report on Previous Requests b. Additional Items from tonight's meeting

12-210-21

M. Adjournment

No further business being evident, the Chair adjourned the meeting at 9:17 p.m.

Nick Dupuis Planning Director

Laura Eichenhorn City Transcriptionist

City of B	irmingham	MEMORANDUM Planning Division
DATE:	January 12, 2022	
TO:	Planning Board	
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, Planning Director	
SUBJECT:	The Birmingham Plan 2040 - Review Neighborhood Quality)	v of Chapter Three (Retain

Introduction/Summary

The City of Birmingham received the second draft of The Birmingham Plan 2040 ("the Plan") in October 2021 after nearly 2 years of review and input. On October 11th, 2021, the Plan was introduced to the City Commission and Planning Board at a joint meeting. During this meeting, City Staff and Planning Board members outlined a rough review timeline for the second draft that would consist of four meetings at the Planning Board, and at least one joint meeting of the Planning Board and City Commission to finalize the second draft and authorize distribution of the Plan for review by entities as required by state planning law.

On October 13th, 2021, the Planning Board discussed a detailed review timeline for the second draft of the Plan, and requested a new Future Land Use Map document to better guide the four review meetings. At this meeting, the Planning Board adopted the following public review timeline:

- November 10th, 2021 Introduction, Future Land Use Map, and Chapter 1 (Connecting the City)
- December 8th, 2021 Chapter 2 (Embrace Managed Growth)
- January 12th, 2022 Chapter 3 (Retain Neighborhood Quality)
- **February 9th**, **2022** Chapter 4 (Support Mixed-Use Districts) and Chapter 5 (Advance Sustainability Practices)

On November 10th, 2021, the Planning Board started the review of the second draft of the Plan with the Introduction, Future Land Use Map, and Chapter 1. During the review, the Planning Board generally commended the consultant team for addressing many of their directions from the review of draft one. The board also discussed an array of topics including various multimodal issues, suggestions for the Future Land Use Map, and commercial destinations.

On December 8th, 2021, the Planning Board continued the review with Chapter 2. During the review, the Planning Board provided comments on specific areas of the City in regards to seams, and also provided feedback regarding commercial destinations and ADU's. Several of the new maps provided by City Staff were also discussed in detail.

Chapter 3 – Retain Neighborhood Quality

Similar to the review of Chapters 1 and 2, the Planning Division has included several documents in the packet to aid in the review of Chapter 3. Up to this point, the Planning Division has received no additional public comment to include. The following documents are attached for your reference:

- DPZ summary letter of recommendations from the review of the first draft of the Plan
- Current draft of the Future Land Use Map
- Current Zoning Map
- Map series demonstrating changes from current Zoning Map to Future Land Use Map
- Chapter 3 Retain Neighborhood Quality

Master Plan Access and Meeting Participation

As a reminder, digital copies of the first and second draft of the Plan, presentation slides, frequently asked questions, Future Land Use Map, other documents pertaining to the review of the Plan, and a comment submission portal may be found on <u>www.thebirminghamplan.com</u>. In addition, you can find much of the same information, plus an online interactive Future Land Use Map on the Planning Division's <u>Citywide Master Plan</u> webpage. You may also sign up for news and updates on the Plan (and other City business) through the City of Birmingham <u>Constant</u> <u>Contact Service</u>.

Those who are unable to attend any of the review meeting, or wish to provide any additional comments to the Planning Board are welcome to submit a letter or email to the Planning Director, Nicholas Dupuis (ndupuis@bhamgov.org), who will compile and submit all comments received to the Planning Board at the next available meeting.

Equip Parks to Serve Neighborhoods

Equip Parks to Serve Neighborhoods

Birmingham's natural areas, parks, recreational facilities, and schoolyards are vital resources for its neighborhoods and surrounding communities. These open space amenities are important both for public health and as places where neighbors interact. Each neighborhood should have nearby access to open space which is designed with a broad set of activities to support a range of ages and abilities. While some neighborhoods are well served with parks and open spaces, when analyzed from a Planning District basis, many lack sufficient services. The 2018 Parks Master Plan addresses many service needs from a park-by-park basis. However, a planning district-based analysis should be completed to ensure that each neighborhood can supply diverse activities to its residents, within its existing parks or with sufficient programming at nearby community parks.

While Birmingham boasts many parks and the Rouge River natural area, an open space amenity is not located within close proximity to all residents. Considering which parks are accessible by a short walk to most residents, the core portion of the city is well accommodated while edges have less access. Opportunities to add park space are limited because the city is fully built, but parks programming can be augmented to make up for lacking amenities and spaces may be considered for reprogramming.

Parks and open spaces differ in their size, context, and ability to provide services and amenities. Larger, community parks provide more numerous amenities. Because these are limited in number, each services a significant portion of the city, not only the surrounding neighborhood. Yet these parks must also provide neighborhood park amenities. This dual-purpose can cause conflict, where direct neighbors attempt to limit their use and access. For instance, some residents have expressed serious frustration that dog runs have been excluded from neighborhood parks. The single run at Lincoln Hills Golf Course is insufficient for a city the size of Birmingham.

Open space amenities are a critical resource for quality of life across the city. To ensure each Planning District has sufficient access to these amenities, access, service area, and the provision of amenities should be studied. Amenities should be provided according to the size, and location of each open space by type. A chart and map are provided as best practice recommendations for a future update to the Parks Master Plan.

Of all Planning Districts, Torry is most notably lacking park space. Already built-up there are few easy solutions to providing new open space. Two potential opportunities exist around Torry looking further to the future. Open space may be required as a condition for redevelopment of the Adams Square shopping center. Alternatively, the current post office site would accommodate a well-sized park if, within the horizon of this plan, the post office elects to vacate the property. As both options are difficult, the planned Worth Park in the Triangle District should be developed. Worth Park is reasonably accessible for the Torry neighborhood, but it would not fulfill all of the neighbor-



Figure 33. Kids playing in Booth Park.

hood's needs.

Quarton and Seaholm districts also lack official open park space for much of their Planning Districts. Like Torry, these areas have little opportunity for new open spaces. However, both neighborhoods utilize schoolyards as informal open spaces. The city should consider a more formal arrangement for neighborhood use of these spaces, including equipment and amenity needs to fulfill neighborhood park best practices. Officially using school fields as community and neighborhood

Equip Parks to Serve Neighborhoods

Park	Athletics	Cafe	Garden	Dogs	Exercise	Play	Splash	Seating	Walkways
Mini Parks									
1. Baldwin Well								х	
2. Derby Well			Х		Х			Х	Х
3. Pump House					Х			Х	Х
4. Redding Well			Х		Х			Х	Х
5. Lynn Smith			Х		Х			Х	Х
6. Martha Baldwin					Х			Х	Х
7. South Well			Х					Х	Х
Neighborhood Par	ks								
8. Crestview	Х		Х	х	Х	Х		Х	Х
9. Howarth	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
10. Linden	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
11. Pembroke	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
12. St. James	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
13. W. Lincoln Well Site	Х		Х	х	Х	Х		Х	Х
14. Adams Park	Х				Х	Х		Х	Х
A. Adams Square	Х			Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
B. Quarton School	Х			х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Community Parks									
15. Barnum	Х		Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
16. Kenning	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
17. Poppleton	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
C. Seaholm	Х			х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Specialty Parks									
18. Booth		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
19. Rouge River								Х	Х
20. Shain		Х				Х	Х	Х	Х
21. Quarton Lake			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
22. Museum								Х	Х
23. Manor					Х	Х		Х	Х
24. Springdale	Х			Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
25. Lincoln Hills	Х			Х				Х	Х

Figure 34. Amenity Targets by Park and Park Type.

Equip Parks to Serve Neighborhoods

board and collaboration with the city concerning access, hours, liability, equipment, and maintenance. In a fully built community like Birmingham, school fields are one of the only opportunities to expand open space access and amenities.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- Develop Worth Park as quickly as plausible to provide a portion of the needed open space access for Torry.
- 2. Attempt to purchase part of the Adams Square parking lot for park space, and if unsuccessful ensure that redevelopment would require that open space be provided at Adams and Bowers.
- **3.** Establish a formal arrangement with the school districts for community use of school facilities.

4. Expand the 2018 Parks and Recreation Master Plan or create a new plan beyond the 2022 horizon, to implement Parks Best Practices by adding missing amenities and updating those that are out of date. Utilize Planning Districts to determine sufficiency of park access across the city.

PARKS BEST PRACTICES

Each type of park should provide specific amenities, as their size and configuration permits. All spaces should include public/civic art, signage, accessible paths, trash and recycling receptacles, and shaded seating.

Plazas are the most limited type of open space. These paved areas are small and typically provide only the amenity of passive recreation with seating along their edges. Some may also include water features and splash pads. Birmingham does not have plazas today, but some are

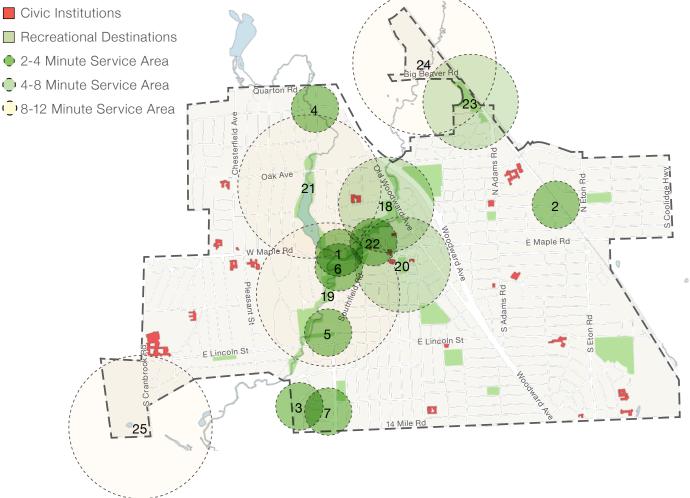


Figure 35. Birmingham Specialty Parks and Mini Parks.

Equip Parks to Serve Neighborhoods

contemplated by this and other plans.

Mini parks, like the well sites, are also quite limited due to their size. They serve an area of roughly 2-to-5 minutes walking distance. These spaces provide limited active recreation with limited trails. Exercise opportunities should be considered along trails. Passive recreational opportunities are provided with seating areas and may be expanded with community gardens and small dog runs. Mini parks should have some lighting, but be limited in intensity and frequency.

Neighborhood parks are of a moderate size, able to provide a variety of amenities. They serve an area of roughly 5-to-7 minutes walking distance. These should include play equipment for children, passive seating areas, and active amenities like tennis, basketball, and limited sports fields as space allows. Neighborhood parks should also provide bicycle parking and lighting, dog runs, and green stormwater infrastructure, and may provide community garden space.

Community parks are substantial spaces that should include a significant variety of amenities. These parks serve a neighborhood park function for those residents within a 5-to-7 minute walk, but also serve a much more significant portion of the city that may walk, bike, or drive to access their amenities. Community parks should provide the amenities of neighborhood parks, and include more significant active recreational offerings, cafes, restrooms, and other specialized amenities. They should provide ample bicycle parking, lighting, and some public parking.

Specialized parks serve a very specific function due to their location, and should be considered on a case-bycase basis. These include the Rouge River Natural Area, Shain Park, and other special open spaces.

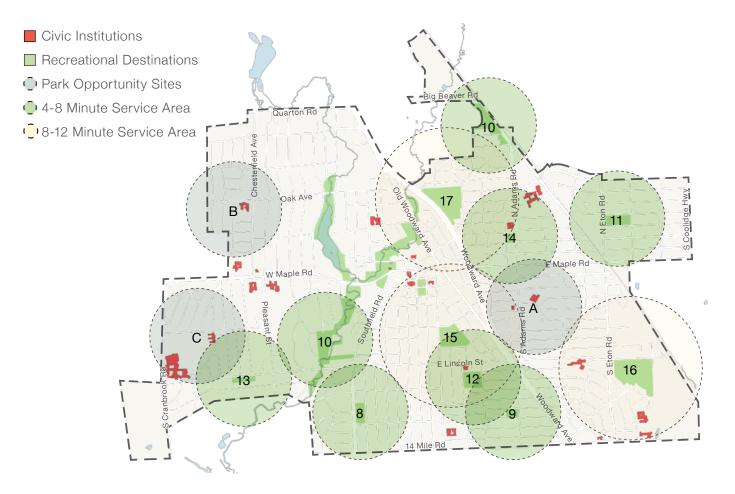


Figure 36. Neighborhood and Community Parks.

Keep Streets Pedestrian-oriented

Keep Streets Pedestrian-oriented

Streets are the most pervasive public space in a city, and Birmingham's streets are exceptionally beautiful and pleasant. However, the role of moving cars is too often considered the primary role of streets, which are then widened to make driving easier. In most cases, widening neighborhood streets reduces their function and safety for pedestrians and bicyclists, reduces street tree canopy, and increases vehicle speeds. Fortunately, Birmingham has resisted calls to widen streets for the movement of cars. As a result, Birmingham retains a wonderful tree canopy and streets that are pleasant to walk along, bike along, and not too difficult to drive along.

Yet today, calls for wider streets continue. Too often our job as consultants is concerned with reducing roadway pavement and adding trees; making streets elsewhere more like those found in Birmingham. Once streets are widened, cars will move more quickly and those streets become convenient ways to cut around areas of congestion. However, some streets in Birmingham are too narrow, like Westchester Way, paved approximately 16 feet yet operating two-way with parking. Streets narrower than 20 feet paved and operating two-way with on-street parking should be considered for a modification of function or widening. Most other streets should not.

Beyond the space to accommodate automobiles, street design must consider pedestrian comfort and safety, bicyclist comfort and safety, and street trees. Pedestrian comfort and safety is influenced by the size and location of sidewalks. Birmingham's historic neighborhood standard was a minimum 4 foot sidewalk, which is insufficient by today's standards. In most neighborhoods, sidewalks should be a minimum of 5 feet wide, and 6 feet in neighborhoods near mixed-use districts or streets with multi-family housing. The recently passed Residential Street Design Standard specifies a 5 foot minimum, which works for most places. In a mixed-use context, sidewalks should be wider, no less than 14 feet from curb to edge of rightof-way assuming a paved tree lawn with tree wells. Shared space streets are a special exception to be handled on a case-by-case basis.

Sidewalks should also be continuous and pervasive. Today, sidewalks are missing in numerous places, which should be surveyed and remedied. Similarly, street intersections which do not have accessible ramps to crossings should be remedied.

Bicyclist and micro-mobility comfort and safety is principally influenced by the speed of vehicles and availability of dedicated facilities. In most streets, narrow lanes result in slow car movement, which provide bike and micro-mobility needs. But more so than cars, frequent stopping is extremely inconvenient. Bicycle boulevards should be considered to solve this issue, arranging intersection control to prefer bike and micro-mobility through movement and diverting cars to avoid cut through movement. The neighborhood loop proposes such a system. Along streets with

speeds above 25mph, however, dedicated facilities should be provided or means of slowing traffic pursued.

The tree lawn is critical to street trees; sufficient root area results in greater canopy. Canopy health is very closely related with the health of residents, mental and physical, and the success of children in school. In fact, programs exist across the country to re-establish urban tree canopies to improve the health outcomes of children. In neighborhoods, tree lawns should not be sacrificed for pavement width.



Figure 37. A pleasant, right-sized street in the Quarton district.

Keep Streets Pedestrian-oriented

All of these variables in mind, the ideal roadway width will depend upon the right-of-way width and what the street should best accommodate. Lincoln is perhaps the most difficult decision point in Birmingham. It needs on-street parking but is also an important route for cyclists. Certainly Lincoln needs to sustain its tree canopy. And as a major vehicular connector, Lincoln must accommodate cars. With recent crosswalk improvements, the means of accommodating bicycles must be carefully considered. Today, Lincoln is too busy a street to feel safe for many bicyclists.

Standards were set for residential streets by the Multimodal Transportation Board and City Commission due to recurring resident requests for wider streets when they are improved. The current policy sets a standard residential street at 26 feet from curb-to-curb where the right-ofway is 50 feet or greater and 20 feet with parking along one side where the right-of-way is less than 50 feet. The policy provides for modifications for a number of specific conditions that may legitimately require greater paving, such as school bus routes. Generally these standards align with best practices to keep traffic moving slowly through neighborhoods, increasing safety.

These standards should be retained, but may be augmented to simplify the exception criteria, aligning it with future land use. Minor modification is also needed to accommodate wider sidewalks along district seams. The residential street standards provide a modification of roadway width from 26 feet to 28 feet where on-street parking is in more active use. Because on-street parking will be more actively used in neighborhoods with high intensity fabric, the standard here may default to 28 feet. Similarly, neighborhoods with low intensity fabric will have low on-street parking usage and should be less justified to allow for wider streets. Additionally, provided the narrow width of most streets, the standard residential street posted speed should be lowered to 20 mph. The Michigan Vehicle Code 257.627(2) (e) states that the maximum speed in city neighborhoods is 25 mph unless another speed is fixed and posted. The main remaining issue with streets is parking beyond the roadway on unimproved streets as it encourages cut-through traffic and speeding. Once streets are improved this issue will be resolved.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- 1. Task the Multi-modal Transportation Board with an update to the Residential Street Standards, aligning the following streetscape elements with Future Land Use categories. Update the Multi-modal Plan accordingly.
 - a. Sidewalk width;
 - **b.** Planter width and type;
 - c. Type and extent of on-street parking;
 - d. Frequency of curb cuts; and
 - e. Width of roadway.
- 2. Task the Multi-modal Transportation Board with a study of bicycle accommodation alternatives along Lincoln. Update the Multi-modal Plan accordingly.
- 3. Reduce residential posted speed limits to 20 mph.
- 4. Update the Multi-modal plan to complete gaps in sidewalks and accessible corner ramps where not already specified.

STREETSCAPE BEST PRACTICES BY LAND-USE CATEGORY

- Mixed-use Center: 8 foot sidewalks or wider, excluding a paved tree lawn area; 5-to-6 foot tree lawn principally paved with tree wells; on-street parking both sides.
- High Intensity Fabric: 6 foot sidewalk; tree lawns 6 feet or wider, appropriate for long tree wells or continuous planters; on-street parking both sides.
- **3.** Medium and Low Intensity Fabric: 5 foot sidewalk; tree lawns 8 feet or wider; on-street parking on one or both sides.
- 4. High and Medium Intensity District Seam: 6-to-8 foot sidewalk; tree lawns 6 feet or wider, appropriate for long tree wells; on-street parking both sides.
- 5. Low Intensity District Seam: 6 foot sidewalk, tree lawns 6 feet or wider; on-street parking both sides.

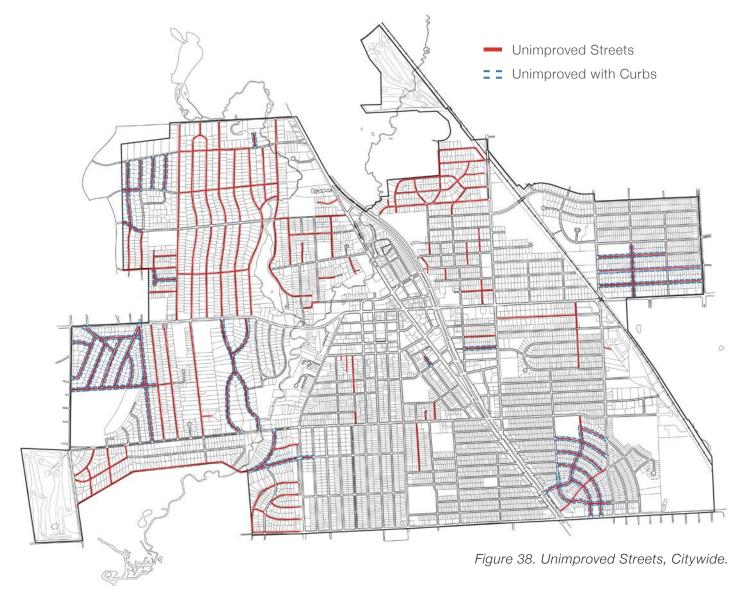
Replace Unimproved Streets

Replace Unimproved Streets

Many neighborhood streets in Birmingham are in disrepair. Residents are confused about the process to improve streets, which is exacerbated by unique situations in two parts of the community.

As is readily apparent, many neighborhood streets are in very poor condition. The situation is historic, related to the standards in place as far back as each neighborhood was initially developed. It has been incumbent upon neighbors to choose to improve their streets, and pay into that improvement based upon how much lot frontage they have along the street. To date, a significant number of residents have done just that, yet it leaves nearly 26 linear miles of streets unimproved. Most unimproved streets are easily recognizable in that they do not have curbs. Yet, to confuse the matter, there is a small section of unimproved streets that have historic curbs. And lastly, there is a section of Birmingham where sewer service is located in the rear lot, not in the street, which requires special consideration when improving streets.

The City Commission convened an Ad-hoc Unimproved Streets Committee (AHUSC) to study this issue. In late 2020, the committee issued its recommendations. A high-level summary of those recommendations are to: 1) change the process of initiating street repair to be instigated by the City; 2) use the City's general fund to pay for the non-utility improvements to streets and bonds to pay for the utility portion of improvements, reimbursed by residents through special assessment and utility rate fees; and 3) to prefer



Retain Street Tree Canopy

construction of concrete streets over asphalt for their longevity, with exceptions for low volume conditions.

With these well researched recommendations in place, adjustments to unimproved streets policy and the city budget are required, along with a strategy for prioritizing streets to improve. A consistent approach is recommended, ensuring funds are regularly allocated to carry on improvements. From a priority standpoint, the current condition of unimproved streets should be surveyed to categorize the state of disrepair. The stormwater condition of streets is a particularly important element to consider as streets with stormwater problems will deteriorate more quickly than others. To work through the list of repairs, consideration should be given to equitably distribute repairs throughout the city so that one neighborhood is not prioritized over another. This can be done by ensuring that more than one Planning District receives repairs in any year. Some Planning Districts, like Quarton and Seaholm, are almost entirely unimproved and may receive a greater share of improvements than other districts as a result.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- 1. Adopt policy recommendations specified by the Ad-hoc Unimproved Streets Committee (AHUSC).
- City staff should survey the current condition of unimproved streets, categorized by the current quality such that streets in the most extreme states of disrepair can be prioritized for improvement. Stormwater issues should receive special priority.
- **3.** City Commission should establish a yearly budget to remedy unimproved streets, considering the general fund plus bond strategy and repayment timelines recommended by the AHUSC.
- 4. Remedy unimproved streets according to the repair priority and budget, ensuring improvements occur in different planning districts, not all in a single district in a single year.

Retain Street Tree Canopy

Birmingham's downtown and neighborhoods benefit from a rich tree canopy, increasing both house values and

the public well-being. This street tree canopy should be protected and well maintained. At present, the City works to diversify tree species, which is important in avoiding disease. Considerations should also be made to select species that will sustain the City's future climate. Much of the community is well stocked with trees but some streets, like Brown and 14 Mile, have gaps in the street tree canopy, sometimes spanning an entire block.

Most substantially, the City's commercial districts have severe street tree gaps, including entire streets without trees. Maple and Woodward have more consistent trees than elsewhere, with limited gaps such as Willits. However, streets like Merrill appear to have insufficient root area, resulting in small and ineffective trees. New plantings with the recent Woodward and future Maple streetscape projects have extended the root area to support a healthier tree stock, which is necessary elsewhere. The Triangle and Rail Districts have few street trees and are in need of streetscape redesign. Plantings are especially needed in these areas to fight the urban heat island by shading sidewalks and roadways, and to provide relief for pedestrians.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- **1.** Survey missing street trees and prioritize new plantings along neighborhood streets with thin canopies.
- **2.** Survey areas with constrained root conditions and establish a plan to provide additional root volume.
- **3.** Prevent existing, healthy trees from being removed due to new construction. (Permitting, Inspections)
- 4. Create a streetscape improvement plan for the Triangle District and Rail District. (already specified)
- 5. Convene a committee to establish tree policies to:
 - **a.** Select large canopy species native to the region for streets and parks, retaining the character of each neighborhood's distinctive canopy while considering the region's future climate.
 - b. Minimize overly-used or exotic species, such as Crab Apple, Honey Locust and Pear Trees.
 - **c.** Craft policy requiring that trees removed due to new construction be replaced, as well as mandatory contributions to fund new off-site trees.

Revise Parking Restrictions

Revise Parking Restrictions

Parking policies within Birmingham neighborhoods confuse visitors and residents and are difficult if not impossible to enforce. Current posted requirements differ substantially throughout the City to such an extent that the Police Department can only enforce by complaint. Decades of block-by-block modifications have eroded the public nature of streets.

The source of resident requests are real problems created by parking overflow in key areas of the City, but there is a mismatch between the conditions creating problems and the number and location of solutions. Residents are understandably concerned with parking spill-over from nearby non-residential uses. City staff is concerned that removing parking exacerbates parking spill-over, the complexity of regulations is difficult to enforce, and that street parking is a public good.

Observations in the Rail District and Seaholm corroborate these concerns (See Figure 39). Rail District regulations have been created to limit nighttime use of on-street parking to ensure residents have available parking, resulting in 8 different parking standards within a small area. Seaholm regulations have been created to limit daytime student parking, resulting in 12 different parking standards within a small area.

These conditions are difficult to enforce and represent a small segment of the city which has many more similar conditions. Some areas have entirely removed parking, which encourages speeding - another issue of concern to residents. In many cases the perception of insufficient parking is not in step with the actual availability of parking, however, the complexity of restrictions contributes to violations.

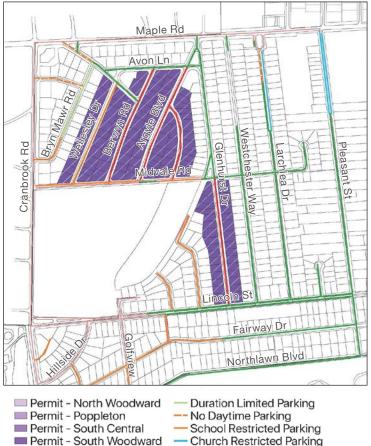
To reduce excessive complexity that leads to enforcement difficulties, and to solve for the real issues of spillover parking, we recommend that the city begin anew with a simplified selection of standard restrictions. There is far too much variation in existing restrictions to adjust them one-by-one. A committee should study the situation citywide and establish a limited set of options and a plan to re-assign parking restrictions. The option to have no parking restrictions at all along streets should be the default preference where there is not a clear conflict caused by adjacent mixed-use districts or institutions.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- **1.** Convene a committee to study citywide street parking restrictions and permits, charged with:
 - a. Creating a consistent and limited set of citywide parking standards. An example of such a set follows:
 - No restriction
 - 2-hour parking from 9am to 4pm, except by permit (this addresses daytime parking issues from students and downtown workers)
 - Parking by permit only, 5pm to 10am (this addresses nighttime parking issues from food service)
 - Neighborhood Parking Benefit District, used in association with (b) or (c) above.
 - **b.** Create a plan to re-assign street parking restrictions citywide for greater consistency.
 - c. Establishing a consistent residential permit system to service those neighborhoods that choose to use such a system which includes permit fees to cover costs, decals, and visitor rear-view mirror tags purchased separately from the residential permit. The existing permit systems may suffice to operate more broadly.

Revise Parking Restrictions





Permit Required

No Parking
 Unrestricted

EXISTING PARKING RESTRICTIONS

TORRY AT THE RAIL DISTRICT:

- 15 Min Parking 8am-9am Except Sun. & Holidays
- 2 HR Parking 6am-4pm Except Sat, Sun., & Holidays
- 2 HR Parking 8am-6pm Except Sun. & Holidays
- 2 HR Parking 9am-6pm Except Sun. & Holidays
- 2 HR Parking Limit
- No Parking Anytime
- Parking Allowed, All Times
- Permit Parking Required at All Times

SEAHOLM AND LINCOLN HILLS:

- 2 HR Parking 9am-5pm Except Sat, sun, & Holidays
- No Parking 8am-6pm
- No Parking, 7am-9am Except Sun. & Holidays
- No Parking, 8am-6pm Except Sat., Sun. & Holidays
- No Parking, 8am-6pm Except Sun. & Holidays
- No Parking, M-F 7am-2pm
- No Parking, School Days 7am-3pm
- No Parking, School Days 8am-10am
- No Parking, Sunday 7am-1pm
- Parking Allowed, All Times
- Parking Permit 7am-4pm School Days
- Residential Permit Parking

Figure 39. Sample of Existing Parking Restrictions

Permit - Triangle District

Permit - Western District

Retain Housing Character

Retain Housing Character

The value of properties in Birmingham has risen such that the cost of purchasing and demolishing existing homes is viable. Some parts of the City have already been significantly rebuilt and the trend is moving into other neighborhoods. Many residents feel that the scale of new homes are overwhelming and out of character with their neighborhoods. Numerous residents recounted the adverse effects such large houses have had on their properties and their quality of life. While the City has implemented progressive design standards for garage placement and overall construction management, many of the new houses are, in fact, oversized for their lots and often negatively impact surrounding households.

Except in historic districts, new houses are not evaluated for the appropriateness of their architectural design or building materials by a review board or committee. New house plans are only reviewed for compliance with building codes and required site engineering regulations. House design and consumer preferences have changed since Birmingham's neighborhoods were first developed. Recession-era, prewar houses were usually modestly designed and downplayed the home-owners wealth or lack thereof. Large houses and manors were broken up into a series of smaller volumes which effectively disguised their overall volume and, with commensurate architectural details, gave them the appearance of matching the scale of neighboring houses. Most of Birmingham's original houses were constructed with quality craftsmanship and designed with architectural massing and details intended to blend into the neighborhood rather than command attention.

Following trends in today's housing market, developers endeavor to exaggerate the size of houses, making even the most modestly sized house appear as large as possible. These houses are designed to stand out and be noticed, rather than harmonize with and complement neighboring houses. As a result, many new houses become the focal point, for better or worse, of the street.

Additions to existing homes should be encouraged as a way to accommodate changes that the market desires without eroding neighborhood character. Often the driver of new construction is market demand for additional bathrooms, a master, closet space, larger kitchens, and larger garages which tend to be lacking in older homes. While it is often easier to tear down an existing home and build a new one, this is a destructive process that creates significant waste material. Renovation and addition could be encouraged through a number of policies such as: a fasttracked approval process (requiring a slowing down of new construction approvals), waived fees for review and



Figure 40. Historic home with a sign marketing demolition for a larger home.

inspection, and increased lot coverage allowances at the ground level (not second story). While additions and renovation cannot be required, they can be encouraged.

Leveraging historic districts is another means of controlling the pace of demolitions, providing review of the scale and character of new housing, and encouraging renovation. Expanding existing historic districts and landmarks, and establishing new districts would provide oversight of new construction and renovation in many areas of the city. The Historic District Commission (HDC) should be charged with actively studying and

Retain Housing Character



Figures 41 & 42. Infill housing on two sides of one street, older homes (left) and new homes (right).

establishing historic districts and landmarks throughout the city. Additionally, HDC review authority should be strengthened in consideration of demolitions and renovations.

Lastly, light intensity and color is an often overlooked quality of Birmingham's neighborhood streets. Some new homes have been built with lighting that is too intense, degrading the calm character of Birmingham's neighborhood fabric. Lighting should be subdued generally, avoid spillover onto neighboring properties, and be oriented downward not outward. Luminaires should be shielded to eliminate glare and limited in individual intensity. Multiple bulbs of lower intensity can provide the same light coverage without glare or hot spots. Color temperature is also keenly important. Light that is towards the blue end of the spectrum, higher color temperature, disrupts natural human cycles when used at nighttime. Color temperature should not exceed 3200 Kelvin after dusk. Currently the Zoning Ordinance uses Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) standards as a baseline, Zone E4 for everything R4 and above. Neighborhood illumination is not regulated, which is clearly in need. The International Dark Sky Association model standards are recommended in place of IESNA standards. These standards should be evaluated for use in neighborhoods as well as for adjustment or replacement of existing zoning requirements concerning lighting in R4 and above.

Similarly, the color temperature and intensity of streetlights requires study to avoid issues similar to residential exterior

lighting. Across the country many cities have switched to LED streetlights. This is a recommended practice for maintenance and energy usage but the fixtures and luminaires must be carefully selected. LED streetlights produce more glare and hotspots than prior technologies. The earliest models, still available, are set to color temperatures that are too blue. As the city contemplates a change in technology, common pitfalls should be avoided, ensuring: luminaires are shielded with globes or similar devices that scatter light; luminaires have a color temperature no greater than 3500K; poles are installed more frequently, at a lower height, to achieve the desired light level while avoiding glare, excessive intensity, and hot spots.

MASTER PLAN ACTIONS

- Review and update site, building, and design codes to prevent increased rainwater runoff and other negative impacts from new house construction.
- 2. Expand the inspection process for new house construction to ensure that they are built per approved plans to minimize negative impacts on surrounding properties.
- **3.** Revise the Zoning Code's residential zoning district boundaries and standards to better match and maintain current building scale, position on the property, driveway configuration, and other key characteristics.
- 4. Convene a committee to study incentives to

Retain Housing Character



Figure 43. High quality contemporary infill, in scale with neighborhood fabric.

encourage renovations to expand existing houses rather than the construction of new houses.

- **5.** Convene a committee to study age-in-place-friendly building regulations, such as grab-bars, ramps, and elevators in single-family homes.
- **6.** Task the Historic District Commission and Historic District Study Committee with proactively establishing new historic districts as well as landmarks.
- **7.** Convene a committee to study neighborhood lighting standards, including exterior residential lighting and street lighting.

BEST PRACTICE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL LIGHTING

- a. Residential lighting standards should address:
 - a. Maximum luminaire intensity,
 - b. Color temperature range,
 - c. Shielding and directionality, and
 - d. Spillover.

- b. Street lighting standards should address:
 - a. Maximum luminaire intensity,
 - b. Color temperature range,
 - c. Shielding and directionality,
 - d. Lamp design, and
 - e. Pole height and spacing.
- **c.** Consider the International Dark Sky Association model standards.
- **d.** Consider aligning lighting intensity restrictions with the Future Land Use categories for neighborhood fabric intensity where high intensity fabric justifies higher lighting intensity and low intensity fabric justifies lower lighting intensity. Dark Sky LZ1 may be appropriate in low intensity fabric and medium intensity fabric areas, LZ2 in high intensity fabric areas, and LZ3 in the city's mixed-use districts.

B. Future Land Use

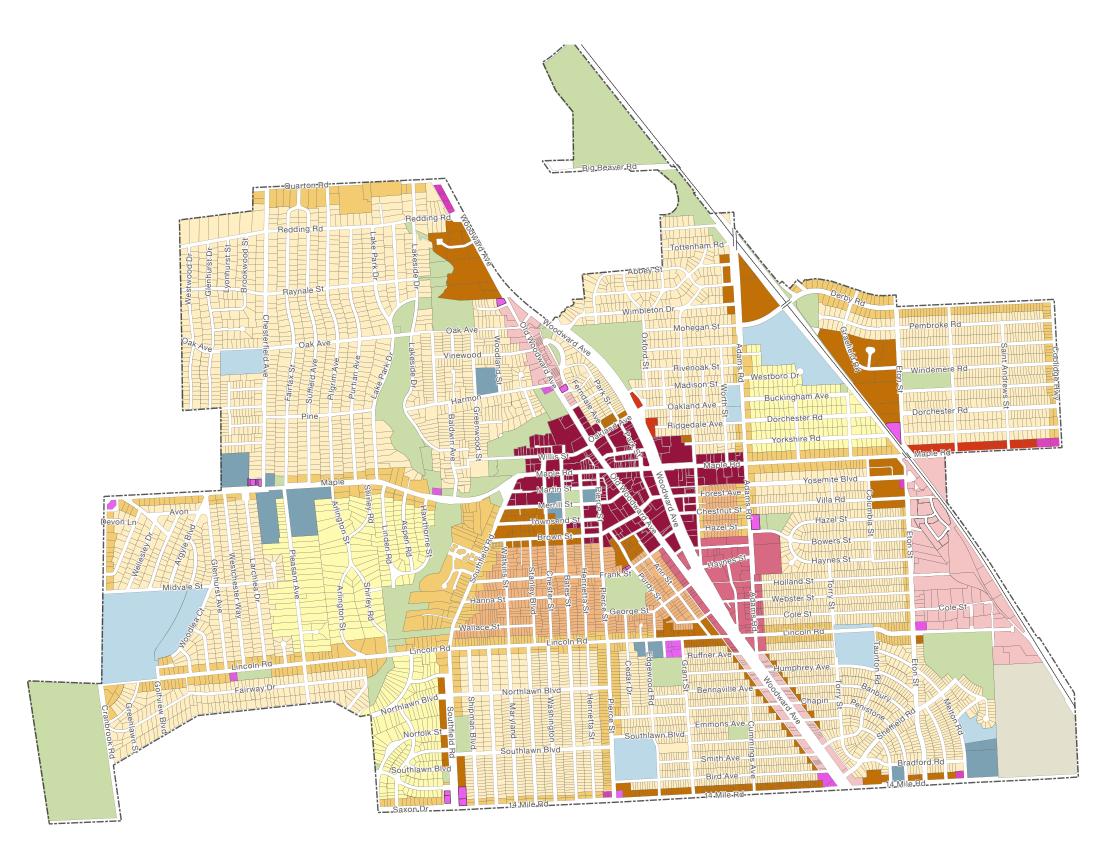


Figure 6. Future Land Use Map.

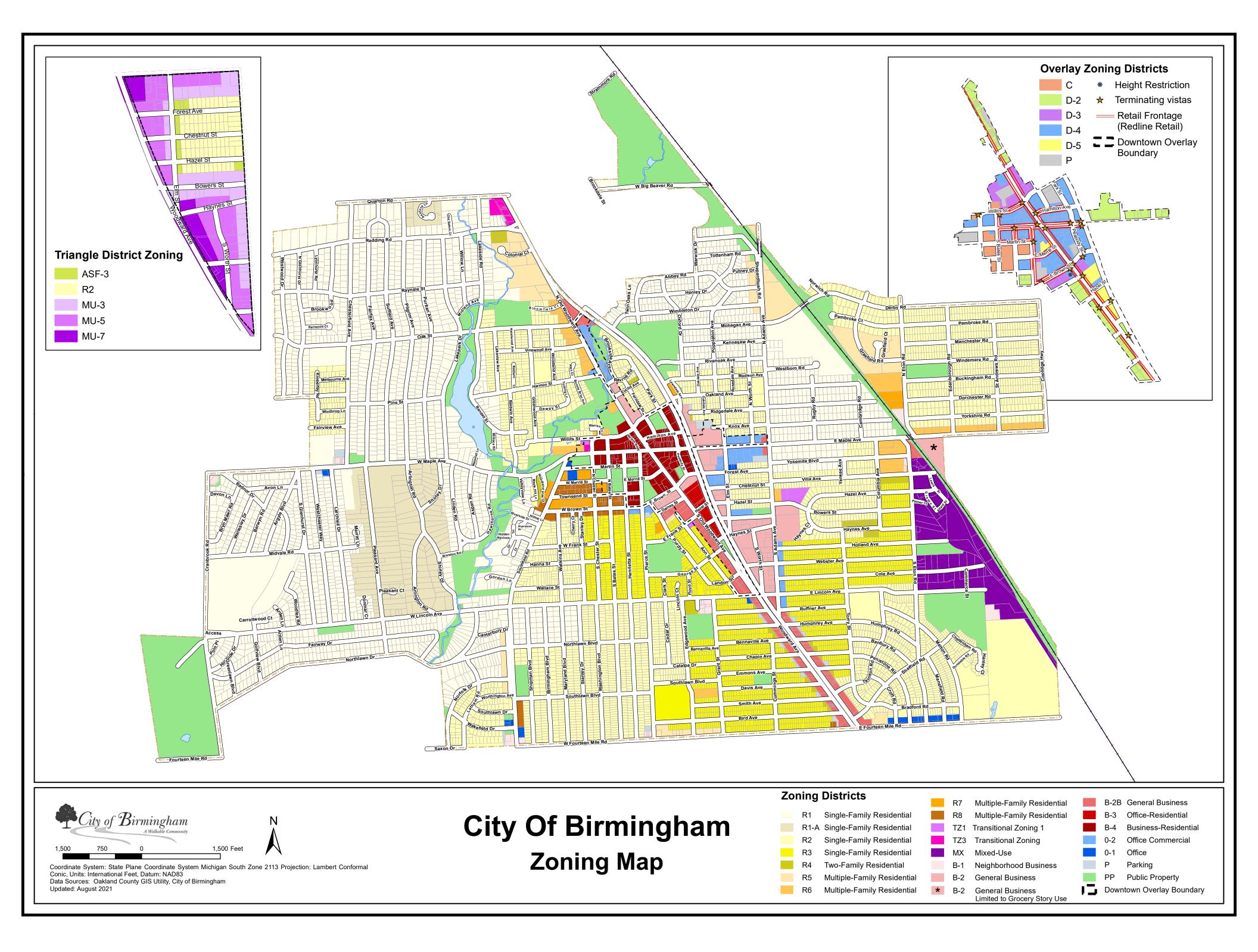
B. Future Land Use

Future Land Use Map

Future Land Use Map

Birmingham's future land use map is structured by Planning District boundaries within which land uses reinforce the desired future character. This map serves as the basis for zoning, specifying where different uses and intensities are appropriate throughout the City. This Future Land Use Map aims to identify, sustain, and strengthen Birmingham's neighborhoods and mixed-use districts. The following sections describe each land use in greater detail.





B. Future Land Use

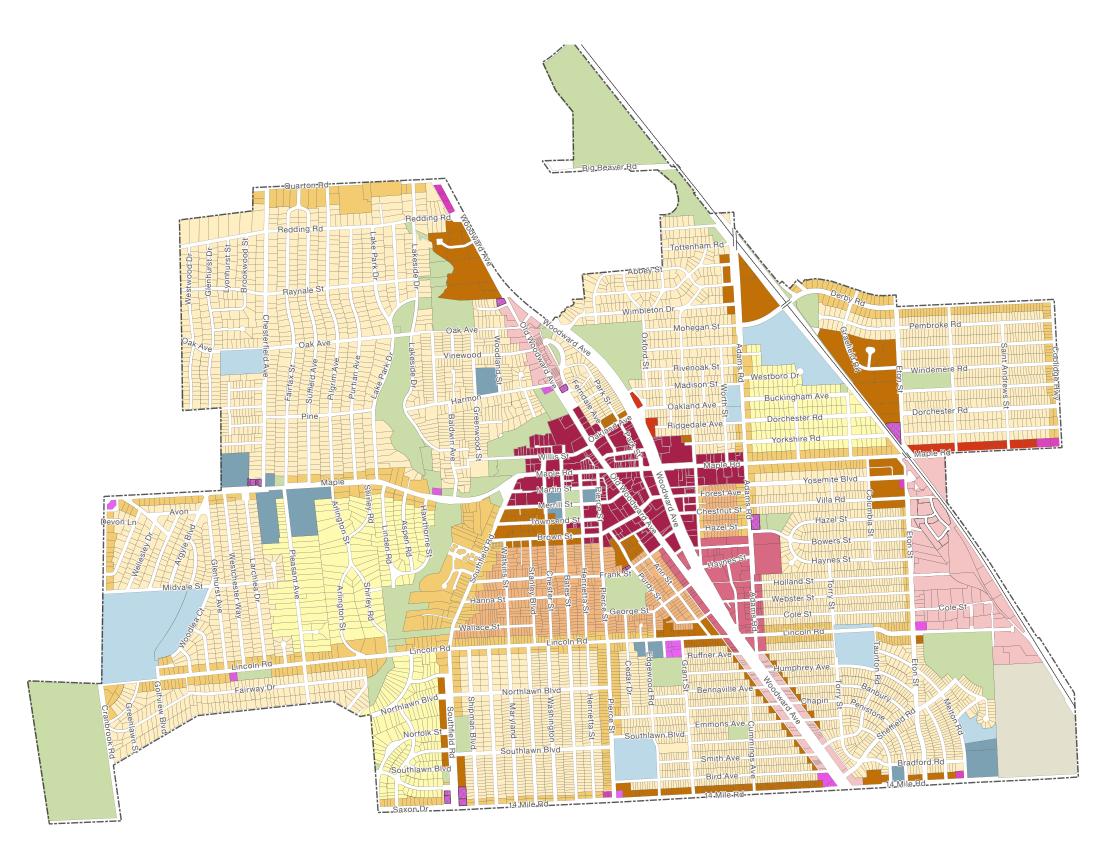


Figure 6. Future Land Use Map.

B. Future Land Use

Future Land Use Map

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Birmingham's future land use map is structured by Planning District boundaries within which land uses reinforce the desired future character. This map serves as the basis for zoning, specifying where different uses and intensities are appropriate throughout the City. This Future Land Use Map aims to identify, sustain, and strengthen Birmingham's neighborhoods and mixed-use districts. The following sections describe each land use in greater detail.

Boundaries

Planning Districts

District Destinations

- Civic Destination: General
- Civic Destination: School
- Civic Destination: Cemetery
- Recreational Destination
- Commercial Destination

Mixed Use District Fabric

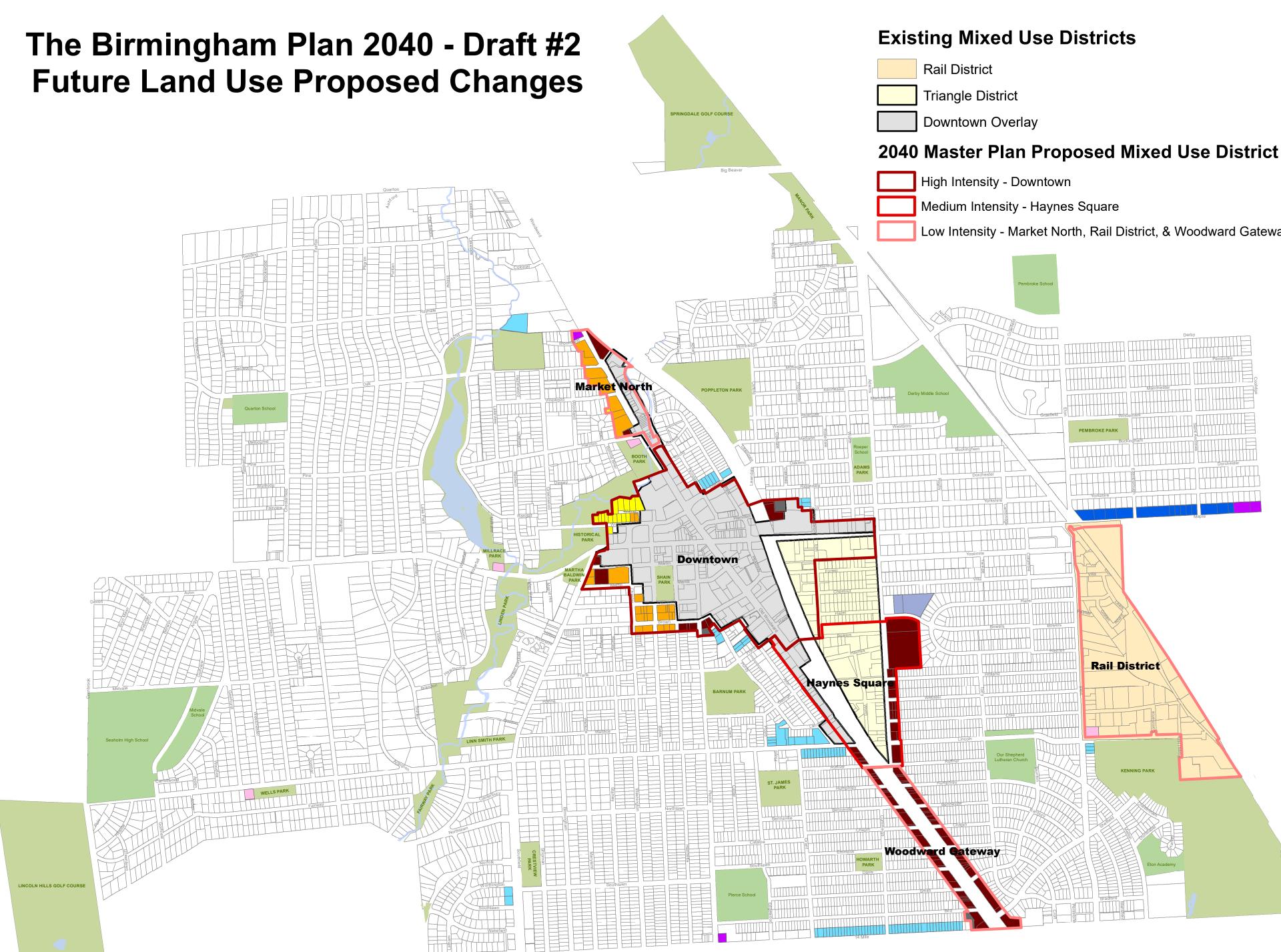
- High Intensity
- Medium Intensity
- Low Intensity

Neighborhood District Fabric

- High Intensity
- Medium Intensity
- Low Intensity

District Seams

- High Intensity (TZ-1, TZ-3, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, and MX)
- Medium Intensity (TZ-1, R3, R4, R5, R6, and R8)
- Low Intensity (R1A, R1, R2, R3)



Proposed Mixed Use District Fabric Changes

Office-Business (O1,O2, B2, B2-B) to Mixed Use District*

Multi-Family (R5, R6, R7, R8) to Mixed Use

Single Family (R2) to Mixed Use Parking (P) to Mixed Use District

Proposed District Seam Changes

Medium Intensity Seam: Single Family (R1, R2, R3) to Multi-Family High Intensity Seam: Multi-Family (R5, R6, R7, R8) to Mixed-Use

*Office-Business zones permit mixed-use however the highlighted properties are not currently included in a defined mixed-use district.



2040 Master Plan Proposed Mixed Use District Fabric



Low Intensity - Market North, Rail District, & Woodward Gateway

Proposed District Destination Changes



Transitional Zone (TZ-1) to Recreation (Park) City Park with a Commercial Destination (ie. small cafe) Multi-Family to Commercial Destination

The Birmingham Plan 2040 - Draft #2 **Future Land Use Proposed Changes** "District Destinations" aryland Sout ____ LINCOLN HILLS GOLF COURSE Pierce School

Proposed District Destination Changes

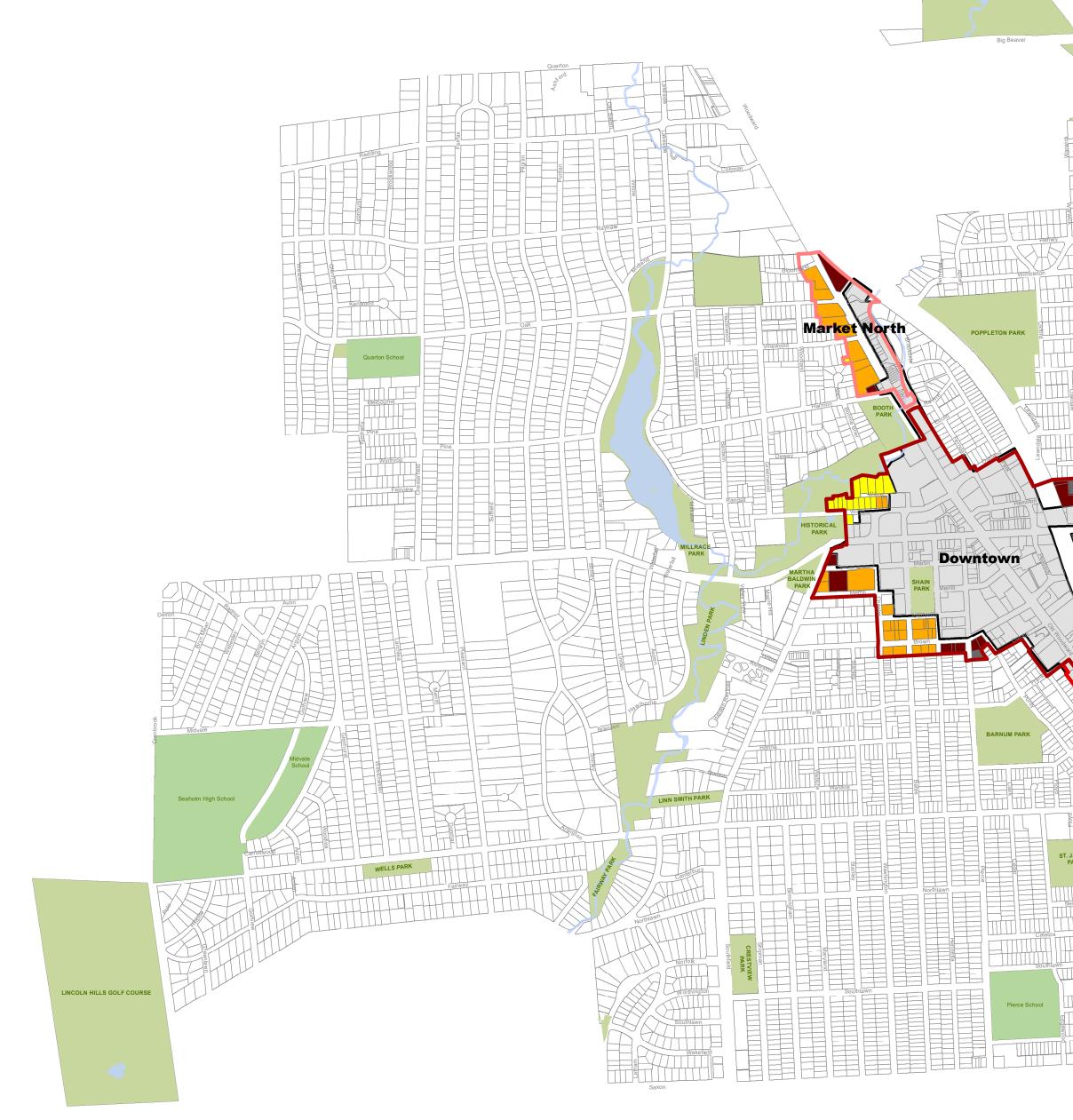
Transitional Zone (TZ-1) to Recreation (Park)

City Park with a Commercial Destination (ie. small cafe)

Multi-Family to Commercial Destination



The Birmingham Plan 2040 - Draft #2 **Future Land Use Proposed Changes** "Mixed Use District Fabric"



Proposed Mixed Use District Fabric Changes

Office-Business (O1,O2, B2, B2-B) to Mixed Use District*

Multi-Family (R5, R6, R7, R8) to Mixed Use

Single Family (R2) to Mixed Use

*Office-Business zones permit mixed-use however the highlighted properties are not currently included in a defined mixed-use district. Parking (P) to Mixed Use District

Existing Mixed Use Districts

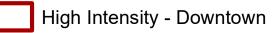


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Triangle District

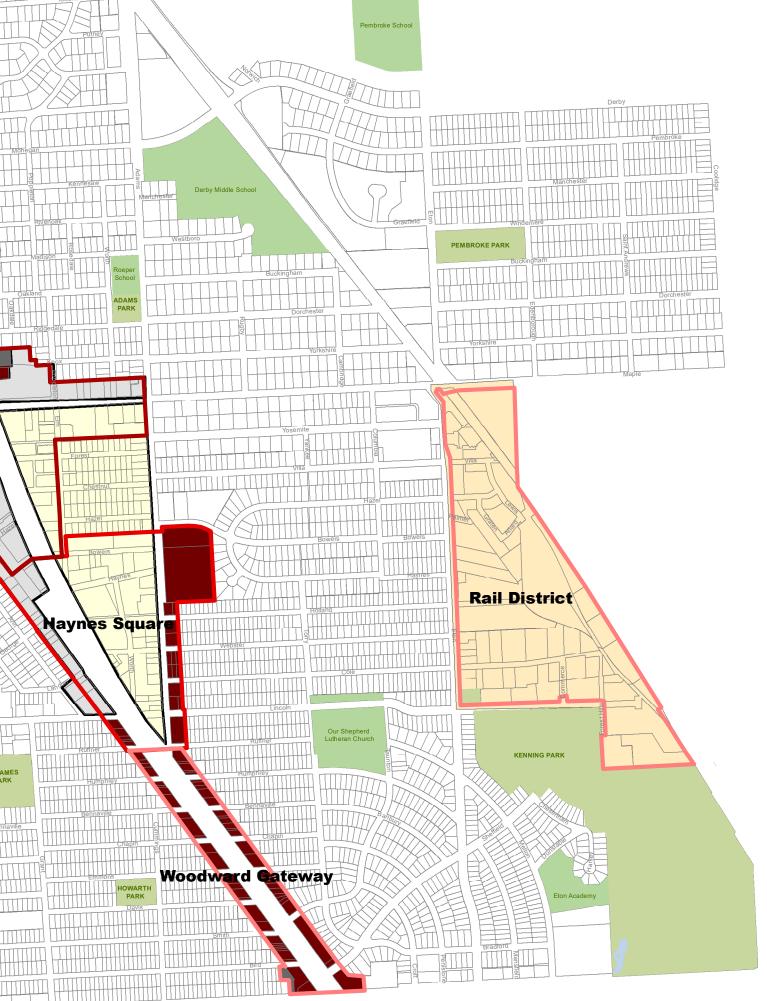
Downtown Overlay

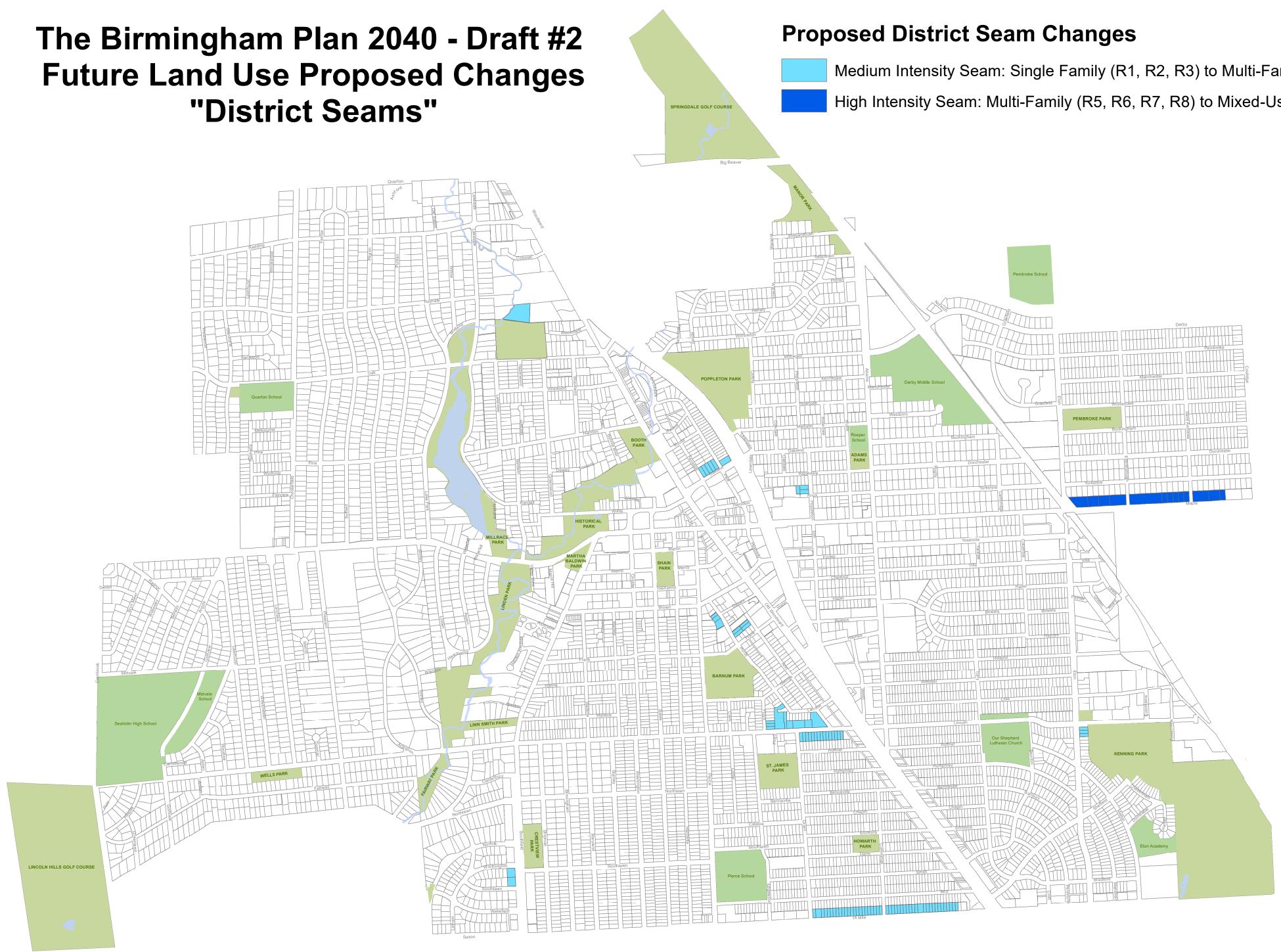
2040 Master Plan Proposed Mixed Use District Fabric



Medium Intensity - Haynes Square

Low Intensity - Market North, Rail District, & Woodward Gateway





Medium Intensity Seam: Single Family (R1, R2, R3) to Multi-Family High Intensity Seam: Multi-Family (R5, R6, R7, R8) to Mixed-Use



April 13, 2021

City Commission Members, Planning Board Members City of Birmingham 151 Martin St. Birmingham, MI 48012

1st Draft Master Plan Recommendations, April 19, 2021 Joint City Commission and Planning Board Meeting

Dear City Commission and Planning Board Members,

Following-up upon the brief discussion held during the March 22nd City Commission meeting, this memo provides some additional information concerning the Planning Board's recommendations for changes to the Master Plan First Draft. During the March 22nd City Commission meeting, more detail was desired concerning the recommendations of the Planning Board, both explanatory in nature and recounting the degree to which the recommendation reflects primarily Planning Board direction, primarily public direction, or a combination thereof. The explanatory detail provided below remains brief and can be expanded upon by the consultants as necessary during the upcoming joint meeting.

In addition to the expanded details, a general summary of public input received is included as a separate memo from McKenna.

Further detail concerning the high-level direction from the Planning Board follows, retaining the order and numbering of the prior memo for ease of discussion.

General Direction

These items are not specifically related to a physical location or area of the city and are therefore considered more general in nature.

- 1. The length of the Master Plan should be significantly reduced.
 - Source: City Commission, Planning Board, and public comment
 - Detail: This item requires no additional explanatory detail.

- 2. The Master Plan should provide clear prioritization of recommendations, including the Themes created during the review process.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board direction concerning the Themes. Prioritization as direction came from the City Commission, Planning Board, and public comment, specifically in October of 2019.
 - <u>Detail</u>: Further details concerning the direction is not necessary as it is general and clear. However please note that this was discussed as an original goal for the Second Draft by the consultant when presenting the First Draft in 2019. The consultant considers this a step in the process. The First Draft collects and explains all of the recommendations assembled through the Charrette process, to be accepted, rejected, or augmented. The Second Draft organizes and prioritizes the recommendations and timelines.
- Language should be as plain as possible, where technical language is required, it should be clearly defined. This extends to terms that can be vague like sustainability.
 - Source: City Commission, Planning Board, and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item is a distillation of comments from the Commission and Board, as well as public comment. It was not presented as a single recommendation originally, rather this is inferred direction across many comments which has been validated by the Planning Board.
- **4.** Adjust and clarify the correction to growth projections (2,000 people not 2,000 units).
 - Source: Consultant, supported by Planning Board and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: During the course of review the consultant identified that the growth projection as stated in the First Draft was incorrect. During Planning Board review, the consultant corrected this information publicly. Some public comment specifically referred to the growth projection numbers. That comment in some instances is related to following items concerning the form and location of growth, and other comments sought clarity.

- 5. Infrastructure should be addressed (the details of this request require discussion).
 - Source: Public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item was brought up through public comment, specifically relating to stormwater, unimproved streets, and sewer capacity. It is identified as requiring further discussion (clarity) by the consultants. At the beginning of this contract the consultants asked for clarity concerning how infrastructure was to be addressed in the Master Plan. The City Manager at the time stated that infrastructure included only the surface, principally the details of streets, and did not include sub-surface infrastructure.
- 6. Increase the focus on sustainability.
 - Source: Planning Board principally, with some public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item is general in nature as it appears in a few places within the First Draft, along with in the introduction, and touches on natural areas like the Rouge, on streets and stormwater, on public buildings and grounds, on practices like recycling and composting, and on energy use and pollution. These points are spread-out in the First Draft. Some items like reduction of greenhouse gasses from vehicles were not discussed as they are inherent in the physical form of Birmingham inviting walking, and should be discussed along with other stated items in a collected goal of greater sustainability.
- **7.** Acknowledge Covid-19, including a prologue to ground the document in the current condition (occurred after the Master Plan First Draft).
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board principally, with some public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: Concerning the source, Planning Board members discussed physical attributes and concerns in the city related to Covid-19, social distancing, and workplace dynamics. Initially this was brought up through public comment and revisited more than once by the Planning Board. While the current protocols surrounding Covid-19 are temporary there are a number of real items to discuss going forward. Concerning the disease, while it is expected that Covid-19 can be successfully mitigated, infectious diseases of this type

are anticipated to increase in frequency and severity in the future. A number of other recent diseases like H1N1 in 2009 luckily did not reach pandemic levels, but they have come close. Trends indicate that infectious disease has been steadily on the rise. A number of prior pandemics have led to changes in the built environment, including the Spanish Flu, Cholera, and Plague. The statement to acknowledge Covid-19 comes in part that preparing a 20 year plan without at least acknowledging such a significant event is considered a mistake but also that there are serious considerations which Covid-19 brings to a number of Master Plan recommendations. There is a general consensus that office space demand will be reduced going forward, and a greater demand for spaces to work some of the time within the home. Today's response may be an overreaction, with many tech companies abandoning or significantly reducing office space. However the technology available to work and meet more effectively in a remote manner has become well established in the workplace. Some change is anticipated, which may result in office space that should be converted to housing. In Downtown, this further supports the recommendation to allow residential permit parking in garages. In homes it may mean that definitions of home occupation should be revisited. That is one example of many, including allowances for dining decks, shared streets that provide more pedestrian space, and a demand for more seating opportunities in parks. Most of these items are included within the First Draft to some extent, but warrant revisiting the recommendations in consideration of recent experiences. Luckily Birmingham is a good location to weather Covid-19, and for many of the reasons that Birmingham is a great place to live generally.

- **8.** Focus on the bold moves, like Haynes Square and perhaps more aggressive fixes for Woodward, so the plan is forward-looking.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item is both organizational and directing content. From an organizational perspective, a focus on bold moves can garner support. Recommendations can be organized in many ways by location (as current), by theme, by goal, by department, by change versus stability, etc. Along with the comment on prioritization, this comment is about making the document motivating. The second piece is being more aggressive on some of the key

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items, Woodward in particular. For Woodward, some detail was lost in the large document as comments made by the Board were already covered in the First Draft. But Woodward would also benefit from additional crossing improvements and focus on speeds as was discussed extensively. Other areas like Haynes Square are similar.

- **9**. Schools should be more prominently featured in the plan expressing a shared vision between the City and the School District.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board principally, with some public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: Schools came up numerous times in discussion. It was recommended that the consultants coordinate with the School District concerning their future plans, including any considerations needed ahead of potential changes, closures, or expansions. Additionally, aspects of the plan had addressed schools with relation to population diversity and housing options, however the schools were a bullet point within those discussions instead of being the other way around. Schools may be better addressed in a goal-oriented organizational format.
- **10**. The senior center proposal should be more prominently featured in the plan.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The plan included direction to establish a more prominent senior center, as had been discussed at length during the Charrette. As with some other items, this had become a side note to the plan, addressed presently on pages 65 and 66.
- 11. Further address connections to surrounding communities.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - Detail: This item requires no additional explanatory detail.
- **12.** Include recommendations for new historic districts and strengthening of existing districts.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board, Historic District Commission, and a few public comments

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- <u>Detail</u>: This item requires no additional explanatory detail.
- **13.** Ensure all considerations for walkability address older adults and people of varying abilities.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Aspects of walkability are discussed throughout the First Draft. While aimed at multiple users, they may not clearly address how multiple users should be considered.
- 14. Growth should be focused in Downtown, the Triangle District, and a small amount in the Rail District.
 - Source: Planning Board and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: Aspects of this will re-appear later concerning Seams. This was a growth strategy that was discussed across numerous meetings and in reaction to public comment. The recommendation could be stated in the opposite manner, recommending that growth not be focused within or between neighborhoods.
- **15.** More outdoor gathering spaces are needed in light of Covid-19, including covered outdoor spaces in parks.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - Detail: Details surrounding this item were covered previously.
- 16. Increase the focus on connecting across Big Woodward and pedestrian safety.
 - Source: Planning Board, and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item was addressed above concerning bold moves. It is listed separately as it was a common area of concern and discussion among Board members and the public.
- **17.** Big Woodward north of Maple should be further investigated for traffic calming, in addition to the portion between 14 and Maple.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board

- <u>Detail</u>: In Board discussions concerning traffic calming on Big Woodward, the higher-speed condition of Big Woodward north of Maple was identified as a condition that requires specific consideration.
- **18.** Retain the reduction of parking regulation complexity, but recommend that it be further studied by committee rather than proposing the solution.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The general idea of simplifying on-street parking regulation was supported but the Board believes it should be studied by a committee rather than providing a specific solution within the Master Plan. The Master Plan would retain the problem statement and recommend a committee be established to carry on the work.
- 19. More broadly address the Rouge natural area, including bank restoration, removal of invasive species, improving the natural condition, and trail modifications to increase accessibility without detracting from the natural environment.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board principally, with some public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: The item is clear but note that the character of the trail is an area of conflict. Some members of the public feel that the trail should remain as it is with wood chips. Other members of the public, and the Board, feel that the trail should be accessible to users of all abilities. The direction as stated is to improve the trail but recommend strategies to limit the impact that such improvements would have to the existing natural character.
- 20. Consider the future of the public golf courses.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: There is no specific direction to this item. The golf courses were not addressed in the First Draft and the recommendation is to consider their potential to remain as is, to improve, or to be used in some other manner.



Direction Related to Mixed-use Districts

- 1. Generally
 - 1. Consider more shared streets and pedestrian-only areas, including Worth Park as a potential piazza.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The First Draft included some shared streets and the Board recommended that the concept be expanded beyond the areas identified in the First Draft. The recommendation also identifies that Worth Park is an opportunity to provide greater variety in open space types by recommending a plaza instead of a green.
 - 2. Consider dining decks in light of Covid-19.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - Detail: This item was discussed previously.
 - **3**. EV charging and other similar sustainable strategies should be considered in mixed-use districts.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item is related to a previous discussion point on increasing the focus on sustainability.
- 2. Downtown
 - 1. Bates Street should be included in recommendations.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: At the beginning of the Master Plan process, a proposal for the Bates Street extension was going through public review. As such it was not included in the Master Plan. The recommendation is to include a proposal in the Master Plan since the prior measure was rejected.

- Revisit the pilot parking program for downtown housing in light of Covid-19 changing business demand and potential future office space demand.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - Detail: This item was discussed previously.
- 3. Retail district standards (redline) should be lightened on side streets.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The area of very high standards for ground floor uses within Downtown extends to most street frontages. The First Draft recommended that two sets of standards be created, one of higher and one of slightly lower specificity. This recommendation is to expand the slightly lower standards to side streets like Hamilton and Willits.
- 3. Haynes Square / Triangle District
 - 1. Adams Square should be included in recommendations.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - Detail: This item requires no additional explanatory detail.
 - 2. Consider live-work buildings.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Live-work buildings are like a townhome with a small business space on the front. They are typically service uses like attorneys. Livework buildings are common in historic towns and in some newly built neighborhoods but often not allowed in zoning. The recommendation is to consider where, if anywhere, live-work buildings should be allowed or encouraged. The most likely outcome is consideration for the type within the Triangle District and the Adams Square shopping center, in addition to the Rail District where they are currently allowed.

- 3. Add a pedestrian or vehicular connection from Worth to Bowers.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item requires no additional explanatory detail, however the consultant strongly supports the recommendation.
- 4. Address how the abandoned portion of Old Woodward south of Haynes should transfer ownership with concern for the existing property owners with frontage on Old Woodward. Also address the City's ability to vacate property by ordinance.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This is a process-related detail of the recommendation to terminate Old Woodward at Haynes in order to improve traffic safety and increase the viability of commercial properties south of Haynes.
- 5. Focus Missing Middle housing principally in Haynes Square and Adams Square.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This is related to allowing more townhomes, duplexes, and small multi-family housing units. The recommendation is to encourage these types of housing in limited areas rather than along most Seams.
- **6**. Look more closely at the Haynes / Adams traffic situation with respect to the proposed modifications.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The First Draft recommends that southbound Adams traffic be diverted onto Haynes to meet Big Woodward in order to both improve traffic safety and increase the viability of the Triangle District. The recommendation is to add further detail for this condition to ensure that it is viable from a traffic management standpoint.

- 4. South Woodward Gateway
 - 1. Study the housing proposals along the South Woodward alleys more closely and consider other effective means of noise buffering.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The First Draft recommended townhouse-like housing be located along alleys in the South Woodward Gateway area. The alley proposal is aimed at activating alleys which provide a more comfortable means of walking along Big Woodward than the discontinuous sidewalks. Activating the alleys would increase noise which could affect adjacent homes. The First Draft recommended that housing be used to buffer noise as housing is very effective and doing so. These would be located along the alley where houses have previously been removed for additional parking area. The recommendation is to consider options in addition to housing, and to clarify or reconsider the housing recommendation.

Direction Related to Neighborhoods

- 1. Revise to define sub-areas of the City as "planning districts" and remove all recommendations related to neighborhood associations.
 - Source: Planning Board and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: There are two items here. The first is to use the term "planning district" rather than neighborhood to refer to the boundaries identified on Page 30. The second is straightforward, to remove any of the remaining details concerning neighborhood associations.
- 2. Seams should be significantly reduced in location, intensity, and building types allowed, and be thoughtfully located in the limited areas where they may be appropriate.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board and significant public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: The recommendations concerning Seams brought significant public pushback. This began early in the review process but

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accelerated towards the end of the process as both information and misinformation about the Seams proposal spread throughout the community. Despite attempts at clarifying the concept, the public reaction was strong and emotional. Throughout the Planning Board review sessions, the subject had come up numerous times and the Board's recommendation was to reduce the intensity of Seams and limit the types of housing allowed within them, targeting growth in the mixed-use areas. Towards the end of the review sessions, public comment increased. While some residents welcomed the recommendation, the majority did not. The Board re-affirmed their prior position and strengthened it. The concept of Seams as presented may be applicable in a few limited locations but the addition of housing type diversity along the edge of most planning districts should not be allowed.

- **3.** Accessory Dwelling Units need to be revisited and should be severely limited should they be permitted anywhere.
 - Source: Planning Board and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: Both the Board and public shared concern about accessory dwelling units. Public comment varied from those with specific concerns, such as privacy where existing properties are small, to those with wished to not allow accessory units anywhere. The Board echoed the specific concerns, remaining open to consider conditions that accessory units may be allowed but generally skeptical. The recommendation is to have the consultant consider this input and revise where and to what extent accessory units might be allowed.
- 4. New neighborhood commercial destination locations should be reduced and thoughtfully considered while existing destinations strengthened; include more clarity on the uses that should be permitted.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Neighborhood commercial destinations were proposed in the First Draft in some areas that merit removal, like at Lincoln and



Southfield. The recommendation is to retain the concept and remove some instances mapped in the First Draft. Additionally, the Board would like additional detail concerning the types of uses that should be allowed, and other regulatory considerations.

- 5. Torry requires more amenities.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - Detail: This item requires no additional explanatory detail.
- 6. Include stronger reference to the Unimproved Streets Committee recommendations (completed after the Master Plan First Draft).
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The committee work on unimproved streets paralleled the Master Plan process. The First Draft references the committee which has now completed its study and recommendations. The direction is to include this within the Second Draft. While public comment isn't mentioned in the source, the topic of unimproved streets was brought up by the public multiple times.
- **7**. Completing sidewalks requires more focus and prioritization, could be handled similarly to the committee on Unimproved Streets.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The first draft recommends completing missing sidewalks. The Board feels that it may be lost in other recommendations and wishes to highlight the importance and priority.
- 8. Provide more detail on green infrastructure opportunities.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Green infrastructure (bio-swales) was briefly addressed in the First Draft. The recommendation is to include more specificity on green infrastructure in the Second Draft.

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- **9**. Clarify the neighborhood loop, bicycle boulevards, and protected bike paths by including street sections and greater detail addressing different user types.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: This item requests further information concerning street design where new approaches and types are included. The neighborhood loop is one instance where the specific implications on street design are not clear to the Board. Some of the other questions come from items in the multi-modal plan that were included in the Master Plan within maps but detailed street sections were not included in the Master Plan.
- **10.** Clarify the Kenning Park path recommendations concerning both pedestrians and cyclists.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Within the First Draft there is a paved bike path mapped in Kenning Park which was envisioned to be pedestrian and bicycle use but could be read as bicycle only. The Board suggested that it include pedestrian accommodations. This item is a clarification of the First Draft.
- **11.** Increase aggressiveness of tree preservation and replacement recommendations.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: Tree preservation and replacement is briefly addressed in the First Draft. This item recommends that the process be prioritized and accelerated, particularly around preservation in consideration of new construction.
- Provide more detail on non-financial incentives for renovation of homes over new construction and provide greater ability to add 1st floor master bedrooms. This topic is likely to differ between planning districts.
 - Source: Planning Board

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- <u>Detail</u>: The First Draft recommends incentives be established to encourage home renovations instead of tear-downs. The Board is concerned that this will be construed as financial incentives and recommends that additional detail be provided concerning potential incentives that are not financial.
- 13. Review lot coverage standards and consider adjustments by lot size.
 - Source: Planning Board and public comment
 - <u>Detail</u>: Public comment brought up concerns about drainage in new construction and illuminated a concern about impervious lot coverage. The First Draft doesn't address lot coverage in residential districts aside from a note related to incentives mentioned in the previous item.
- 14. Provide more detail on design controls that may be considered.
 - Source: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The First Draft recommends an approvals process for exterior design and materials for homes, along with a discussion suggesting objective and simple design controls that avoid stylistic restrictions. This item requests more information concerning the types of simple design controls referenced. Note that while the source states only the Planning Board that this was also discussed in the October 2019 joint meeting with the City Commission.
- **15.** Remove lot combination areas but review the existing ordinance to provide better direction.
 - <u>Source</u>: Planning Board
 - <u>Detail</u>: The lot combination areas were a source of confusion initially because they were mapped along with the Seams. These are areas where lot combinations would be allowed rather than relying on the more subjective process in place today. This item recommends that specific areas for lot combinations be removed and that the existing ordinance be reviewed to produce better outcomes.



We look forward to a discussion of this direction and to revising the Draft Master Plan; thank you.

Regards,

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Matthew Lambert

Cc: Jana Ecker, Planning Director; Bob Gibbs, Gibbs Planning Group; Sarah Traxler, McKenna

City of B	irmingham	MEMORANDUM		
	A Walkable Community	Planning Division		
DATE:	January 12, 2022			
TO:	Planning Board			
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner			
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study S	Session #7		

On December 7, 2020, the City Commission discussed amending the Zoning Ordinance to consider allowing the enclosure of outdoor dining areas during the winter months. The City Commission asked the Planning Board to consider this issue, and any regulations they may recommend should outdoor dining enclosures be permitted.

On June 21st, 2021, the City Commission and Planning Board met at a joint meeting to further discuss outdoor dining, and to get a clear direction as to what elements of outdoor dining should be addressed. In general, the City Commission and Planning Board discussed several topics spanning from enclosures to private vs. public space, but ultimately asked the Planning Board to take a comprehensive look at the entire outdoor dining ordinance.

On June 23rd, 2021, the Planning Board discussed outdoor dining in further detail based on the joint meeting two days prior. The Planning Board settled on a list of goals that they would like to focus on in the ordinance review process, which includes the following:

- Incentivize outdoor off-season dining;
- Review the placement of decks and enclosures;
- Ensure that additional outdoor off-season dining does not become an extension of the indoor space;
- Solicit feedback from restauranteurs of all types in the City;
- Seek possible ideas from local, national and international examples;
- Review the current ordinance for issues;
- Review tickets that were given out to temporary outdoor dining operations;
- Review photos of the variety of temporary outdoor dining structures that were used around the City;
- Explore options for maintaining permanent aspects of outdoor dining structures even if the parts of the structures come down in different seasons;
- Discuss potential differences in policy for outdoor dining on public versus private property;
- Solicit feedback from Public Services and the BSD;

- Review agreements from temporary outdoor dining to see if any of the temporary policies might be worth integrating;
- Consider aspects like sidewalk widths and snow clearing in writing the policy;
- Maintain the current seating allowances for differently-sized establishments and maintain the differences for establishments holding different kinds of licenses for alcoholic beverage service; and,
- Recommend a permanent solution so that restauranteurs do not have to continue to adapt to changing policies.

Study Session #1 Summary

On July 14th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed a high-level report on outdoor dining to guide future discussion. The topics included observations as to what constitutes "good" outdoor dining with national and local examples, as well as a local ordinance review for outdoor dining. The Planning Board discussed next steps and emphasized the need to (1) hear from different City Departments (code issues, retail neighbor conflicts, streetscape), (2) review available codes and ordinances from other areas of the country (enclosures, public vs. private, year-round), and (3) analyze information from national downtown associations or other related organizations (trends, social districts, success stories).

Study Session #2 Summary

On August 11th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed another high-level report in which the Planning Division presented various departmental comments on outdoor dining, a national outdoor dining ordinance review, conversations with local cities, and a study of national organization input and trends. The Planning Division also provided some public feedback from Engage Birmingham, which surveyed the public for their opinion of the COVID-19 temporary outdoor dining expansions, which were overwhelmingly positive. Moving forward, the Planning Board expressed interest in getting into more detail on seasonal/year round dining and its effect on street activation, public versus public space, the potential for regulating different restaurants/licenses differently, and defining and establishing a purpose of outdoor dining in the City.

Study Session #3 Summary

On September 9th, the Planning Board discussed the report which contained comments from the Advisory Parking Committee, common issues with outdoor dining patios, information on the temporary COVID-19 patios, and also discussed the purpose of outdoor dining. In addition, the Planning Board was able to review an example of how the outdoor dining ordinance could look based on comments up to that point. Ultimately, the conversation started to get more granular with specific ordinance-related ideas ranging from an official stance on enclosures to material guidelines to patio placement. There were several other requests for information including a review of Michigan Liquor Control Commission guidelines for outdoor dining, a review of the concept of windbreak versus wall, and the possibility of regulating outdoor dining by zones.

Study Session #4 Summary

On September 23rd, the Planning Board discussed the MLCC rules for outdoor dining patios, the concept of a windbreak and whether or not they should be permitted, and also explored the different zoning districts in which outdoor dining is permitted. These topics led to more conversation about how overhead weather protection will interact with said overhead coverings, and what typed of overhead protection the Planning Board should permit. The Planning Board expressed an interest in taking a deeper dive into overhead weather protection and reviewing different options.

Study Session #5 Summary

On October 27th, 2021, the Planning Board focused much their conversation on overhead weather protection and which types may be considered within the new ordinance language, and what different issues might arise with the different styles. In addition, the Birmingham Fire Chief Paul Wells gave a brief overview of the fire code as it relates to overhead weather protection, and offered some guidance to the Planning Board regarding fire suppression and other aspects of outdoor dining. In addition to overhead weather protection, the Planning Board provided some clear direction on the subjects of windbreaks, year-round dining, and the role of outdoor dining decks.

Study Session #6 Summary

On December 8th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed comments regarding outdoor dining from the Birmingham Shopping District (BSD). In addition to the BSD comments, the Planning Board also reviewed some updated comments from the Fire Department based on their additional research into the Fire Code. To round out the meeting, the Planning Board outlined several items that they feel need further discussion/decision moving forward:

- Whether establishments with liquor licenses and establishments without liquor licenses should be handled differently;
- Whether there should be on-season and off-season dates for outdoor dining, and what should happen to furniture and other equipment on public property if there are different 'seasons';
- Whether establishments should be permitted outdoor dining on both a sidewalk and a deck if requested, and if not, what the City wants to incentivize instead;
- What types of coverings and equipment should be allowed, and how specific the standards should be in terms of material, location, and other considerations;
- Whether outdoor dining should be permitted to extend beyond the storefront of an establishment, and if so, what the limitations should be;
- Whether outdoor dining decks should be limited to a certain number per block; and,
- Whether outdoor dining in public space and outdoor dining in private space should be regulated differently.

Study Session #7

At this time, the Planning Board has expressed interest in spending some time discussing the questions posed in the previous study session (above). To help aid the discussion, the Planning Division has prepared a map and gathered data on the placement and number of platforms, as well as the most recent data available on the number of outdoor dining seats present in Birmingham for all permit-holding outdoor dining establishments.

Article 4, Section 4.44 – Outdoor Dining Standards

This Outdoor Dining Standards section applies to the following districts:

B1 B2 B2B B2C B3 B4 MX O1 O2 TZ3

The following outdoor dining standards apply:

- A. <u>Purpose and Intent</u>: The purpose of this section is to provide an appropriate balance for outdoor dining patios across the city, and to encourage better spaces to support public health, activate public space, foster economic development, safeguard the use of public property, and provide flexibility for current trends and future demands for outdoor dining.
- B. <u>Outdoor Dining General</u>: Outdoor dining is permitted immediately adjacent to the principal use, subject to review by the Planning Board, or by the Planning Division at the discretion of the Planning Director, and the following conditions
 - 1. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 2 below.
 - 2. When an outdoor dining patio is immediately adjacent to any single-family or multiple-family zoned residential district, all outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or 10:00 p.m., whichever is earlier.
 - 3. The review of outdoor dining patios shall include, but are not limited to, the following elements: tables, chairs, umbrellas, portable heating elements, barriers, service stations, landscaping/plantings, awnings, canopies, lighting, host/hostess stands, and entertainment.
 - 4. Outdoor dining may be permitted on public property throughout the year with a valid Outdoor Dining License, provided that the following conditions are met:
 - i. Approval of an Outdoor Dining License shall be contingent on compliance with all city codes, including any conditions required by the Planning Board in conjunction with Site Plan approval.
 - ii. Operators of outdoor dining patios shall be responsible for snow and ice removal, and shall remove of such in a manner consistent with that of the Department of Public Services.
 - iii. Portable patio elements such as tables, chairs, heaters and umbrellas must be stored indoors each night between December 1 and March 1 to allow for complete snow and ice removal.
 - iv. An ADA compliant platform may be erected in the on-street parking space(s) in front of an eating establishment to create an outdoor dining patio from April 1 through November 1, subject to a review by the Advisory Parking Committee.
 - 5. All outdoor patios shall be designed to meet the requirements of this section, as well as all applicable building and fire codes.
- C. <u>Outdoor Dining Design</u>: All outdoor dining patios are subject to the following design standards:

- 1. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining patio shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or a material of comparable quality as determined by the Planning Board.
- 2. Outdoor dining patios shall provide and service refuse containers within the outdoor dining patio and maintain the area in good order.
- 3. Outdoor dining patios shall not contain enclosures as defined in Article 9, Section 9.02 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 4. In order to safeguard the flow of pedestrians on the public sidewalk, such uses shall maintain an unobstructed sidewalk width as required by the Planning Board, but in no case less than 6 ft.
- 5. No such facility shall erect or install permanent fixtures in the public right-of-way.
- Table umbrellas or other overhead weather protection shall not (1) impede sight lines into a retail establishment, (2) obstruct pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, (3) obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area, or (4) contain signage or advertising.
- 7. Barriers defining outdoor patios shall be constructed of a quality and durable material, and shall be maintained and placed in a consistent and organized fashion. Barriers shall be secured to the ground and/or building to maintain an immovable, clearly defined patio space. Barriers may not exceed 42 inches in height with the exception of planting material.
- 8. Windbreaks are permitted within outdoor dining patios and shall be affixed to a barrier. The total combined height of a barrier and windbreak shall not exceed 60 inches. Windbreaks must be constructed of a clear and durable material.
- 9. Portable heating elements must be maintained and kept in an orderly fashion. Propane or other fuels may not be stored on public property, and are subject to the Storage and Display Standards outlined in Article 4, Section 4.67 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 10. Ancillary elements such as service stations or host/hostess stands must be located within the approved outdoor dining patio, contained, and kept in a neat and orderly fashion. Service stations and host/hostess stands may not exceed 4 feet in height. The storage of dirty dishware is prohibited.

Article 9, Section 9.02 – Definitions

Enclosure (outdoor dining): An area that may or may not contain a roof and as few as one wall, panel, or material that provides relief from weather and impedes physical and/or visual access to the space. For the purposes of this definition, enclosure does not include exterior building walls, windbreaks or landscaping.

Outdoor Dining Patio: A defined outdoor area accessory to an existing food and drink establishment designated for consumption of food and/or drink prepared within the establishment and subject to the provisions of this ordinance.

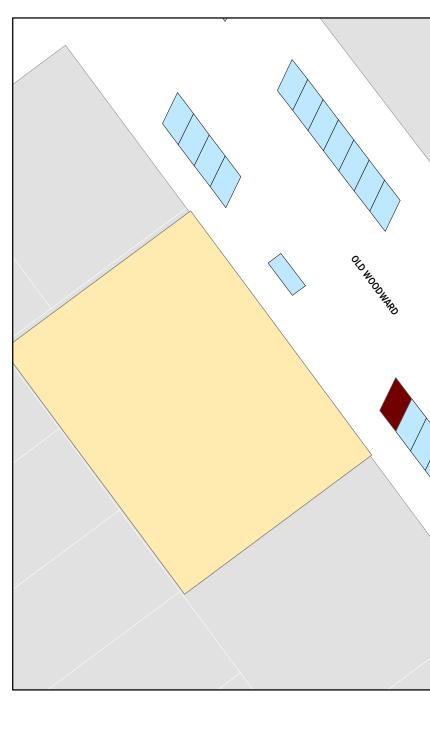
Permanent Fixture (outdoor dining): Any element within an outdoor dining patio containing a foundation or other rigid attachment that prevents removal or that which requires extensive modifications to the public right-of-way.



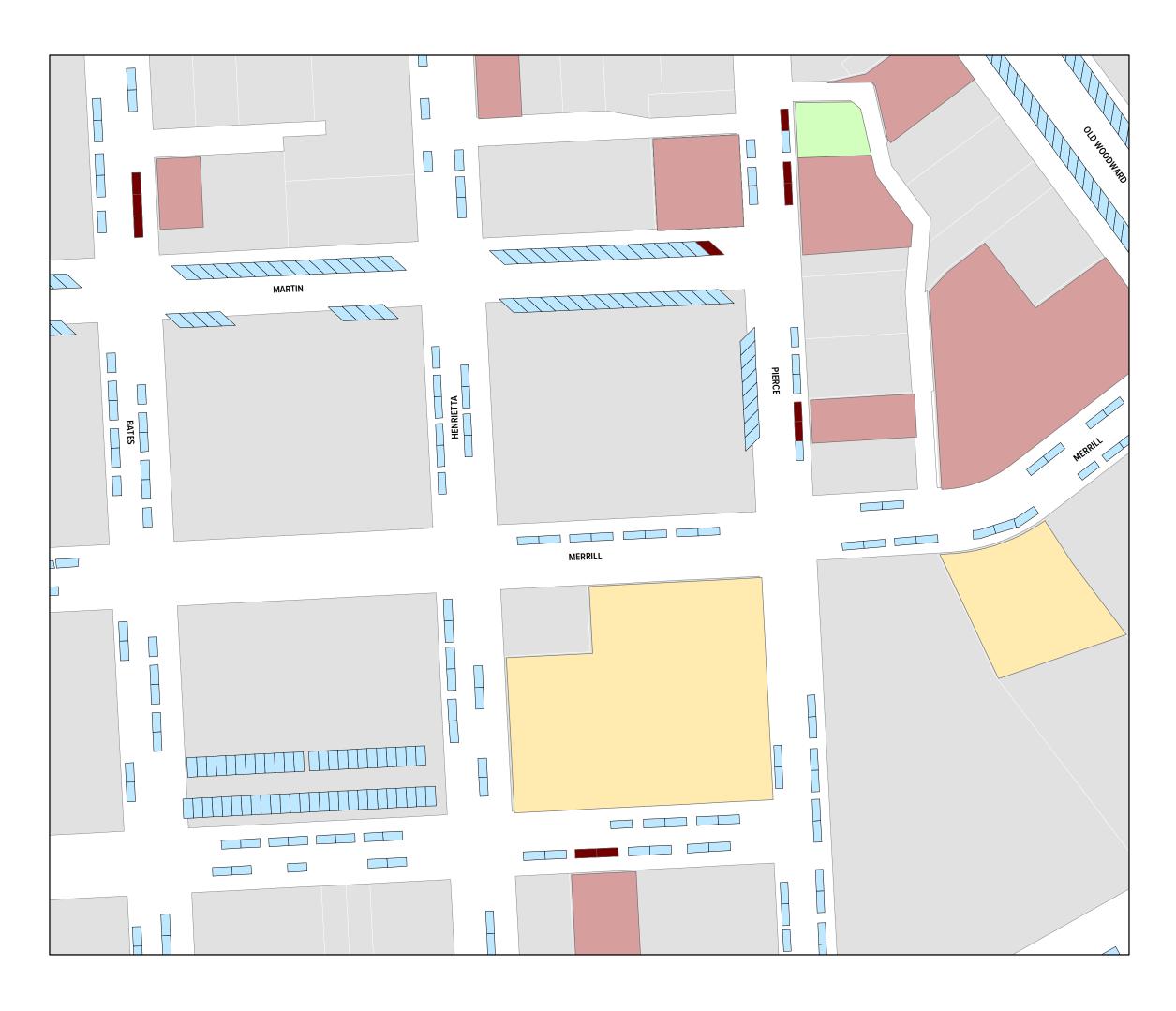
Outdoor Dining

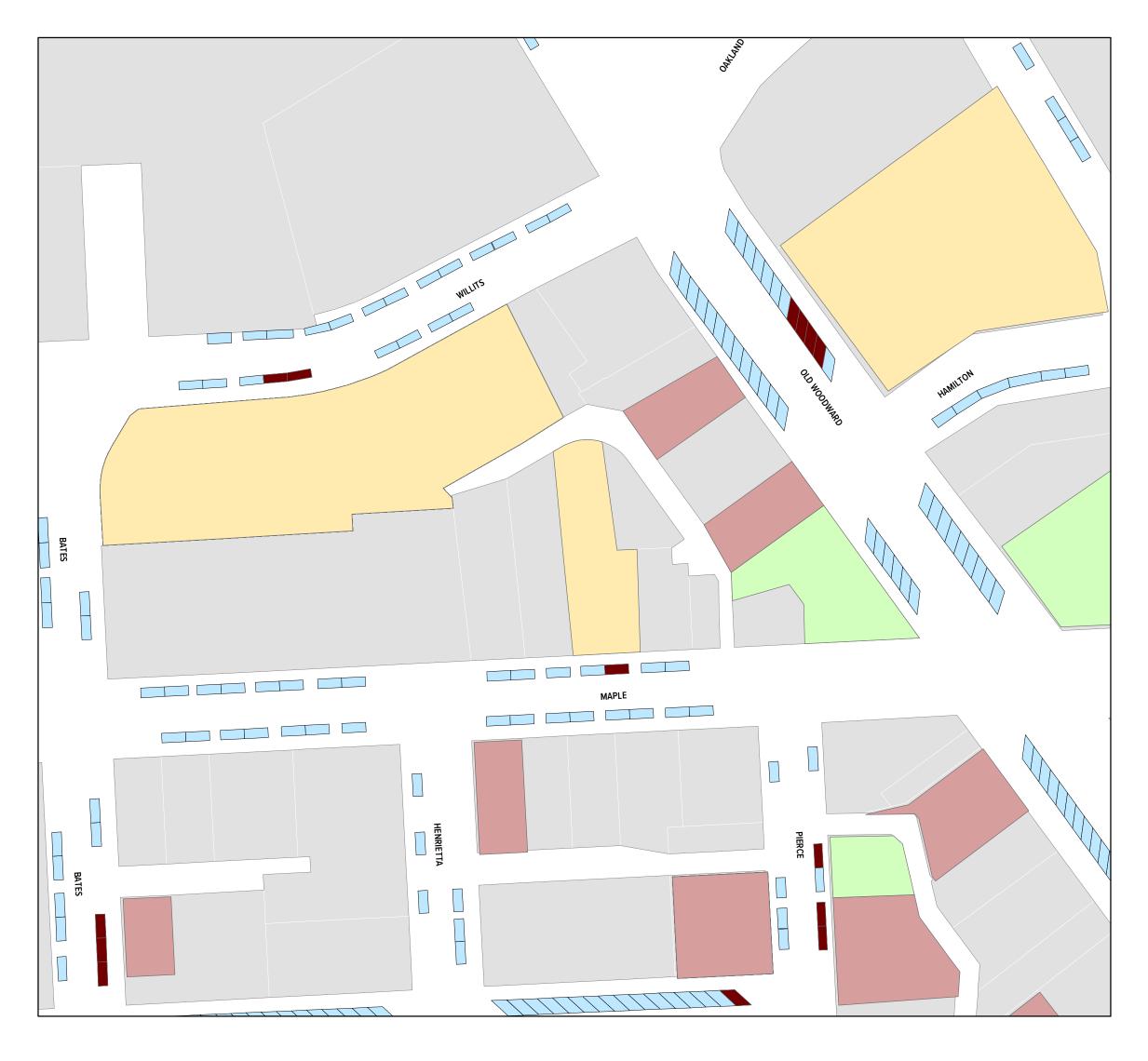


ROW Spaces Downtown - 1270 Parking Spaces w/ Decks - 23









OUTDOOR DINING DATA

		Outdoor Dining Seats			
		Public Property	Dining Platform	Private Property	TOTAL
EATS	Whole Foods (Maple Road Taproom)	0	0	33	33
	Salvatore Scallopini	34	0	0	34
	Luxe Bar & Grille	48	0	0	48
	Bella Piatti	6	22	0	28
	Market North End	0	0	44	44
	Adachi	0	0	67	67
	Bistro Joes	0	0	60	60
	Forest Grill	30	0	0	30
	Social Kitchen & Bar	56	0	30	86
) SE	Brooklynn Pizza	41	0	0	41
880	Elies Mediterranean	4	20	0	24
<u>'</u>	Townhouse	52	24	0	76
l og	Churchills	12	0	0	12
BISTRO LL - 880 SEATS	La Strada	14	0	0	14
	Toast	19	40	0	59
	Tallulah	0	42	0	42
	Pernoi	0	0	26	26
	Mad Hatter	24	0	0	24
	EM Bistro	24	0	28	52
	Bloom	36	0	0	36
	Whistle Stop	28	0	0	28
	Japan Sushi	16	0	0	16
S	Griffin Claw	0	0	62	62
	Big Rock	0	0	97	97
EA.	Dick O' Dows	36	24	0	60
5 65	Townsend Hotel (Rugby Grille)	16	0	4	20
22	220	0	0	78	78
1	Phoenicia	0	26	0	26
CLASS C/OTHER LL - 589 SEATS	Hazels	0	0	22	22
	Streetside Seafood	8	12	0	20
	The Morrie	14	32	0	46
	Birmingham Pub	30	0	0	30
	Shift, Sidecar, Slice	90	0	0	90
	Mare Mediterranean	14	24	0	38
NON-LL - 214 SEATS	Be Well	0	0	12	12
	Birmingham Roast	24	0	0	24
	Commonwealth	20	32	0	52
	Hunter House	0	0	18	18
	Papa Joes	0	0	18	18
	Canelle Patisserie	12	0	0	12
	7-Greens	8	0	0	8
	Birmingham Sushi Café	12	12	0	24
	Starbucks	24	0	0	24
	Work Company, LLC	6	0	0	6
	Planthropie	4	8	0	12
	Beyond Juice	4	0	0	4

Recently Approved Outdoor Dining

Outdoor Dining Standards (OD)

Contents:

F.

4.44 OD-01 Outdoor Dining Standards

4.44 OD-01 Outdoor Dining Standards

This Outdoor Dining Standards section applies to the following districts:

B1 B2 B2B B2C B3 B4 11 01 02 123

The following outdoor dining standards apply:

- A. <u>Outdoor Dining</u>: Outdoor dining is permitted immediately next to the <u>principal use</u>, subject to Site Plan Review, and the following conditions:
 - 1. Outdoor dining areas shall provide and service refuse containers within the outdoor dining area and maintain the area in good order.
 - 2. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 3 below.
 - 3. When an outdoor dining area is immediately adjacent to any single-family or multiple-family residential district, all outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or 10:00 p.m., whichever is earlier.
 - 4. Outdoor dining may be permitted on the sidewalk throughout the year with a valid Outdoor Dining License, provided that all outdoor dining fixtures and furnishings must be stored indoors each night between November 16 and March 31 to allow for snow removal.
 - 5. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining area shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or material of comparable quality.
 - 6. Table umbrellas shall be considered under Site Plan Review and shall not impede sight lines into a retail establishment, pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, or pedestrian or vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area.
 - 7. For outdoor dining located in the public right-of-way:
 - a. All such uses shall be subject to a license from the city, upon forms provided by the Community <u>Development</u> Department, contingent on compliance with all city codes, including any conditions required by the Planning Board in conjunction with Site Plan approval.
 - b. In order to safeguard the flow of pedestrians on the public sidewalk, such uses shall maintain an unobstructed sidewalk width as required by the Planning Board, but in no case less than 5 feet.
 - c. Outdoor dining is permitted to extend in the right-of-way in front of neighboring properties, with the written permission of the property owner(s) and with Planning Board approval, if such property is vacant or the first floor storefront(s) is/are vacant. Outdoor dining areas may extend up to 50% of the width of the neighboring lot(s) storefront(s), or up to 50% of the lot(s) frontage, if such lot is vacant.
 - d. City Commission approval is also required for outdoor dining extensions onto neighboring property if the establishment making such a request holds a bistro license.
 - e. An elevated, ADA compliant, enclosed platform may be erected on the <u>street</u> in front of an eating establishment to create an outdoor dining area from April 1 through November 15 only if the Engineering Department determines there is sufficient space available for this purpose given <u>parking</u> and traffic conditions.
 - f. No such facility shall erect or install permanent fixtures in the public right-of-way.
 - 8. Outdoor dining is permitted in a B1 District at a rate of 4 seats for every 12 linear feet of store frontage, with no more than 12 seats total per building; no elevated enclosed platforms on the street are permitted in a B1 District.

Downtown Birmingham Overlay District

Contents:

- 3.01 Purpose
- 3.02 Applicability
- 3.03 General Standards
- 3.04 Specific Standards

3.04 Specific Standards

- A. <u>Building Height, Overlay</u>: The various elements of building height shall be determined as follows for the various zones designated on the Regulating Plan:
 - 1. D2 Zone (two or three stories):
 - a. Eave line for sloped roofs shall be no more than 34 feet.
 - b. Peak or ridge of any sloped roof shall be no more than 46 feet as measured to the average grade.
 - c. Maximum overall height including the mechanical and other equipment shall be no more than 56 feet.
 - d. A third story is permitted if it is used only for residential.
 - e. All <u>buildings</u> in D2 Zone containing a third story should be designed harmoniously with adjacent <u>structures</u> in terms of mass, scale and proportion, to the best extent possible.
 - f. A third story shall continue in a different plane, beginning at the eave line, not greater than 45 degrees measured to the horizontal or setback 10 feet from any building facade.
 - g. All buildings constructed in the D2 Zone shall have a minimum eave height or 20 feet.
 - 2. D3 Zone (three or four stories):
 - a. Eave line for sloped roofs shall be no more than 46 feet.
 - b. Peak or ridge of any sloped roof shall be no more than 58 feet as measured to the average grade.
 - c. Maximum overall height including the mechanical and other equipment shall be no more than 68 feet.
 - d. A fourth story is permitted if it is used only for residential.
 - e. All buildings in D3 Zone containing a fourth story should be designed harmoniously with adjacent structures in terms of mass, scale and proportion, to the best extent possible.
 - f. The fourth story shall continue in a different plane, beginning at the eave line, no greater than 45 degrees measured to the horizontal or setback 10 feet from any building facade.
 - g. All buildings constructed in a D3 Zone shall contain a minimum of 2 stories and must have a minimum eave height of 20 feet.
 - 3. D4 Zone (four or five stories):
 - a. Eave line shall be no more than 58 feet.
 - b. Peak or ridge of any sloped roof shall be no more than 70 feet as measured to the average grade.
 - c. Maximum overall height including mechanical and other equipment shall be no more than 80 feet.
 - d. The fifth story is permitted if it is used only for residential.
 - e. All buildings containing a fifth story should be designed harmoniously with adjacent structures in terms of mass, scale and proportion, to the best extent possible.
 - f. The fifth story shall continue in a different plane, beginning at the eave line, no greater than 45 degrees measured to the horizontal or set back 10 feet from any building facade.
 - g. All buildings constructed in the D4 Zone shall contain a minimum of 2 stories and must have a minimum eave height of 20 feet.
 - 4. D5 Zone (over 5 stories):
 - a. All existing buildings located in the D5 Zone on November 1, 2016 are deemed legal, conforming buildings with regards to setbacks, number of stories and height.
 - b. All existing buildings located in this zone district on November 1, 2016 may be extended or enlarged only if the property owner elects to develop the extended or enlarged portion of the building under the provisions of the

Downtown Birmingham Overlay District and the extension or enlargement meets all of the requirements of the Downtown Birmingham Overlay District and the D4 Zone.

- c. New buildings constructed or additions to existing buildings in the D5 Zone must meet the requirements of the Downtown Birmingham Overlay District and the D4 Zone, except that the height of any addition and new construction in the D5 Zone may be over the maximum building height up to, but not exceeding, the height of an existing building on a directly abutting D5 Zone property if the property owner agrees to the construction of the building under the provisions of a Special Land Use Permit. For the purposes of this section, private properties separated by public property (including public right-of-way and public vias), will not be deemed abutting.
- 5. C and P Zone: Downtown Birmingham Overlay District building height shall comply with the underlying height restrictions listed in each two-page layout in Article 2 of the Zoning Ordinance, but may be negotiated by the Planning Board.
- 6. Stories at sidewalk level shall be a minimum of 10 feet in height from finished floor to finished ceiling. The Planning Board may reduce this standard for renovations to existing buildings that do not meet this standard.
- 7. A transition line shall be provided between the first and second stories. The transition shall be detailed to facilitate an awning.
- 8. The maximum width of all <u>dormers</u> per <u>street</u> elevation on buildings may not exceed 33% of the width of the roof plane on the street elevation on which they are located.
- B. <u>Building Placement</u>: Buildings and their elements shall be placed on lots as follows:
 - 1. Front building facades at the first story shall be located at the frontage line, except the Planning Board may adjust the required front yard to the average front setback of any abutting building.
 - 2. In the absence of a building facade, a screenwall shall be built along the frontage line and aligned with the adjacent building facade. Screenwalls shall be between 2.5 and 3.5 feet in height and made of brick, stone or other masonry material matching the building. Upon approval by the Planning Board, screenwalls may be a continuous, maintained evergreen hedge or metal fencing. Screenwalls may have openings a maximum of 25 feet to allow vehicular and pedestrian access.
 - 3. Side setbacks shall not be required.
 - 4. A minimum of 10 foot rear yard setback shall be provided from the midpoint of the alley, except that the Planning Board may allow this setback to be reduced or eliminated. In the absence of an alley, the rear setback shall be equal to that of an adjacent, preexisting building.
 - 5. First-floor awnings may encroach upon the frontage line and public sidewalk, but must avoid the street trees; provide at least 8 feet of clearance above the sidewalk; and be set back a minimum of 2 feet from the road curb.
 - 6. Upper-floor awnings shall be permitted only on vertically proportioned windows, provided that the awning is only the width of the window, encroaches upon the frontage line no more than 3 feet, and is not used as a backlit sign.
 - 7. Loading docks and service areas shall be permitted only within rear yards. Doors for access to interior loading docks and service areas shall not face a public street.
 - 8. All buildings shall have their principal pedestrian entrance on a <u>frontage line</u>.
- C. <u>Building Use</u>: Buildings shall accommodate the following range of uses for the various designations on the Regulating Plan of the Downtown Birmingham Overlay District:
 - 1. Uses shall be limited to those allowed in each underlying zoning district, unless otherwise specifically provided for herein.
 - 2. The following uses and conditions are prohibited:
 - a. Automatic food and drink vending machines outdoors;
 - b. <u>Drive-in</u> facilities or any <u>commercial use</u> that encourages patrons to remain in their automobiles while receiving goods or services;
 - c. Outdoor advertising.
 - 3. Community uses (C).
 - 4. Those sites designated as <u>parking</u> uses (P) on the Regulating Plan shall be premises used primarily for parking, except retail frontages shall be encouraged at the first floor level.
 - 5. Those sites designated D2 Zone, D3 Zone, or D4 Zone on the Regulating Plan may be used for any commercial, <u>office</u> or residential use as allowed in the underlying zoning district. Upper story uses may be commercial, office or residential, provided that no commercial or office use shall be located on a story above a residential use.

- 6. Buildings that have frontage along the required retail frontages, as specified on the Regulating Plan, shall consist of retail with a minimum depth of 20 feet from the frontage line within the first story. Lobbies for hotels, offices, and multiple-family dwellings may be considered as part of the required retail frontage, provided that any such lobby occupies no more than 50% of the frontage of said building.
- 7. Retail, office or residential uses are required to have minimum depth of 20 feet from the frontage line on all stories. The remaining depth may be used for off-street parking. Parking access on a frontage line shall be an opening a maximum of 25 feet wide. Openings for parking garage access shall repeat the same rhythm and proportion as the rest of the building to maintain a consistent streetscape.
- In any D2 Zone, D3 Zone, or D4 Zone, the first floor shall consist of retail with a minimum depth of 20 feet from the frontage line where designated on the Regulating Plan as a retail frontage line in conformance with Section 3.04(C) (5) and Section 3.04(C)(6).
- 9. Office use is limited to one story, except:
 - a. In any D3 Zone or D4 Zone, a two-story building dedicated to office use is permissible; and
 - b. In a D4 Zone, two stories may be dedicated to office use when the Planning Board permits a fifth story.

10. Bistros are permitted with a valid Special Land Use Permit with the following conditions:

- a. No direct connect additional bar permit is allowed and the maximum seating at a bar cannot exceed 10 seats;
- b. Alcohol is served only to seated patrons, except those standing in a defined bar area;
- c. No dance area is provided;
- d. Only low key entertainment is permitted;
- e. Bistros must have tables located in the storefront space lining any street, or pedestrian passage;
- f. A minimum of 70% glazing must be provided along building facades facing a street or pedestrian passage between 1 foot and 8 feet in height;
- g. All bistro owners must execute a contract with the City outlining the details of the operation of the bistro; and
- h. Outdoor dining must be provided, weather permitting, along an adjacent street or passage during the months of May through October each year. Outdoor dining is not permitted past 12:00 a.m. If there is not sufficient space to permit such dining on the sidewalk adjacent to the bistro, an elevated, ADA compliant, defined platform must be erected on the street adjacent to the bistro to create an outdoor dining area if the Engineering Department determines there is sufficient space available for this purpose given parking and traffic conditions.
- i. Enclosures facilitating year round dining outdoors are not permitted.
- j. Railings, planters or similar barriers defining outdoor dining platforms may not exceed 42" in height.
- k. Outdoor rooftop dining is permitted with the conditions that surrounding properties are not impacted in a negative manner and adequate street level dining is provided as determined by the Planning Board and City Commission. Rooftop dining seats will count towards the total number of permissible outdoor dining seats.
- 11. Establishments operating with a liquor license obtained under Chapter 10, Alcoholic Liquors, Article II, Division 3, Licenses for Economic Development, are permitted with a valid Special Land Use Permit only on those parcels on Woodward Avenue identified on Exhibit 1; Appendix C.
- D. Parking requirements.
 - 1. For all nonresidential uses located within the parking assessment district, parking on the site shall not be required, provided such site is in full compliance with the requirements of the parking assessment district.
 - 2. For all residential uses located within the parking assessment district, the on-site parking requirements contained in Section 4.46, Section 4.49, Section 4.50 and Section 4.51 may be complied with through leasing the required spaces from an off-site parking area, provided the requirements of Section 4.45(G) are met and all parking is supplied on site or within 300 feet of the residential lobby entrance of the building
 - 3. For all sites located outside of the parking assessment district, off-street parking must be provided in accordance with the requirements of Article 4 for parking, loading and screening.
 - 4. Notwithstanding the above regulations, residential <u>dwelling units</u> within the existing second and third floors of landmark buildings, as defined in Section 62-87 of the Birmingham City Code, located within the central business <u>historic district</u> are exempt from required off-street parking requirements.
 - 5. Off-street parking contained in the first story shall not be permitted within 20 feet of any building facade on a frontage line or between the building facade and the frontage line.
 - 6. The placement of two abutting off-street parking lots with continuous street frontages shall not be permitted.

- E. Architectural standards. All buildings shall be subject to the following physical requirements:
 - 1. At least 90% of the exterior finish material on all facades that face a street shall be limited to the following: glass, brick, cut stone, cast stone, coarsely textured stucco, or wood. Dryvit or E.F.I.S is prohibited.
 - 2. The primary colors of building exteriors shall be compatible with the colors of adjacent buildings and in character with the surrounding area, although the trim may be of a contrasting color.
 - 3. Blank walls shall not face a public street. Walls facing a public street shall include windows and architectural features customarily found on the front facade of a building, such as awnings, cornice work, edge detailing or decorative finish materials.
 - 4. Storefronts shall be directly accessible from public sidewalks. Each storefront must have transparent areas, equal to 70% of its portion of the facade, between one and eight feet from the ground. The wood or metal armature (structural elements to support canopies or signage) of such storefronts shall be painted, bronze, or powder-coated.
 - 5. Storefronts shall have mullion systems, with doorways and signage integrally designed. Mullion systems shall be painted, powder-coated, or stained.
 - 6. The glazed area of a facade above the first floor shall not exceed 35% of the total area, with each facade being calculated independently.
 - 7. Clear glazing is required on the first floor. Lightly tinted glazing is permitted on upper floors only. Windows shall not be blocked with opaque materials or the back of shelving units or signs.
 - 8. Facade openings, including porches, windows, and colonnades, shall be vertical in proportion.
 - 9. Sliding doors and sliding windows are prohibited along frontage lines.
 - 10. (Reserved for future use.)
 - 11. Cantilevered mansard roofs are prohibited.
 - 12. Balconies, railings, and porch structures shall be glass, metal, wood, cast concrete, or stone. All materials must be compatible with each other and with the building, as determined by the Planning Board, Design Review Board or Historic District Commission.
 - 13. Facades may be supplemented by awnings, which shall be straight sheds without side flaps, not cubed or curved. Awnings shall be between 8 and 12 feet above sidewalk grade at the lower drip edge.
 - 14. Outside dining tables and chairs shall be primarily metal, wood, or similar material. Plastic outside dining tables and chairs shall be prohibited.
 - 15. Any building that terminates a view, as designated on the Regulating Plan, shall provide distinct and prominent architectural features of enhanced character and visibility, which reflect the importance of the building's location and create a positive visual landmark.
 - 16. Flat roofs shall be enclosed by parapets. Rooftop mechanical and other equipment shall be limited, positioned and screened to minimize views from adjacent properties and public rights-of-way in accordance with the regulations set forth in Section 4.16, Section 4.18, and Section 4.54.

(Ord. No. 2242, 07/24/2017; Ord. No. 2307, 02/11/2019; Ord. No. 2310, 09/17/2018; Ord. No. 2322, 06/24/2019; Ord. No. 2342, 01/13/2020)

Effective on: 2/2/2020

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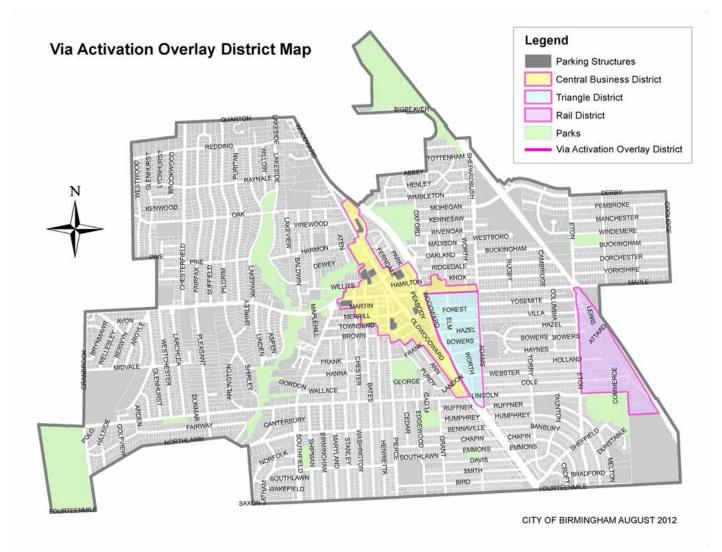
Activation Overlay District

Contents:

- 3.13 Purpose
- 3.14 Applicability
- 3.15 General Standards
- 3.16 Specific Standards

3.14 Applicability

A. The Via Activation Overlay District shall be an overlay district that applies to all existing and future vias in all zoning districts within the areas identified below:



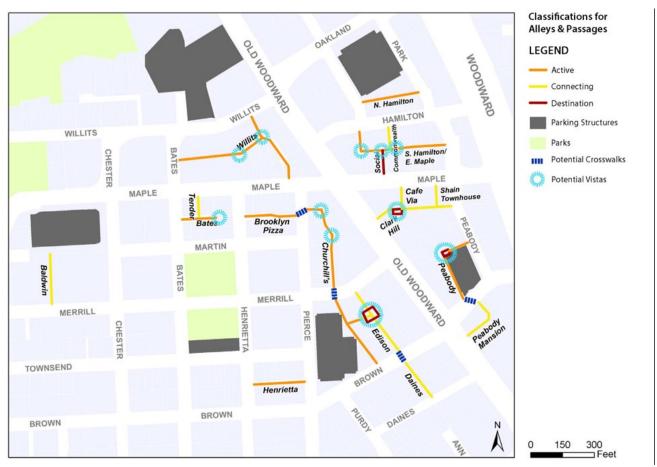
B. Use and development of land within the Via Activation Overlay District shall be regulated as follows:

- 1. Any existing use shall be permitted to continue and the use shall be subject to the underlying zoning requirements and not the Via Activation Overlay District.
- 2. Where an existing use within a <u>building</u> is proposed to be expanded by more than 50% of its size, the use shall be subject to the building use standards of the Via Activation Overlay District to the maximum extent practical, as determined by the Planning Board.
- 3. Any expansion to an existing building that expands the area of the building by more than 40% of the existing building area shall subject the entire building to the requirements of the Via Activation Overlay District and shall

be brought into compliance with the requirements of the Via Activation Overlay District to the maximum extent practical, as determined by the Planning Board.

- 4. Where a new building is proposed, the use and site shall be subject to the requirements of the Via Activation Overlay District.
- C. Development applications within the Via Activation Overlay District shall be required to follow the Site Plan Review and Design Review standards contained in Article 7.
- D. Activating Urban Space: A Strategy for <u>Alleys & Passages</u> has been adopted that divides Birmingham's alleys and passages into distinct classifications. Each classification designated in the Activating Urban Space: A Strategy for Alleys & Passages, prescribes requirements for building form, design and use as follows:
 - Active Via: An alley with a mix of uses and activities used by pedestrians/bicyclists for travel, some commercial activities, pausing for respite, outdoor dining, etc. with shared use by service vehicles (deliveries, trash removal, etc.).
 - Connecting Via: A passage that provides a through-block connection for pedestrians and/or bicyclists only.
 - Destination Via: Alleys or passages that people are drawn to as a destination for participating in cultural activities, commercial activities, recreational activities, special events, and other activities.

Alley and passage classifications for Birmingham's existing network within the Via Activation Overlay District are identified as follows:



E. While not required, any improvements to vias or uses for vias that are permitted in the Via Activation Overlay District regulations are also permitted in existing or future vias located throughout the City in all zoning districts, with approval of the Planning Board.

3.16 Specific Standards

A. <u>Permitted and Prohibited Uses</u>: To enhance the amenity and character of vias, to enhance visual interest and encourage surveillance of urban spaces, active uses should be provided at the ground floor level along the majority of the edges of buildings located adjacent to vias. While buildings should accommodate these

uses, care must be taken to avoid conflict with pedestrian movement in the via. To specifically encourage the activation of vias, the following uses are permitted within Active, Connecting, and Destination Vias:

- 1. Retail sales and display;
- 2. Public plazas and informal gathering spaces;
- 3. Art display; and
- 4. Community Gardens.

In addition, the following uses are also permitted within Connecting and Destination Vias:

- 1. Outdoor dining; and
- 2. Special Events.

The following are specifically prohibited in all vias:

- 1. Automatic food and drink vending machines outdoors;
- 2. Drive-in facilities or any commercial use that encourages patrons to remain in their automobiles while receiving goods or services;
- 3. Unscreened trash receptacles; and
- 4. Unscreened outdoor storage.
- B. <u>Parking Requirements</u>: To encourage active use of vias, the following parking standards apply in vias:
 - 1. Additional parking spaces shall not be required for the square footage of any via used for any of the permitted uses listed in Section 3.16(A) above that extend from inside buildings into a via.
 - 2. Openings for parking garage access from vias shall repeat the same rhythm and proportion as the rest of

the building to maintain a consistent look on all facades facing a via.

C. <u>Side and Rear Setbacks</u>: Buildings and their elements shall be placed on lots as follows:

- 1. Side setbacks shall not be required where side lot lines adjoin a via;
- 2. A minimum 10 foot rear yard setback must be provided from the midpoint of the via, except that the Planning Board may allow this setback to be reduced or eliminated; and
- 3. Awnings and/or canopies are encouraged to project into a via, but must provide at least 8 feet of clearance above the via, and may not encroach the clear zone for service vehicles.
- D. <u>Multi-Modal Access</u>: To encourage broad use and multi-modal, 24 hour access to vias as corridors for local travel and social interaction, while providing safe travel for all users, the following standards apply:
 - 1. To maintain access for service vehicles, a 10 foot wide clear zone (extending 22 feet in height), must be maintained for all Active Vias;
 - 2. In Active vias, signs must be posted indicating:
 - a. Entire via is a shared access corridor, and
 - b. Maximum speed for motor vehicles is 5 mph (walking pace);
 - 3. In all vias, the use of vehicle parking gates, fencing and other similar barriers to access are prohibited; and
 - 4. The addition of crosswalks is encouraged where vias intersect streets, particularly in locations with another via entry on the other side of the street.
 - E. <u>Viascape Standards</u>: To enhance the appearance of vias without stifling creative design, the following standards apply:
 - 1. For publicly owned vias:
 - a. Broom finish concrete with exposed aggregate paving accents must be used for visual interest in all vias;
 - b. All furniture and finishes used are required to match the streetscape requirements of the district in which the via is located, except if located within an area leased for private use; and
 - c. Furniture placement should consider available space, potential for use and proximity to activity centers;
 - 2. For privately owned vias:
 - a. Paving materials and furniture may be selected to suit adjacent private development, subject to approval by the appropriate board or commission; and
 - b. Furniture placement should consider available space, potential for use and proximity to activity centers.

- 3. In all vias, chain link enclosures of stairs, windows, entrances or other features, and other similar barriers are prohibited.
- F. Landscaping: To enhance the appearance and drainage of all vias, the following standards apply:
 - 1. The planting of Boston Ivy and /or other climbing vegetation is encouraged on all facades of buildings adjoining a via. Planting pockets must extend a minimum of 9 inches from the edge of all building facades, and must exceed 2 feet in length;
 - 2. The planting of trees and shrubs is required along the edge of vias where the reviewing board or commission determines that sufficient space exists;
 - 3. Where sufficient space is not available for planting beds, the use of planter boxes, trellises and/or green screens are encouraged; and
 - 4. The use of porous concrete and green pavers is encouraged.
- G. <u>Lighting</u>: To ensure the use of appropriate lighting for safety, security, visibility, and architectural enhancement, the following standards apply:
 - 1. Via lighting must be provided by adjoining property owners where needed to ensure the safety of pedestrians. The need for such lighting and the type of lighting to be provided will be determined by the reviewing board or commission;
 - 2. Surface lighting of building facades lining a via is encouraged over freestanding pathway lighting;
 - 3. The scale, color, design and material of all <u>luminaires</u> must enhance the via in which it is located, as well as be compatible with the surrounding buildings and urban space; and
 - 4. Where lighting is used for architectural enhancement of building features, art or landscaping, appropriate methods shall be used to minimize reflection and glare.
- H. <u>Design Standards</u>: All portions of buildings and sites directly adjoining a via must maintain a human scale and a fine grain building rhythm that provides architectural interest for pedestrians and other users, and provide windows and doors overlooking the via to provide solar access, visual interaction and surveillance of the via. To improve the aesthetic experience and to encourage pedestrians to explore vias, the following design standards apply for all properties with building facades adjoining a via:
 - 1. Blank walls shall not face a via. Walls facing vias shall include windows and architectural features customarily found on the front facade of a building, such as awnings, cornice work, edge detailing or decorative finish materials. Awnings shall be straight sheds without side flaps, not cubed or curved, and must be at least 8 feet above the via at the lowest drip edge;
 - 2. First floor retail, restaurant and office uses are encouraged to be directly accessible to the public from adjoining vias;
 - 3. Glass shall be clear or lightly tinted only. Opaque applications shall not be applied to any glass surfaces facing a via unless specifically approved by the Planning Board to screen electrical, plumbing or mechanical equipment;
 - 4. Creative designs and bold use of color is encouraged; and
 - 5. Any building facade that terminates a view, as designated on the Via Activation Plan, shall provide distinct and prominent architectural features of enhanced character and visibility or artistic elements, which reflect the importance of the building's location and create a positive visual landmark within the via system.
- I. <u>Commercial Signage</u>: To encourage creativity, to add color and to activate the urban space in vias, the following sign standards apply for all properties with building facades immediately adjoining alleys or passages:
 - 1. All doors adjoining alleys or passages are required to provide signage identifying the first floor business(es) contained therein;
 - 2. All first floor uses with rear or side entrances onto alleys or passages must provide pedestrian scaled projecting signs mounted perpendicular to the corresponding facade. One projecting sign is required for each facade with an entrance onto a via. Projecting signs may extend no more than 4 feet from the building facade, projecting banners may extend no more than 6 feet from the building facade, and neither may encroach the clear zone for service vehicles;
 - 3. The lowest point of all projecting signage must be a minimum of 8 feet above grade;
 - 4. Alley and passage commercial signage must be reviewed in accordance with the procedure contained in Article 2 of the Birmingham Sign Ordinance (Chapter 86 of the City Code), but is intended to be bolder and more graphic in nature than storefront signage; and
 - 5. The square footage of the required alley and passage commercial signage required in this section will not count against the maximum total signage permitted on the site.

- J. <u>Wayfinding Signage</u>: To encourage the use of all urban space by attracting businesses to vias, and by engaging pedestrians to explore vias, the following wayfinding sign standards apply for all properties with building facades immediately adjoining any entrance to a via:
 - A directory sign is required to be mounted on at least one of the building facades adjoining an entrance to a via. Directory signs must identify all businesses contained within or along a via. Where more than one building facade adjoins an entrance to a via, the board or commission reviewing the signage and/or site plan shall select the best facade(s) for this purpose;
 - 2. An approved City-standard passage wayfinding identification sign must be provided at each entrance to a via, and at all connection points where alleys or passages converge, intersect or end.
 - 3. All alley and passage wayfinding signage must be reviewed in accordance with the procedure contained in Article 2 of the Birmingham Sign Ordinance (Chapter 86 of the City Code); and
 - 4. The square footage of the required alley and passage wayfinding signage required in this section will not count against the maximum total signage permitted on site.

F.

City of B	irmingham	MEMORANDUM
	A Walkable Community	Planning Division
DATE:	December 8, 2021	
TO:	Planning Board	
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner	
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study S	ession #6

On December 7, 2020, the City Commission discussed amending the Zoning Ordinance to consider allowing the enclosure of outdoor dining areas during the winter months. The City Commission asked the Planning Board to consider this issue, and any regulations they may recommend should outdoor dining enclosures be permitted.

On June 21st, 2021, the City Commission and Planning Board met at a joint meeting to further discuss outdoor dining, and to get a clear direction as to what elements of outdoor dining should be addressed. In general, the City Commission and Planning Board discussed several topics spanning from enclosures to private vs. public space, but ultimately asked the Planning Board to take a comprehensive look at the entire outdoor dining ordinance.

On June 23rd, 2021, the Planning Board discussed outdoor dining in further detail based on the joint meeting two days prior. The Planning Board settled on a list of goals that they would like to focus on in the ordinance review process, which includes the following:

- Incentivize outdoor off-season dining;
- Review the placement of decks and enclosures;
- Ensure that additional outdoor off-season dining does not become an extension of the indoor space;
- Solicit feedback from restauranteurs of all types in the City;
- Seek possible ideas from local, national and international examples;
- Review the current ordinance for issues;
- Review tickets that were given out to temporary outdoor dining operations;
- Review photos of the variety of temporary outdoor dining structures that were used around the City;
- Explore options for maintaining permanent aspects of outdoor dining structures even if the parts of the structures come down in different seasons;
- Discuss potential differences in policy for outdoor dining on public versus private property;
- Solicit feedback from Public Services and the BSD;

- Review agreements from temporary outdoor dining to see if any of the temporary policies might be worth integrating;
- Consider aspects like sidewalk widths and snow clearing in writing the policy;
- Maintain the current seating allowances for differently-sized establishments and maintain the differences for establishments holding different kinds of licenses for alcoholic beverage service; and,
- Recommend a permanent solution so that restauranteurs do not have to continue to adapt to changing policies.

Study Session #1 Summary

On July 14th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed a high-level report on outdoor dining to guide future discussion. The topics included observations as to what constitutes "good" outdoor dining with national and local examples, as well as a local ordinance review for outdoor dining. The Planning Board discussed next steps and emphasized the need to (1) hear from different City Departments (code issues, retail neighbor conflicts, streetscape), (2) review available codes and ordinances from other areas of the country (enclosures, public vs. private, year-round), and (3) analyze information from national downtown associations or other related organizations (trends, social districts, success stories).

Study Session #2 Summary

On August 11th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed another high-level report in which the Planning Division presented various departmental comments on outdoor dining, a national outdoor dining ordinance review, conversations with local cities, and a study of national organization input and trends. The Planning Division also provided some public feedback from Engage Birmingham, which surveyed the public for their opinion of the COVID-19 temporary outdoor dining expansions, which were overwhelmingly positive. Moving forward, the Planning Board expressed interest in getting into more detail on seasonal/year round dining and its effect on street activation, public versus public space, the potential for regulating different restaurants/licenses differently, and defining and establishing a purpose of outdoor dining in the City.

Study Session #3 Summary

On September 9th, the Planning Board discussed the report which contained comments from the Advisory Parking Committee, common issues with outdoor dining patios, information on the temporary COVID-19 patios, and also discussed the purpose of outdoor dining. In addition, the Planning Board was able to review an example of how the outdoor dining ordinance could look based on comments up to that point. Ultimately, the conversation started to get more granular with specific ordinance-related ideas ranging from an official stance on enclosures to material guidelines to patio placement. There were several other requests for information including a review of Michigan Liquor Control Commission guidelines for outdoor dining, a review of the concept of windbreak versus wall, and the possibility of regulating outdoor dining by zones.

Study Session #4 Summary

On September 23rd, the Planning Board discussed the MLCC rules for outdoor dining patios, the concept of a windbreak and whether or not they should be permitted, and also explored the different zoning districts in which outdoor dining is permitted. These topics led to more conversation about how overhead weather protection will interact with said overhead coverings, and what typed of overhead protection the Planning Board should permit. The Planning Board expressed an interest in taking a deeper dive into overhead weather protection and reviewing different options.

Study Session #5 Summary

On October 27th, 2021, the Planning Board focused much their conversation on overhead weather protection and which types may be considered within the new ordinance language, and what different issues might arise with the different styles. In addition, the Birmingham Fire Chief Paul Wells gave a brief overview of the fire code as it relates to overhead weather protection, and offered some guidance to the Planning Board regarding fire suppression and other aspects of outdoor dining. In addition to overhead weather protection, the Planning Board provided some clear direction on the subjects of windbreaks, year-round dining, and the role of outdoor dining decks.

Study Session #6

The Planning Division has received the highly anticipated comments regarding outdoor dining from the Birmingham Shopping District (BSD). As the BSD plays a unique role in the City, and its constituents are comprised of retail and restaurant uses alike, it was important for the BSD to thoroughly vet their comments and recommendations through each of their sub-committees so that they may offer a consistent and well-represented response to the Planning Division's request for input. The attached document offers several recommendations, as well as a background of the thought processes and some of the opposing viewpoints that were expressed during their meetings.

In addition to the BSD comments, the Fire Department has also included updated comments for the Planning Board review based on their additional research into the Fire Code. These updated comments are intended to keep the Planning Board current with the most up-to-date codes and processes relating to all aspects of outdoor dining patios. As it follows, new comments were added regarding enclosures/coverings, smoke detectors, structures attached to buildings, and propane storage.

Article 4, Section 4.44 – Outdoor Dining Standards

This Outdoor Dining Standards section applies to the following districts:

B1 B2 B2B B2C B3 B4 MX O1 O2 TZ3

The following outdoor dining standards apply:

- A. <u>Purpose and Intent</u>: The purpose of this section is to provide an appropriate balance for outdoor dining patios across the city, and to encourage better spaces to support public health, activate public space, foster economic development, safeguard the use of public property, and provide flexibility for current trends and future demands for outdoor dining.
- B. <u>Outdoor Dining General</u>: Outdoor dining is permitted immediately adjacent to the principal use, subject to review by the Planning Board, or by the Planning Division at the discretion of the Planning Director, and the following conditions
 - 1. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 2 below.
 - 2. When an outdoor dining patio is immediately adjacent to any single-family or multiple-family zoned residential district, all outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or 10:00 p.m., whichever is earlier.
 - 3. The review of outdoor dining patios shall include, but are not limited to, the following elements: tables, chairs, umbrellas, portable heating elements, barriers, service stations, landscaping/plantings, awnings, canopies, lighting, host/hostess stands, and entertainment.
 - 4. Outdoor dining may be permitted on public property throughout the year with a valid Outdoor Dining License, provided that the following conditions are met:
 - i. Approval of an Outdoor Dining License shall be contingent on compliance with all city codes, including any conditions required by the Planning Board in conjunction with Site Plan approval.
 - ii. Operators of outdoor dining patios shall be responsible for snow and ice removal, and shall remove of such in a manner consistent with that of the Department of Public Services.
 - iii. Portable patio elements such as tables, chairs, heaters and umbrellas must be stored indoors each night between December 1 and March 1 to allow for complete snow and ice removal.
 - iv. An ADA compliant platform may be erected in the on-street parking space(s) in front of an eating establishment to create an outdoor dining patio from April 1 through November 1, subject to a review by the Advisory Parking Committee.
 - 5. All outdoor patios shall be designed to meet the requirements of this section, as well as all applicable building and fire codes.
- C. <u>Outdoor Dining Design</u>: All outdoor dining patios are subject to the following design standards:

- 1. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining patio shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or a material of comparable quality as determined by the Planning Board.
- 2. Outdoor dining patios shall provide and service refuse containers within the outdoor dining patio and maintain the area in good order.
- 3. Outdoor dining patios shall not contain enclosures as defined in Article 9, Section 9.02 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 4. In order to safeguard the flow of pedestrians on the public sidewalk, such uses shall maintain an unobstructed sidewalk width as required by the Planning Board, but in no case less than 6 ft.
- 5. No such facility shall erect or install permanent fixtures in the public right-of-way.
- Table umbrellas or other overhead weather protection shall not (1) impede sight lines into a retail establishment, (2) obstruct pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, (3) obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area, or (4) contain signage or advertising.
- 7. Barriers defining outdoor patios shall be constructed of a quality and durable material, and shall be maintained and placed in a consistent and organized fashion. Barriers shall be secured to the ground and/or building to maintain an immovable, clearly defined patio space. Barriers may not exceed 42 inches in height with the exception of planting material.
- 8. Windbreaks are permitted within outdoor dining patios and shall be affixed to a barrier. The total combined height of a barrier and windbreak shall not exceed 60 inches. Windbreaks must be constructed of a clear and durable material.
- 9. Portable heating elements must be maintained and kept in an orderly fashion. Propane or other fuels may not be stored on public property, and are subject to the Storage and Display Standards outlined in Article 4, Section 4.67 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 10. Ancillary elements such as service stations or host/hostess stands must be located within the approved outdoor dining patio, contained, and kept in a neat and orderly fashion. Service stations and host/hostess stands may not exceed 4 feet in height. The storage of dirty dishware is prohibited.

Article 9, Section 9.02 – Definitions

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Outdoor Dining Patio: A defined outdoor area accessory to an existing food and drink establishment designated for consumption of food and/or drink prepared within the establishment and subject to the provisions of this ordinance.

Permanent Fixture (outdoor dining): Any element within an outdoor dining patio containing a foundation or other rigid attachment that prevents removal or that which requires extensive modifications to the public right-of-way.

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Study Session #6

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 - 1. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 2 below.
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FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner	
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study S	Session #4

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Study Session #4

Michigan Liquor Control Commission (MLCC)

In conversations regarding enclosures, it was suggested that the Planning Board review the MLCC rules for enclosures so that the ordinance language amendments do not conflict or confuse outdoor dining patio operators who would have to then juggle two separate rules. At this time, it appears as though the MLCC rules regarding outdoor patios are simple:

R 436.1419 - Outdoor service without approval prohibited; requirements for outdoor service if approval is granted.

- (1) An on-premises licensee shall not have outdoor service without the prior written approval of the commission.
- (2) If approval for outdoor service is granted, then the on-premises licensee shall ensure that the outdoor service area is well-defined and clearly marked and the on-premises licensee shall not sell, or allow the consumption of, alcoholic liquor outdoors, except in the defined area.
- (3) The commission may issue up to 12 daily temporary outdoor service permits to a licensee each calendar year upon written request of the licensee and approval of the chief law enforcement officer who has jurisdiction.

It is clear that the Planning Board would do well to include that language in new ordinance language, but also be safe to define enclosures as they see fit.

Windbreak versus Wall

As the Planning Board has decided their approach to outdoor dining will *not* include allowing enclosures, the board did express interest in exploring some options for relief from wind. Windbreak is generally defined as "a thing, such as a row of trees or a fence, wall, or screen, that provides shelter or protection from the wind." At this point, it is also helpful to review definitions for a couple of other concepts:

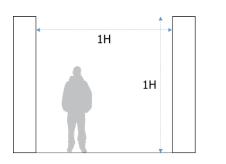
- **Wall**: Structural element used to divide or enclose, and, in building construction, to form the periphery of a room or a building. (<u>Britannica</u>)
- **Room**: A part of the inside of a building that is separated from other parts by walls, floor, and ceiling. (<u>Cambridge</u>)
- **Building**: Any structure having a roof, including but not limited to tents, awning, carports, and such devices as house trailers, which have a primary function other than being a means of conveyance. (Article 9, Section 9.02)

As the Planning Division understood the conversation at the Planning Board, there seems to be a line where a windbreak could become something closer to a wall, and the Planning Board is interested in discussing what that point may be. To help guide that conversation, the Planning Division considered the following:

Degree of Enclosure

The concept of <u>degree of enclosure</u> is an urban design principle that revolves around a person's perception of enclosure within a space, which is based on a horizontal to vertical ratio. In general, the principle suggests that a person begins to perceive a sense of enclosure at a 3:1 ratio, and

more of a sense of enclosure as that ratio decreases. Ratios of 4:1 or greater generate no sense of enclosure.





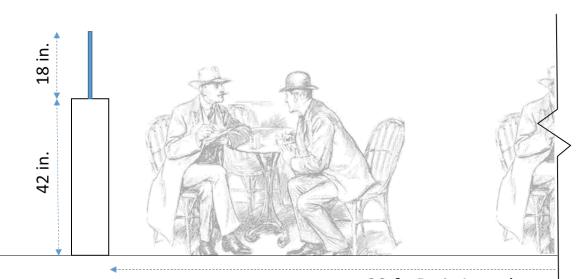




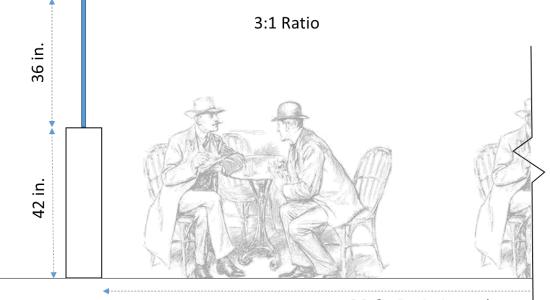


Could this concept be transposed and used to determine the appropriate height for a windbreak in an outdoor dining patio? For example, using the 4:1 ratio in an outdoor dining patio that measures 20 ft. in length (the typical length of a platform in the right-of-way), a barrier with a wind break would be permitted at no greater than 5 ft. (60 in.). A barrier with windbreak for the same 20 ft. patio at a 3:1 ratio would permit a roughly 6 ft. 6 in. (78 in.) barrier and windbreak. The following drawings were created under the assumption that the patio barrier would be 42 in. tall as currently permitted under the Zoning Ordinance:

4:1 Ratio



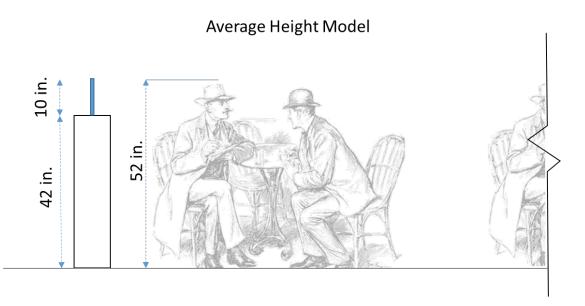
20 ft. Patio Length



20 ft. Patio Length

Average Height

Alternatively, if a more standard height is preferred based on the ease and consistency of review and enforcement, the Planning Board could consider the average height of Americans. According to the <u>Center for Disease Control</u>, the average height of a male is 5 ft. 9 in. (69 in.), while the average height for a female is 5 ft. 4 in. (64 in.) An analysis of the seat height of 10 different outdoor patio chairs yielded an average seat height of 17.5 in. Using a simple proportion of 50/50 for the average human, we can assume that we should consider 50% of a person's height in determining the overall height of a person sitting in a chair. Using these figures, the average male should measure around 52 in. tall while sitting, and the average female would measure 49.5 in. tall while sitting.



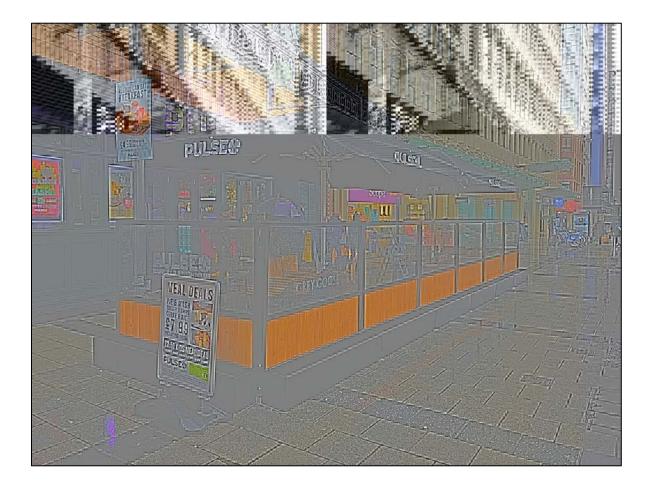
Interestingly enough, if the Planning Board were to account for different seat and person height, the windbreak could be close in height to the 4:1 ratio model presented above.

In addition to height, the Planning Board was also interested in what typed of materials to consider for windbreaks. Based on research, different materials for windbreaks could include glass/plastic, landscaping, screens, wood, metal or canvas/cloth. However, the most common windbreaks observed in outdoor dining patios appear to be glass/plastic:











Outdoor Dining Regulations by Zoning District

At this time, outdoor dining is permitted in all business and office zones within the city (B1, B2, B2B, B2C, B3, B4, O1, O2, MX) as well as the TZ3 transitional zone. Out of the 43 establishments with outdoor dining, 64% are located within the B4 zoning district, while the next highest share is located in O2 at 14%.

Please see attached maps for reference.

Draft Ordinance Language

(See next page)

Article 4, Section 4.44 – Outdoor Dining Standards

This Outdoor Dining Standards section applies to the following districts:

B1 B2 B2B B2C B3 B4 MX O1 O2 TZ3

The following outdoor dining standards apply:

- A. <u>Purpose and Intent</u>: The purpose of this section is to provide an appropriate balance for outdoor dining patios across the city, and to encourage better spaces to support public health, activate public space, foster economic development, safeguard the use of public property, and provide flexibility for current trends and future demands for outdoor dining.
- B. <u>Outdoor Dining General</u>: Outdoor dining is permitted immediately adjacent to the principal use, subject to review by the Planning Board, or by the Planning Division at the discretion of the Planning Director, and the following conditions
 - 1. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 3 below.
 - 2. When an outdoor dining patio is immediately adjacent to any single-family or multiple-family zoned residential district, all outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or 10:00 p.m., whichever is earlier.
 - 3. The review of outdoor dining patios shall include, but are not limited to, the following elements: tables, chairs, umbrellas, portable heating elements, barriers, service stations, landscaping/plantings, awnings, canopies, lighting, host/hostess stands, and entertainment.
 - 4. Outdoor dining may be permitted on public property throughout the year with a valid Outdoor Dining License, provided that the following conditions are met:
 - i. Approval of an Outdoor Dining License shall be contingent on compliance with all city codes, including any conditions required by the Planning Board in conjunction with Site Plan approval.
 - ii. Operators of outdoor dining patios shall be responsible for snow and ice removal, and shall remove of such in a manner consistent with that of the Department of Public Services.
 - iii. Portable patio elements such as tables, chairs, heaters and umbrellas must be stored indoors each night between December 1 and March 1 to allow for complete snow and ice removal.
 - iv. An ADA compliant platform may be erected in the on-street parking space(s) in front of an eating establishment to create an outdoor dining patio from April 1 through November 1, subject to a review by the Advisory Parking Committee.
 - 5. All outdoor patios shall be designed to meet the requirements of this section, as well as all applicable building and fire codes.
- C. <u>Outdoor Dining Design</u>: All outdoor dining patios are subject to the following design standards:

- 1. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining patio shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or a material of comparable quality as determined by the Planning Board.
- 2. Outdoor dining patios shall provide and service refuse containers within the outdoor dining patio and maintain the area in good order.
- 3. Outdoor dining patios shall not contain enclosures as defined in Article 9, Section 9.02 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 4. In order to safeguard the flow of pedestrians on the public sidewalk, such uses shall maintain an unobstructed sidewalk width as required by the Planning Board, but in no case less than 6 ft.
- 5. No such facility shall erect or install permanent fixtures in the public right-of-way.
- 6. Table umbrellas or other freestanding overhead weather protection shall not (1) impede sight lines into a retail establishment, (2) obstruct pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, (3) obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area, or (4) contain signage or advertising.
- 7. Barriers defining outdoor patios shall be constructed of a quality and durable material, and shall be maintained and placed in a consistent and organized fashion. Barriers shall be secured to the ground and/or building to maintain an immovable, clearly defined patio space. Barriers may not exceed 42 inches in height with the exception of planting material.
- 8. Windbreaks are permitted within outdoor dining patios and shall not exceed 60 inches in height and must be constructed of a clear material. Windbreaks placed atop a barrier shall not exceed 18 in. in height.
- 9. Portable heating elements must be maintained and kept in an orderly fashion. Propane or other fuels may not be stored on public property, and are subject to the Storage and Display Standards outlined in Article 4, Section 4.67 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 10. Ancillary elements such as service stations or host/hostess stands must be located within the approved outdoor dining patio, contained, and kept in a neat and orderly fashion. Service stations and host/hostess stands may not exceed 4 feet in height. The storage of dirty dishware is prohibited.

Article 9, Section 9.02 – Definitions

Enclosure (outdoor dining): An area that may or may not contain a roof and as few as one wall, panel, or material that provides relief from weather and impedes physical and/or visual access to the space. For the purposes of this definition, enclosure does not include exterior building walls, windbreaks or landscaping.

Outdoor Dining Patio: A defined outdoor area accessory to an existing food and drink establishment designated for consumption of food and/or drink prepared within the establishment and subject to the provisions of this ordinance.

Permanent Fixture (outdoor dining): Any element within an outdoor dining patio containing a foundation or other rigid attachment that prevents removal or that which requires extensive modifications to the public right-of-way.

City of B	irmingham	MEMORANDUM
	A Walkable Community	Planning Division
DATE:	September 9 th , 2021	
TO:	Planning Board	
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner	
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study S	Session #3

On December 7, 2020, the City Commission discussed amending the Zoning Ordinance to consider allowing the enclosure of outdoor dining areas during the winter months. The City Commission asked the Planning Board to consider this issue, and any regulations they may recommend should outdoor dining enclosures be permitted.

On June 21st, 2021, the City Commission and Planning Board met at a joint meeting to further discuss outdoor dining, and to get a clear direction as to what elements of outdoor dining should be addressed. In general, the City Commission and Planning Board discussed several topics spanning from enclosures to private vs. public space, but ultimately asked the Planning Board to take a comprehensive look at the entire outdoor dining ordinance.

On June 23rd, 2021, the Planning Board discussed outdoor dining in further detail based on the joint meeting two days prior. The Planning Board settled on a list of goals that they would like to focus on in the ordinance review process, which includes the following:

- Incentivize outdoor off-season dining;
- Review the placement of decks and enclosures;
- Ensure that additional outdoor off-season dining does not become an extension of the indoor space;
- Solicit feedback from restauranteurs of all types in the City;
- Seek possible ideas from local, national and international examples;
- Review the current ordinance for issues;
- Review tickets that were given out to temporary outdoor dining operations;
- Review photos of the variety of temporary outdoor dining structures that were used around the City;
- Explore options for maintaining permanent aspects of outdoor dining structures even if the parts of the structures come down in different seasons;
- Discuss potential differences in policy for outdoor dining on public versus private property;
- Solicit feedback from Public Services and the BSD;

- Review agreements from temporary outdoor dining to see if any of the temporary policies might be worth integrating;
- Consider aspects like sidewalk widths and snow clearing in writing the policy;
- Maintain the current seating allowances for differently-sized establishments and maintain the differences for establishments holding different kinds of licenses for alcoholic beverage service; and,
- Recommend a permanent solution so that restauranteurs do not have to continue to adapt to changing policies.

Study Session #1 Summary

On July 14th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed a high-level report on outdoor dining to guide future discussion. The topics included observations as to what constitutes "good" outdoor dining with national and local examples, as well as a local ordinance review for outdoor dining. The Planning Board discussed next steps and emphasized the need to (1) hear from different City Departments (code issues, retail neighbor conflicts, streetscape), (2) review available codes and ordinances from other areas of the country (enclosures, public vs. private, year-round), and (3) analyze information from national downtown associations or other related organizations (trends, social districts, success stories).

Study Session #2 Summary

On August 11th, 2021, the Planning Board reviewed another high-level report in which the Planning Division presented various departmental comments on outdoor dining, a national outdoor dining ordinance review, conversations with local cities, and a study of national organization input and trends. The Planning Division also provided some public feedback from Engage Birmingham, which surveyed the public for their opinion of the COVID-19 temporary outdoor dining expansions, which were overwhelmingly positive. Moving forward, the Planning Board expressed interest in getting into more detail on seasonal/year round dining and its effect on street activation, public versus public space, the potential for regulating different restaurants/licenses differently, and defining and establishing a purpose of outdoor dining in the City.

Study Session #3

Advisory Parking Committee Comments

During the August 4th, 2021 meeting of the Advisory Parking Committee, the committee expressed an interest in being involved in the process for the current outdoor dining study. The Planning Division brought the issue to the September 1st, 2021 meeting to solicit some comments for the Planning Board to consider. Their comments arose from their role in reviewing outdoor dining platforms, and their effect on parking specifically. Their comments may be summarized in the following bullet points:

- Regulating the number of platforms per block.
- Begin the platform review at the APC instead of Planning Board.
- Finding a balance between two desired commodities: outdoor dining and parking.
- Annual review of outdoor dining decks.
- Different uses, different rules.

- Platforms open at all hours of the day to foster activation, avoid empty decks/wasted space.
- The possibility of different outdoor dining districts.

Common Ordinance Issues

During Study Session #2, Planning Board members expressed an interest in reviewing some of the issues that arose during the temporary COVID-19 outdoor dining expansions, and which of the expansions received enforcement for violations of the temporary ordinance. Before reviewing these issues, the Planning Division felt it important to outline some of the more regular and/or routine issues with approved outdoor dining patios that are observed on a day-to-day basis:

- Maintenance of the required 5 ft. minimum clear path.
- Maintaining a valid outdoor dining license.
- Adherence to the approved outdoor dining/site plans.
- Exceeding approved/permitted outdoor dining seat counts.

These four issues come up on a regular basis during the outdoor dining season, but also a typically become a focal point during the annual liquor license review process for those establishments serving alcoholic beverages, which occurs in January/February every year. When it comes to the required 5 ft. minimum clear path, there are a number of variables to consider. For outdoor dining patios with more modular barriers separating the dining patio from the sidewalk, these barrier elements tend to migrate outward more easily, causing issues with pedestrian passage (or in the case of alleys, vehicular passage). Those dining patios that are enclosed with a more rigid barrier such as a fixed metal railing are better suited to maintain the required clear path, but may not offer as many opportunities for beautification/plantings.

In the absence of barriers, tables and chairs also have a tendency to migrate. In some recent reviews for outdoor dining proposals, it was observed that outdoor dining plans often show tables and chairs neat and tucked in without considerations for the space a person takes up after sitting at the table. While a 5 ft. clear path is often shown on the plans as required, reality is often observed to be different. To combat this, the Planning Division is considering either widening the required clear path to 6 ft. or more, or requiring outdoor dining plans to show a buffer around each table to reduce the likelihood of encroachments into the clear path. Finally, it has been noted by the Engineering Division that the exposed aggregate concrete in the streetscape amenity zones throughout Birmingham may not be considered ADA compliant and thus, may not be considered as clear path for the purposes of this ordinance.

The issue of maintaining a valid outdoor dining license also contains many layers. The outdoor dining license is an annual license required for all outdoor dining patios located on public property. The applicant is required to submit the application, as well as complete and sign an Outdoor Café License Agreement outlining their responsibilities in using public property. The Planning Division is currently reviewing the Outdoor Café License Agreement for any potential areas of improvement, but it has been observed over the years that there are often inconsistencies with the information entered by applicants in terms of their tables and chairs, and whether or not any changes have occurred from previous years.

The inconsistencies described above, along with other factors, often result in outdoor dining patios that do not adhere to the approved outdoor dining plans on file within the Planning Division.

Table and chair numbers, umbrellas, heaters, planters, and service stations are often added or changed without any approval from the Planning Division or Planning Board. These types of changes and the requirements for changes to the outdoor patio space is expected to be clarified in new ordinance language.

The deviations from the approved number of tables and chairs can become an issue not only for certain uses who are permitted to have a maximum seat count, but we now know that outdoor seating matters when it comes to the plumbing code and required restroom facilities.

Temporary COVID-19 Enforcements

The temporary COVID-19 outdoor dining expansions offered some new complications on top of what is typically observed in outdoor dining patios. During the pandemic, and through various emergency orders by state and local governments, the Police Department performed regular checks on restaurants to monitor all of the COVID-19 regulations associated with the emergency orders, as well as compliance with the temporary resolution adopted by the City Commission. A full log of checks is attached for your review containing comments from the Police and Fire Departments, as well as the Building Division. When the end date for the temporary resolution came up in June 2021, the Police Department also created a summary presentation for the City Commission with general information on some of the challenges that the City was facing in regards to the temporary patio expansions. Some of the main issues were as follows:

- ADA standards and requirements were compromised.
- Expansions encroached further into sidewalks, yellow curb zones, and streets.
- Expansions impaired access to neighboring retailers.
- Propane heaters and storage of propane tanks posed safety concerns.

These issues, in conjunction with the state of the overall COVID-19 pandemic, were the main drivers in ending the temporary resolution and bringing the City's outdoor dining patios back into compliance with pre-COVID outdoor dining plans. The Police Department presentation is also attached for your review.

In addition, the Fire Department performed an inspection of the temporary outdoor dining expansion and provided some photographs to the Planning Division which are attached to this report. Finally, the Planning Division kept a spreadsheet of which restaurants applied for expansions and recorded data on the outdoor dining conditions on site, which is also attached to this report. In most cases, due to the social distancing requirements, the number of outdoor dining seats pre-COVID and expansion related were comparable. However, the square footage of total outdoor dining space was not.

Purpose of Outdoor Dining

Also discussed at length during Study Session #2 was the need for the Planning Board to consider the purpose of the outdoor dining ordinance, and the potential to codify this purpose within the ordinance language. From an urban planning/urban design perspective, outdoor dining is beneficial in many ways:

- Outdoor dining is trendy, but also a permanent fixture;
- Spending time outdoors is beneficial to overall public health;
- Increased seating options frees up indoor space for the rapid growth in carry-out business;

- Added business fosters economic development;
- Well-designed patios activate public space;
- Outdoor dining offers more options for diners, including pet owners;

A purpose statement for outdoor dining could include any or all of these benefits, as well as general statements regarding the health, safety and welfare of the public. Other areas of our current Zoning Ordinance contain purpose statements, including the following:

- <u>Screening Standards</u>: The purpose of this section is to require a barrier, capable of containing noise, vehicular lights, visual disarray, debris and other factors detrimental to the health, safety and welfare of the community, between an open parking station, outdoor storage, dumpsters and adjacent properties. Flexibility in the materials, size, height and placement of walls is permitted in order to allow architectural harmony and usable open space and to accomplish a unified design.
- <u>Landscaping Standards</u>: Landscaping is an essential part of the design and development of a site. Landscape plantings are a benefit to the environment, public health, air quality, safety, comfort, convenience and general welfare of the community. These standards will result in the reduction of storm water runoff, heat buildup and will filter and reduce glare from car headlights. They may reduce energy costs in structures and will improve the aesthetics of the community.
- <u>Alternative Energy</u>: The purpose and intent of the city is to balance the need for clean and renewable energy resources with the necessity to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the city, as well as to preserve the integrity, character, property values, and aesthetic quality of the community at large.

Below is an example of how the outdoor dining purpose statement could look:

• <u>Outdoor Dining</u>: The purpose of this section is to provide an appropriate balance for outdoor dining patios across the city, and to encourage better spaces to improve public health, activate public space, foster economic development, and provide flexibility for current trends and future demands for outdoor dining.

Draft Ordinance Language (See next page)

Article 4, Section 4.44 – Outdoor Dining Standards

This Outdoor Dining Standards section applies to the following districts:

B1 B2 B2B B2C B3 B4 MX O1 O2 TZ3

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- B. <u>Outdoor Dining General</u>: Outdoor dining is permitted immediately adjacent to the principal use, subject to review by the Planning Board, or by the Planning Division at the discretion of the Planning Director, and the following conditions
 - 1. Outdoor dining patios shall provide and service refuse containers within the outdoor dining patio and maintain the area in good order.
 - 2. All outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or as noted in subsection 3 below.
 - 3. When an outdoor dining patio is immediately adjacent to any single-family or multiple-family zoned residential district, all outdoor activity must cease at the close of business or 10:00 p.m., whichever is earlier.
 - 4. The review of outdoor dining patios shall include, but are not limited to, the following elements: tables, chairs, umbrellas, portable heating elements, barriers, service stations, landscaping/plantings, awnings, canopies, lighting, host/hostess stands, and entertainment.
 - 5. Outdoor dining patios shall not contain enclosures as defined in Article 9, Section 9.02 of the Zoning Ordinance.
 - 6. All outdoor patios shall be designed to meet the requirements of this section, as well as all applicable building and fire codes.
- C. <u>Outdoor Dining Public Property</u>: Outdoor dining located on public property such as sidewalks, alleys and passages, and streets, shall be subject to the following requirements:
 - 1. Outdoor dining may be permitted on public property throughout the year with a valid Outdoor Dining License, provided that the following conditions are met:
 - i. Approval of an Outdoor Dining License shall be contingent on compliance with all city codes, including any conditions required by the Planning Board in conjunction with Site Plan approval.
 - ii. Operators of outdoor dining patios shall be responsible for snow and ice removal, and shall remove of such in a manner consistent with that of the Department of Public Services.
 - iii. Portable patio elements such as tables, chairs, heaters and umbrellas must be stored indoors each night between December 1 and March 1 to allow for complete snow and ice removal.

- iv. An ADA compliant platform may be erected in the on-street parking space(s) in front of an eating establishment to create an outdoor dining patio from April 1 through November 1, subject to a review by the Advisory Parking Committee.
- 2. <u>Design</u>: Outdoor dining patios located on public property are subject to the following design standards:
 - i. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining patio shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or a material of comparable quality as determined by the Planning Board.
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 - iii. No such facility shall erect or install permanent fixtures in the public rightof-way.
 - iv. Table umbrellas or other freestanding overhead weather protection shall not (1) impede sight lines into a retail establishment, (2) obstruct pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, (3) obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area, or (4) contain signage or advertising.
 - v. Barriers delineating outdoor patios shall be constructed of a quality and durable material, and shall be maintained and placed in a consistent and organized fashion. Barriers may not exceed 42 inches in height, with the exception of planting material.
 - vi. Portable heating elements must be maintained and kept in an orderly fashion. Propane or other fuels may not be stored on public property, and are subject to the Storage and Display Standards outlined in Article 4, Section 4.67 of the Zoning Ordinance.
 - vii. Ancillary elements such as service stations or host/hostess stands must be located within the approved outdoor dining patio, contained, and kept in a neat and orderly fashion. Service stations and host/hostess stands may not exceed 4 feet in height. The storage of dirty dishware is prohibited.
- D. <u>Outdoor Dining Private Property</u>: Outdoor dining located on private property such as general private property, porches, recesses, courtyards decks and rooftops, shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. <u>Design</u>: Outdoor dining patios located on private property are subject to the following design standards:
 - i. All tables and chairs provided in the outdoor dining patio shall be constructed primarily of metal, wood, or a material of comparable quality as determined by the Planning Board.
 - ii. Table umbrellas or other freestanding overhead weather protection shall not (1) impede sight lines into a retail establishment, (2) obstruct pedestrian flow in the outdoor dining area, (3) obstruct pedestrian or

vehicular traffic flow outside the outdoor dining area, or (4) contain signage or advertising.

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City of B	irmingham	MEMORANDUM
	A Walkable Community	Planning Division
DATE:	August 11 th , 2021	
TO:	Planning Board	
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner	
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study S	ession #2

On December 7, 2020, the City Commission discussed amending the Zoning Ordinance to consider allowing the enclosure of outdoor dining areas during the winter months. The City Commission asked the Planning Board to consider this issue, and any regulations they may recommend should outdoor dining enclosures be permitted.

On June 21st, 2021, the City Commission and Planning Board met at a joint meeting to further discuss outdoor dining, and to get a clear direction as to what elements of outdoor dining should be addressed. In general, the City Commission and Planning Board discussed several topics spanning from enclosures to private vs. public space, but ultimately asked the Planning Board to take a comprehensive look at the entire outdoor dining ordinance.

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- Incentivize outdoor off-season dining;
- Review the placement of decks and enclosures;
- Ensure that additional outdoor off-season dining does not become an extension of the indoor space;
- Solicit feedback from restauranteurs of all types in the City;
- Seek possible ideas from local, national and international examples;
- Review the current ordinance for issues;
- Review tickets that were given out to temporary outdoor dining operations;
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- Explore options for maintaining permanent aspects of outdoor dining structures even if the parts of the structures come down in different seasons;
- Discuss potential differences in policy for outdoor dining on public versus private property;
- Solicit feedback from Public Services and the BSD;

- Review agreements from temporary outdoor dining to see if any of the temporary policies might be worth integrating;
- Consider aspects like sidewalk widths and snow clearing in writing the policy;
- Maintain the current seating allowances for differently-sized establishments and maintain the differences for establishments holding different kinds of licenses for alcoholic beverage service; and,
- Recommend a permanent solution so that restauranteurs do not have to continue to adapt to changing policies.

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Study Session #2

Departmental Comments

Initially, the Planning Board requested that staff solicit comments from the Department of Public Services (DPS) and Birmingham Shopping District (BSD) regarding outdoor dining and its different aspects from their point of view. From the Department of Public Services, any issues surrounding snow removal, streetscape maintenance, or other relevant issues observed from DPS were topics of interest. As for the BSD, the Planning Board wanted to determine if expanded outdoor dining had any impact on neighboring, non-restaurant retail uses...positive or negative. During the discussion at the first study session, the Planning Board requested to include the Building Division, Fire Department, Police Department and Engineering Division for comments pertaining to their professions and expertise. Full comments from each department are attached.

• Department of Public Services

In general, the Department of Public Services has some issues with snow removal and streetscape maintenance. They noted that although the plows have managed to get by without major incident thus far, snow and ice accumulates in the hard-to-reach areas, which necessitates more salt and more maintenance to mitigate the hazard. In addition, although private businesses are responsible for clearing their own platforms or dining areas, the snow is often placed right back into the street or sidewalk, which creates more of the same conditions noted above. As far as streetscape maintenance, DPS notes that tree pruning/trimming becomes challenging while working around platforms and patios, and these dining areas often get in the way of other streetscape programs such as hanging baskets, tree lighting, and possibly even landscaping beds in the future.

Birmingham Shopping District

The Birmingham Shopping District will make this a discussion item at their Board meeting in September. Comments will be provided to the Planning Board thereafter.

• Engineering Division

The Engineering Division provided important comments relating to stormwater, infrastructure elements such as fire hydrants, manhole covers, drains, and catch basins, and patio placement. For dining platforms specifically, Engineering requires a channel between the curb and the deck structure for the passage of stormwater during rain events. Large rain events like those we have experienced recently (and will continue to experience) may exacerbate any issues will drainage and the placement of storm sewers and other infrastructure. Furthermore, they indicate that these patios should have provisions in place for emergency events such as water/sewer main repairs. As far as patio placement, Engineering noted that a 5 ft. clear path should be maintained, but also explained that traffic lanes should not be impeded for larger vehicles such as emergency vehicles and busses, and that sign lines may be impacted by dining patios.

Building Division

As far as Building Division comments go, they note that much of the outdoor dining elements, from patios to enclosures/coverings, must be built to the standards of the Michigan Building Code. In addition, the Building Division outlined some issues with encroachment into the pedestrian path of umbrellas, tents, awnings etc. as well as important points about the Michigan Plumbing Code and employee use of the pedestrian clear path.

• Police Department

The Police Department has indicated that they do not have many issues with outdoor dining, nor concerns about any changes at this time. There has been no loss of revenue from the parking meters for outdoor dining platforms, as the owners of the platforms pay a fee to cover the costs. Additionally, they have not considered the loss of parking spaces as an issue at this time.

• Fire Department

The Fire Department comments revolved heavily around heating elements, structures/coverings, and access for emergencies. When it came to portable outdoor heating elements, there are a laundry list of requirements that must be followed to meet the Fire Codes. These regulations include the size and storage of fuel tanks, clearance, and safety devices such as fire extinguishers and carbon monoxide detectors. In terms of structures/coverings, the Fire Department requires flame retardant certificates regardless of the presence of heating elements. For those structures attached to buildings, the Fire Department may require the facility to contain fire suppression.

National Ordinance Review

The Planning Board expressed interest in finding out what other areas of the country may have ordinance wise. These areas include the Midwest and east coast, but also other areas with weather conditions that may necessitate unique outdoor dining solutions such as Colorado, Seattle, and warm weather cities. Several cities and the relevant facets of their Zoning Ordinances are provided below. In general it appears that most all cities require review of outdoor dining

proposals on both private and public space. Full enclosures of outdoor dining do not appear to be permitted on public space in any city reviewed.

- Elmwood Park, IL (Chicago Area)
 - Parking requirements for outdoor dining which requires the greater of one parking space for every two seats or 3.5 parking spaces per 100 square feet of indoor and outdoor dining area.
- <u>Highland Park, IL</u> (Chicago Area)
 - Table and chair limits determined by City Manager.
 - Temporary barrier required to keep tables and chairs from migrating into the requires 5 ft. clear path.
 - Tables and chairs removed every night.
- <u>Oak Brook, IL</u> (Chicago Area)
 - o No live entertainment.
 - o 5 ft. pedestrian path.
- <u>Columbus, OH</u>
 - "Outdoor patio" means an outdoor area, open to the air at all times, that is either: enclosed by a roof or other overhead covering and not more than two walls or other side coverings; or has no roof or other overhead covering at all regardless of the number of walls or other side coverings.
 - Parking is required for dining patios at a rate of 50% of ratio required for primary structure.
- Edina, MN (Minneapolis Area)
 - The patio shall not be enclosed in such a manner that the space becomes an indoor area.
 - Patio screening may be required if the premises is adjacent to a residential district.
- <u>Fishers, IN</u> (Indianapolis Area)
 - Outdoor dining areas shall be adjacent to their tenant space.
- <u>Columbia, MO</u> (St. Louis Area)
 - Outdoor patio plan with requirements to include any existing light poles, sidewalk grates, parking meters, or other facilities located in the right-of-way.
 - Any tables, chairs, posts, cordons or other furniture be portable and not fastened or affixed to or over the public sidewalk unless the owner has obtained right-ofuse approval from the city council.
- <u>Arvada, CO</u> (Denver Area)
 - Outdoor dining areas shall not be located within 100 feet of a residential zoning district.
 - Outdoor dining areas are allowed and shall be set back as required for the principal building. Outdoor dining on public property permitted within specific district.
- <u>Golden, CO</u> (Denver Area)

- Portable seating, movable chairs, tables for cafes and other furniture should be of substantial materials; preferably metal or wood rather than plastic.
- Permanent outdoor seating is recommended in and along all publicly-accessible pathways and spaces.

Local Strategies

Staff reviewed Ordinance requirements for local cities including Royal Oak, Rochester, Ferndale, Berkley, Northville, and Plymouth for the way outdoor dining was handled prior to the Covid-19 pandemic. The Planning Division was also able to speak with staff or an elected official from each of the localities. All cities mentioned above require board review and approval for restaurants proposing outdoor dining on private and/or public space. The only City that allows restaurants to rent an on-street parking space for outdoor dining is Northville. Full enclosures for outdoor dining on public property are not allowed in any of the cities mentioned. Rochester and Ferndale said they would allow a restaurant to have an enclosure such as a tent, igloo, or greenhouse on private property. Examples of private outdoor enclosures in Ferndale include igloos at Detroit Fleet and a tent on Rosie O'Grady's patio. Enclosure material on private space is not tightly regulated. The Planning Director of Berkley indicated full enclosures were not permitted on private property. In regards to placement, the outdoor dining on public property for all cities mentioned is required to stay within the frontage lines of the business, it may not extend in front of neighboring properties.

As in Birmingham, a number of Ordinance regulations mentioned above for outdoor dining were relaxed in a temporary resolution during the Covid-19 pandemic. All of the cities experimented with outdoor dining for on-street parking spaces and some allowed enclosures for outdoor dining on public sidewalks and/or streets. A number of the resolutions were extended into winter time 2021-2022 for the sampled cities and will be reviewed for what to extend, what to get rid of, and what to keep indefinitely.

Downtown/Restaurant Organizations

The Planning Division looked to various national and local associations or organizations that could potentially provide some information on trends and happenings within national or local communities that may help guide discussions regarding outdoor dining in Birmingham. It is worth noting that in recent news, blogs or publications from these groups, it was difficult to separate outdoor dining and the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the Planning Board did indicate that they wish to discuss the temporary COVID-19 outdoor dining expansions that were built in Birmingham. Additionally, Engage Birmingham survey results (attached) appeared to indicate that many residents and business owners in Birmingham were supportive of the various expansions and/or enclosures that were erected in the City.

<u>Michigan Downtown Association</u>

The Michigan Downtown Association has also provided some opinions on outdoor dining as an attraction for a downtown. In a 2021 article about <u>creative ways to bring residents</u> <u>downtown this summer and boost economic growth</u>, it was noted that the Michigan Economic Development Corporation has supported outdoor dining expansion efforts across the state through Match on Main funding. Restaurants have seen the value of a quality outdoor dining space and have been investing in such to use into the future, and potentially year-round.

Main Street America

Main Street America is an organization "committed to strengthening communities through preservation-based economic development in older and historic downtowns and neighborhood commercial districts." Digging into their website, the Planning Division found an interesting article based on a 2021 Main Street Forward Award Winner in the Argenta District in North Little Rock, Arkansas. The award was given based on the efforts to create the Argenta Outdoor Dining District, a designated outdoor seating area that has helped local restaurants stay in business despite the pandemic. Although created for the pandemic, the district has plans underway to reopen in the spring. "Given its success, city leaders want to keep the district going even after the pandemic recedes, and Argenta's restaurants are inspired to continue regular meetings to ensure the neighborhood's future as a culinary destination."

National Restaurant Association

In general, the National Restaurant Association is an important resource in understanding trends and data regarding the restaurant industry. In reading through two documents, "2021 Restaurant Trends" and "Restaurant Industry 2030" (both attached), it was apparent that this particular group do not appear to be overly concerned about outdoor dining. Interestingly enough, this group found that restaurants would need to dedicate more space and capitol to *off-premise consumption* (i.e. takeout) as opposed to on premise indoor or outdoor dining. Additionally, when it comes to weather volatility, the group is finding that the concern lies in supply chains and food costs as opposed to protecting diners with coverings or enclosures.

Independent Restaurant Coalition

The Independent Restaurant Coalition was created to "provide a strong, unified voice on legislative, regulatory, and policy issues that affect the restaurant industry; and provide advocacy, advice, networking and information to members." In obtaining data from this group (attached), it is clear that the restaurant industry is an important industry that has unique struggles when it comes to situations like the pandemic. Restaurants and bars have large economic impacts in business and job creation, which could benefit from new outdoor dining regulations that could possibly expand outdoor dining, or add more comfort to outdoor dining patios.

City of T	Birming ME MORANDUM	
		Planning Division
DATE:	July 14 th , 2021	
TO:	Planning Board	
FROM:	Nicholas Dupuis, City Planner	
SUBJECT:	Outdoor Dining Ordinance – Study Session #1	

On December 7, 2020, the City Commission discussed amending the Zoning Ordinance to consider allowing the enclosure of outdoor dining areas during the winter months. The City Commission asked the Planning Board to consider this issue, and any regulations they may recommend should outdoor dining enclosures be permitted.

On June 21st, 2021, the City Commission and Planning Board met at a joint meeting to further discuss outdoor dining, and to get a clear direction as to what elements of outdoor dining should be addressed. In general, the City Commission and Planning Board discussed several topics spanning from enclosures to private vs. public space, but ultimately asked the Planning Board to take a comprehensive look at the entire outdoor dining ordinance.

On June 23rd, the Planning Board discussed outdoor dining in further detail based on the joint meeting two days prior. The Planning Board settled on a list of goals that they would like to focus on in the ordinance review process, which includes the following:

- Incentivize outdoor off-season dining;
- Review the placement of decks and enclosures;
- Ensure that additional outdoor off-season dining does not become an extension of the indoor space;
- Solicit feedback from restauranteurs of all types in the City;
- Seek possible ideas from local, national and international examples;
- Review the current ordinance for issues;
- Review tickets that were given out to temporary outdoor dining operations;
- Review photos of the variety of temporary outdoor dining structures that were used around the City;
- Explore options for maintaining permanent aspects of outdoor dining structures even if the parts of the structures come down in different seasons;
- Discuss potential differences in policy for outdoor dining on public versus private property;
- Solicit feedback from Public Services and the BSD;

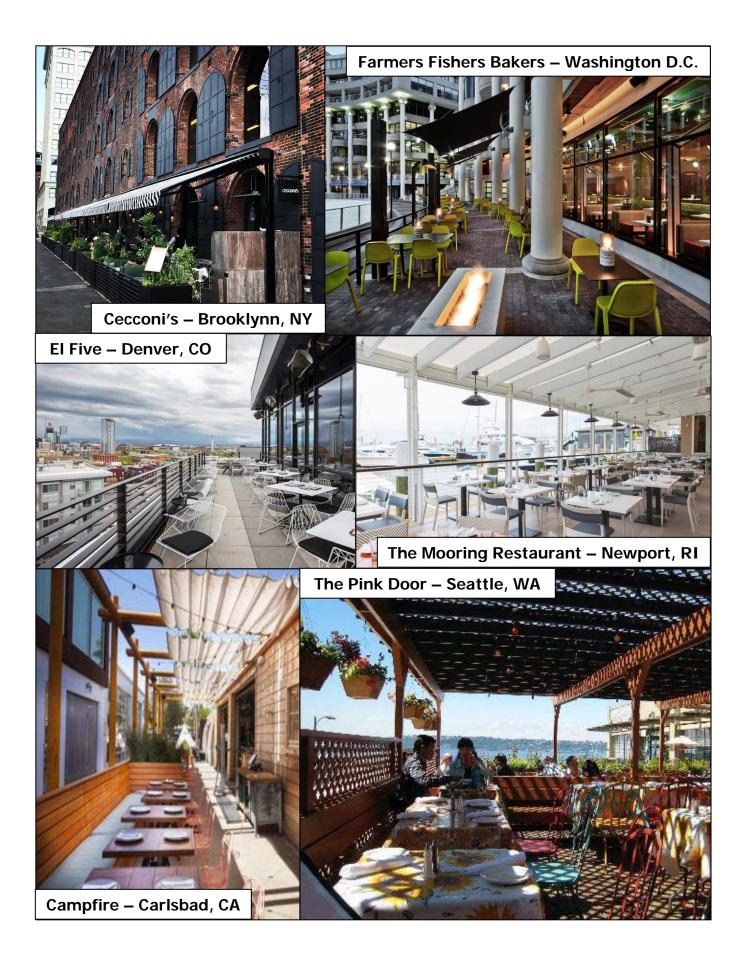
- Review agreements from temporary outdoor dining to see if any of the temporary policies might be worth integrating;
- Consider aspects like sidewalk widths and snow clearing in writing the policy;
- Maintain the current seating allowances for differently-sized establishments and maintain the differences for establishments holding different kinds of licenses for alcoholic beverage service; and,
- Recommend a permanent solution so that restauranteurs do not have to continue to adapt to changing policies.

At this early stage, the Planning Division would like to begin with a high-level general review of outdoor dining beginning with research into what "good" outdoor dining may look like. By beginning with an example driven discussion, the Planning Division hopes to work towards several of the goals listed above and guide more pointed discussions in future study sessions.

Discussing personal experiences with outdoor dining across the world was a large part of the Planning Board and City Commission discussions prior to embarking on this study session. Considering this approach, the Planning Division reviewed <u>OpenTable's annual list 100 Best Al</u> <u>Fresco Restaurants in America for 2019</u>. Naturally, California, Florida and Hawaii make up 67% of the list. However, the Midwest and Northeast (similar weather conditions to Birmingham) have strong representation on the list, making it an interesting place to start. Please see the following page for images of several outdoor dining spaces from restaurants present on the list.

Upon researching many of the outdoor dining patios on the list, the Planning Division made several observations:

- 1. Overhead coverings are common in the form of umbrellas, awnings, and pergola-type structures. Other covering methods such as canvas shade sails, retractable fabric shade canopies, and even trees/vegetation were observed as well.
- 2. Several rooftop patios made the list.
- 3. Heaters, lights, and fire tables/pits were very common.
- 4. Dining chairs appeared to be constructed of a myriad of materials, including plastic, wicker, and fabric.
- 5. Full enclosures (roof/covering plus walls or partial walls) were rare. Most cases of perceived enclosures included variables such as below-grade placement, placement next to building facades or screening from nuisances such as parking areas.
- 6. The majority of outdoor dining patios contained greenery and plantings.
- 7. Patio placement was observed in public and private property, and patio design elements were consistent between those that were on both.



Similar observations were made while researching opinions of the "best" outdoor dining in Michigan. <u>Pure Michigan's Top Outdoor Patios for Dining in Michigan</u> and <u>M-Live's list of Michigan's Best Outdoor Dining</u> highlight several dining establishments that contain many of the same features.



On a more local level, Southeast Michigan contains several comparable cities with outdoor dining. The Planning Division was able to locate several cities that created specific regulations for outdoor dining within their Zoning Ordinances:

- <u>Berkley</u>
- Royal Oak
- <u>Plymouth</u>
- Rochester Hills (pg. 77)
- <u>Lake Orion</u> (pg. 60)

Other cities and Zoning Ordinances such as Northville, Detroit, Ferndale and Ann Arbor were also researched. However, the Zoning Ordinances of these cities either did not contain any specific ordinance language regarding outdoor dining, or proved too difficult to locate at this time. Of the above cities that yielded results, only one or two had detailed regulations regarding outdoor dining within their Zoning Ordinance. If requested, further research into the Zoning Ordinance regulations of other cities, local or national, will be provided for review. As a consequence, no

examples of different outdoor dining regulations for private versus public property, enclosures, maintenance, or other items from the list of goals above were discovered.



So how does the feedback from the City Commission, the Planning Board's current list of goals for the outdoor dining discussion, and the above high-level research relate to the current Outdoor Dining ordinance? At this time, there are outdoor dining standards spread across several areas of the Zoning Ordinance:

- Article 4, Section 4.44 Outdoor Dining Standards
- Article 3, Section 3.04 (C)(10) Bistros
- Article 3, Section 3.14, 3.16 Via Activation Overlay
- Article 9, Section 9.02 Definitions (Bistro, Outdoor Café)

This outdoor dining study affords an opportunity to ensure that ordinance language is consistent throughout, and addresses the issues of potentially regulating different restaurant and/or liquor license types (Bistro, Class C, Economic Development, Theaters & Hotels) separately, or affording them all the same outdoor dining standards, at least in terms of design. For example, rooftop dining is permitted for bistro license holders, but is not mentioned in the overall outdoor dining standards. Similarly, the bistro ordinance language prohibits enclosures facilitating year-round dining outdoors, but the Outdoor Dining Standards do not regulate enclosures.

Considering the information above, and before attempts are made at amending any zoning ordinance language, the Planning Division suggests a discussion based on the following questions and requests that the Planning Board provide some direction as to which items to move forward with for the next study session, including any that are not listed:

- Does the Planning Board want to see enclosures? If so, during what season(s)? Additionally, the City should define "enclosure" as a part of this study. This has also been advised by the City Attorney.
- Should restaurants be permitted to extend in front of neighboring properties on the sidewalk? In the street?
- Should a survey be created and sent to property owners to solicit feedback on several key discussion points before the Planning Board begins to draft ordinance amendments?
- Should the Planning Division do a broader ordinance search for other areas of the Midwest and/or Northeast? What should we be looking for?



Administrative Approval Application

Planning Division

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out

1. Applicant Sam Surnow

Name:	Jaili Julliuw
Address:	320 Martin Street, Suite 100
	Birmingham, mi 48009
Phone Nu	mber: 248.877.4000
Fax Numb	
Email:	sam@surnow.com

2. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person

Name:	Kevin Biddison, AIA
Address:	320 Martin Street, Suite 10
a	Birmingham, mi 48009
Phone Nu	mber: 248.554.9500
Fax Numb	
Email:	kb@biddison-ad.com

3. Project Information

Address/Location of Property: 191 North Chester Street

Name of Develop	oment: The Jeffrey
Parcel ID #: Current Use:	Office-Commercial Building
Area in Acres:	0.40 Acres
Current Zoning:	TZ2

4. Attachments

- · Warranty Deed with legal description of property
- Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
- Completed Checklist
- Material Samples
- · Digital Copy of plans

5. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

Proposed Rooftop Patio west-end of building 2nd floor. (see attached drawings)

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and / or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan.

Signature of Applicant: 2

Date: 10/ 12/21

	2.0	Office Use Only	
Application #:	PAA21-0109	Date Received:	10/12/21

10/18/21 MA Date of Approval: Date of Denial:

Dropert	PAA21-0100
Name:	ty Owner Chester Street Partners, LLC
	320 Martin Street, Suite 100
Phone Nu Fax Num	Birmingham, mi 48009 imber: 248.877.4000 ber:
Email:	

Project Designer

Name:	Kevin Biddison, AIA	
Address:	320 Martin Street, Suite 10	
	Birmingham, mi 48009	
Phone Nu	imber: 248.554.9500	
Fax Numl		
Email:	kb@biddison-ad.com	

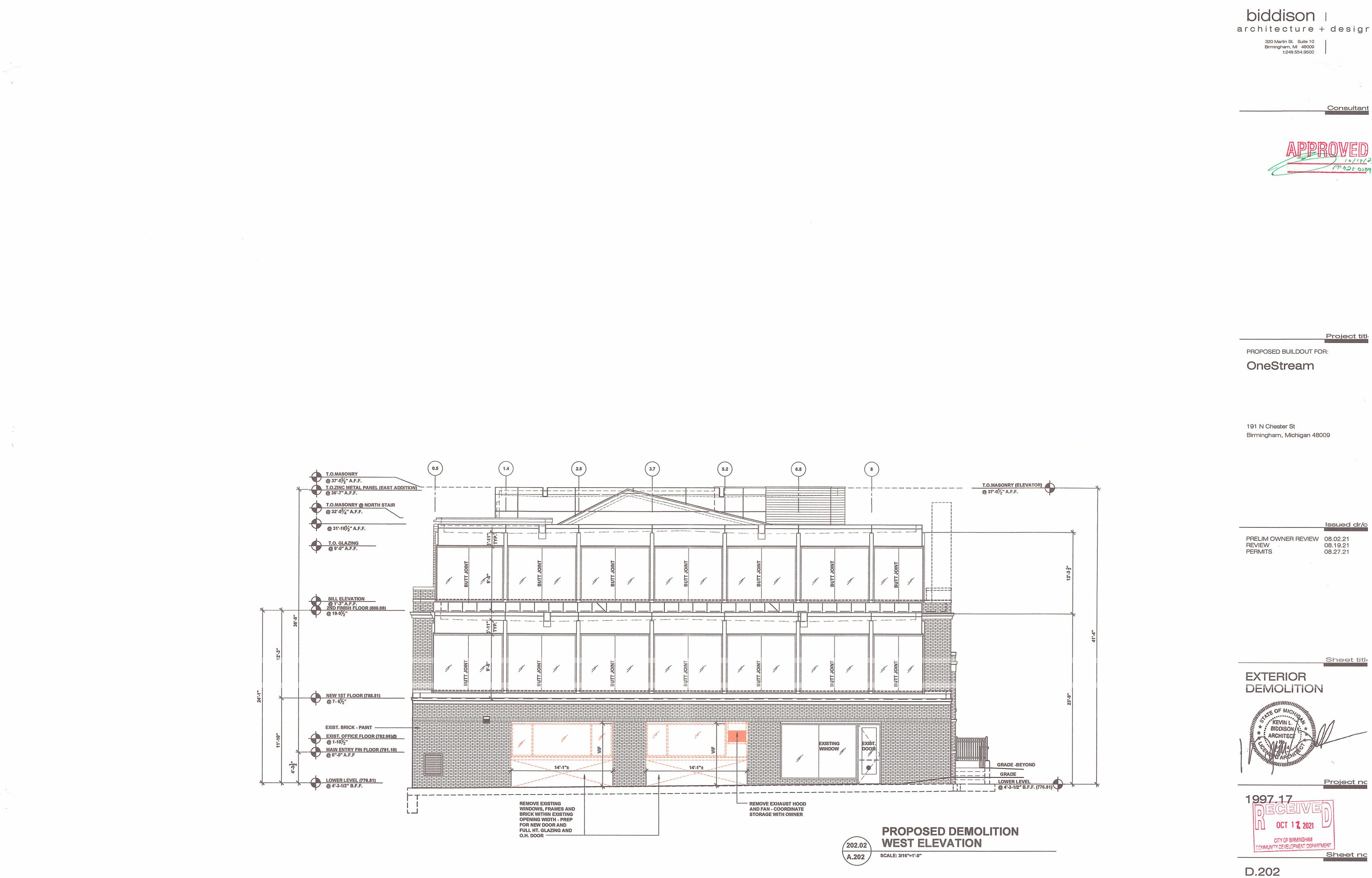
Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations

Fee: \$100	
OCT 1 2 2021	
CITY OF BIRMINGHAM COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT	1



CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

SAM SURNOW	OF THE STATE OF	MICHIGAN	AND
(Name of Property Owner)		1	
OUNTY OF OAKLAND COUNTY	STATE THE FOLLOWN	۷G:	
1. That I am the owner of real estate			<u>лі ;</u>
	(Add	ress of Affected Property)	
2. That I have read and examined th	e Application for Administrativ	e Approval made to the	City of
Birmingham by: SAM SURNOW		2.40	
g.u.u. 0,1	(Name of Applicant)	······································	
3. That I have no objections to, and	consent to the request(s) descril	oed in the Application m	ade to the City
Birmingham.			
By providing your e-mail to the City, you a these me	gree to receive news notifications (ssages, you may unsubscribe at an	from the City. If you do no y time.	t wish to receive
ame of Owner (Printed): SAM SURAC			
gnature of Owner:		_ Date:	44
		/	2



OD E R		
	202.02	PROPOSED DE WEST ELEVAT
	A.202	SCALE: 3/16"=1'-0"

10

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OneStream Signoff OneStream REPRESENTATIVE DATE

T.O.MASONRY (ELEVATOR) @ 37'-0¹/₂" A.F.F.

3" x 3/4" VERT. AND TOP RAIL - 5/8" RODS - CONT. GALV. STEEL ANGLE MOUNTED TO 3" DIA. RISERS - EXISTING EXTERIOR STAIR TO LOWER LEVEL GRADE -BEYOND GRADE

WEST ELEVATION



A.202

Sheet title EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS TE OF MIC BIDDISON VAL YPI Project no.

1997.17

 PRELIM. OWNER REVIEW
 08.02.21

 REVIEW
 08.19.21

 PERMITS
 08.27.21

 BULLETIN #1
 09.17.21

Issued dr/ch

PROPOSED BUILDOUT FOR: OneStream

Consultants

biddison I

320 Martin St. Suite 10 Birmingham, MI 48009 t:248.554.9500

architecture + design

Project title



Birmingham, Michigan 48009

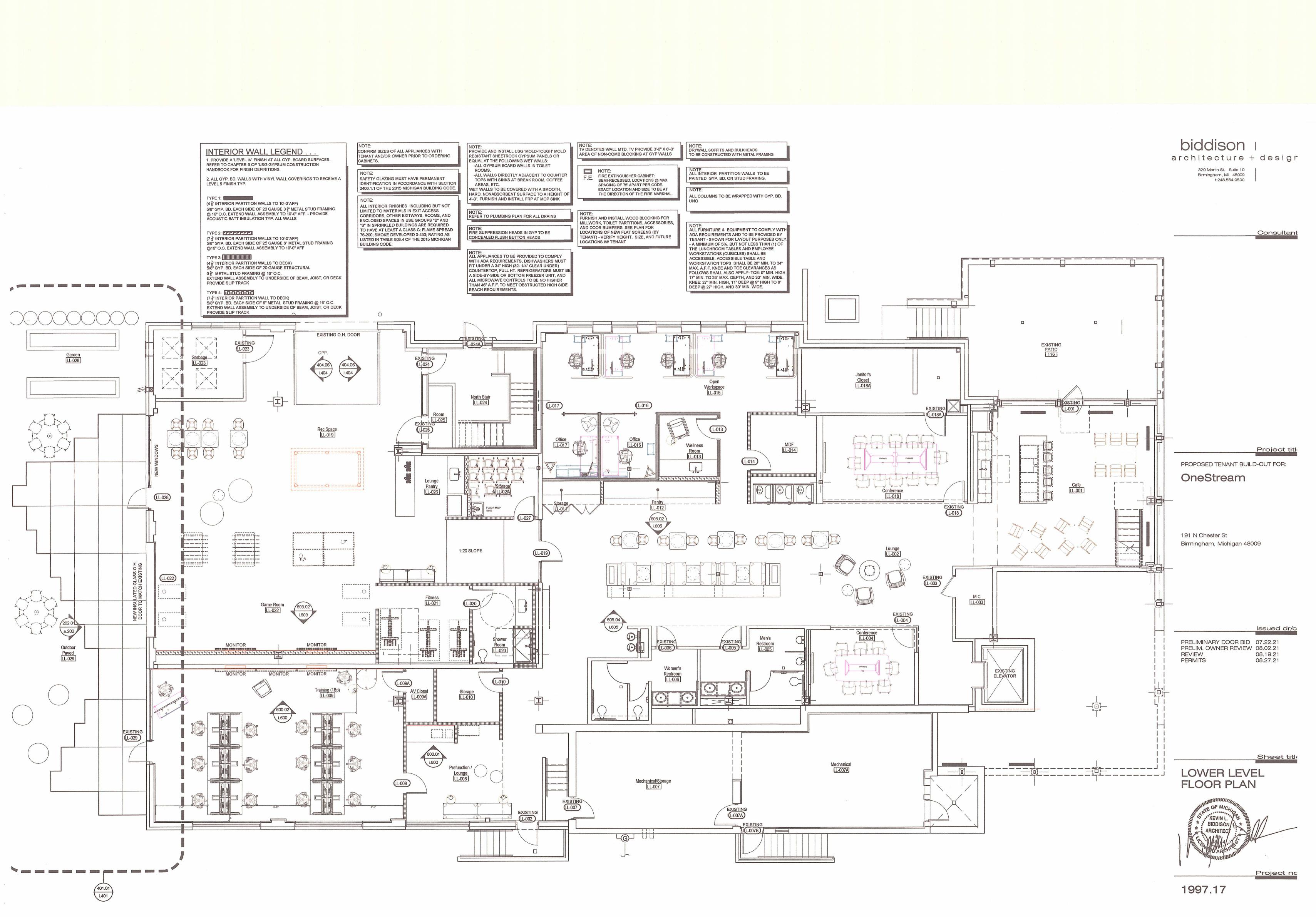
191 N Chester St

SCALE: 3/16"=1'-0"

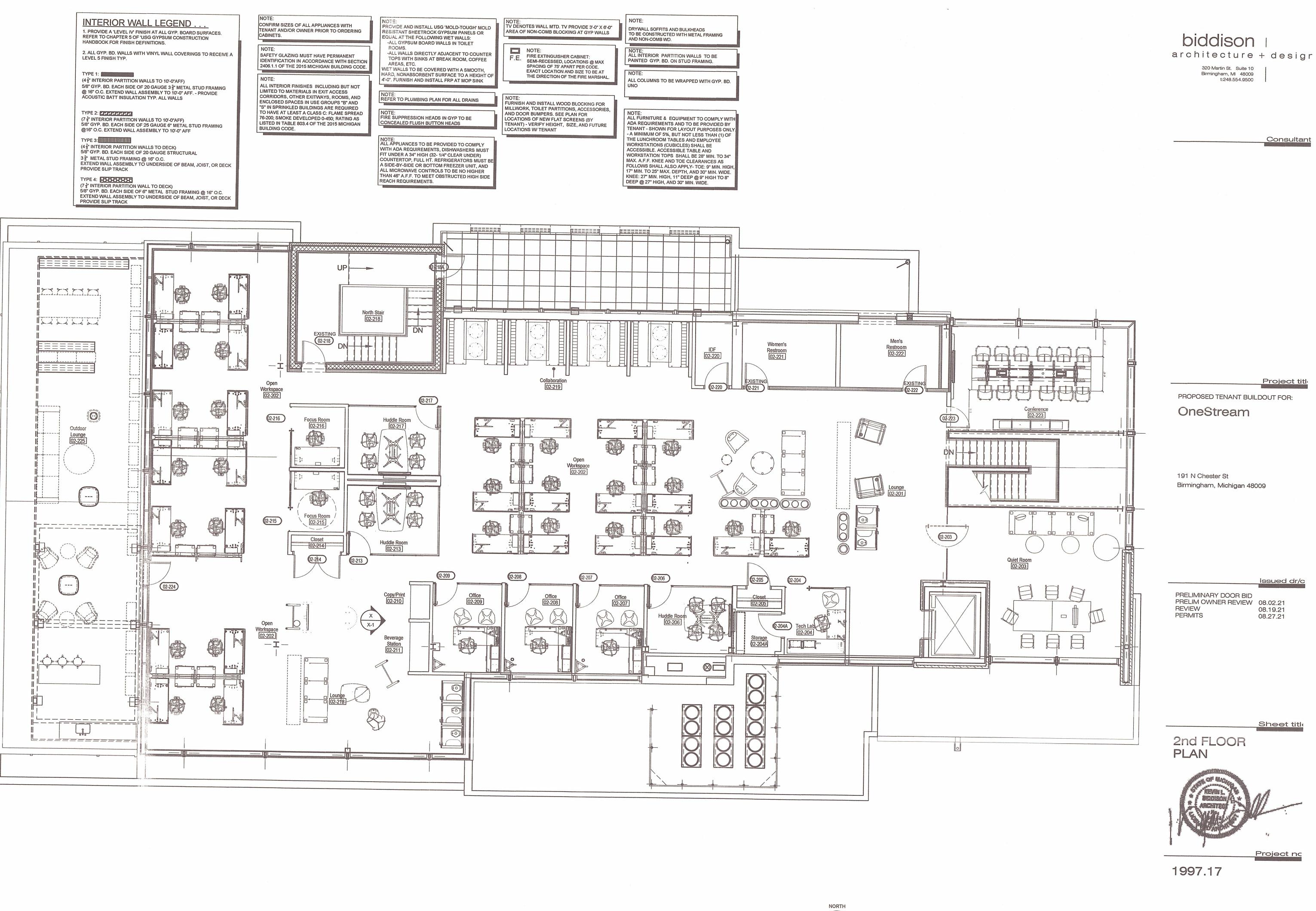
202.02

A.202

2'-8"

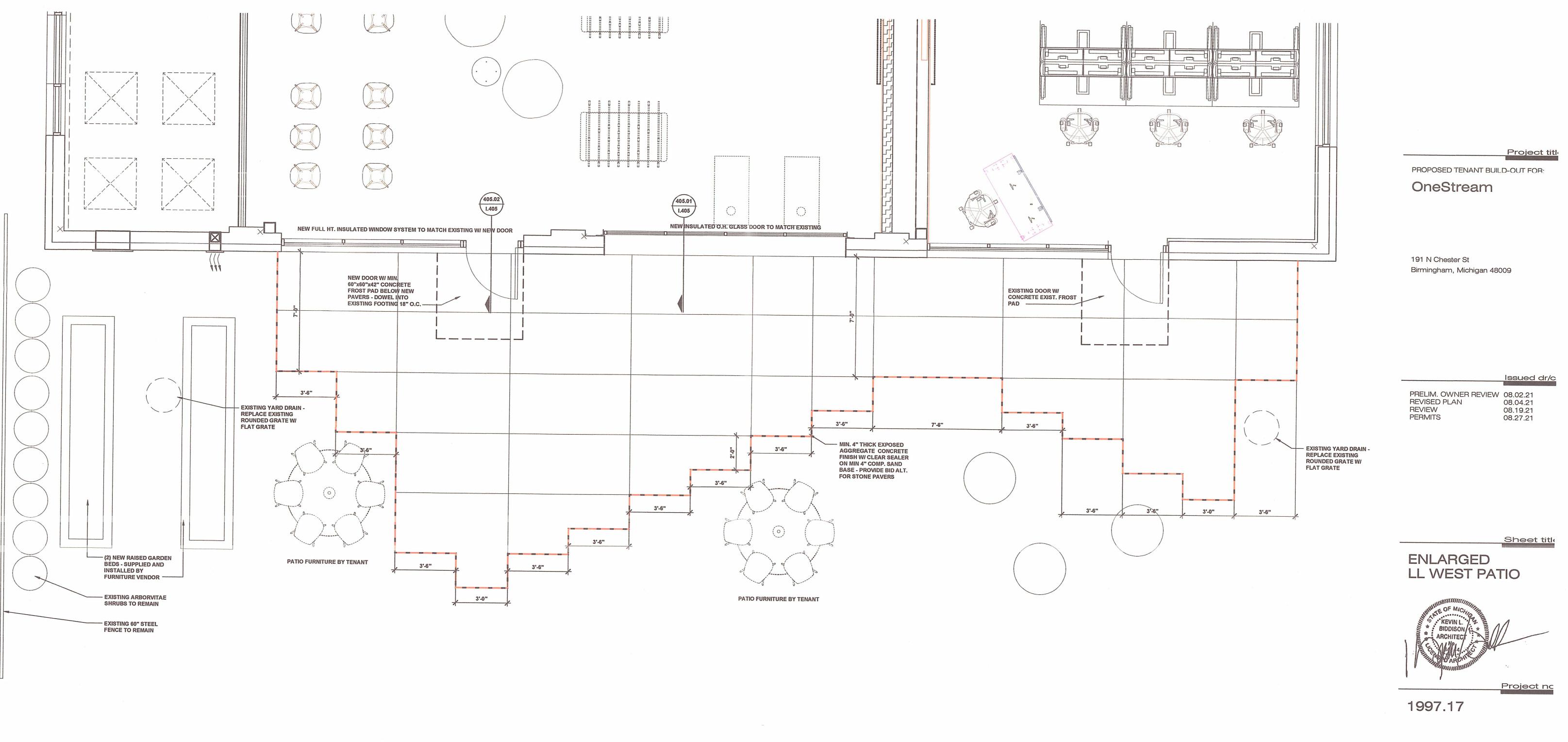


NORTH





2nd FLOOR PLAN



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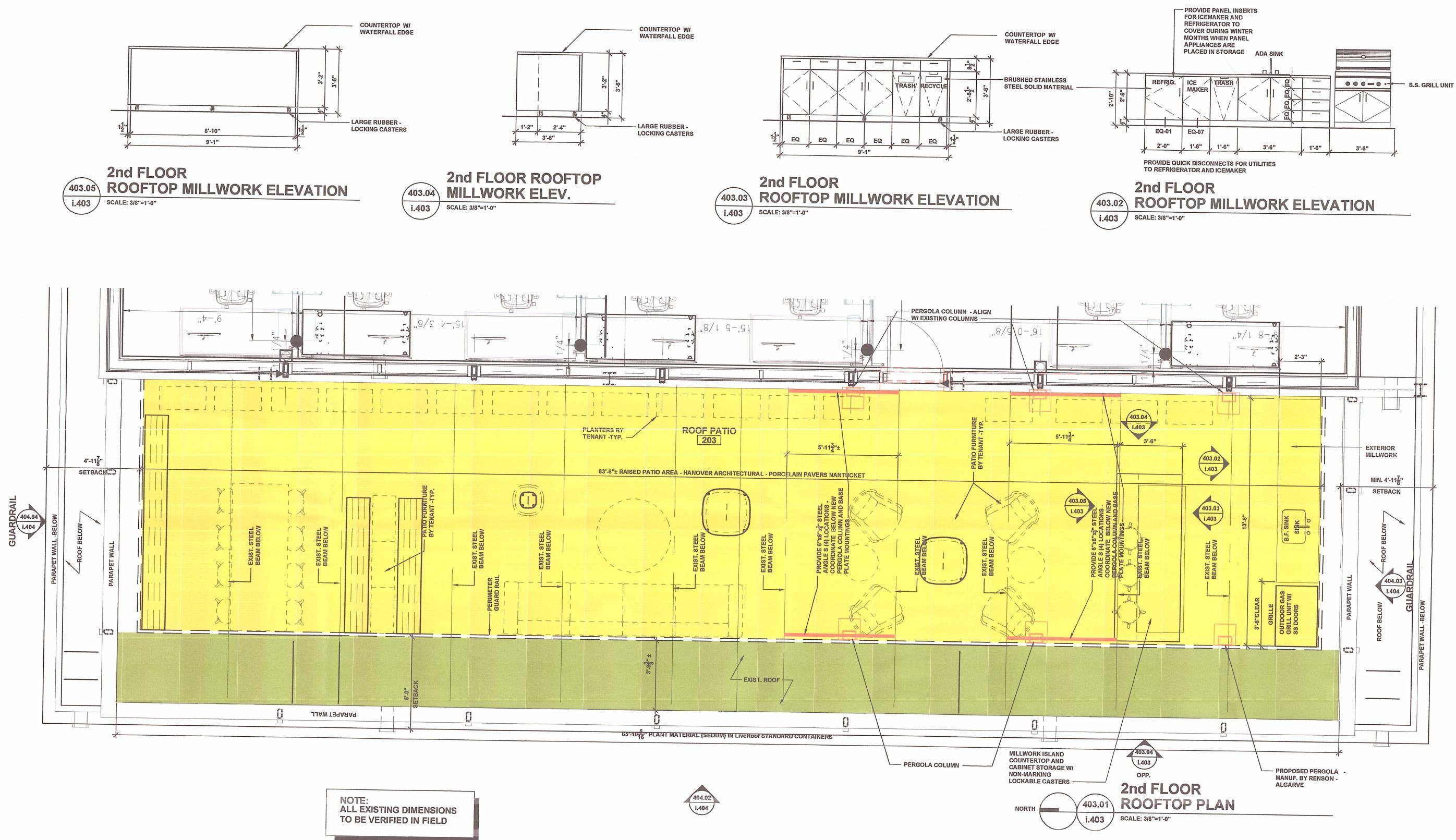
biddison

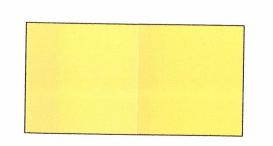
architecture + desigr

320 Martin St. Suite 10 Birmingham, Ml 48009 t:248.554.9500

Consultant

401.01 ENLARGED

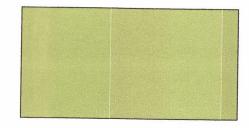




RAISED PAVER SYSTEM

MANUF.: HANOVER ARCHITECTURAL MODEL: PORCELAIN PAVER AND PEDESTAL SYSTEM PAVER: 2'x2' NANTUCKET HP102 RISER: ELEVATOR PEDESTAL SYSTEM

CONTACT: **DUSTIN REED** 717.637.0500 DREED@HANOVERPAVERS.COM



GREEN ROOF SYSTEM

MANUF.: 'LIVEROOF' MODEL: LIVEROOF STANDARD MODULE PLANT MATERIAL: SEDUM SUPPORT: GRIDLOC SYSTEM BY HANOVER ARCHITECTURAL RISER: ELEVATOR PEDESTAL SYSTEM BY HANOVER ARCHITECTURAL IRRIGATION: DRIP IRRIGATION WITH TIMER - COORDINATE W/ LANDSCAPING IRRIGATION

LIVEROOF.COM



Consultant



Project title

PROPOSED TENANT BUILD-OUT FOR:

OneStream

191 N Chester St Birmingham, Michigan 48009

Issued dr/c
 PRELIM. PRICING
 07.27.21

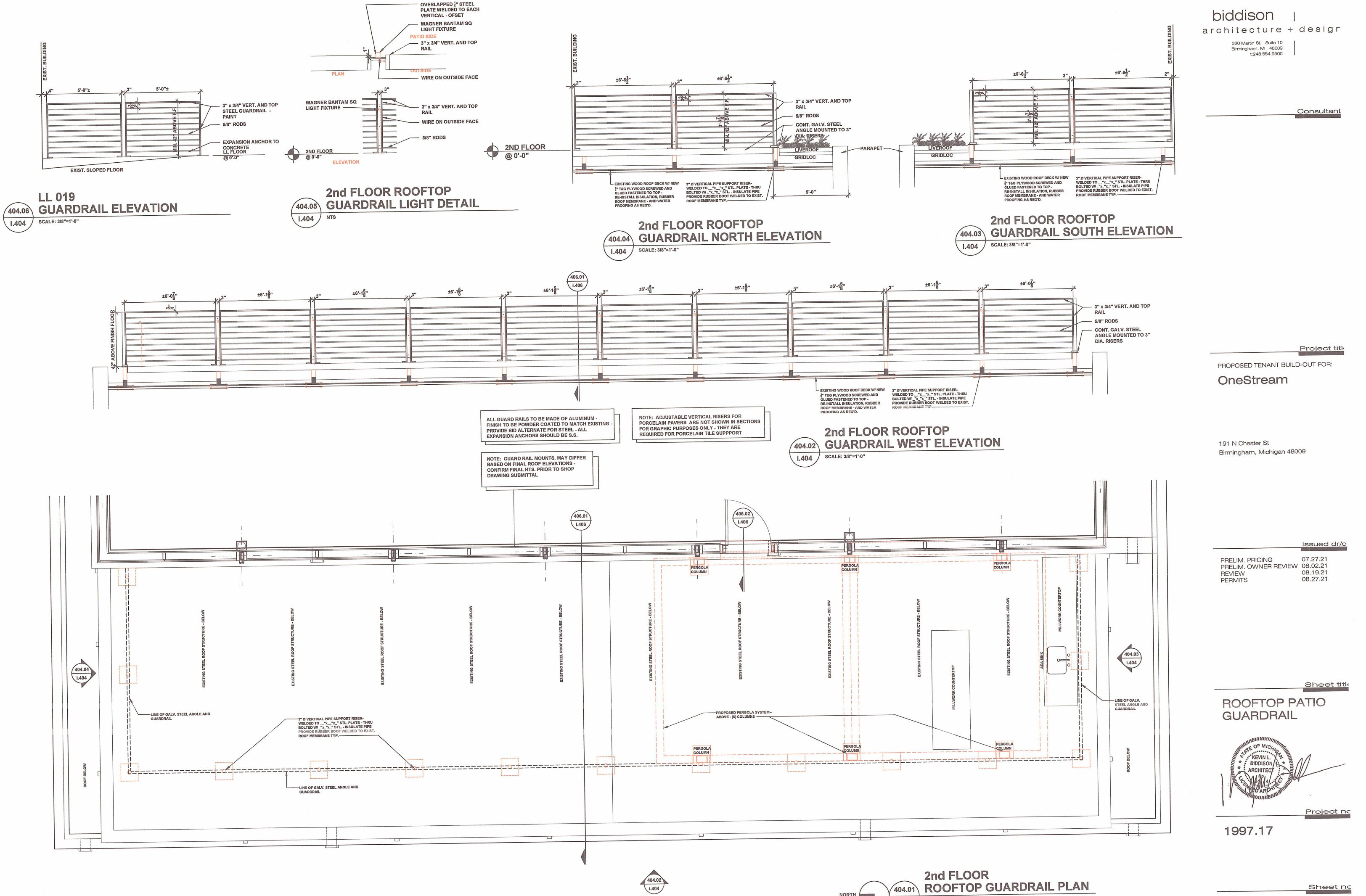
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 08.02.21

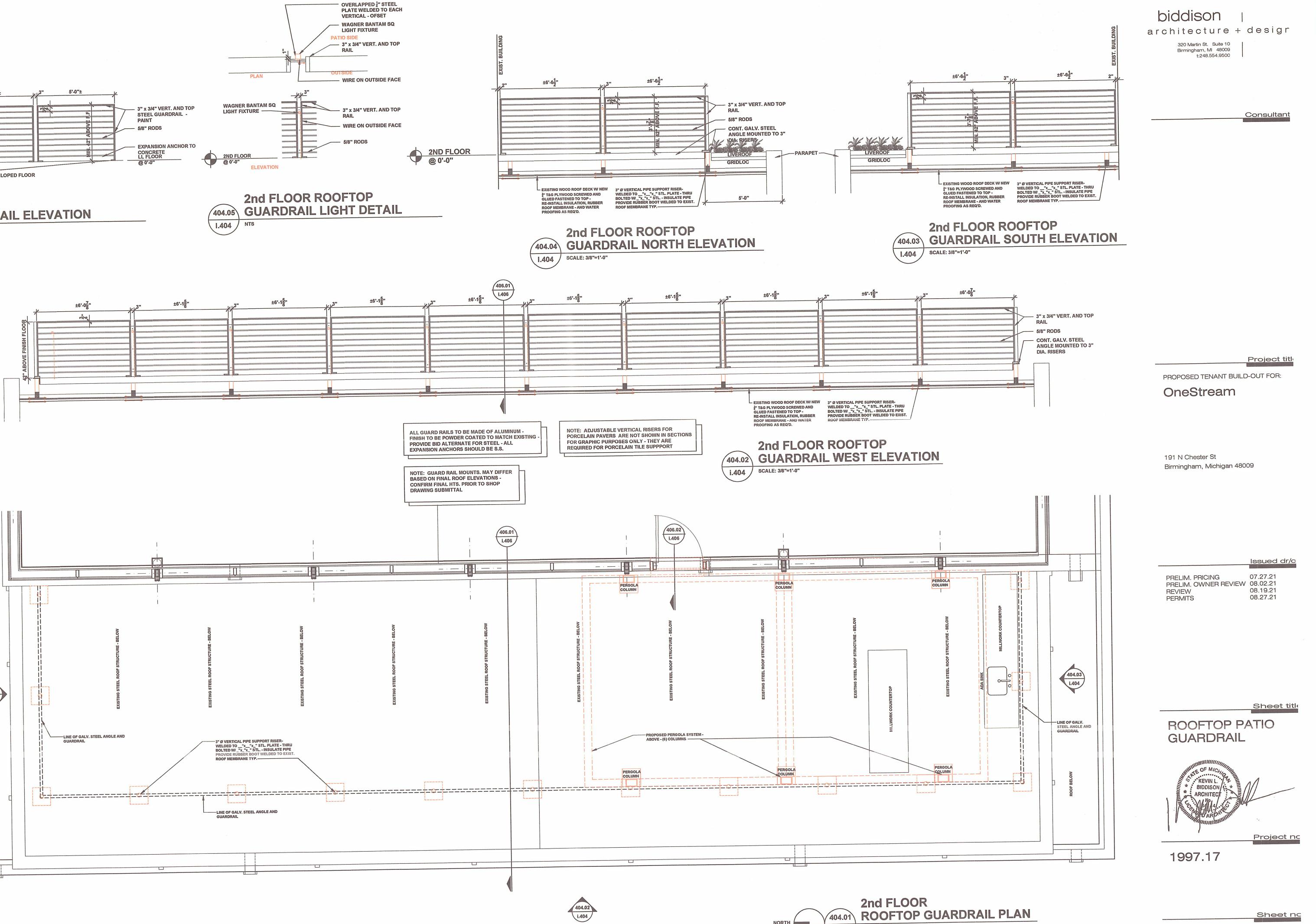
 REVIEW
 08.19.21

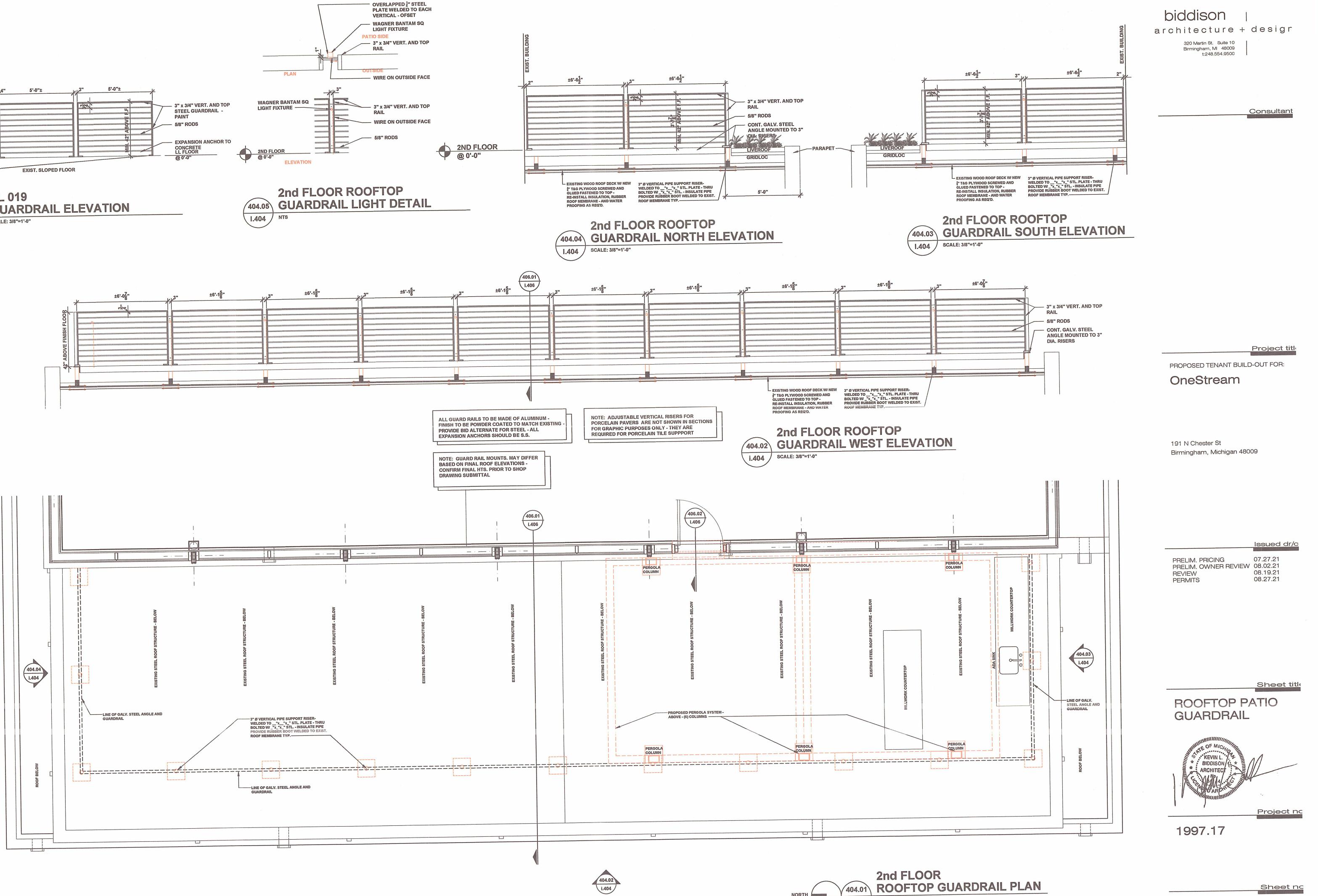
 PERMITS
 08.27.21

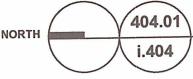
Sheet title **ROOFTOP PATIO** PLAN AND ELEV. KEVIN L. BIDDISON /1 ARCHITEC Project nc 1997.17

i.403



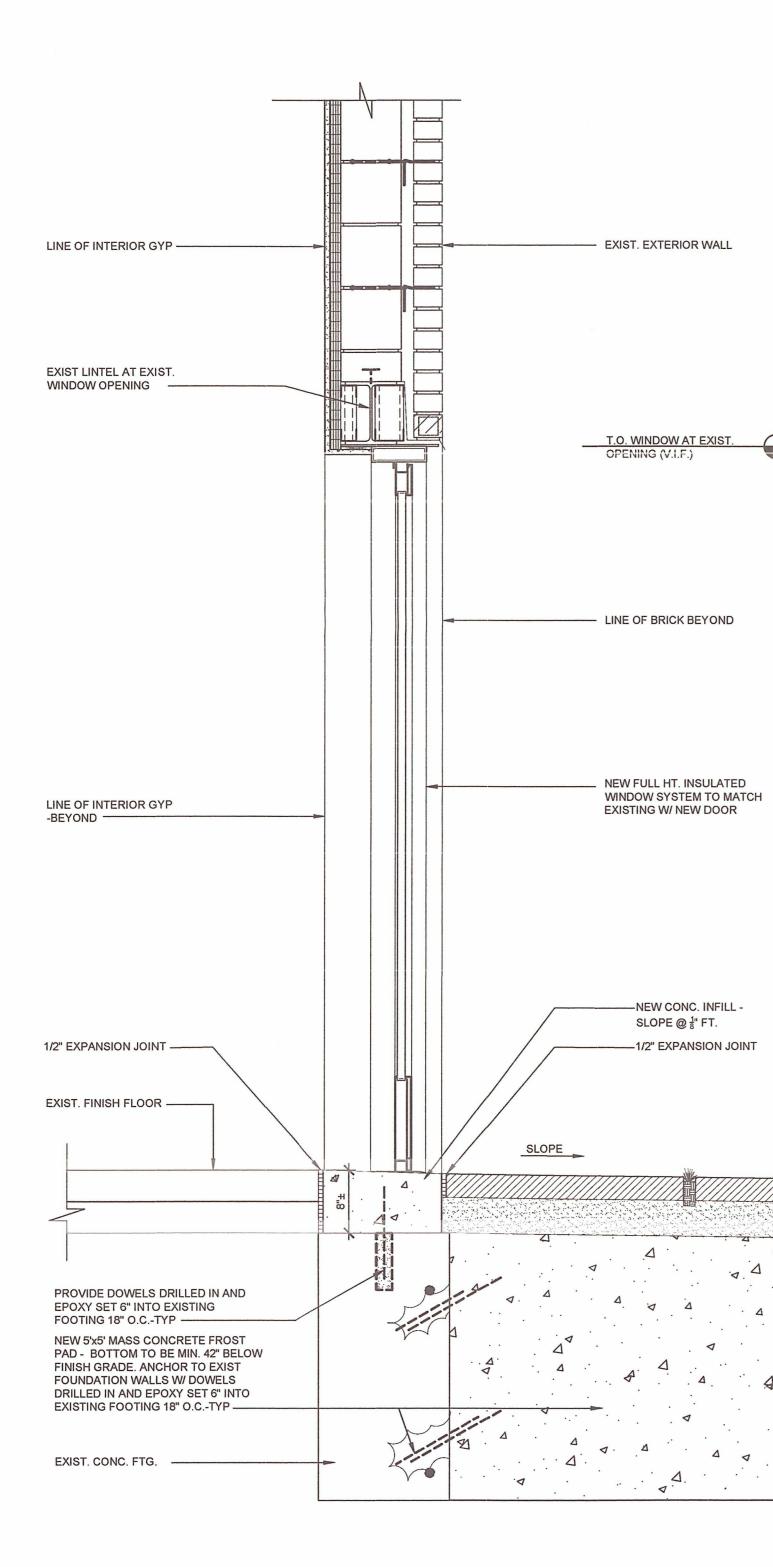






SCALE: 3/8"=1'-0"

i.404

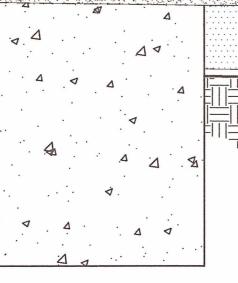


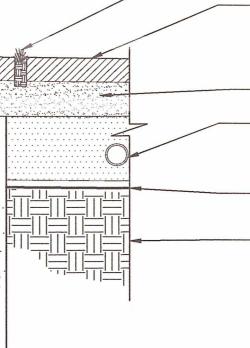
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FULL HT. WINDOW SECTION 402.01 i.401 SCALE: 1"=1'-0"





- 4" PERFORATED AND SOCKED

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC PER

ASTM D6767-02

- EXIST SOIL

DRAIN TILE - SET IN PEA GRAVEL

PRECASE CONCRETE PAVERS SET IN SLAG SAND SETTING BETWEEN SOD & GRASS

SOD & GRASS BTW PRECAST PAVERS

- SLAG SAND SETTING BED

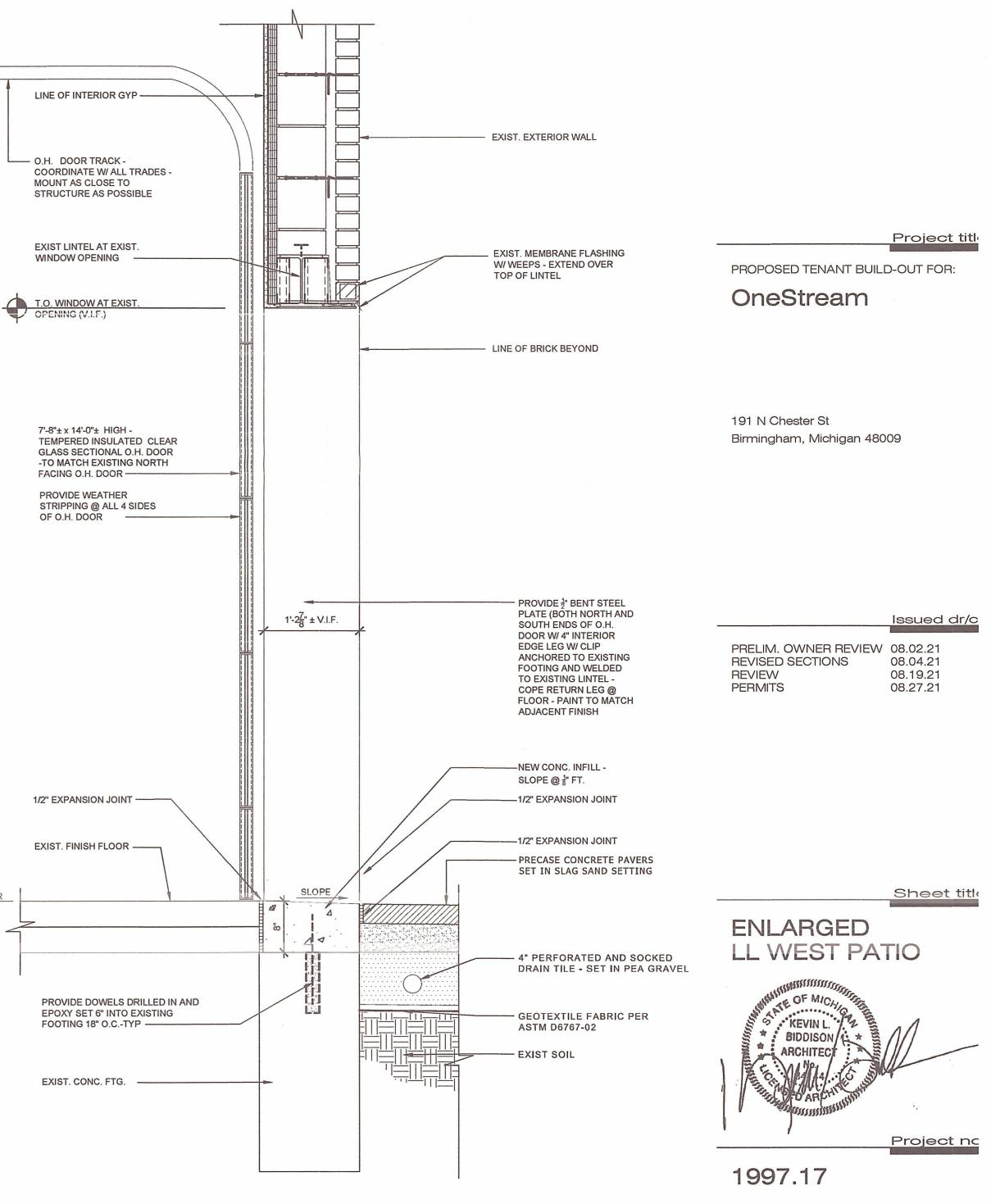
FINISH BASEMENT FLOOR

EXIST. FINISH FLOOR ----

FACING O.H. DOOR -PROVIDE WEATHER

EXIST LINTEL AT EXIST. WINDOW OPENING

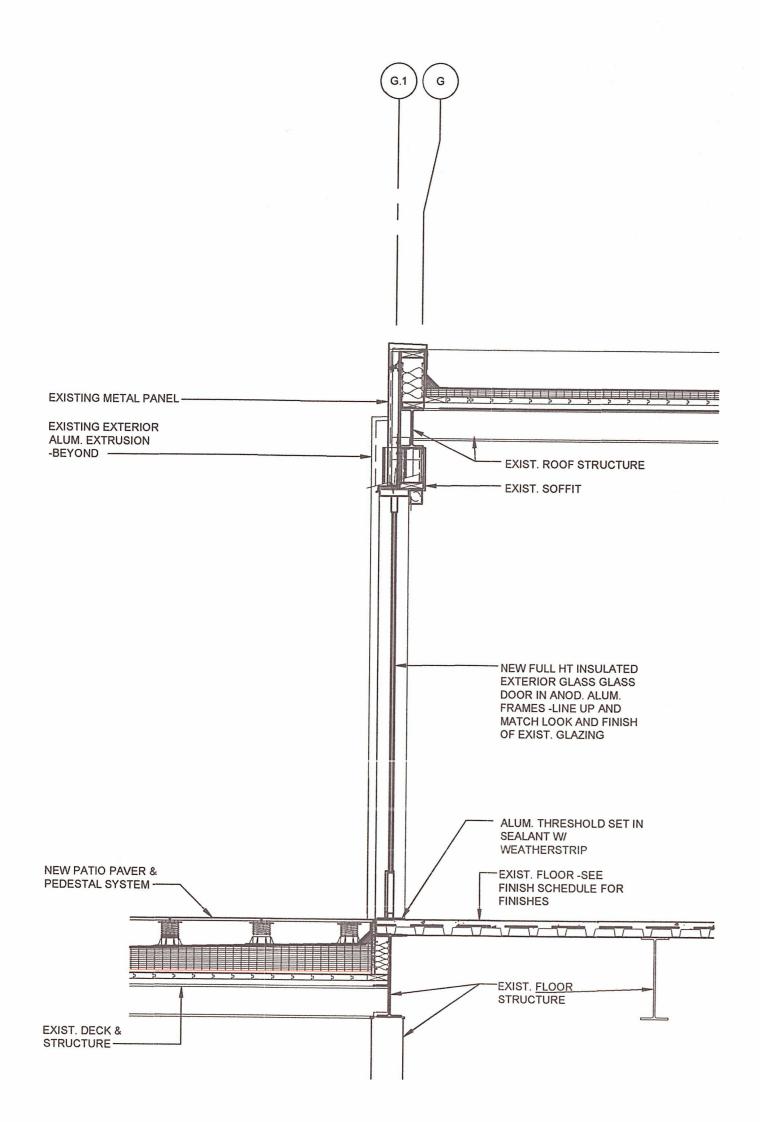
- O.H. DOOR TRACK -MOUNT AS CLOSE TO STRUCTURE AS POSSIBLE



biddison I architecture + desig 320 Martin St. Suite 10 Birmingham, Ml 48009 t:248.554.9500

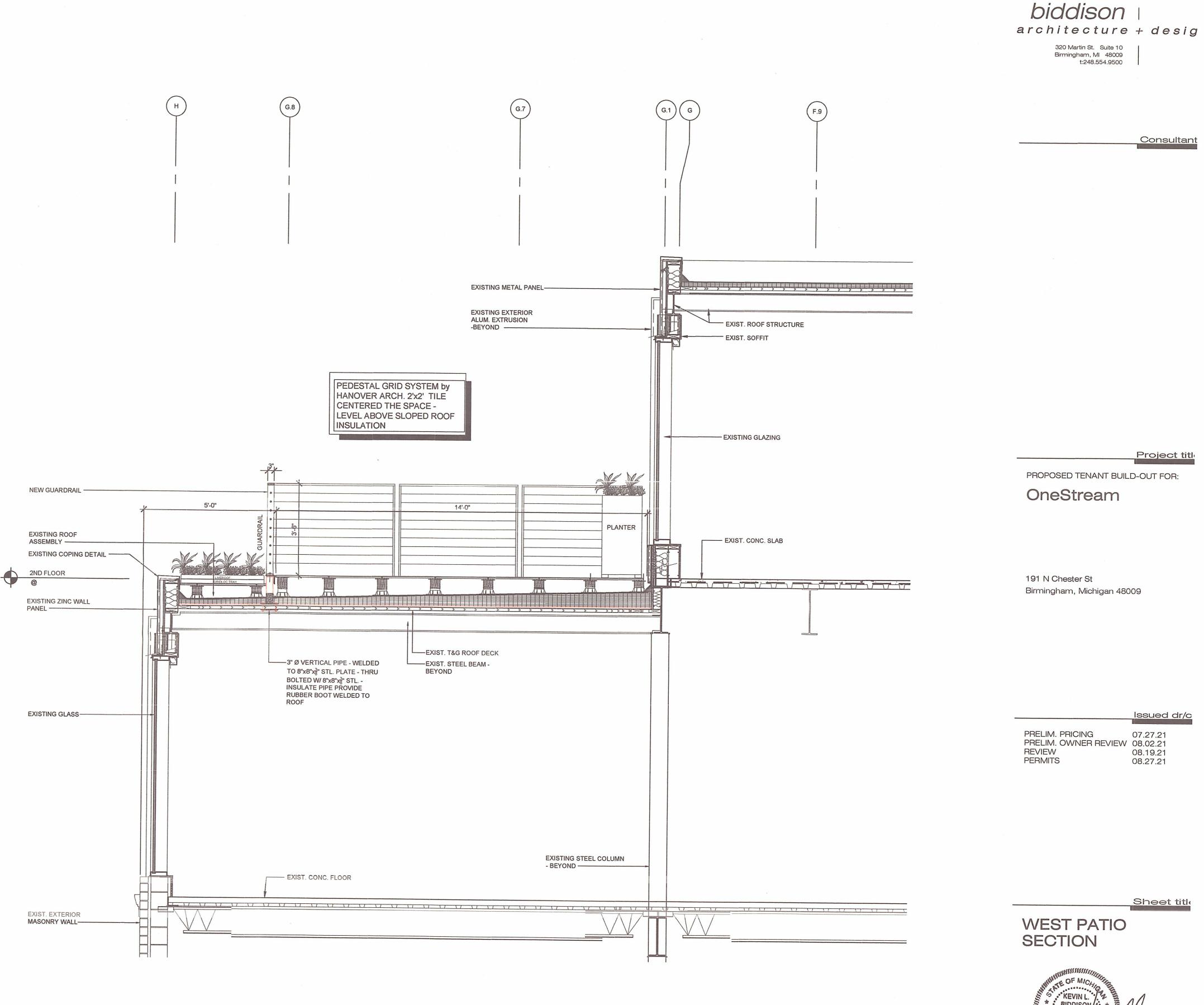
Consultant





406.02 WEST ROOF DOOR SECTION SCALE: 1/2"=1'-0" i.406

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BIDDISON ARCHITEC Project nc

1997.17

PERGOLA SYSTEM MANUF .: RENSON

MODEL: ALGARVE

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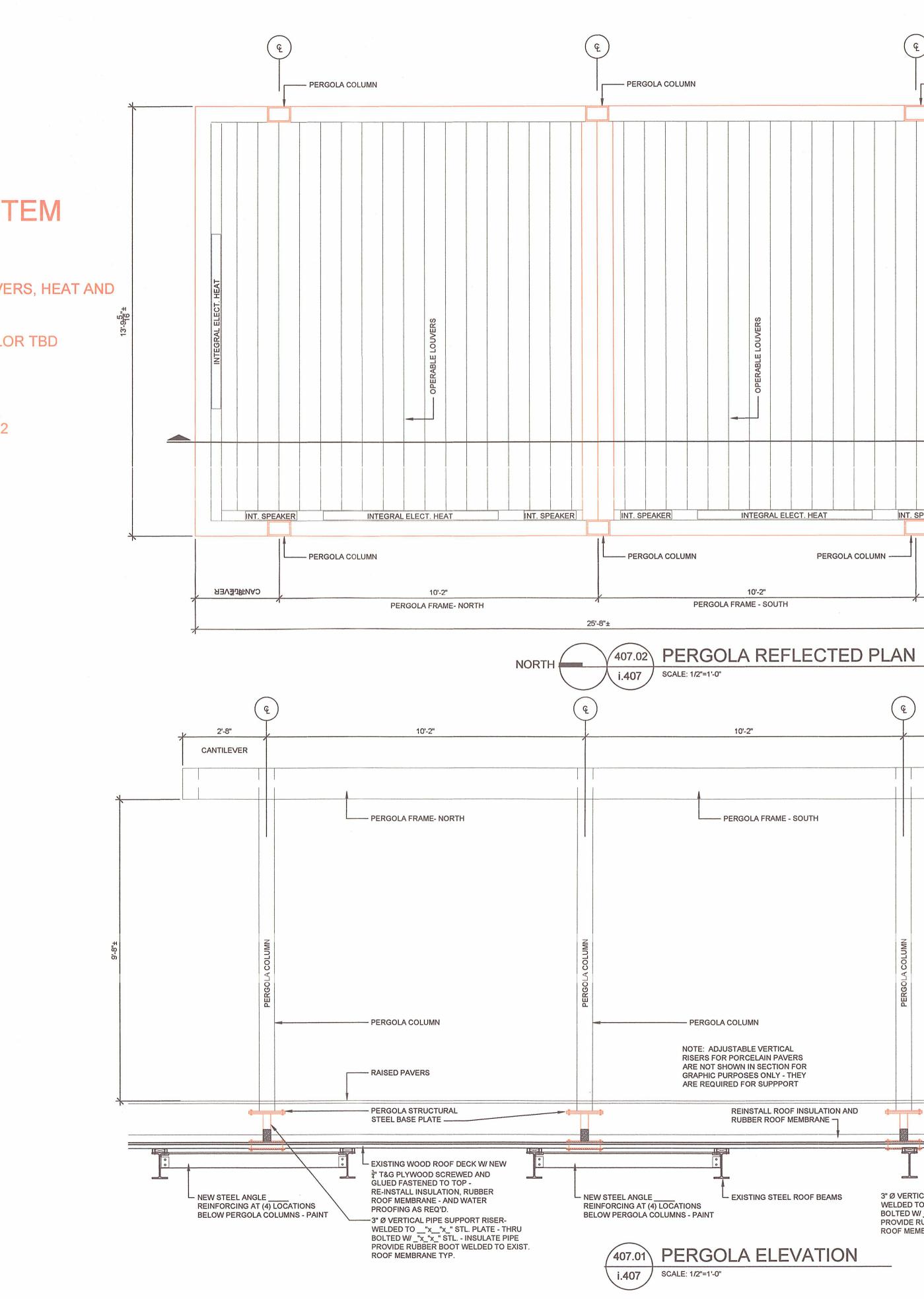
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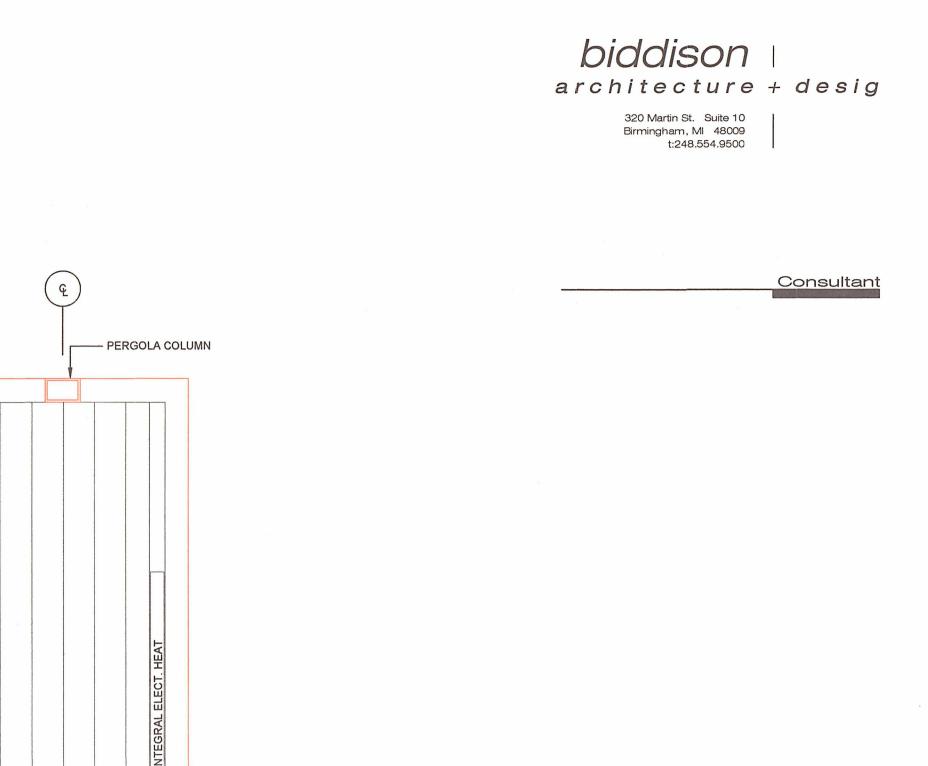
FEATURES: OPERABLE LOUVERS, HEAT AND **SPEAKERS**

FINISH: POWDER COAT, COLOR TBD

CONTACT: David Torres Blindtek Designer Systems, Inc. 466 Saw Mill River Road, Floor 2 Ardsley, NY 10502

914 347-7100 x7210 914 330-4632 Cell David@bds-blindtek.com





Project title

PROPOSED BUILD-OUT FOR: OneStream

191 N Chester St

Birmingham, Michigan 48009

PERGOLA COLUMN ----2'-8" CANTILEVER

INT. SPEAKER

(407.01) i.407

Q) Issued dr/c 2'-8" PRELIM PRICING PRELIM. OWNER REVIEW 07.27.21 CANTILEVER REVIEW 08.19.21 PERMITS 08.27.21 - EXTERIOR RATED MILLWORK - LAM. FLUSH PANEL DOORS/DRAWERS W/ Sheet title **CONCEALED HINGES &** SPECIFIED PULLS PROVIDE (2) PERGOLA ADJUSTABLE SHELF (TYP.) DETAILS 2'-1" --- NEW GUARDRAIL MOUNTED TO GALV. STEEL ANGLE - POWDER COAT FINISH TO MATCH EXISTING BUILDING COF MIC RAILINGS - SEE DETAIL KEVIN L. -----BIDDISON/1 -GALV. STEEL ANGLE -MOUNTED TO 3" DIA. ARCHITECT **RISERS ON STEEL** PLATES REINSTALL ROOF INSULATION AND RUBBER ROOF MEMBRANE EXISTING PARAPET Project nc 1997.17 3" Ø VERTICAL PIPE SUPPORT RISER-WELDED TO __"x_" x_" STL. PLATE - THRU BOLTED W/ _"x_"x_" STL. - INSULATE PIPE PROVIDE RUBBER BOOT WELDED TO EXIST. ROOF MEMBRANE TYP. ----

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Administrative Approval Application Planning Division



Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out.

1. Applicant

Name: Maple Elm Development Company 2 LLC Address: 31731 Northwestern Highway, Suite 250W	
Farmington Hills MI, 48334	
Phone Number: 248-737-6175	
Fax Number: 248-737-6177	
Email Address: mhighlen@beztak.com	

3. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person

Name: Mark Highlen - Land Development Project Manager	
Address: 31731 Northwestern Highway, Suite 250W	
Farmington Hills MI, 48334	
Phone Number: 248-737-6175 desk, 248-506-9398 mobile	
Fax Number: 248-737-6177	
Email Address: mhighlen@beztak.com	

5. Project Information

Address/Location of Property: 219 El nStreet Birningham MI	
Name of Development: All Seasons of Birmingham 2	
Parcel ID#: 19-36-227-028	
Current Use: o lice (a ant)	
Area in Acres: 0.35 acres	
Current Zoning: MU3 / 0-2 in the Triangle District	

6. Required Attachments

- Warranty Deed with legal description of property
- Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
- Completed Checklist
- Material Samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

2. Property Owner Name: Maple Elm Development Company 2 LLC Address: Same as Applicant Phone Number: ______ Fax Number: ______ Email Address: ______

4. Project Designer/Developer

Name: Alexander Bogaerts & Associates	
Address: 2445 Franklin Road	
Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302	
Phone Number: 248-334-5000	
Fax Number: N/A	
Email Address: tmarszalec@bogaerts.us.	

Name of Historic District if any: <u>n/a</u>	
Date of HDC Approval, if any: n/a	
Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan:	
Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval:	
Date of Application for Final Site Plan:	
Date of Final Site Plan Approval:	
Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval:	

- One (1) digital copy of plans
- Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

request administrative approval of minor changes to the previously approved building facade. Changes due to detailed building design work, site considerations, and area context. Please note that no changes are proposed for building materials

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan.

	Office Use Only	1
Application #: PAA21-0107	Date Received: 10 8 2021	Fee: \$100.00
Date of Approval: 1918/21	Date of Denial: N/A-	Reviewed By

City	of Birmingham
-	A Walkable Conversity

v. R

CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

I, <u>N/A - Owner is Applicant</u> , OF THE STATE OF, OF THE STATE OF	AND
COUNTY OF STATE THE FOLLOWING:	
1. That I am the owner of real estate located at	
2. That I have read and examined the Application for Administrative Approval made to the Ci	ty of
Birmingham by:; (Name of Applicant)	
3. That I have no objections to, and consent to the request(s) described in the Application mad	e to the City of
Birmingham.	
Name of Owner (Printed):	
Signature of Owner: Date:	

2

OAKLAND COUNTY TREASURERS CERTIFICATE This is to certify that there are no delinquent property taxes as of this date owed to our office on this property. No representation is made as to the status of any taxes, tax liens or titles owed to any other entities.

JAN 23 2020

ANDREW E. MEISNER, County Treasurer

5.00

File Number: 863232BH

Sec. 135, Act 206, 1893 as amended

20340 LIBER 53766 PAGE 529 \$26.00 DEED - CONBINED \$4.00 REMONUMENTATION 01/28/2020 02:30:55 P.M. RECEIPT# 15833 PAID RECORDED - OAKLAND COUNTY LISA BROWN, CLERK/REGISTER OF DEEDS

WARRANTY DEED

Corporate(Platted/Condominium)

Drafted By: Mark S. Turnbull Kelly Crossing, LLC 10124 Bertram Lane Fort Myers, FL 33919	Return To: Maple Elm Development Company II 31731 Northwestern Highway, Ste 25 Farmington Hills, MI 48334	LLC Map 50 W 3173	1 Tax Bills To: e Elm Development Company II LLC 1 Northwestern Highway, Ste 250 W ington Hills, MI 48334
Recording Fee: \$	State Transfer Tax:	\$REVTA F	ed Tax Parcel No.: 19-36-227-028

County Transfer Tax: \$REVTA Filed

Know All Persons by These Presents: That Kelly Crossing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company whose address is 10124 Bertram Lane, Fort Myers, FL 33919

Convey(s) and Warrant(s) to Maple Elm Development Company II LLC, a Michigan limited liability company whose address is 31731 Northwestern Highway, Ste 250 W, Farmington Hills, MI 48334

the following described premises situated in the City of Birmingham, County of Oakland, State of Michigan, to wit:

(SEE ATTACHED EXHIBIT A)

More commonly known as: **219 Elm Street, Birmingham, MI 48009** For the full consideration of: **Real Estate Transfer Valuation Affidavit on File**

Subject To:

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Existing wilding and use restrictions, easements of record, and zoning ordinances, if any.

First American Title

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ATTA		11th	

First American Title Insurance Company

REVENUE TO BE AFFIXED AFTER RECORDING

RETURN TO: 이 I e 문 이 First American Title 13.0 10291 E Grand River, Ste B dis." Brighton, MI 48116 ÷ŝi 1. 551 s s 13: 16 11 110 FIERIK 21 NOV SURVO - E- E C E 23/ OKLB

(Attached to and becoming a part of Warranty Deed dated: January 10th, 2020 between Kelly Crossing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, as Seller(s) and Maple Elm Development Company II LLC, a Michigan limited liability company, as Purchaser(s).)

Dated this $\underline{10}^{th}$ day of January, 2020.

Seller(s):

Kelly Crossing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company

By: Synergy Commercial Group LLC, a Florida limited liability company

Its: Sole Member

By Name: Mark S. Turnbull

Title: Manager

State of Michigan County of OBMLATID

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this <u>ioth</u> day of January, 2020 by Mark S. Turnbull, Manager of Synergy Commercial Group, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, Sole Member of Kelly Crossing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company.

Hegy Almabli

Notary Public: GREGORY J. GAMALSIN' Notary County/State: / UAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN County Acting In: UAKLAND COUNTY Commission Expires: 12/07/2020 (Attached to and becoming a part of Warranty Deed dated: January <u>//</u>, 2020 between Kelly Crossing, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, as Seller(s) and Maple Elm Development Company II LLC, a Michigan limited liability company, as Purchaser(s).)

EXHIBIT A

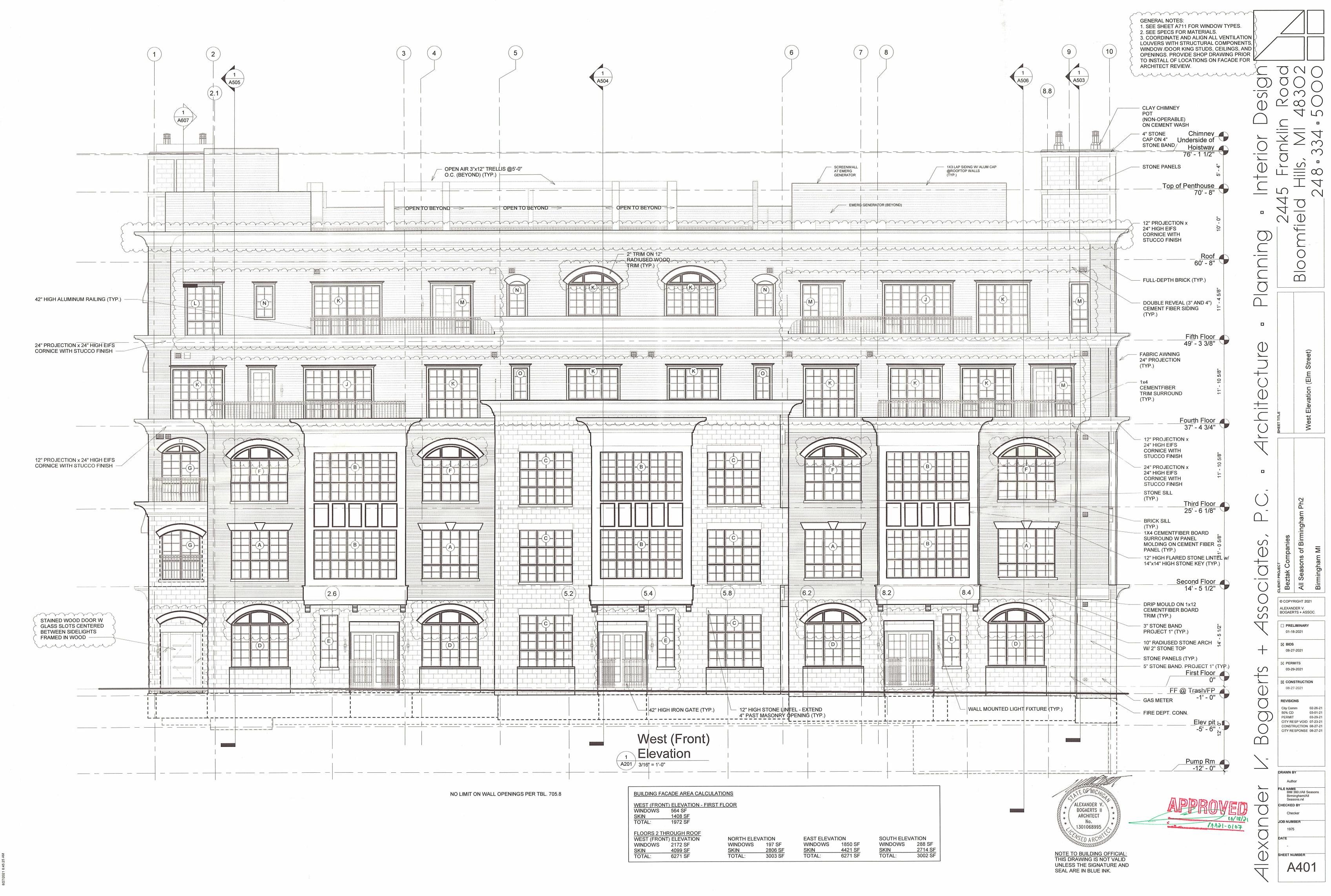
Land situated in the City of Birmingham, County of Oakland, State of Michigan, described as follows:

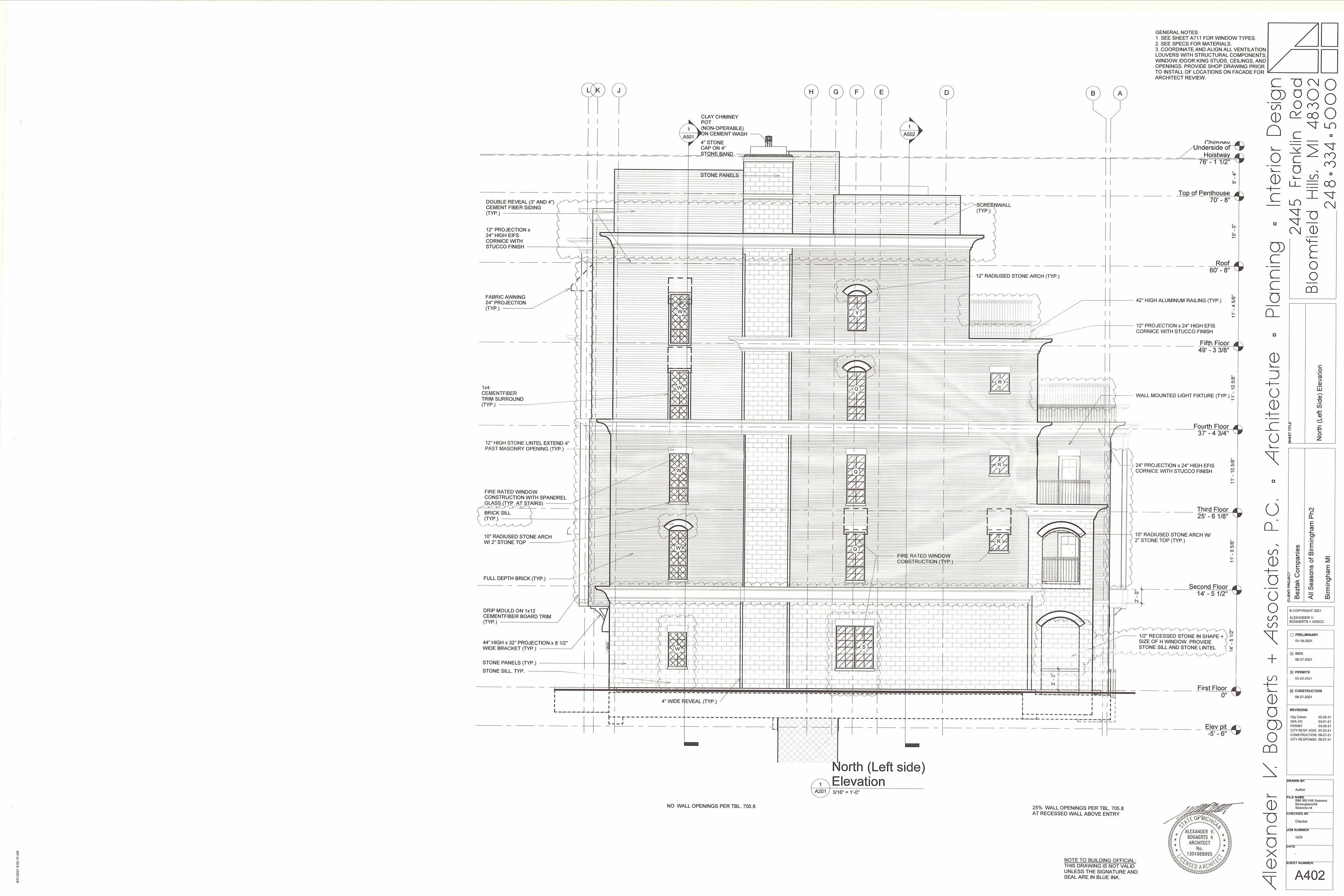
Lot 1, EXCEPT the North 158.70 feet, also EXCEPT the South 13.65 feet of the North 172.35 feet of the East 4.52 feet; also the West 9.50 feet of the South 124.68 feet of Lot 2 of ASSESSOR'S PLAT NO. 31, according to the plat thereof recorded in Liber 99 of Plats, Pages 16 and 17 of Oakland County Records.

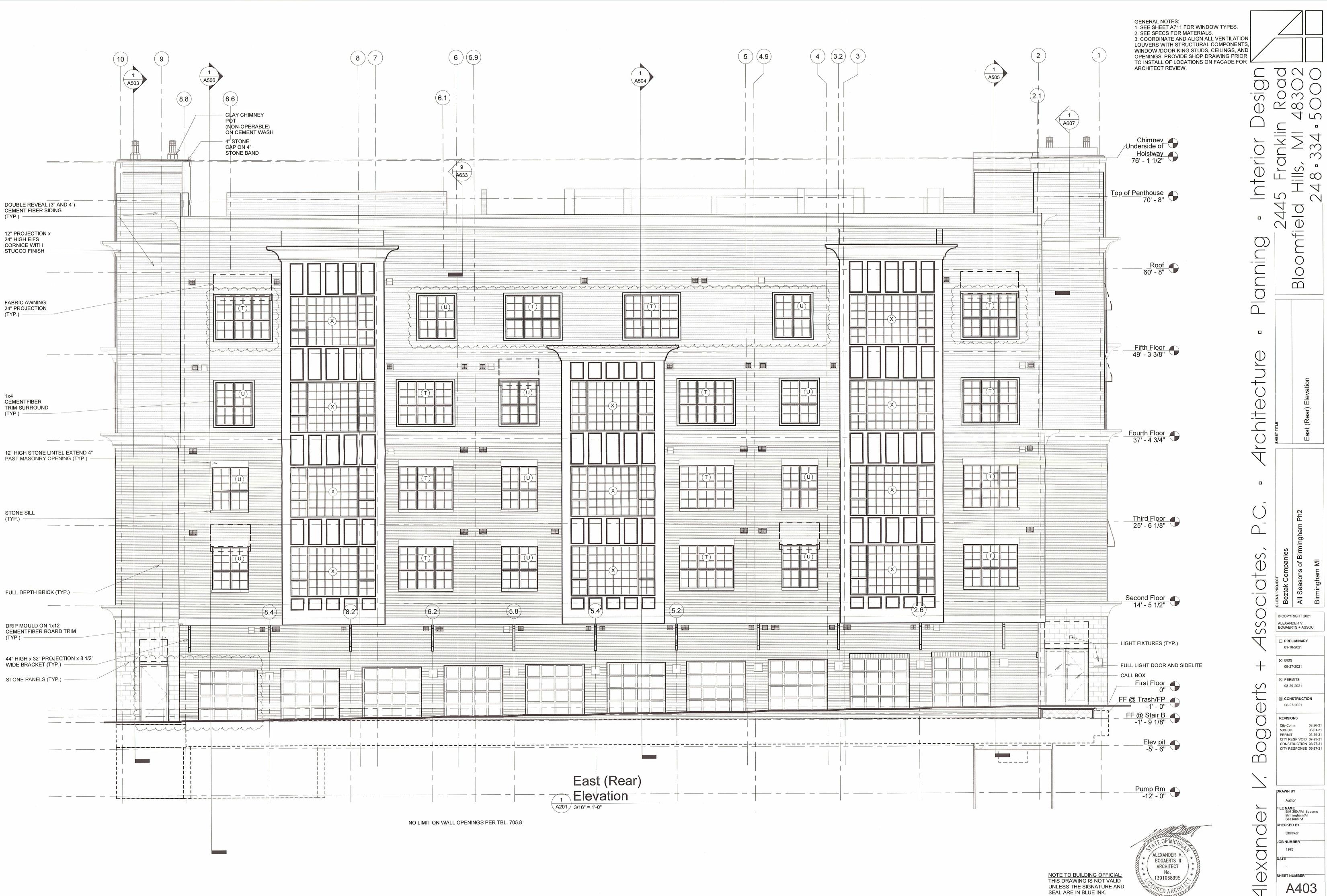
Tax Parcel Number: 19-36-227-028

8 34 g

c/k/a 219 Elm Street, Birmingham, MI







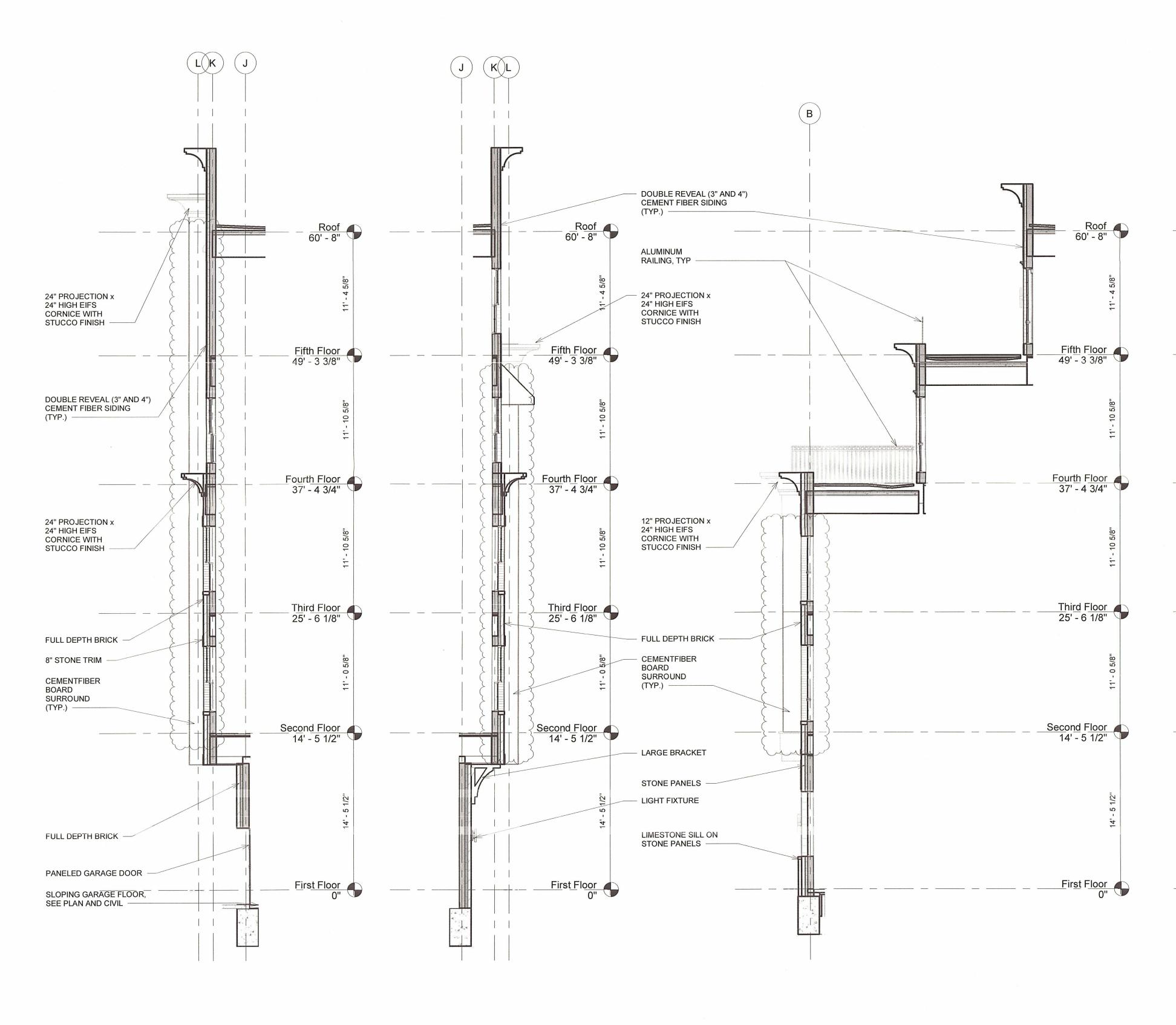
UNLESS THE SIGNATURE AND SEAL ARE IN BLUE INK.

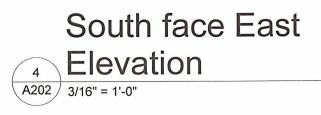
A403



GENERAL NOTES: 1. SEE SHEET A711 FOR WINDOW TYPES. SEE SHEET A/TT FOR WINDOW TYPES.
 SEE SPECS FOR MATERIALS.
 COORDINATE AND ALIGN ALL VENTILATION LOUVERS WITH STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS, WINDOW /DOOR KING STUDS, CEILINGS, AND OPENINGS. PROVIDE SHOP DRAWING PRIOR TO INSTALL OF LOCATIONS ON FACADE FOR ARCHITECT REVIEW.

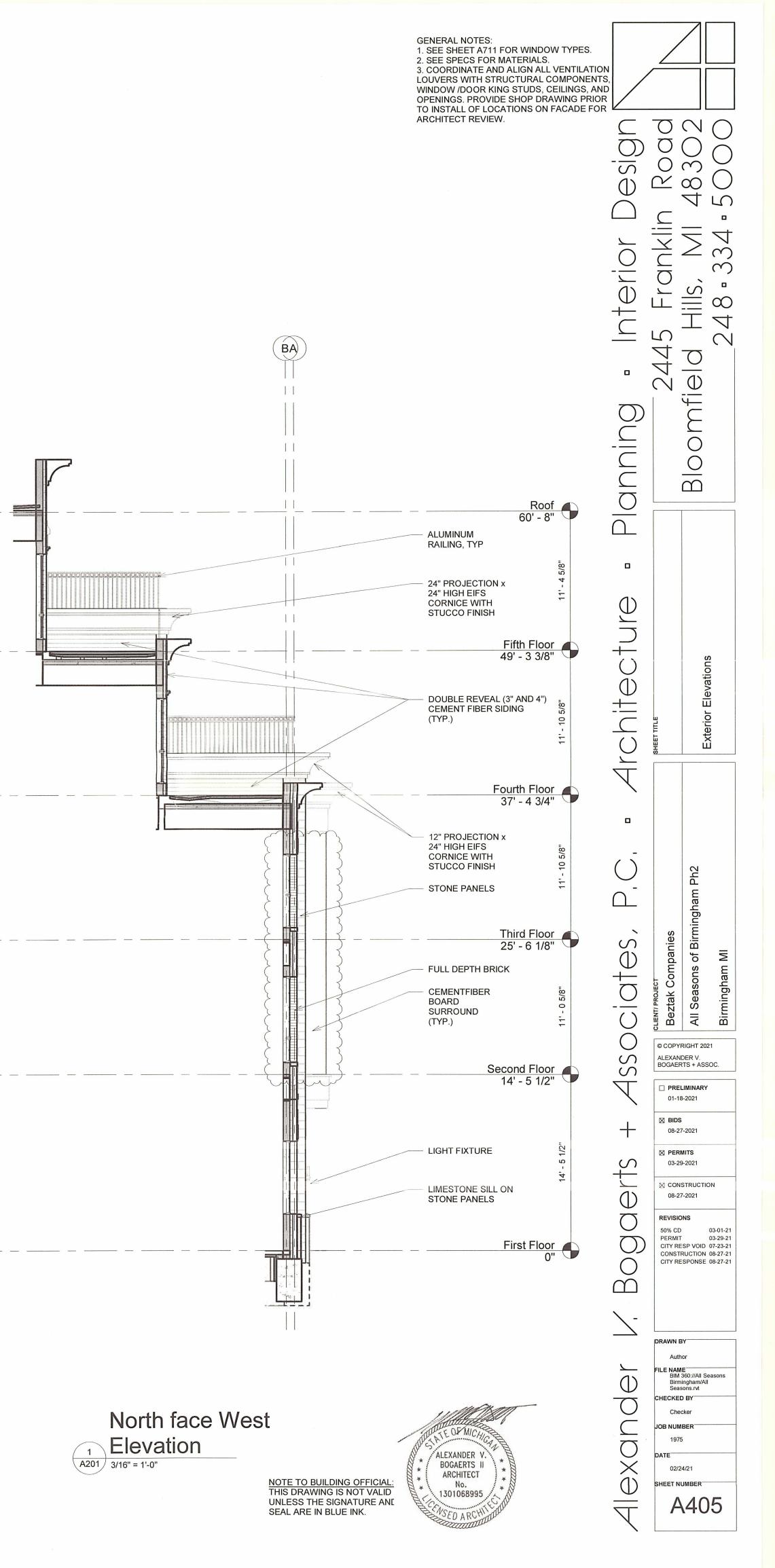
	 CLAY CHIMNEY POT (NON-OPERABLE) ON CEMENT WASH 4" STONE CAP ON 4" STONE BAND Underside of Hoistway 76' - 1 1/2" STONE PANELS Top of Penthouse 70' - 8" DOUBLE REVEAL (3" AND 4") CEMENT FIBER SIDING (TYP.) 12" PROJECTION x 24" HIGH EIFS CORNICE WITH STUCCO FINISH FABRIC AWNING 24" PROJECTION (TYP.) 	nterior De	Bloomfield Hills, MI 4830 248 - 334 - 5000
	Fifth Floor 49' - 3 3/8"	Architecture	South (Right Side) Elevation
	Third Floor 25' - 6 1/8" 10" RADIUSED STONE ARCH W/ 2" STONE TOP BRICK SILL AT BRICK, TYP. BRICK SILL AT BRICK, TYP. STONE SILL (TYP.) FULL DEPTH BRICK (TYP.) FULL DEPTH BRICK (TYP.) DRIP MOULD ON 1x12 CEMENTFIBER BOARD TRIM (TYP.)		CLIENTI PROJECT Beztak Companies All Seasons of Birmingham Ph2 Birmingham MI Birmingham MI
	44" HIGH x 32" PROJECTION x 8 1/2" WIDE BRACKET (TYP.) STONE PANELS (TYP.) $FF @ Trash/FP \\ -1' - 0"$ $FF @ Stair B \\ -1' - 9 1/8"$ $Elev pit \\ -5' - 6"$	V. Bogaerts + /	01-18-2021 BIDS 08-27-2021 PERMITS 03-29-2021 CONSTRUCTION 08-27-2021 REVISIONS City Comm 02-26-21 50% CD 03-01-21 PERMIT 03-29-21 CITY RESP VOID 07-23-21 CONSTRUCTION 08-27-21 CITY RESPONSE 08-27-21
NOTE TO BUILDING OFFICIAL: THIS DRAWING IS NOT VALID UNLESS THE SIGNATURE AND SEAL ARE IN BLUE INK.	-12' - 0"	xander	DRAWN BY Author FILE NAME BIM 360://All Seasons Birmingham/All Seasons.rd CHECKED BY Checker JOB NUMBER 1975 DATE - SHEET NUMBER A404



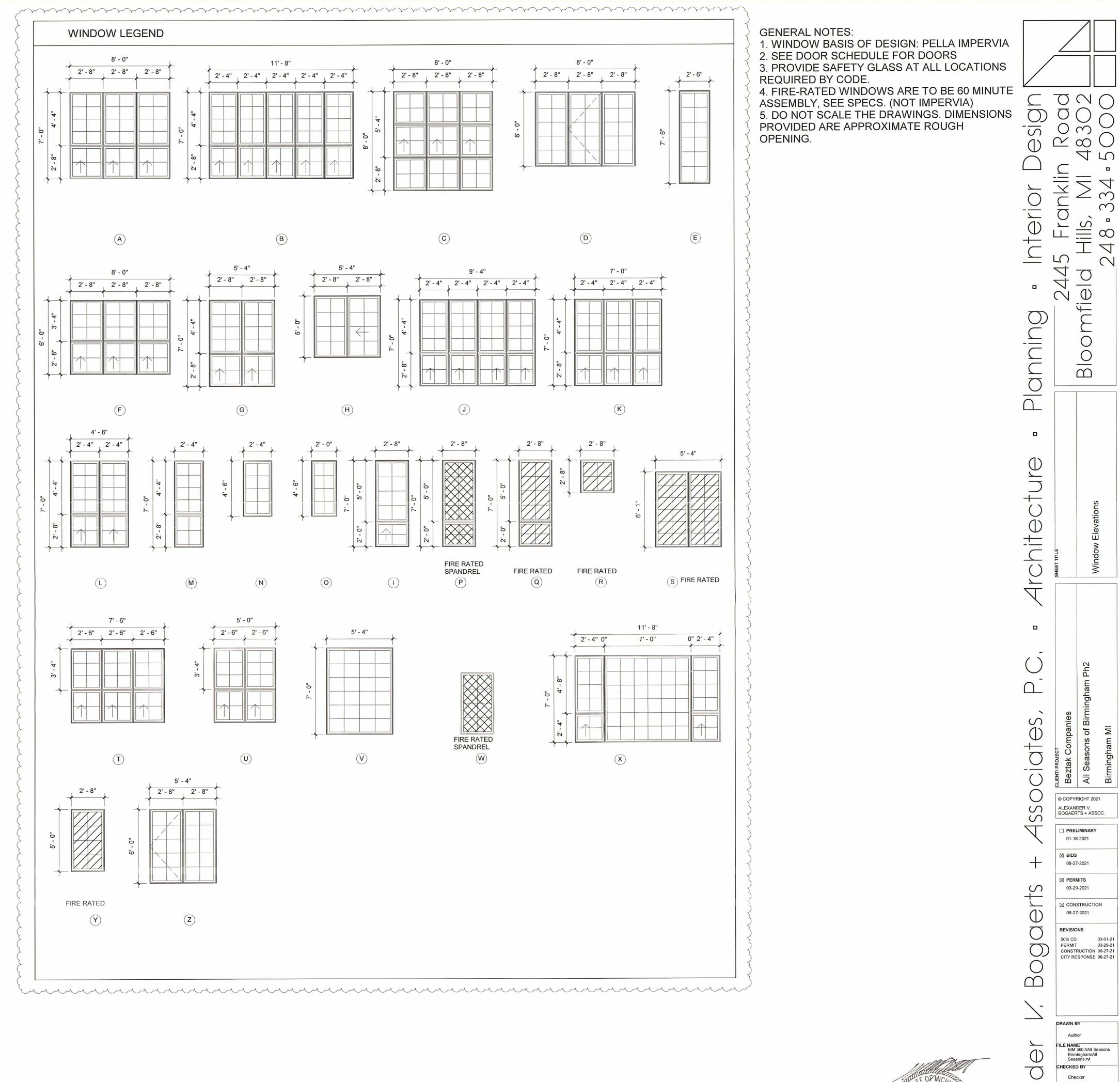


North face East Blevation A202 3/16" = 1'-0"









OPMIC ALEXANDER V. BOGAERTS II ARCHITECT No. . 1301068995 SEDARC

NOTE TO BUILDING OFFICIAL: THIS DRAWING IS NOT VALID UNLESS THE SIGNATURE AND SEAL ARE IN BLUE INK.

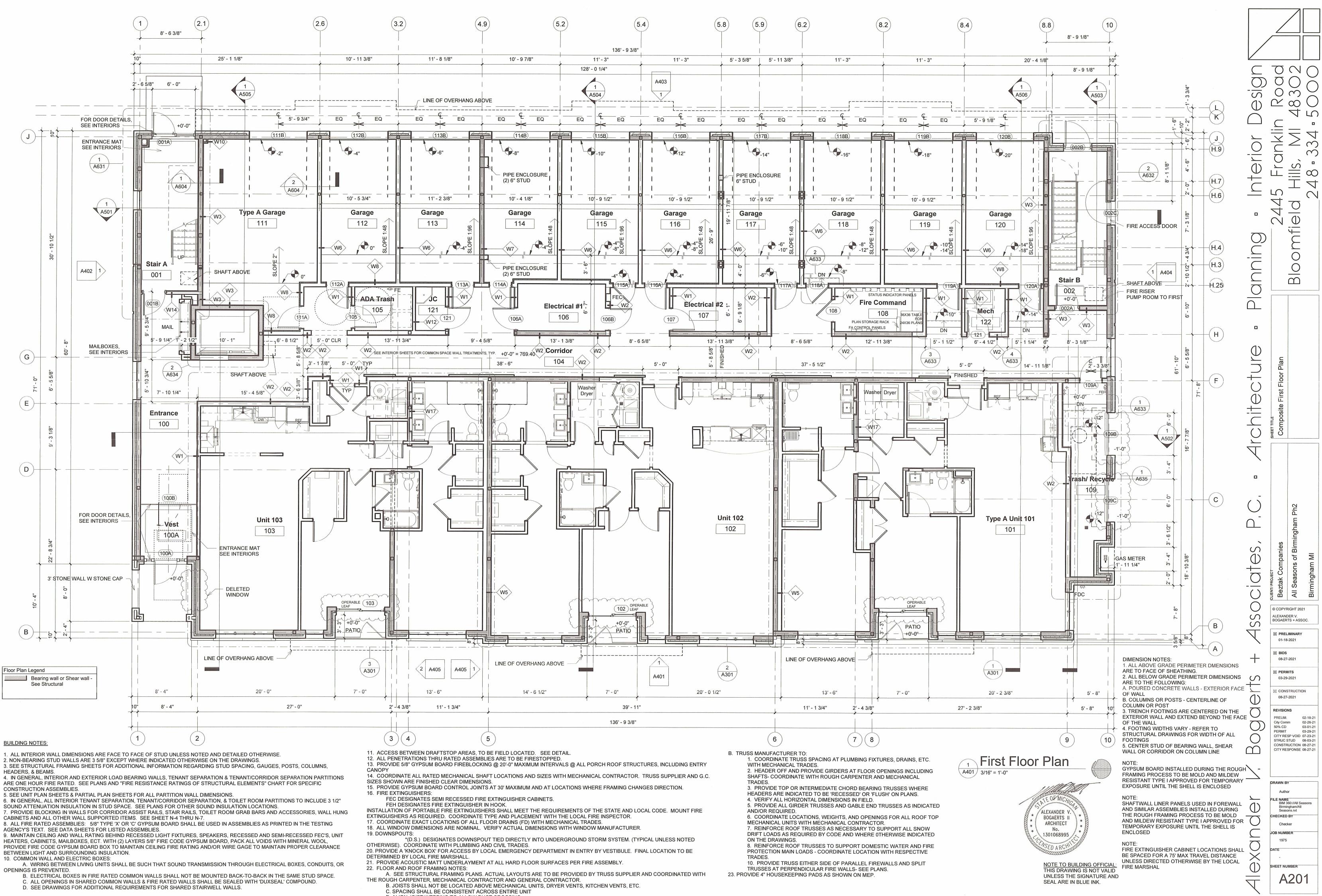
DATE

Checker

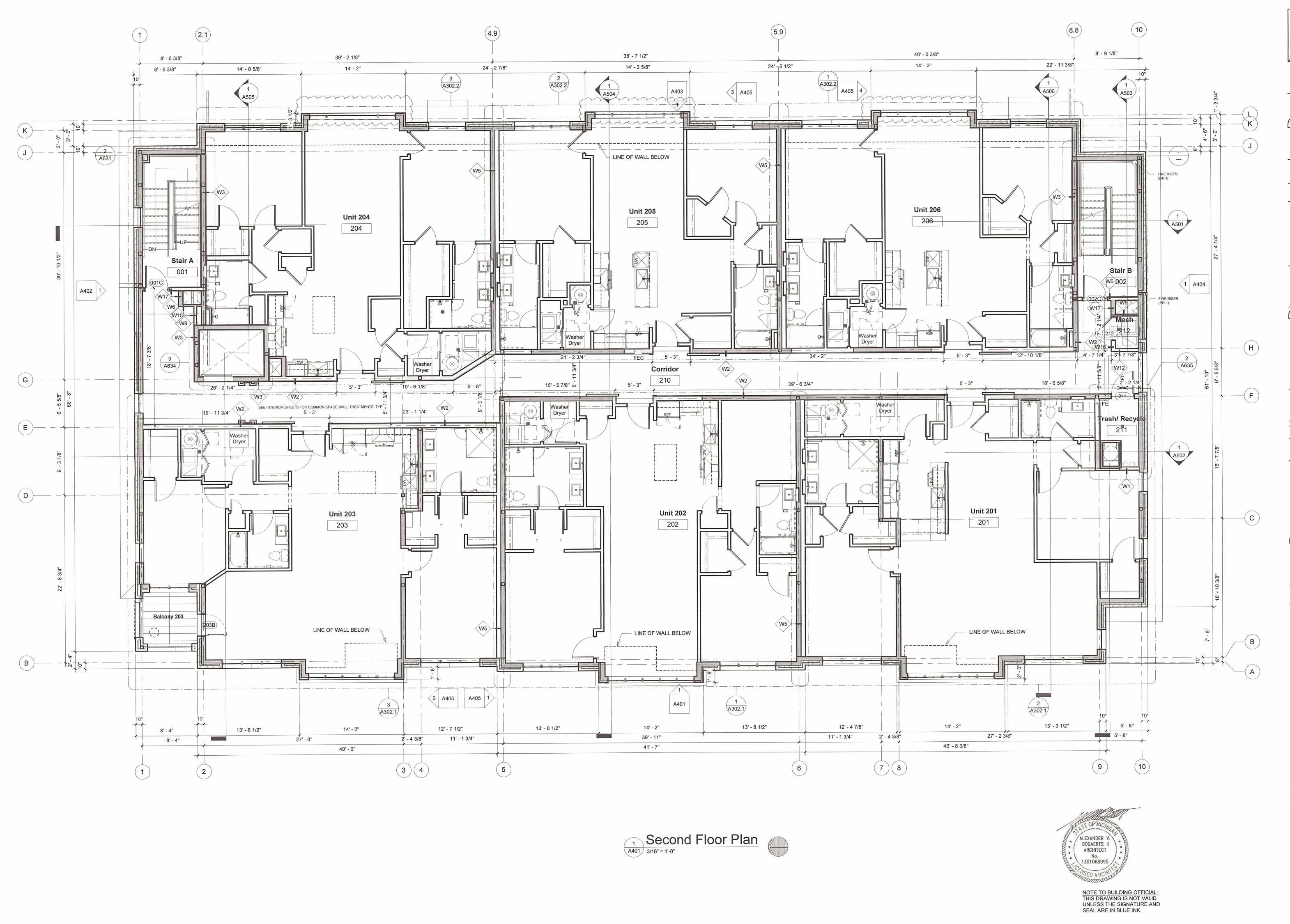
JOB NUMBER

1975

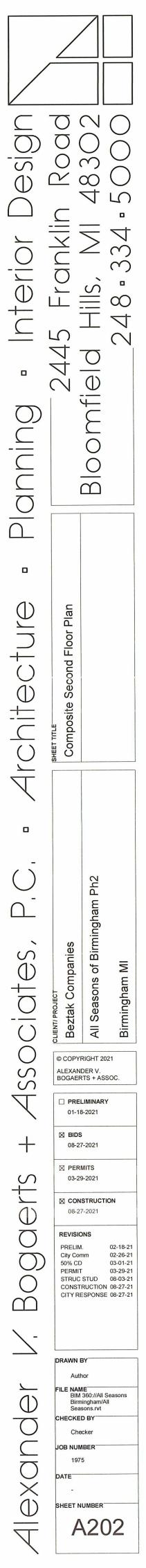
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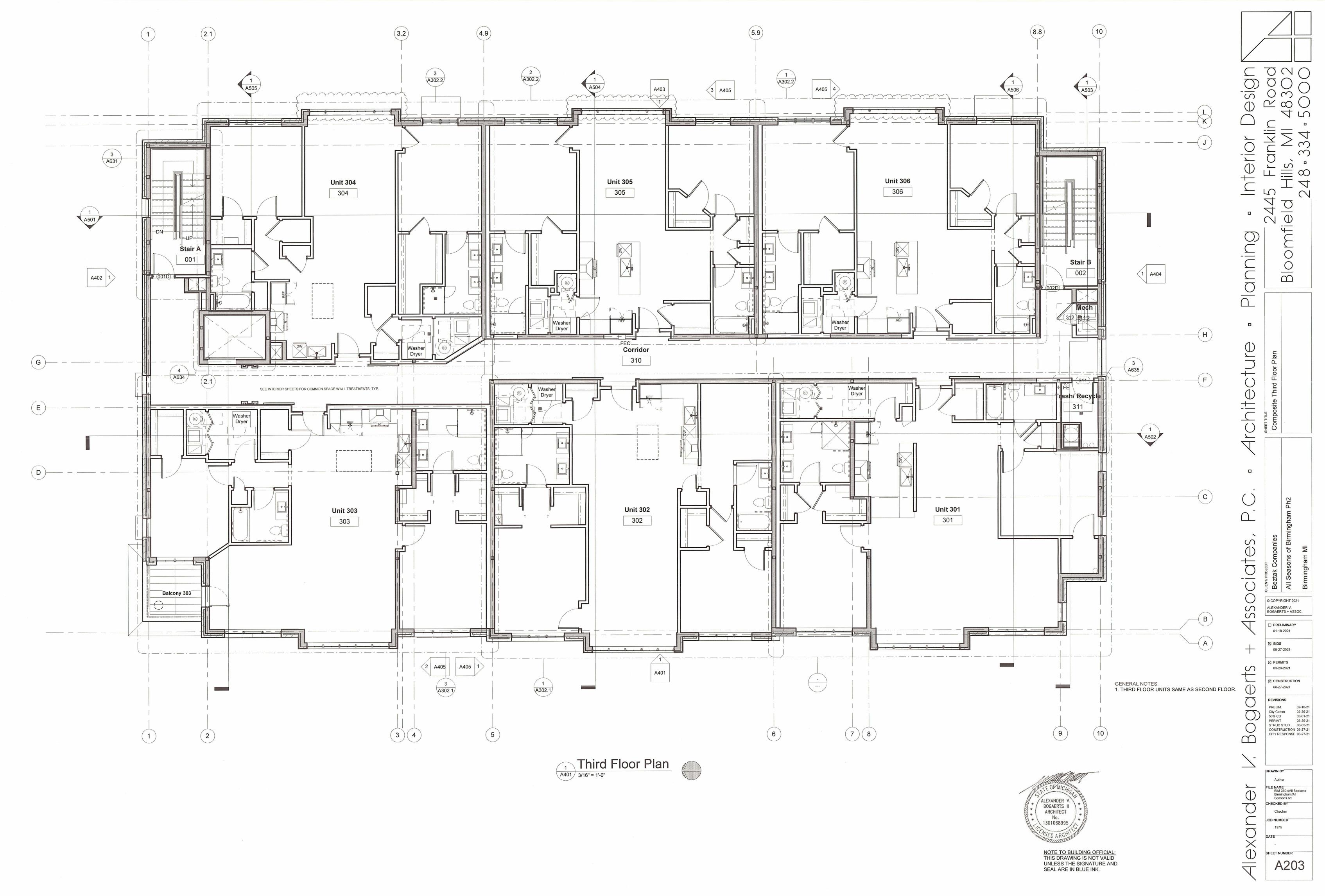


D. ALIGN JOIST WEBBING TO ALLOW DUCT CROSSING

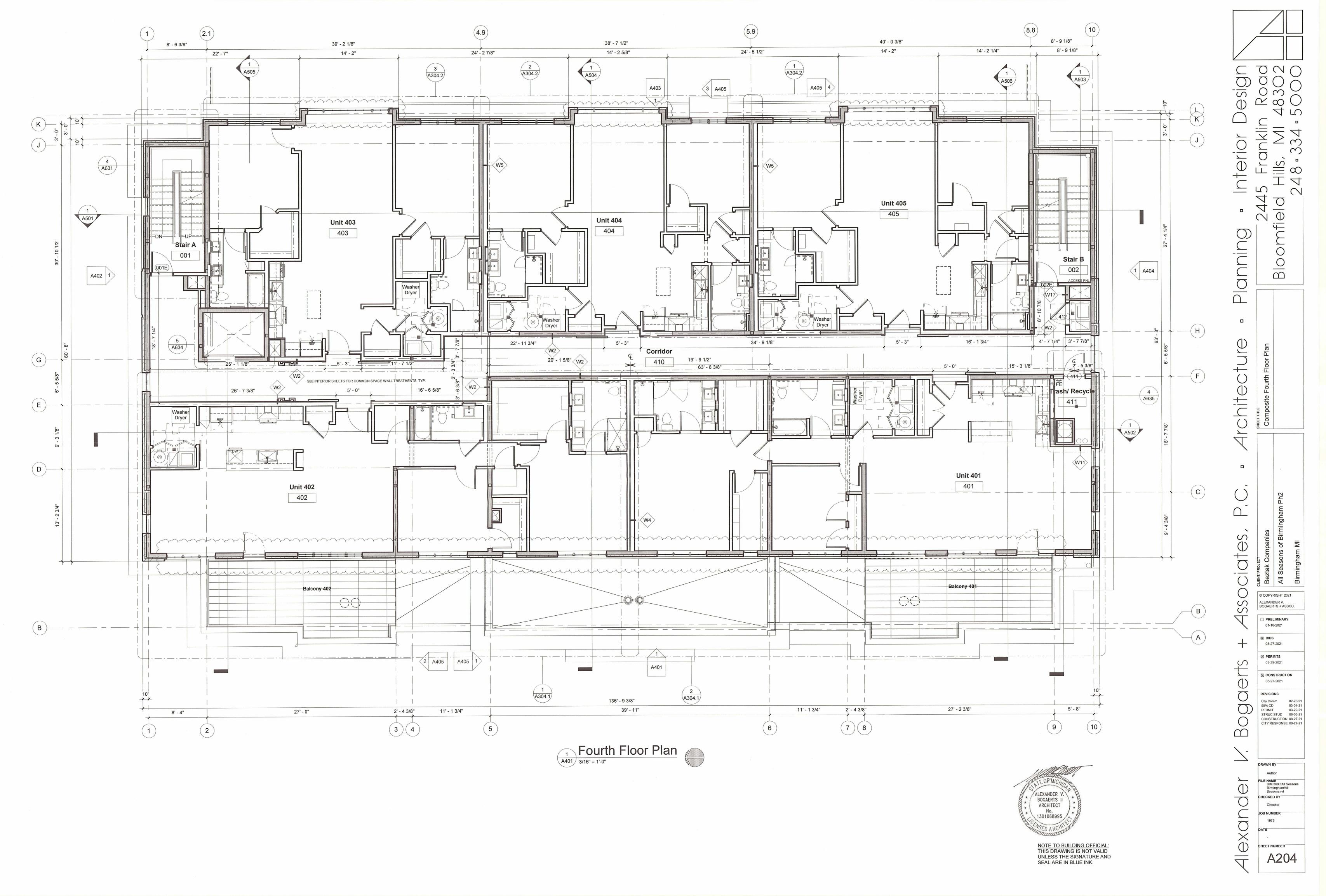




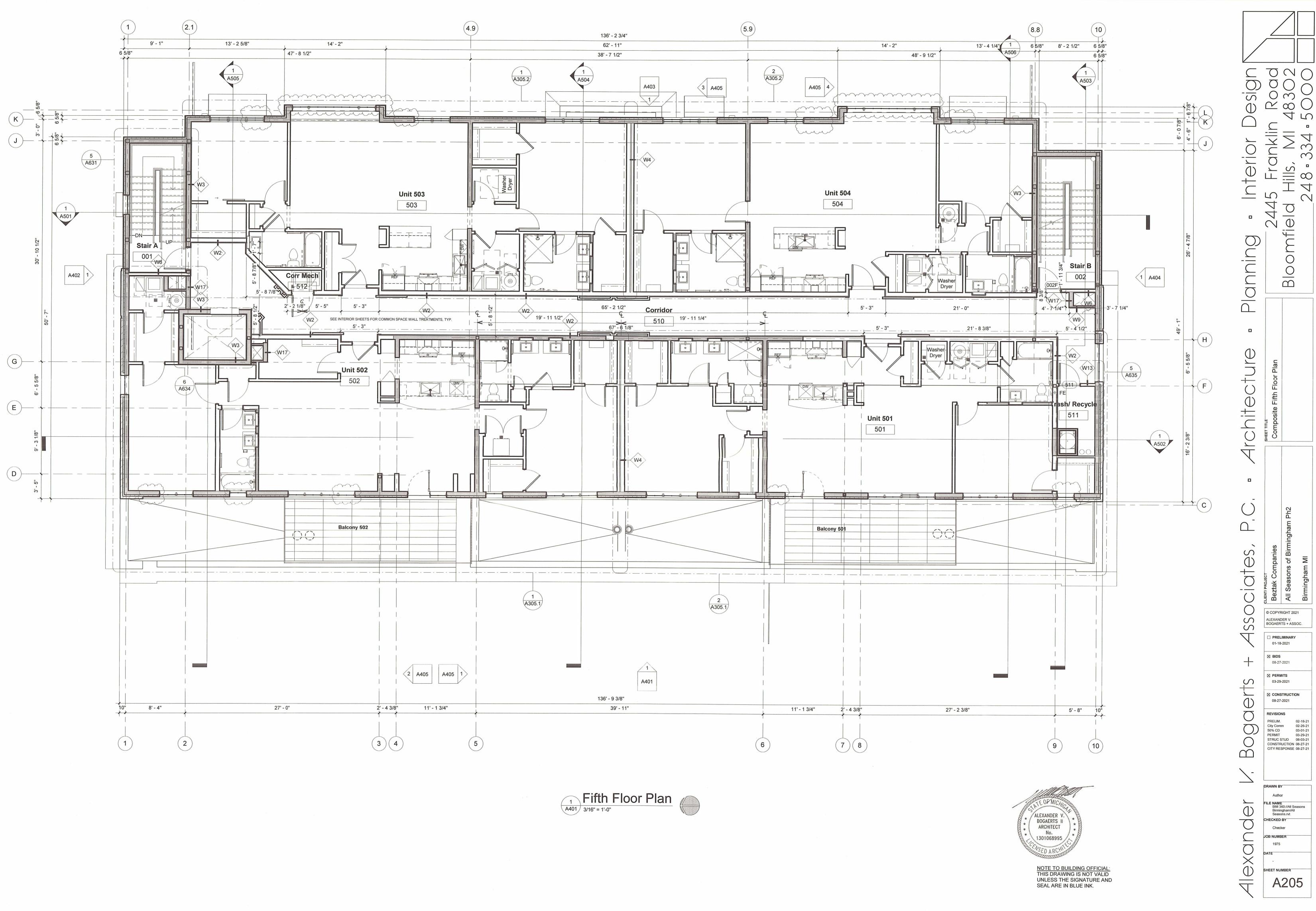




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Administrative Approval Application Planning Division

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out

1. Applicant

Name: Woodward Brown Ventures, LLC	
Address: 325 S. Old Woodward Ave Ste 2	
Birmingham, MI 48009	
Phone Number: 248-406-4900	
Fax Number:	
Email Address:	

3. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person

Applicant 3 Attorney/Contact 1 erson
Name: Woodward Brown Ventures, LLC /Jeffrey Silverman
Address: 325 S. Old Woodward Ave Ste 2
Birmingham, MI 48009
Phone Number: 248-406-4900
Fax Number:
Email Address: jsilverman@mitchellfo.com

5. Project Information

Address/Location of Property: 298 St Old Woodward Ave
Birmingham, MI 48009
Name of Development: Daxlon Hotel
Parcel ID#:
Current Use: Mixed Use/Hotel & Residential
Area in Acres: 0.54
Current Zoning: B4 Business Residential

6. Required Attachments

 Warranty Deed with legal description of property Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
 Completed Checklist Material Samples
 Specification sheets for all proposed materials.
 Material Samples
 Specification sheets for all proposed materials.
 Material Samples

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

 2. Property Owner
 VAIOT~0

 Name: Woodward Brown Ventures, LLC
 Address: 325 S. Old Woodward Ave Ste 2

 Birmingham, MI 48009
 Phone Number: 248-406-4900

 Fax Number:
 Email Address:

4. Project Designer/Developer

Name: Booth Hansen LTD	
Address: 333 S. Desplaines St Suite 100	
Chicago, IL 60661	
Phone Number: 312-869-5023	
Fax Number:	
Email Address: dmann@boothhansen.com	

Name of Historic District if any:______ Date of HDC Approval, if any:______ Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan:______ Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval: Date of Application for Final Site Plan:_____ Date of Final Site Plan Approval: 8/9/2017 Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval: 7/25/2018

- One (1) digital copy of plans
- Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

The following items need administrative approval per 9/28/21 letter regarding Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. In grade LED lighting revised locations as indicated on L1.0 Landscape Plan; Streetscape revisions including relocation of benches to the North elevation, removal of bike rack and installation of City standard trash receptacle as indicated on L1.0 Landscape Plan Removal of (4) four existing Irees on S. Old Woodward to be reapleed with Frontier Elm as indicated on L1.0 Landscape Plan and L2.0 Planting List Modification to 5th floor rooms 511 and 512 to include a residential kitchenette and other attributes as indicated on A105 5th level plan and A115 5th Level Ref Celling plan, A129 & A130 Enlarged 5th Level plan

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan.

Signature of Applican:	550		_ Date: 10111/2	
	Office	Use Only		
Application #: PAA21-0111	Date Received:	10/10/21	Fee:\$ 100.00	
Date of Approval: 10/19/21	Date of Denial:	NA	Reviewed By:	
			C	

	City of Birmingham
	CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER
	NTY OF Oakland STATE THE FOLLOWING:
1. 2.	That I am the owner of real estate located at (Address of Affected Property) That I have read and examined the Application for Administrative Approval made to the City of
	Birmingham by:
3.	That I have no objections to, and consent to the request(s) described in the Application made to the
	Birmingham.
Ву р	roviding your e-mail to the City, you agree to receive news notifications from the City. If you do not wish to these messages, you may unsubscribe at any time.
	Mark Mitchall
Name	of Owner (Printed):

Daxton Hotel

١.

Photographs - existing conditions

October 8, 2021



1. Existing Streetscape on Old Woodward looking West (benches removed)







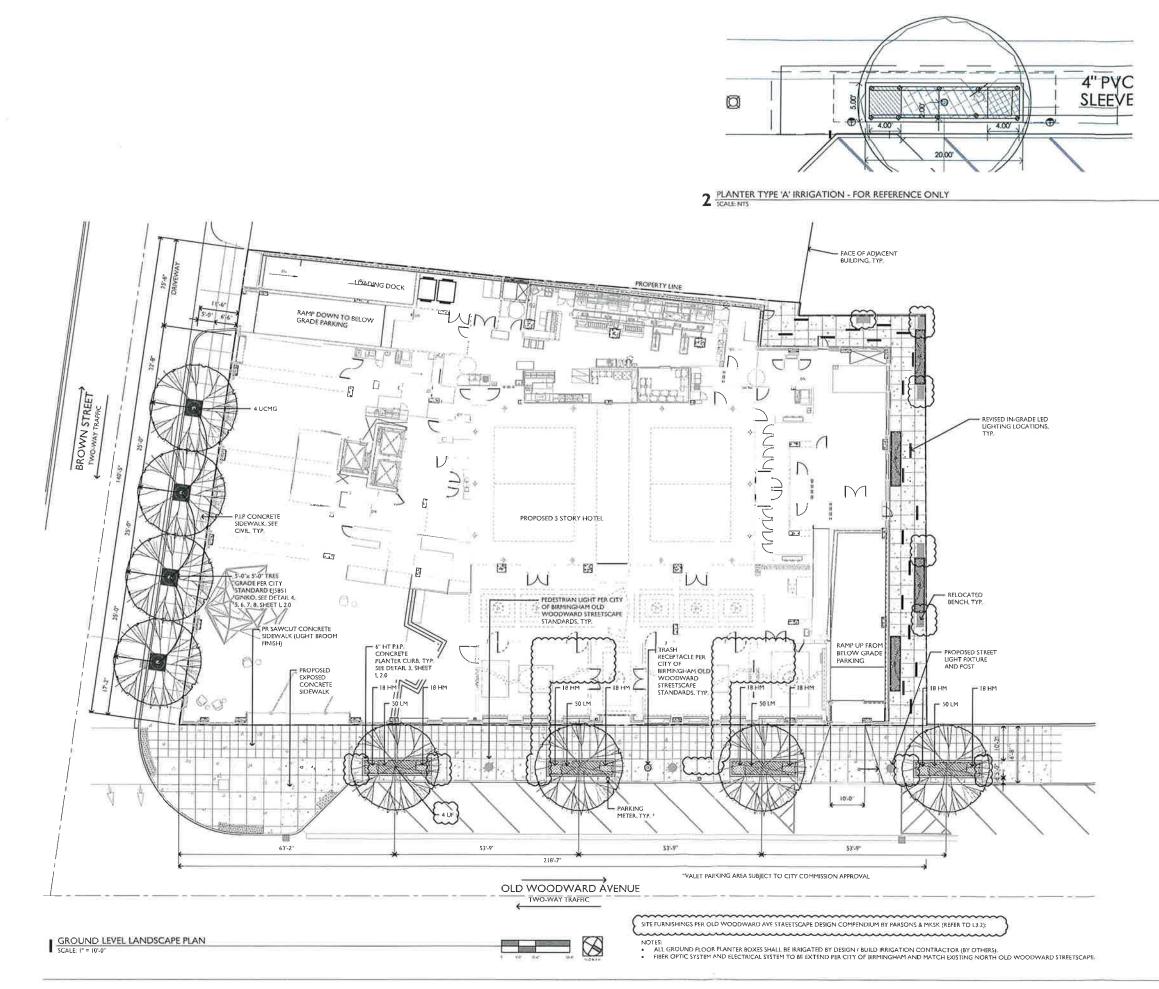
3. Existing Streetscape on Old Woodward looking East (benches removed)

4. View of Via (alley) from Old Woodward looking northeast



5. View of Via looking towards Old Woodward

6. View of Via looking towards northwest



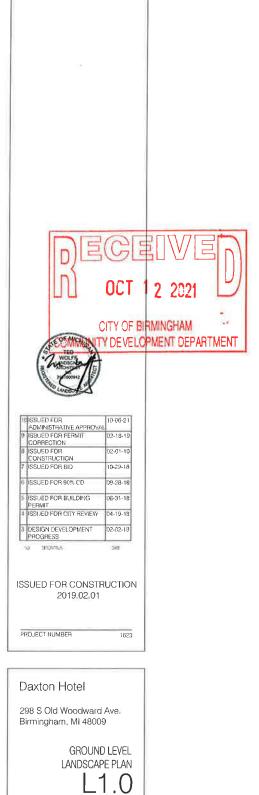
15.23

4

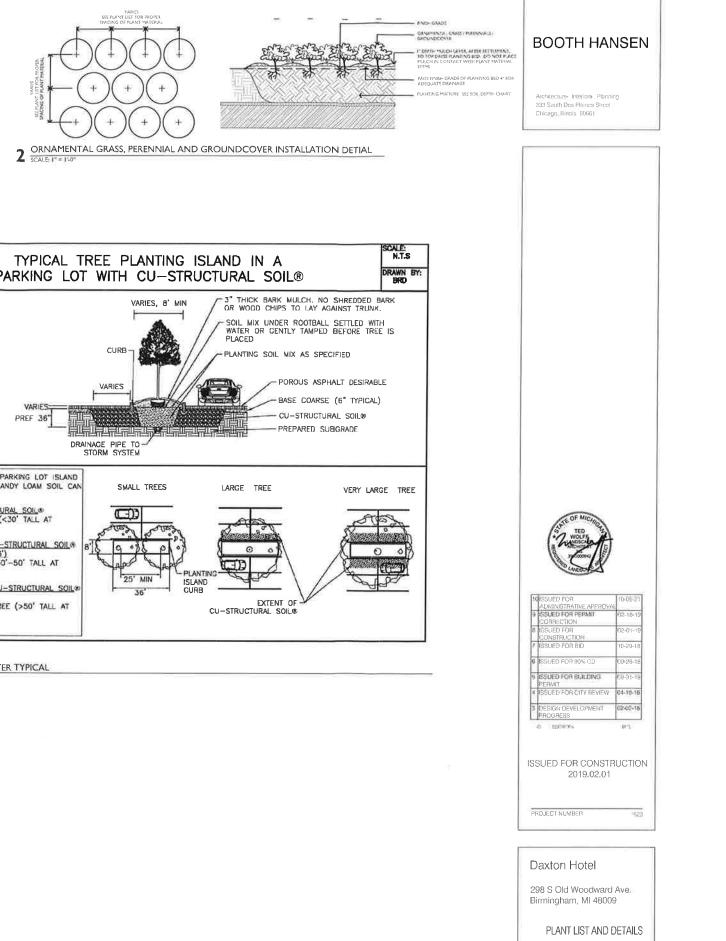
- NOTES: IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT OLD WOODWARD STRETSCAPE IRRIGATION PLAN AND EXTEND
- IRRIGATION FLAN AND EXTEND INTO DAXTON HOTEL STREETSCAPP PROJECT. SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY REFER TO SHEET IR4 FROM PROJECT: OLD WOODWARD AVE. RECONSTRUCTION PROJECT CONTRACT # 2-17(P)

BOOTH HANSEN

Architecture- Intenore Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661



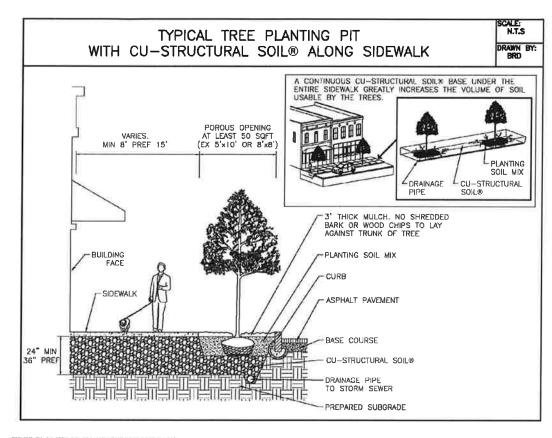
20	CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QTY	CAL	HT	SPRD	ROOT	REMARKS
<i>∽</i> (UF	ULMUS FRONTIER	FRONTIER ELM	4	3.5 - 4"			BAB	SINGLE STRAIGHT TRUNK, SPECIMEN QUALITY
TREE	UCMG	ULMUS CARPINIFOLIA MORTON GLOSSY	FRONTIER ELM	1-4	4*		The second se	B&B	SINGLE STRAIGHT TRUNK, SPECIMEN QUALITY
- 53	CAKF	CALAMAGROSTIS ACUTIFLORA 'KARL FOERSTER'	KARL FOERSTER FEATHER REED GRASS	32			- 15	#1	2'-0" ON CENTER
ORN. GRASSES									
	AHHA	AMSONIA HUBRICHTE HALFWAY TO ARKANSAS	BLUESTAR	32	12	24	24"	#1	2'-6" ON CENTER
PERENNIALS, SHRUBS AND GROUNDCOVER	HPP	HEUCHERA X 'PALACE PURPLE'	'PALACE PURPLE' CORAL BELLS	48	P .	18"	12*	#1	I'-0" ON CENTER
	HM	HAKONECHLOA MACRA 'AUREOLA'	JAPANESE FOREST GRASS	144				#1	J'-0" ON CENTER
	LM	LIRIOPE MUSCARI 'ROYAL PURPLE'	ROYAL PURPLE LILYTURE	200	- F. (50	39	#1	I'-0" ON CENTER
	HZZ	HOSTA 'SUM AND SUBSTANCE'	SUM AND SUBSTANCE HOSTA	18	<u>E</u>	- 30	3	#1	3"-0" ON CENTER
	-								



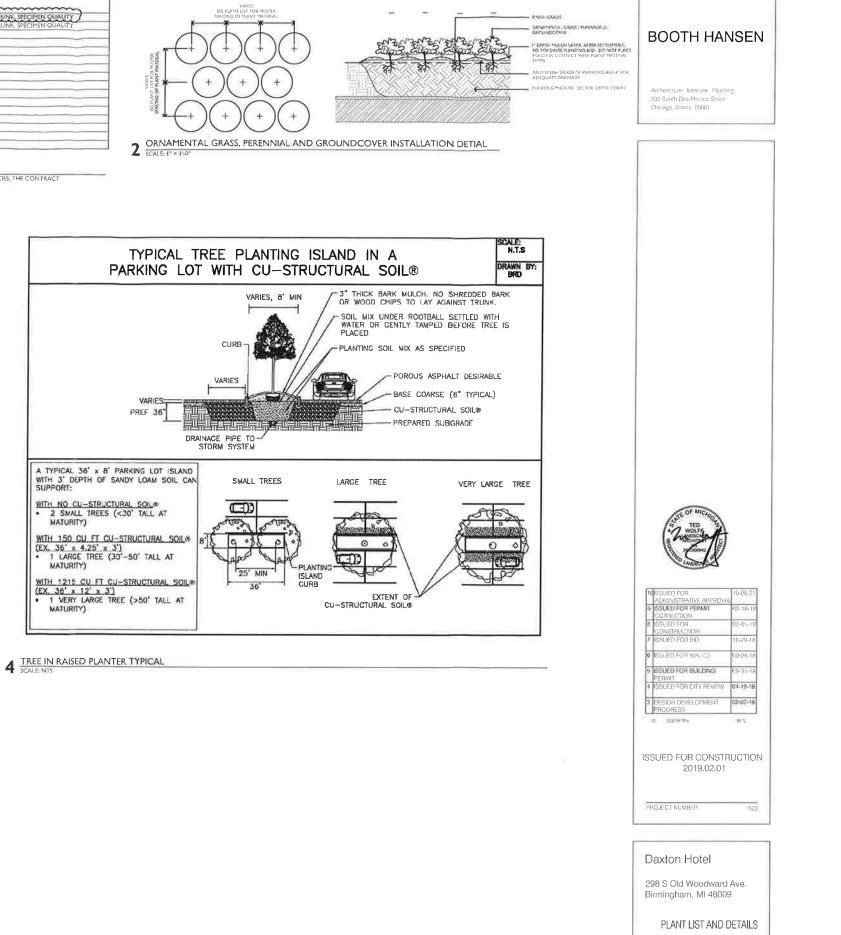
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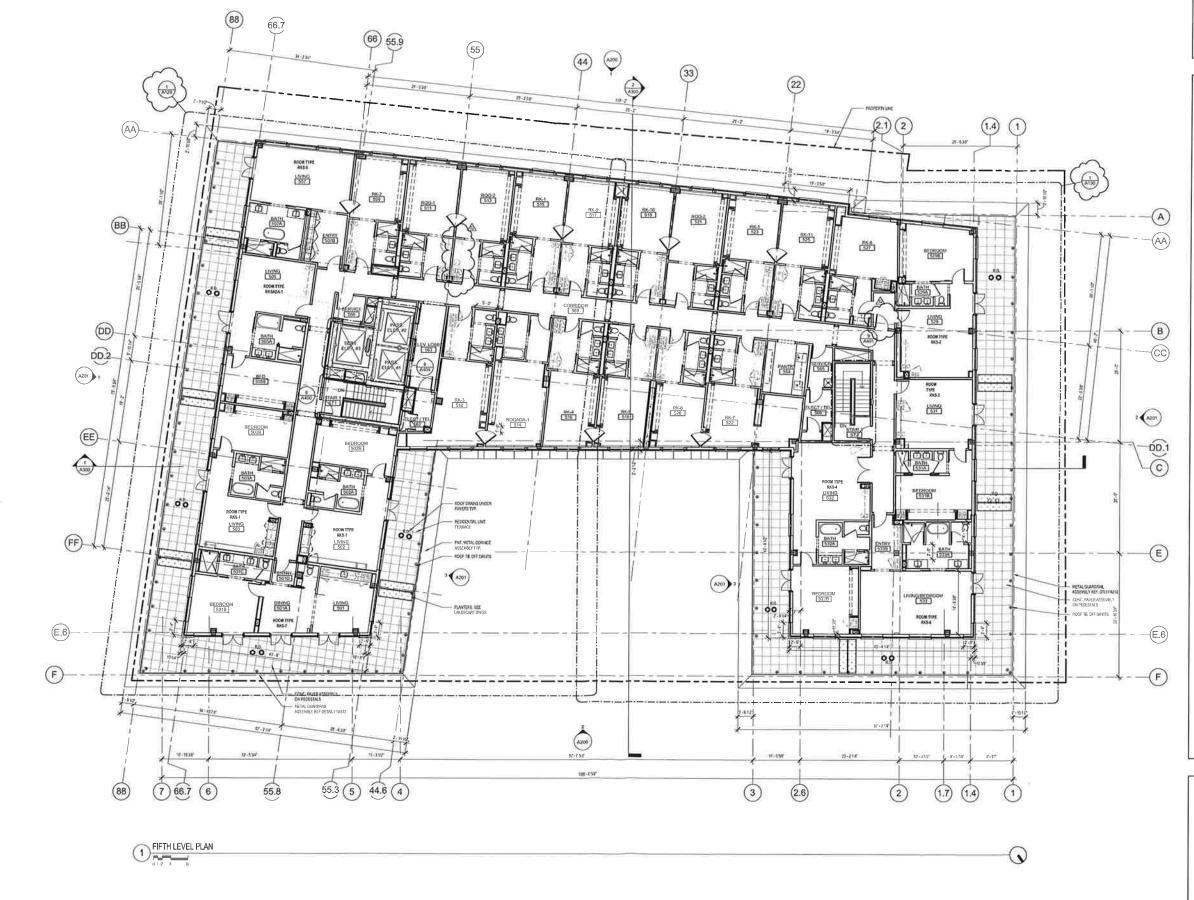
12

PLANT PALETTE NOTE: QUANTITIES ON THE PLANT PALETTE ARE PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION ONLY, PLANT QUANTITIES UNDER THE CONTRACT ARE INDICATED ON THE PLANS, IN THE EVENT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES, THE CONTRACT SHALL BE BASED ON THE QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS.









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BOOTH HANSEN

Archilecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661

PLAN GENERAL NOTES

I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	SEE INTERIOR DESIGN D FOR ENLARGED PLANS, AND DETAILS OF GUEST GUESTROOM BATHROOT OR ADDITIONAL INFORM STROOM BATHROOT SOR ADDITIONAL INFORM SEE A600 FOR EXTERIOR SEE A600 FOR EXTERIOR SEE A600 FOR EXTERIOR SEE A600 FOR EXTERIOR SEFER TO INTERIOR DES NUTERIOR ELEVATIONS A FALL PUBLIC SPACES, TORVIDE METAL CORNET SPACES. SERVICE AREAS SERVICE AND SIZES. TORVIDE FLY WOOD BAC REQUIRED IN TELE, CLO VEFER TO LANDSCAPE C FOR GREEN ROOF F INAL LOCATIONS OF FIE XTINGUISHER CABINET SEVICIONS OF AND SERVICE SAMERT SEVICE AND SERVICE SERVICE AND SERVICE SOR FOR GREEN ROOF F INAL LOCATIONS OF AND SEPERATIONS O	ROOMS AND MS. MATION ON EE FOOD WALL TYPES SIGN ED PLANS, IND DETAILS R GUARDS AT VERS IN BOH E DRAWINGS FOOD OOR LE OF CASEE SET, RAWINGS LANTINGS
32	ISSUED FOR	04-09-21
31	ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL ISSUED FOR REVISED	04-10-20
	BUILDING PERMIT	
26 20	BULLETIN #13 BULLETIN #07	07-31-19 D4-18-19
18	BULLETIN #05	02-22-19
17	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	02-01-19
16	BID ADDENDUM #2	11-16-18
15	PERMIT CORRECTIONS	
14		11-16-18
13	ISSUE FOR BID	10-30-18
11	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD	10-30-18 09-28-18
	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT	10-30-18 09-28-18 08-31-16
5	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE BID	10-30-18 09-28-18 08-31-16 03-15-18
4	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE BID ISSUED FOR FOUNDATION PERMIT	10-30-16 09-28-18 08-31-16 03-15-18 102-19-18
4	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE BID ISSUED FOR FOUNDATION PERMIT DESIGN DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS	10-30-18 09-28-18 08-31-16 03-15-18 02-19-18 02-02-18
4	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE BID ISSUED FOR FOUNDATION PERMIT DESIGN DEVELOPMENT	10-30-16 09-28-18 08-31-16 03-15-18 102-19-18
4 3 1	ISSUE FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE BID ISSUED FOR FOUNDATION PERMIT FOUNDATION PERMIT PEGGRESS SCHEMATIC DESIGN	10:30-16 09:28-18 06:31-16 03:15-18 102:19-18 02:02:18 8:31-17

Daxton Hotel

298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009

FIFTH LEVEL PLAN

A105



(4)

Sec. 1

BOOTH HANSEN

Architecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661

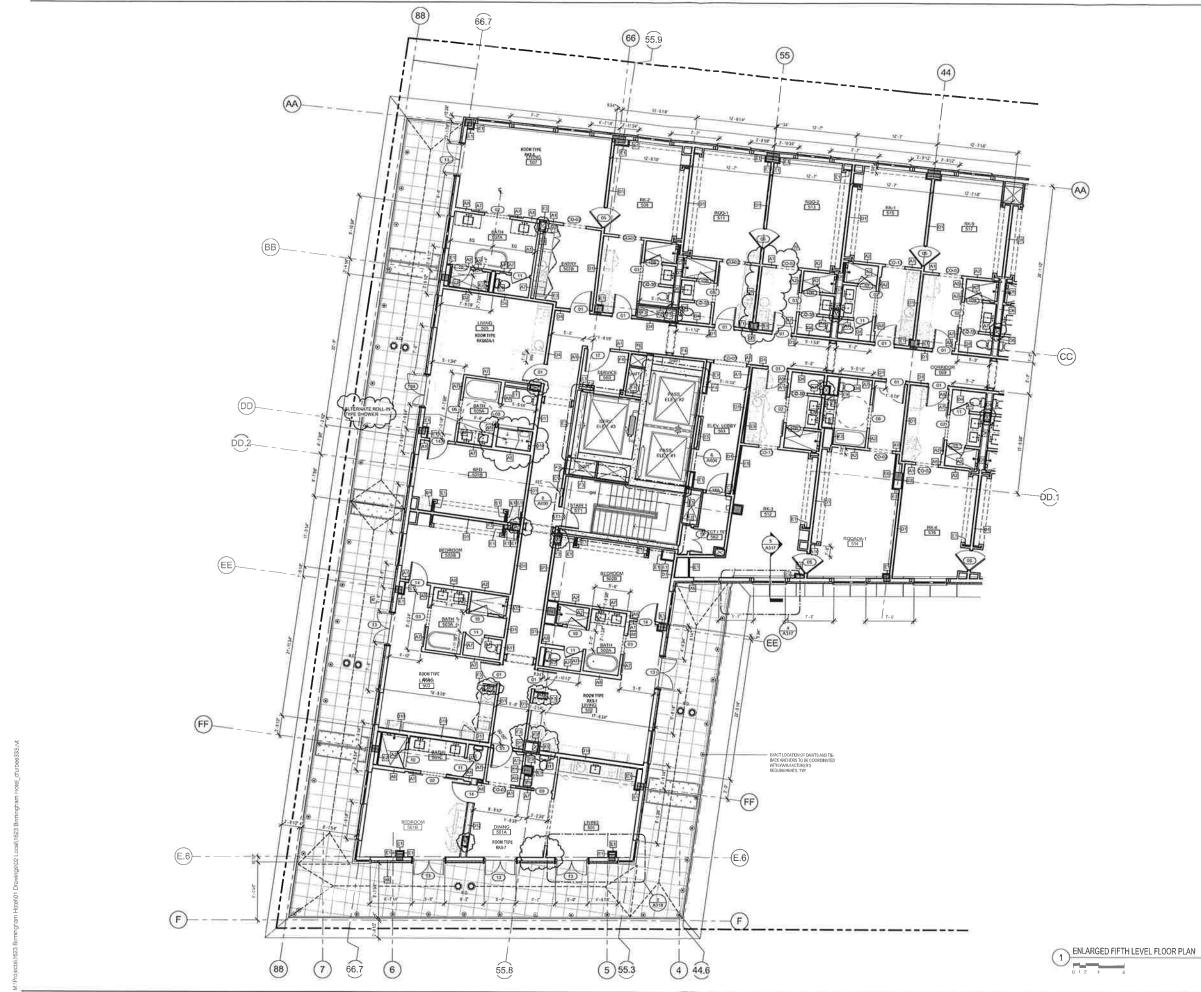
RCP GENERAL NOTES

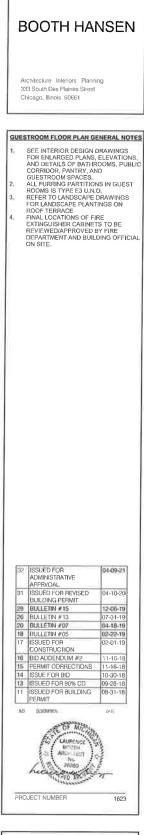
1. RECESSED LIGHTING FIXTURE HOUSINGS SHALL DE SEALED TO THE CELLING OPENING IN BATHROOMS, BATHTUB AREAS, SHOWERS TO KEEP MOISTURE FROM ENTERING THE CELLING PLENUM ABOVE. 2. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DEFALLS FOR GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM BATHROOMS. SUES INCOMIS AND SOLES INCOM BATHROOMS, 3. PAINT BOH EXPOSED STRUCTURE U.N.O, 4. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS OF ALL PUBLIC SPACES. 5. REFER TO ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS FOR SMOKE/CO DETECTOR TYPES. GYP BD CEILING LEVEL 5 SKIM COAT PLASTER GUEST ROOM ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE BOH ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE S SPEAKER ф-SPRINKLER SECURITY CAMERA CO / SMOKE ALARM - REFER TO ELEC_DWGS_(GUEST ROOMS) OS OCCUPANCY SENSOR (GUEST ROOMS) ACCESSIONEL AFT AP-1 12" X 12" AP-2 18" X 18" AP-3 24" X 24" AP.4 38" X 35" GEALENAL CONTRACTOR TO COMPUTE SERVICES DUALITIES VIEW RECOMMENDED BY A CONTRACT OF SPECIFICATION FOR ACCESS MARKET (FILE 32 ISSUED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL 27 BULLETIN #14 28 BULLETIN #08 20 BULLETIN #07 18 BULLETIN #07 18 BULLETIN #07 17 ISSUED FOR FORMER: CFLOR 06-28-19 05-15-19 04-18-19 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 16 BID ADDENDUM #2 15 PERMIT CORRECTIONS 14 ISSUE FOR BID 13 ISSUED FOR 90% CD 11 ISSUED FOR 90% CD 11 ISSUED FOR 9UILDING PERMIT 11-16-18 11-16-18 10-30-18 09-28-18 08-31-18 PERMIT
 DESIGN DEVELOPMENT
 PROGRESS 02-02-18 NO DESCRIPTION DATE PROJECT NUMBER 1623

Daxton Hotel

298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009 REFLECTED CEILING PLAN -FIFTH LEVEL

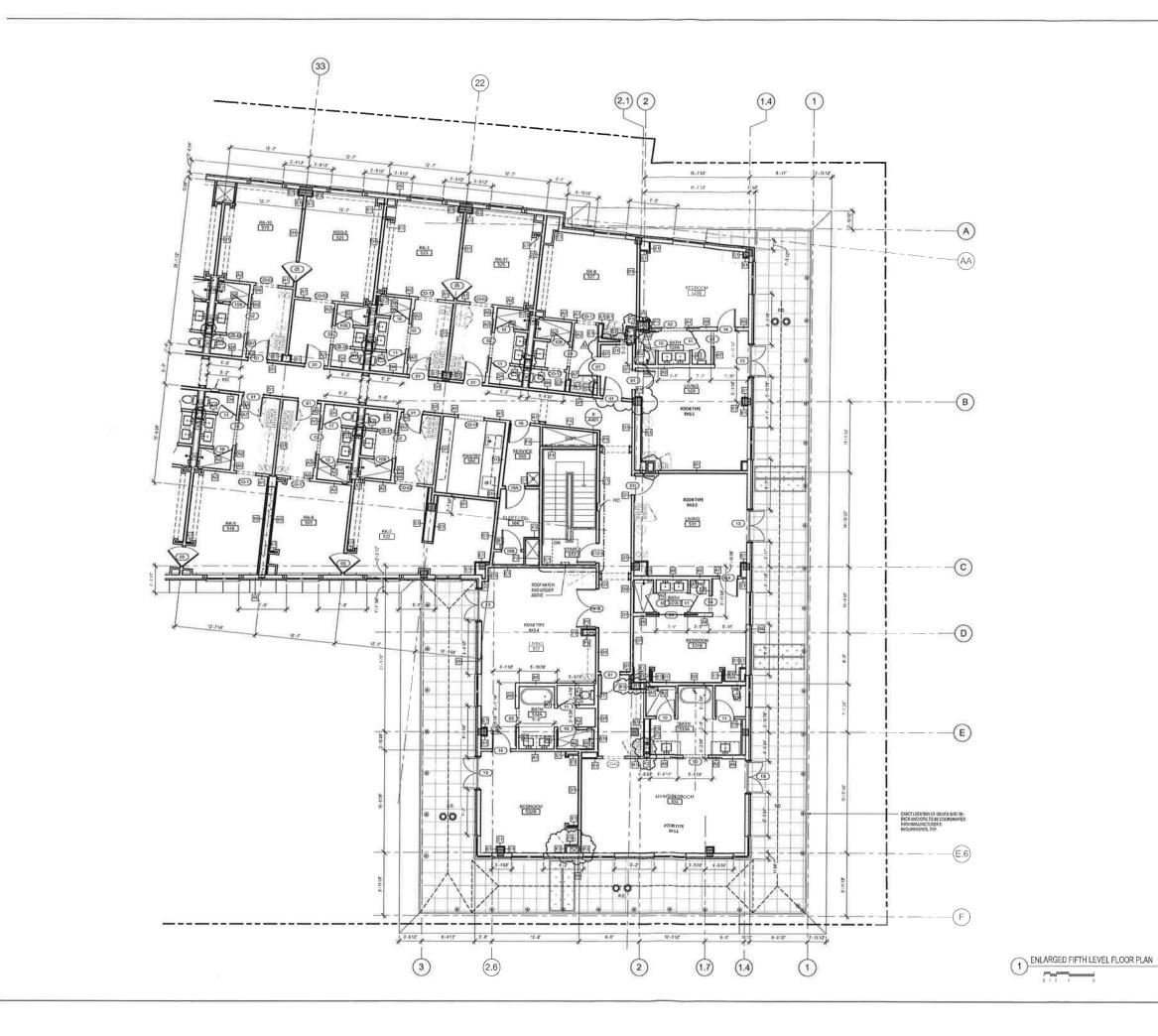
A115



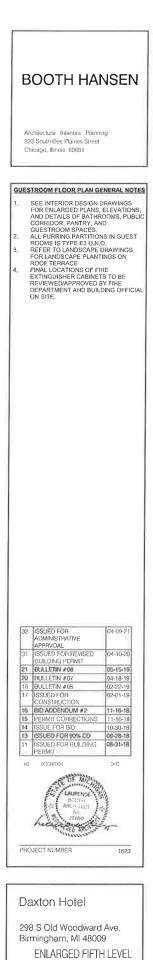


Daxton Hotel 298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009 ENLARGED FIFTH LEVEL FLOOR PLAN A129

012 4 8



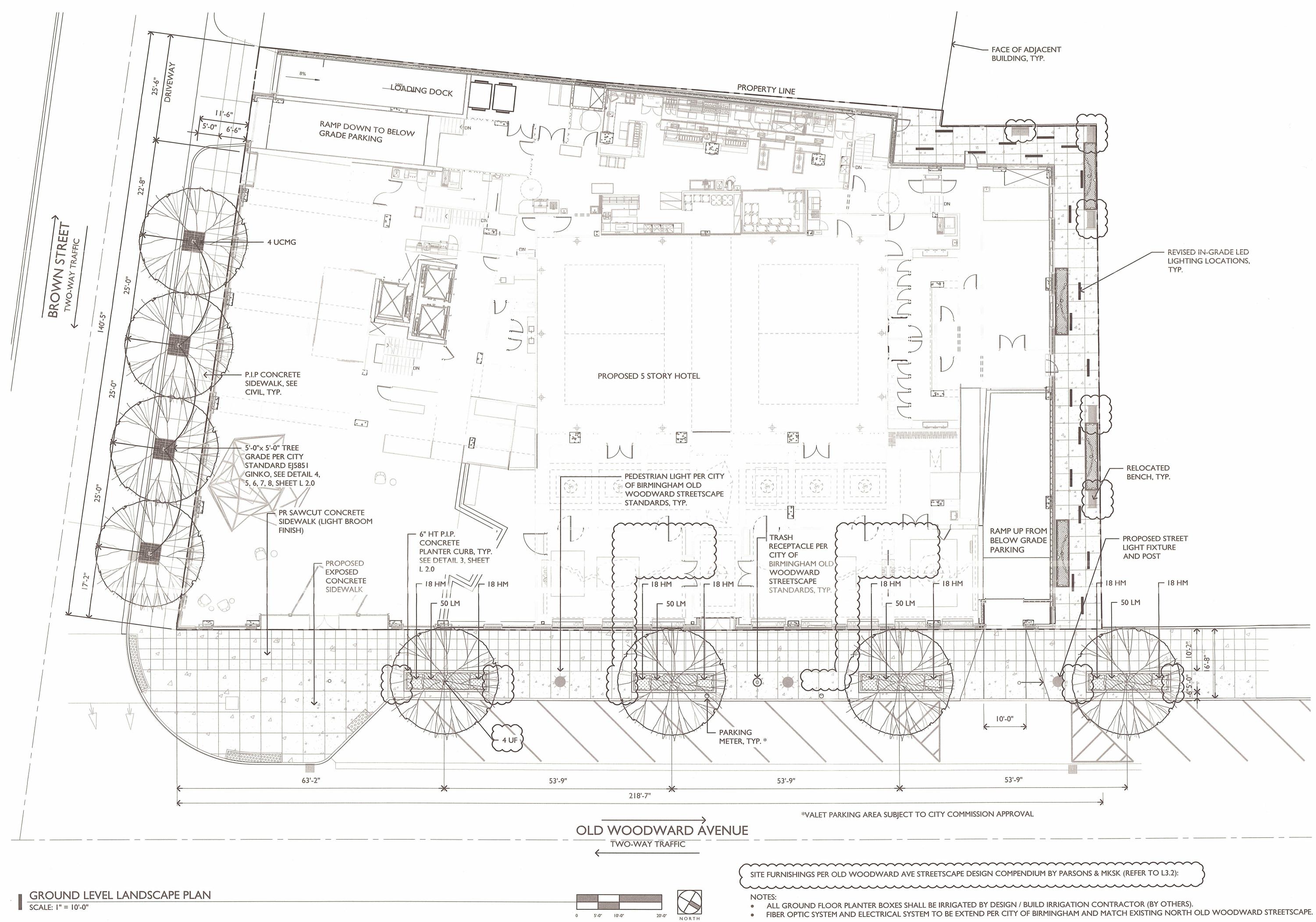
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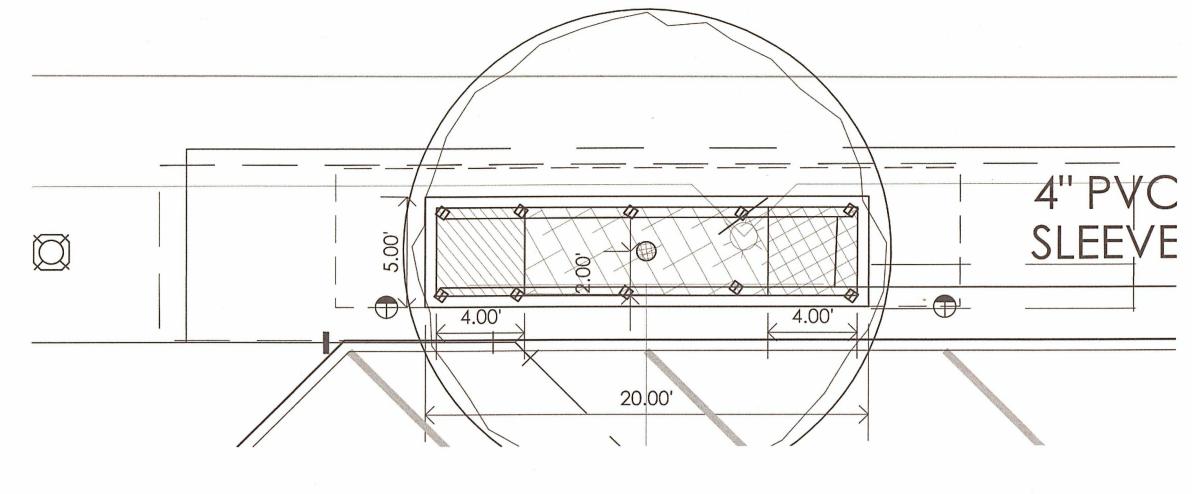


FLOOR PLAN

A130

012 4 8





2 PLANTER TYPE 'A' IRRIGATION - FOR REFERENCE ONLY SCALE: NTS

NOTES: IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT OLD WOODWARD STREETSCAPE IRRIGATION PLAN AND EXTEND INTO DAXTON HOTEL STREETSCAPE PROJECT.
SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY

 REFER TO SHEET IR4 FROM PROJECT: OLD WOODWARD AVE. RECONSTRUCTION PROJECT CONTRACT # 2-17(P)

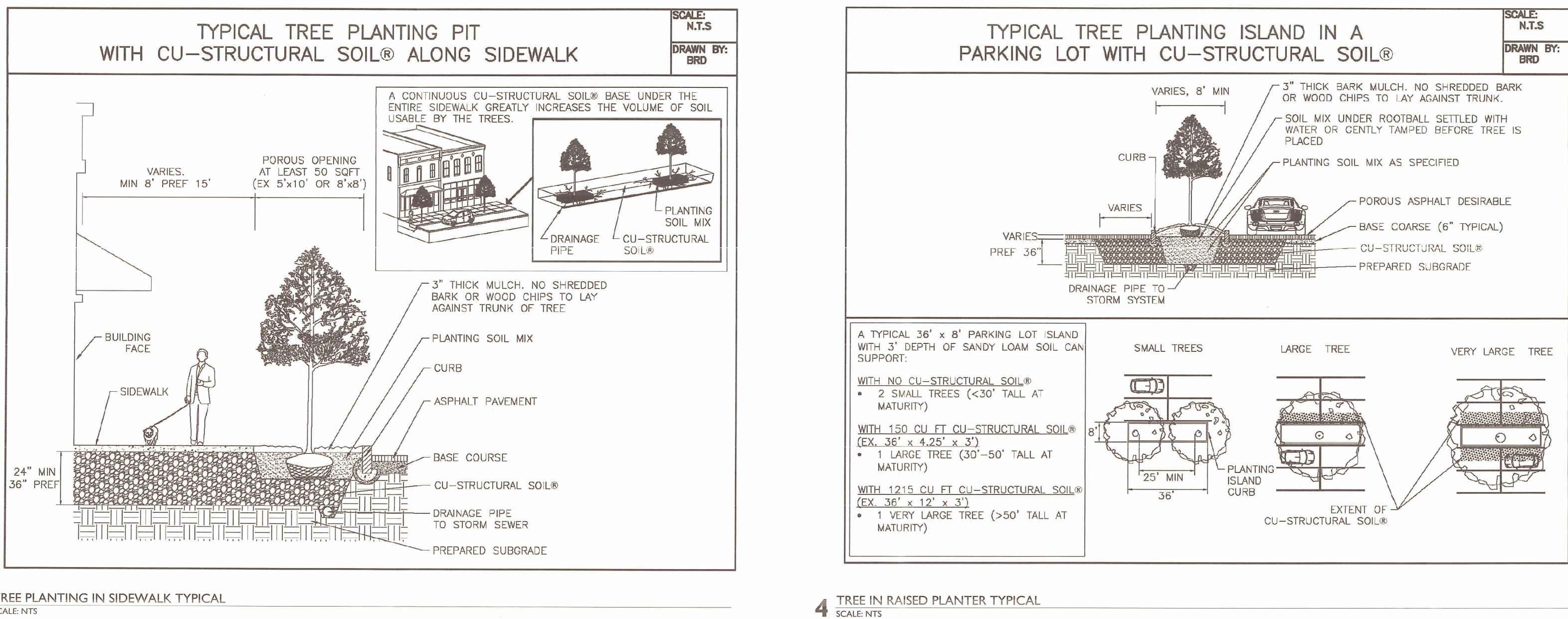
Architecture. Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661 DAA21-01 10 ISSUED FOR 10-06-21 ADMINISTRATIVE APPROVAL 02-18-19 9 ISSUED FOR PERMIT CORRECTION 02-01-19 8 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 10-29-18 7 ISSUED FOR BID 09-28-18 6 ISSUED FOR 90% CD 08-31-18 5 ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT 4 ISSUED FOR CITY REVIEW 04-19-18 3 DESIGN DEVELOPMENT 02-02-18 PROGRESS DATE NO. DESCRIPTION ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 2019.02.01 PROJECT NUMBER 1623 Daxton Hotel 298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009 - OCT 12 2021 UI GROUND LEVEL LANDSCAPE PLAN

BOOTH HANSEN

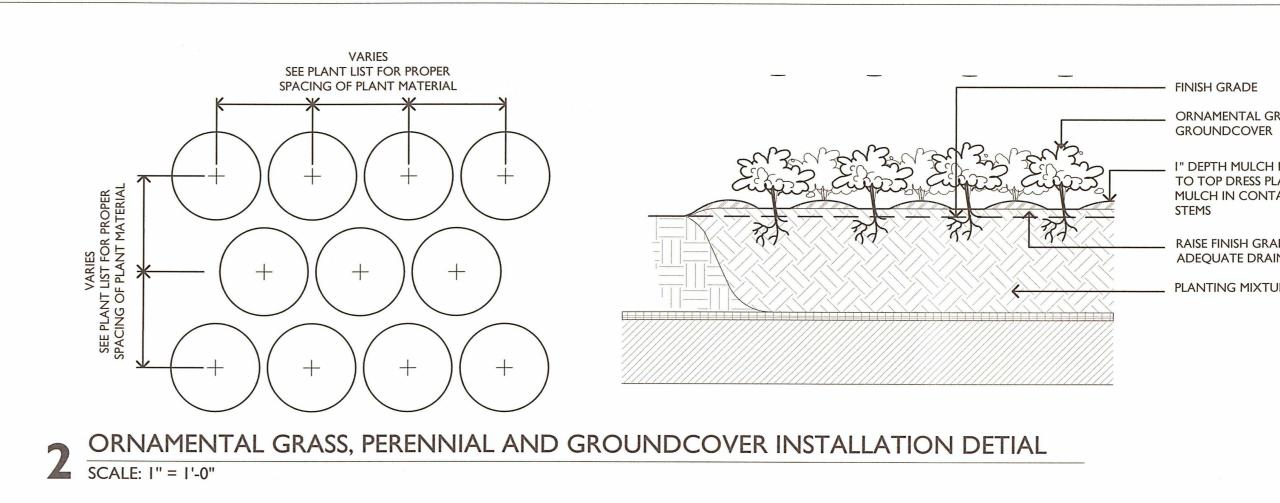
	CODE	BOTANICAL NAME		QTY	CAL	HT	SPRD	ROOT	REMARKS
S (UF	ULMUS 'FRONTIER'			3.5 - 4"		مىتىما	B&B	SINGLE STRAIGHT TRUNK, SPECIMEN QUALITY
TREES	UCMG	ULMUS CARPINIFOLIA 'MORTON GLOSSY'	FRONTIER ELM	4	4"	-	-	B&B	SINGLE STRAIGHT TRUNK, SPECIMEN QUALITY
SES	CAKF	CALAMAGROSTIS ACUTIFLORA 'KARL FOERSTER'	KARL FOERSTER FEATHER REED GRASS	32	-		-	#1	2'-0" ON CENTER
OKN. GRASSES									
	AHHA	AMSONIA HUBRICHTII 'HALFWAY TO ARKANSAS'	BLUE STAR	32	_ 1	24"	24"	#1	2'-6" ON CENTER
S, VER	HPP	HEUCHERA X 'PALACE PURPLE'	'PALACE PURPLE' CORAL BELLS	48	-	18"	12"	#1	I'-0" ON CENTER
	HM	HAKONECHLOA MACRA 'AUREOLA'	JAPANESE FOREST GRASS	144	·	-	-	#1	I'-0" ON CENTER
¥₿	LM	LIRIOPE MUSCARI 'ROYAL PURPLE'	ROYAL PURPLE LILYTURF	200	-	-		#1	I'-0" ON CENTER
SHRUBS AND GROUNDCOVER	HSS	HOSTA 'SUM AND SUBSTANCE'	'SUM AND SUBSTANCE' HOSTA	18	-	-	-	#1	3'-0" ON CENTER
GRO GRO									

PLANT PALETTE

NOTE: QUANTITIES ON THE PLANT PALETTE ARE PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION ONLY. PLANT QUANTITIES UNDER THE CONTRACT ARE INDICATED ON THE PLANS. IN THE EVENT OF ANY DISCREPANCIES, THE CONTRACT SHALL BE BASED ON THE QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS.



TREE PLANTING IN SIDEWALK TYPICAL SCALE: NTS



ORNAMENTAL GRASS / PERENNIALS /

I" DEPTH MULCH LAYER, AFTER SETTLEMENT, TO TOP DRESS PLANTING BED. DO NOT PLACE MULCH IN CONTACT WITH PLANT MATERIAL STEMS

RAISE FINISH GRADE OF PLANTING BED 4" FOR ADEQUATE DRAINAGE PLANTING MIXTURE. SEE SOIL DEPTH CHART

PLANT LIST AND DETAILS

_2.0

298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009

Daxton Hotel

PROJECT NUMBER

1623

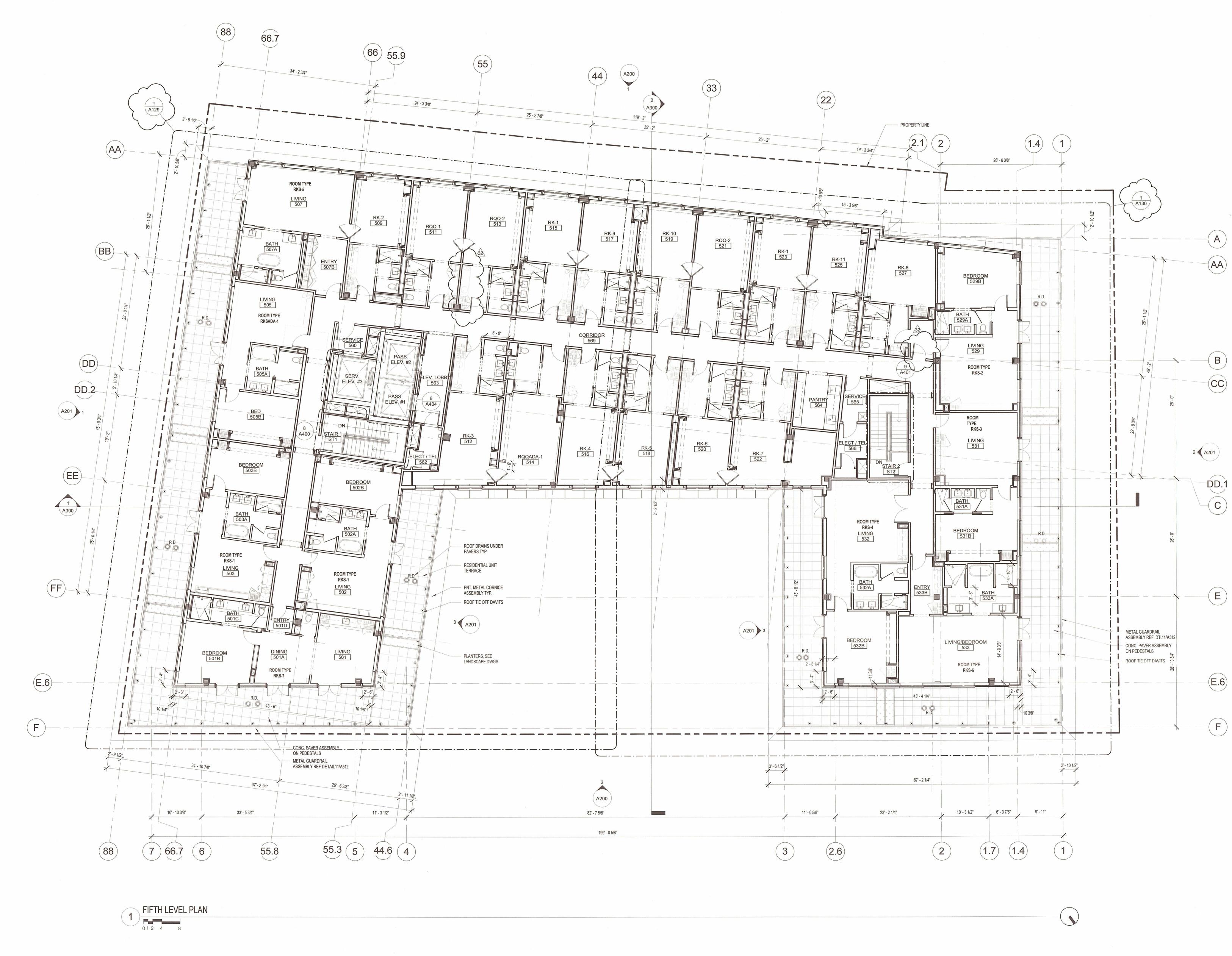
ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 2019.02.01

ISSUED FOR	
	10-06-21
ADMINISTRATIVE APPROVAL	
ISSUED FOR PERMIT	02-18-19
CORRECTION	
ISSUED FOR	02-01-19
CONSTRUCTION	
ISSUED FOR BID	10-29-18
	×
ISSUED FOR 90% CD	09-28-18
ISSUED FOR BUILDING	08-31-18
PERMIT	
ISSUED FOR CITY REVIEW	04-19-18
DESIGN DEVELOPMENT	02-02-18
PROGRESS	
O DESCRIPTION	DATE
	ISSUED FOR PERMIT CORRECTION ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION ISSUED FOR BID ISSUED FOR 90% CD ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT ISSUED FOR CITY REVIEW DESIGN DEVELOPMENT

WOLF

Architecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661

BOOTH HANSEN



BOOTH HANSEN Architecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661 PLAN GENERAL NOTES SEE INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, ELEVATIONS, AND DETAILS OF GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM BATHROOMS. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON KITCHEN EQUIPMENT, SEE FOOD SERVICE DRAWINGS. SEE A600 FOR EXTERIOR WALL TYPES REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS OF ALL PUBLIC SPACES. PROVIDE METAL CORNER GUARDS AT ALL EXPOSED CMU CORNERS IN BOH SPACES. REFER TO FOOD SERVICE DRAWINGS FOR CORNER GUARDS IN FOOD SERVICE AREAS REFER TO SHEET A604 DOOR SCHEDULE FOR SCHEDULE OF CASED OPENINGS AND SIZES. PROVIDE PLYWOOD BACKING AS REQUIRED IN TELE. CLOSET. REFER TO LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS FOR FOR GREEN ROOF PLANTINGS FINAL LOCATIONS OF FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS TO BE REVIEWED/APPROVED BY FIRE DEPARTMENT AND BUILDING OFFICIAL ON SITE. 32 ISSUED FOR 04-09-21 ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL 31 ISSUED FOR REVISED 04-10-20 **BUILDING PERMIT** 26 BULLETIN #13 07-31-19 04-18-19 20 BULLETIN #07 18 BULLETIN #05 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR 02-01-19 CONSTRUCTION 16 BID ADDENDUM #2 11-16-18 15 PERMIT CORRECTIONS 11-16-18 10-30-18 14 ISSUE FOR BID 13 ISSUED FOR 90% CD 09-28-18 11 ISSUED FOR BUILDING 08-31-18 PERMIT 5 ISSUED FOR 03-15-18 SUPERSTRUCTURE BID 4 ISSUED FOR 02-19-18 FOUNDATION PERMIT 3 DESIGN DEVELOPMENT 02-02-18 PROGRESS 1 SCHEMATIC DESIGN 8-31-17 DATE NO. DESCRIPTION LAURENCE BOOTH ARCH.TECT No. 26880

PROJECT NUMBER



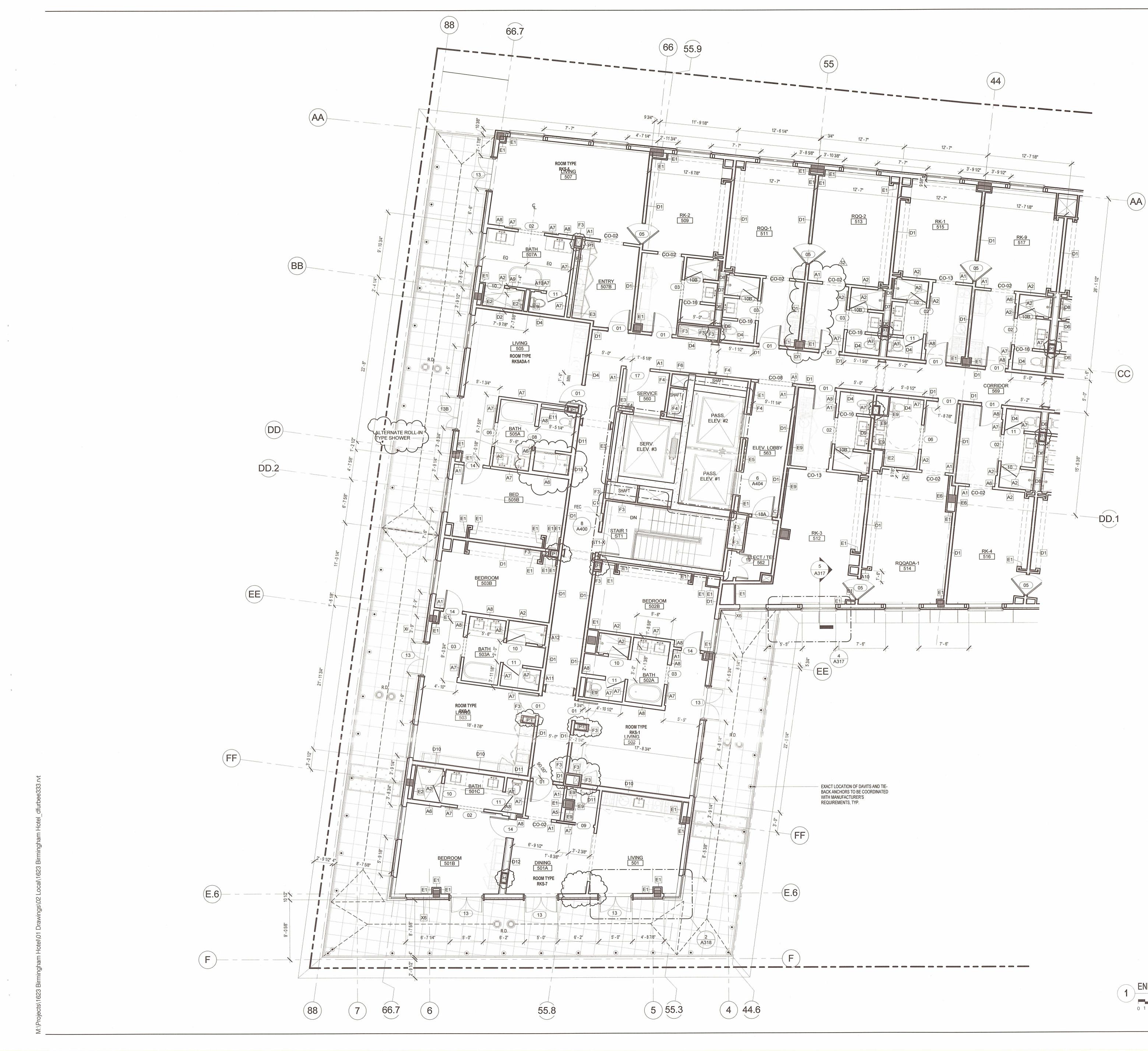
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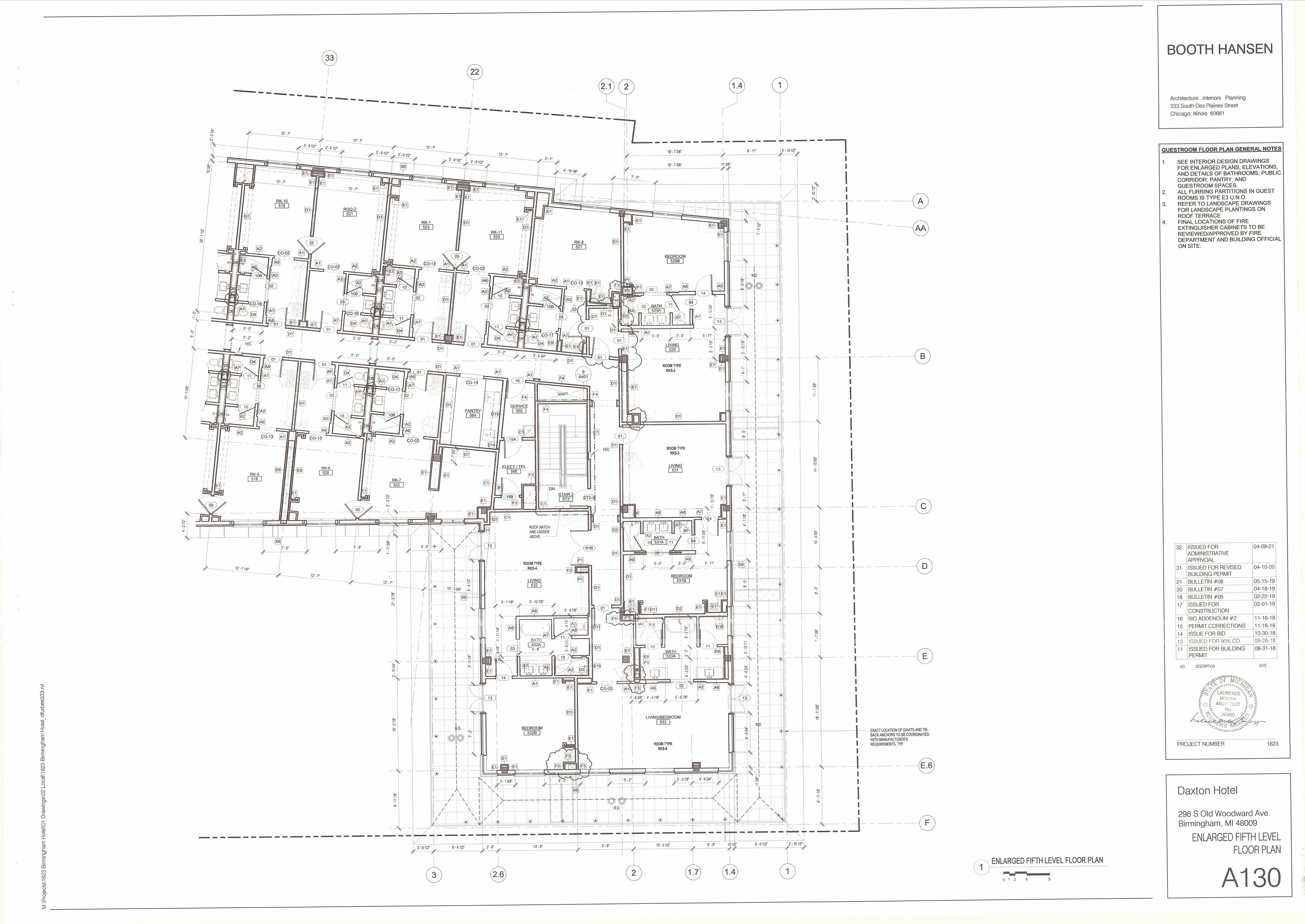
Architecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661 Image: Chicago, Illinois 60060 Image: Chicago, Illinois 60661 Image: Chic	BOOTH HANSEN
1. RECESSED LIGHTING FIXTURE HOUSINGS SHALL BE SEALED TO THE CEILING OPENING IN BATHROMS. BATHUB AREAS SHOWERS TO KEEP MOISTURE FROM ENTERING THE CEILING PLENUM ABOVE. 2. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS FOR GUESTROOMS AND DETAILS FOR SMOKECO DETECTOR TYPES. 3. PAINT BORKED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS OF ALL PUBLIC SPACES. 5. REFER TO ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS FOR SMOKE/CO DETECTOR TYPES. 3. GYP. BD. CEILING LEVEL 5 SKIM COAT PLASTER GUEST ROOM ACCOUSTIC CEILING TILE BOH ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE S. SPEAKER \$ SPEINKLER SECURITY CAMERA CS CO / SMOKE ALARM - REFER TO CS ELEC. DWGS. (GUEST ROOMS) OS OCCUPANCY SENSOR (GUEST ROOMS) APA3 21'X2' APA3 21'X2' APA3 21'X2' APA3 21'X2' APA3 22'X2' APA3 22'X2'Z' BULLETI	333 South Des Plaines Street
LEVEL 5 SKIM COAT PLASTER GUEST ROOM ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE BOH ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE SPEAKER SPEAKER SECURITY CAMERA CO / SMOKE ALARM - REFER TO ELEC. DWGS. (GUEST ROOMS) OS OCCUPANCY SENSOR (GUEST ROOMS) MOCSS PARELEY AP-1 127.12° AP-2 187.18° AP-3 24°.32° COMMINISTRATIVE APPA 04-09-21 APPA SPERVINIE 04-09-21 APPRVOAL 22 ISSUED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL 04-13-19 OCONSTRUCTION 23 ISSUED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL 04-18-19 OCONSTRUCTION 24 BULLETIN #08 05-15-19 OCONSTRUCTION 25 BULLETIN #00 02-22-19 OCONSTRUCTION 26 BULLETIN #00 02-22-19 OCONSTRUCTION 17 ISSUED FOR BUILDING OCONSTRUCTION 02-01-19 OCONSTRUCTION 18 BULLETIN #00 02-22-18 DO-005TRUCTION 13 ISSUED FOR BUILDING OCONSTRUCTION 04-08-21 PROJECT NUMBER 13 ISSUED FOR BUILDING OCONSTRUCTION 04-18-19 DO-02-02-18 DO-02-01-19 CONSTRUCTION 16 BID ADDENDUM #2 </th <th> RECESSED LIGHTING FIXTURE HOUSINGS SHALL BE SEALED TO THE CEILING OPENING IN BATHROOMS, BATHTUB AREAS, SHOWERS TO KEEP MOISTURE FROM ENTERING THE CEILING PLENUM ABOVE. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS FOR GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM BATHROOMS. PAINT BOH EXPOSED STRUCTURE U.N.O. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS FOR GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM </th>	 RECESSED LIGHTING FIXTURE HOUSINGS SHALL BE SEALED TO THE CEILING OPENING IN BATHROOMS, BATHTUB AREAS, SHOWERS TO KEEP MOISTURE FROM ENTERING THE CEILING PLENUM ABOVE. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS FOR GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM BATHROOMS. PAINT BOH EXPOSED STRUCTURE U.N.O. REFER TO INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, INTERIOR ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS FOR GUESTROOMS AND GUESTROOM
ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE S SPEAKER SECURITY CAMERA CO / SMOKE ALARM - REFER TO ELEC. DWGS. (GUEST ROOMS) OS OCCUPANCY SENSOR (GUEST ROOMS) Image: Comparison of the sensor of the sensered the sensered the sensor of the sensor of the sensor	LEVEL 5 SKIM COAT PLASTER
CS ELEC. DWGS. (GUEST ROOMS) OS OCCUPANCY SENSOR (GUEST ROOMS) ACCESS PANEL KEY AP-1 AP-2 18"X 18" AP-3 24"X 24" AP-4 35"X 35" GENERAL CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM SZING AND QUARTITIES WITH MECHANICAL SUB. REFER TO SPECIFICATION FOR ACCESS PANEL TYPE 32 ISSUED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL 04-09-21 27 BULLETIN #14 09-13-19 28 BULLETIN #09 06-28-19 21 BULLETIN #00 02-01-19 20 BULLETIN #005 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR DOR QCO 09-28-18 02-01-19 18 BULLETIN #05 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 18 BULLETIN #05 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 18 ISUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 19 ISSUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 13 ISSUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 14 ISSUED FOR BUIL 01NG 08-31-18 15 PERMIT 02-02-18 10 DESCRIPTION DATE PROJECT NUMBER	ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE S SPEAKER SPRINKLER SEQUEITY CAMERA
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Daxton Hotel	APPRVOAL 9 27 BULLETIN #14 09-13-19 22 BULLETIN #09 06-28-19 21 BULLETIN #08 05-15-19 20 BULLETIN #07 04-18-19 18 BULLETIN #05 02-22-19 17 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION 02-01-19 16 BID ADDENDUM #2 11-16-18 15 PERMIT CORRECTIONS 11-16-18 14 ISSUE FOR BID 10-30-18 13 ISSUED FOR P0% CD 09-28-18 11 ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT 08-31-18 3 DESIGN DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS 02-02-18
	PROJECT NUMBER 1623
Birmingham, MI 48009 REFLECTED CEILING PLAN - FIFTH LEVEL A115	298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009 REFLECTED CEILING PLAN - FIFTH LEVEL



1 ENLARGED FIFTH LEVEL FLOOR PLAN

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Architecture Interiors Planning 333 South Des Plaines Street Chicago, Illinois 60661
GUESTROOM FLOOR PLAN GENERAL NOTES
 SEE INTERIOR DESIGN DRAWINGS FOR ENLARGED PLANS, ELEVATIONS, AND DETAILS OF BATHROOMS, PUBLIC CORRIDOR, PANTRY, AND GUESTROOM SPACES. ALL FURRING PARTITIONS IN GUEST ROOMS IS TYPE E3 U.N.O. REFER TO LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS FOR LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS ON ROOF TERRACE FINAL LOCATIONS OF FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS TO BE REVIEWED/APPROVED BY FIRE DEPARTMENT AND BUILDING OFFICIAL ON SITE.
32ISSUED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL04-09-21 ADMINISTRATIVE APPRVOAL31ISSUED FOR REVISED BUILDING PERMIT04-10-20 BUILDING PERMIT28BULLETIN #15 12-06-19 2612-06-19 2626BULLETIN #13 07-31-19 2007-31-19 20 20 BULLETIN #05 12-22-19 17 1718BULLETIN #05 CONSTRUCTION02-22-19 17 17 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION16BID ADDENDUM #2 CONSTRUCTION11-16-18 10-30-18 13 13 1SSUED FOR BID 10-30-18 13 13 1SSUED FOR BUILDING PERMITN0DESCRIPTIONDATEMACH TECT NO. 26830VOLD WILL ACH TECT NO. 26830VOLD WILLVOLD WILL ACH TECT NO. 26830PROJECT NUMBER1623
Daxton Hotel 298 S Old Woodward Ave. Birmingham, MI 48009 ENLARGED FIFTH LEVEL FLOOR PLAN A129





Administrative Approval Application Planning Division

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out.

1. Applicant

3. Project Contact Person

5. Required Attachments

- Two (2) folded copies of project plans including an itemized list of all changes for which Administrative Approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- One (1) digital copy of project plans
- Warranty Deed with legal description of property

6. Project Information

Address/Location of Property:

325 South Old Broadway, Birmingham MI 48(Name of Development: Adachi Restaurant Sushi Parcel ID#: Current Use: Restaurant with sushi bar seating Proposed Use: Restaurant with sushi bar booth Area of Site in Acres: .25 Current Zoning: Commerical

2. Property Owner

Name: <u>325 South Old Woodward, LLC</u> Address: _______ <u>330 Hamilton Row, Suite 300, Birmingham M</u> Phone Number: <u>248-882-7777</u> Email: <u>clint@mansourcompanies.com</u>

4. Project Designer/Developer

Name: Christopher J. Longe AIA, Architect Address: 124 Peabody, Birmingham, MI 48009

Phone Number: 248-258-6940 Email: cilonge@cilongeaia.com

- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed
- Material samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment
- Completed Administrative Approval checklist

	Yes	No
Is the property located in a floodplain?		
Is the property within a Historic District?		
\rightarrow If so, which?		
Will the project require a variance?		
\rightarrow If so, how many?		
Has the project been reviewed by a Board?		
\rightarrow If so, which?		

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

removing 8 sushi bar stool and replacing with 2 booths that accommodate 8 people

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan. By providing your e-mail to the City, you agree to receive news notifications from the City. If you do not wish to receive these messages, you may unsubscribe at any time.

Signature of Applicant:	Mar	Date: <u>9/15/2021</u>
Application #: PAAJI-0101 Date of Approval: (0/1/21	Office Use Only Date Received: $\P(15/2)$ Date of Denial: N/A	Fee: \$_(00-

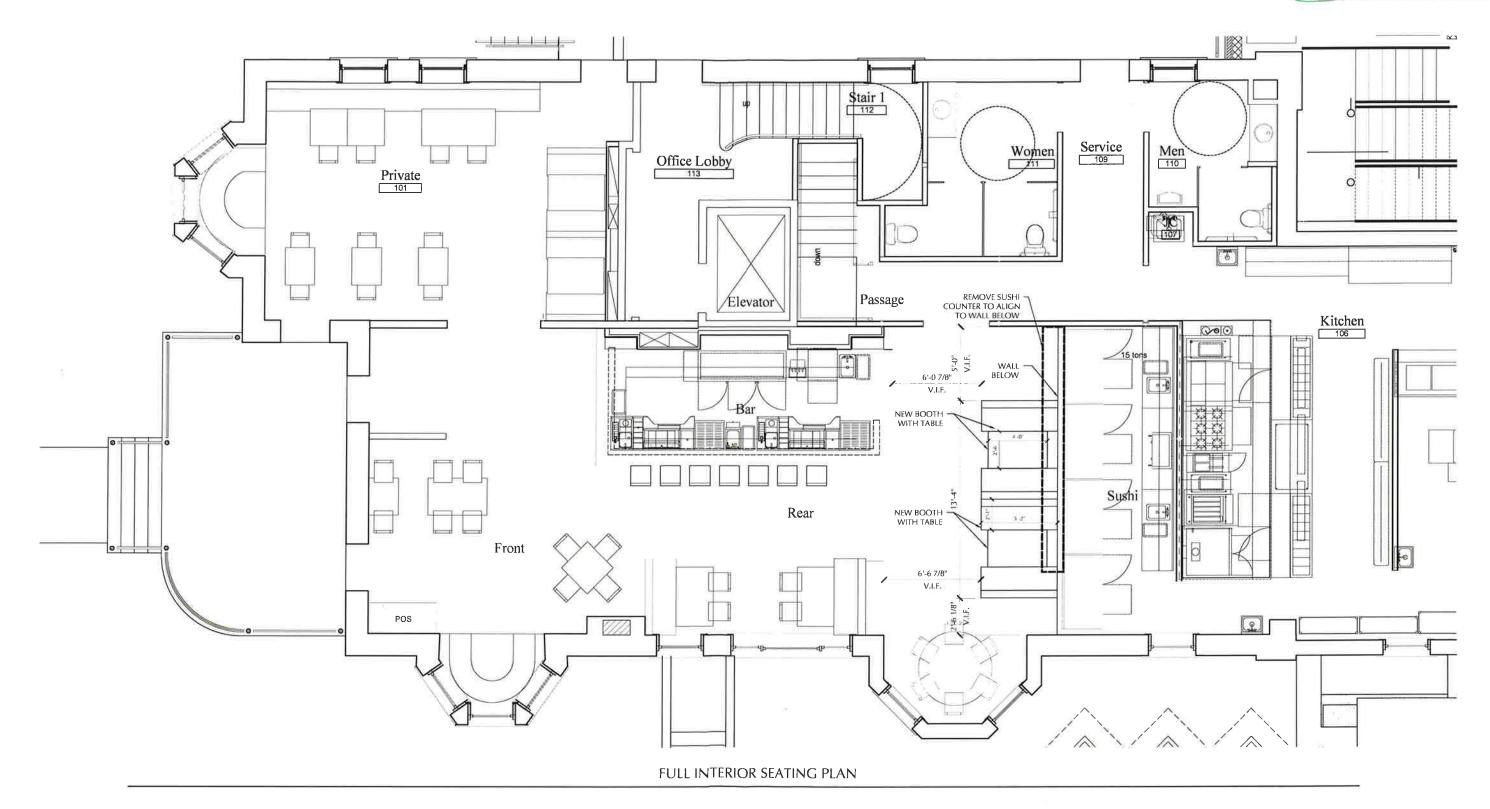


CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

325 South Old Woodward	, OF THE STATE OF	AND
(Name of Property Owner)		
COUNTY OF	_ STATE THE FOLLOWING:	
1. That I am the owner of real estate	located at(Address of Affected Prop	gham, MI 48009
	(Address of Affected Prop	erty)
2. That I have read and examined the	Application for Administrative Approval made to	the City of
Adachi Restaurar Birmingham by:	(Name of Applicant)	Ę.
	(Name of Applicant)	
3. That I have no objections to, and co	onsent to the request(s) described in the Applica	ation made to the
City of Birmingham.		
Name of Owner (Printed)	Id Woodward, LLC.	

nume of owner (i ring		
	\mathcal{D}	1 -
/		MAN
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Signature of Owner	yes	10 ac
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9/15/2021 Date:_____ Ford-Peabody Mansion 325 Old Woodward Birmingham, Michigan





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Administrative Approval Application Planning Division



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MAIL ON

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out. 2. Property Owner

1	Applicant
	Name: WHISTLE STOP DINER, INC
	Address: SOI S. ETON ST
	BIRMINGHAM, Mi 48009
	Phone Number: $248 635 - 2554$
	Email: VALIZOVMAIL.OM

3. Project Contact Person Name: <u>VALTER</u> XHOMAD Address:

Phone Number: <u>248</u> 635-2554 Email:

5. Required Attachments

- Two (2) folded copies of project plans including an itemized list of all changes for which Administrative Approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- One (1) digital copy of project plans
- Warranty Deed with legal description of property

6. Project Information

Address/Location of Property: 50 S EID/N ST
Address/Location of Property: <u>501 S EIDN ST</u> PARMUNGHAM, MU 48009
Name of Development:
Parcel ID#:
Current Use:
Proposed Use:
Area of Site in Acres:
Current Zoning:

4. Project Designer/Developer

Email: VALIZO

TYOX

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	de	Iro	CC

Phone Number: ______ Email:

Name:

Phone Number:

Address:

 Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

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248-635-2554

- Material samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment
- Completed Administrative Approval checklist

Yes	No
	Þ

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan. By providing your e-mail to the City, you agree to receive news notifications from the City. If you do not wish to receive these messages, you may unsubscribe at any time.

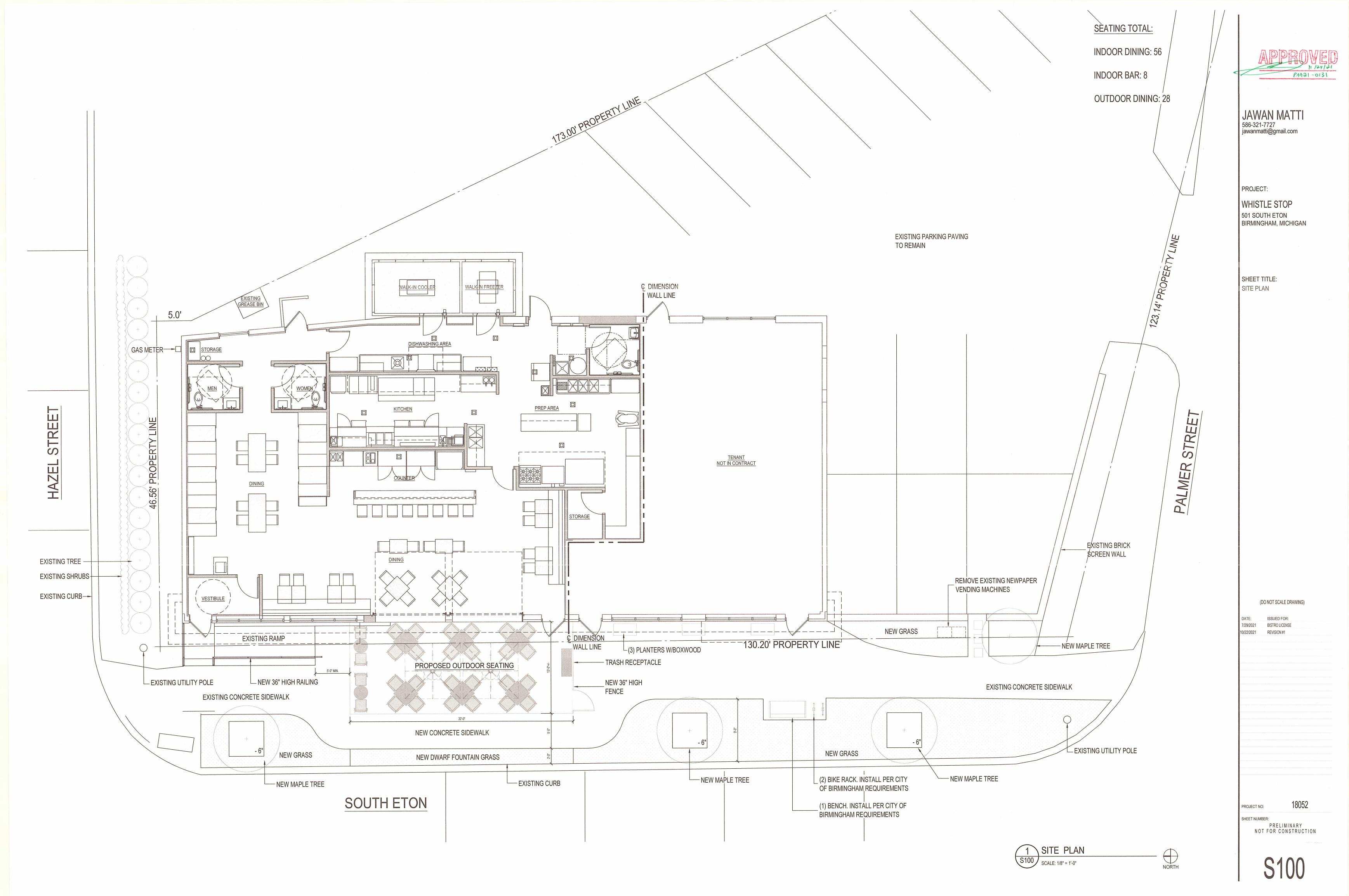
Signature of Applicant:	c provide pt	Date: <u>11/22/2021</u>
Application #: PAA21-0131 Date of Approval: 1(/24/2)	Office Use Only Date Received: 11/23121 Date of Denial: N/A	Fee: \$ Reviewed By:



CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

I, <u>VALTER</u> XHOMAQU, OF THE STATE OF <u>MUCHEGAM</u> AND (Name of Property Owner)
COUNTY OF
1. That I am the owner of real estate located at <u>501</u> <u>S</u> . <u>ETON</u> <u>ST</u> , <u>BIRMENGHAM</u> , <u>M</u> (Address of Affected Property) 48009
2. That I have read and examined the Application for Administrative Approval made to the City of
Birmingham by: <u>VALTER XHOMAQI (WHOSTLE STOP</u> DINER, INC) (Name of Applicant)
3. That I have no objections to, and consent to the request(s) described in the Application made to the
City of Birmingham.
Name of Owner (Printed): VALTER XHOMAQI

Signature of Owner: Velter Xhomeji Date: 11/22/2021







Administrative Approval Application Planning Division

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out.

1. Applicant

Address:	
525 North Old Woodward, Birmingham, MI 48009	
Phone Number: 248-792-6051	
Fax Number: 248-644-1733	
Email Address: salscal@sbcglobal.net	

3. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person

Name: N/A	
Address:	

Phone Number:	
Fax Number:	
Email Address:	

5. Project Information

Address/Location of Property:	
523 and 525 North Old Woodward	
Name of Development: Luxe Bar and Grill	
Parcel ID#: 1925 327 031	
Current Use: Bistro at 525, former Mercantile at 523	
Area in Acres: ³⁵	
Current Zoning: 02 with Downtown Overlay D2	

6. Required Attachments

- Warranty Deed with legal description of property
- Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
- Completed Checklist
- Material Samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

Revise Proposed Settee seat count from 18 to 19, which revises the Total Seats to 65, as allowed by the Bistro Ordinance guideling

Hevise Hoposed Octree sear count non to to 19, which revises the Total Sears to 55, as allowed by the Distro Ordinance guidening					
			NOV	1 9 2021	
	1				
		8	CITY OF	BIRMINGHAM	
	CON				ARTMENT
The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understan	nds t	hat it	is the	responsibil	ity of the
applicant to advise the Planning/Division and/or Building Division of any addition	nal cl	hange	s to th	e approved	l site plan.
Signature of Applicant: Dat	te:	11.1	18/	202	
			1		
Office Use Only					
Application #: $PAA 2I-G127$ Date Received:FDate of Approval: $II-19-222$ Date of Denial:R	ee:		-/-	21	1
Date of Approval: $ -19-202\rangle$ Date of Denial:	Review	wed E	y 34	h 1.	h

2. Property Owner Name: Masterpiece Investments

INAILIE. Masterpiece investments	
Address:	
30777 Northwestern Hwy, Southfield, MI 48334	
Phone Number: 248-681-5400	
Fax Number: 248-681-8434	
Email Address: kori.perinoff@plummarket.com	

4. Project Designer/Developer

Name:	Ron	And	Roman

Address: 275 East Frank St, Birmingham, MI 48009

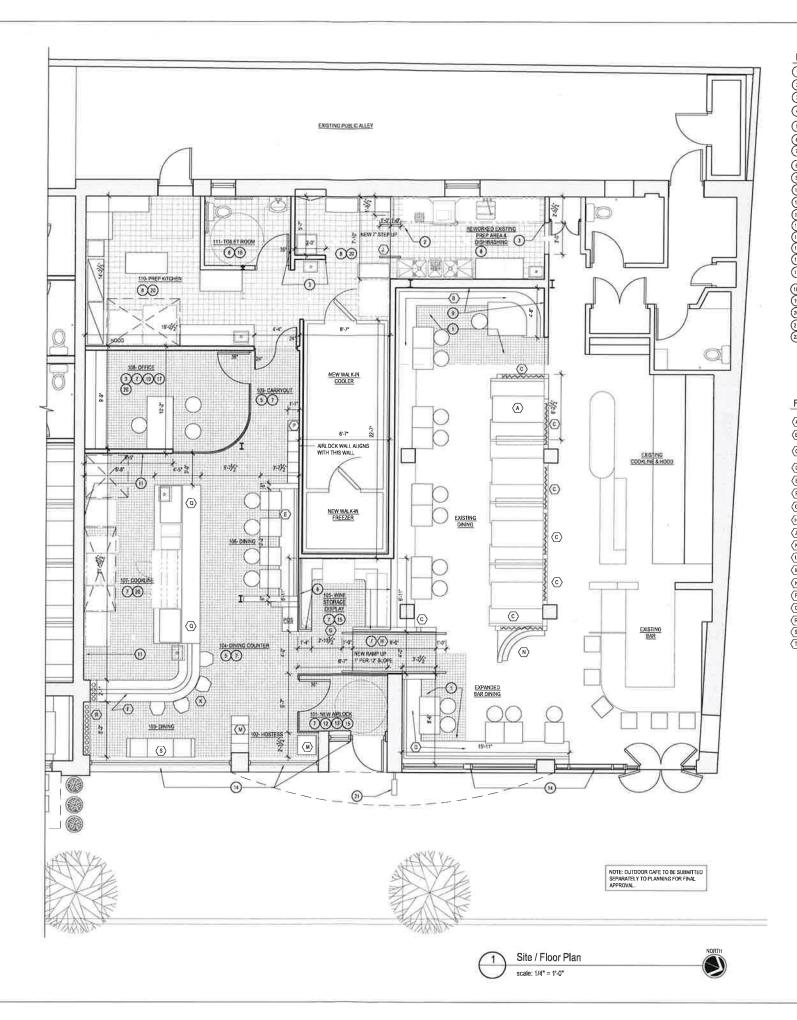
Phone Number: 248-723-5790 Fax Number: Email Address: darrell@ronandroman.com

Name of Historic District if any: ______ Date of HDC Approval, if any: ______ Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan: ______ Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval: ______ Date of Application for Final Site Plan: ______ Date of Final Site Plan Approval: ______ Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval: ______

- One (1) digital copy of plans
- Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

of





	z	a
KEY NOTES	V	48009
NEW MOSAIC TILE TO MATCH EXISTING PATTERN AND COLOR IN EXPANDED	M	mīngham MI 48 f)248.723.5795
		M 23.
3	t 0	rmingham f) 248.7
3) NEW PARTITION WALL - PAINTED FINISH	ct R	24 24
A) NEW GYPSUM BOARD CEILING ON NEW 2x6 WOOD FRAMING @ 15" 0 C CAP TOP WITH PLYWOOD (TO MATCH ADJACENT CEILING CONSTRUCTION)	A N D architects	
5) PAINT ALL EXPOSED CONSTRUCTION ABOVE CEILING TO MATCH EXISTING	ite _	Frank St. Bi 248.723.5790
	C P N	S1. 3.57
NEW MOSAIC THE THROUGHOUT DINING ROOM, OFFICE, RAMP, SAME PATTERN	A	Frank 248.72
	z	Fra
		ш ()
B NEW PARTITION WALL - PAINTED FINISH TO MATCH EXISTING ADJACENT WALLS	0	275
NEW PARTITION WALL - WITH STAINLESS STEEL FRAMED TEMPERED GLAZING.	P4	
1) NEW LARGE FORMAT FAUX STONE PANELS		
2) NEW STAINLESS STEEL GLAZED (TEMPERED) VESTIBULE AND DOOR	Project:	
3) REPLACE DOOR AND SIDELIGHTS - SEE ELEVATION		
A) PAINT EXTERIOR FACADE - BRICK AND WOOD TRIM COMPLETELY		
5) PAINTED GYPSUM BOARD CEILING		
6 REPAIR/REPLACE EXISTING MOSAIC TILE TO MATCH EXISTING AT REMOVAL AREA		
PAINTED GYPSUM BOARD FRAMED DOUBLE-SIDED SUSPENDED SHELF	1	0
WITH CONTINUOUS LED STRIP ON PUBLIC SIDE	1	906
NOT USED PAINTED METAL MESH SUSPENDED CEILING Zn2 LAY-IN SCRUBBABLE SUSPENDED CEILING		5
9) PAINTED METAL MESH SUSPENDED CEILING		00
21/21 LAY-IN SCRUBBABLE SUSPENDED CEILING	1	480
) RELOCATE EXISTING SIGN - MODIFY BRACKET MOUNTING		Wigce
2) RE-INSTALL STEEL COLUMN WITH NEW 35'x35'x12' REINFORCED CONCRETE		ad ad
FOOTING	· ·	and iingt
	O	expanding Nuchen and Uning in Existing and Agacent lenant Spaces 235 North Old Woodward, Birmingham, MI 48009
	Luxe	ad, L
		u B
	1 :	
IXTURE SCHEDULE		
INTONE SOMEDULE	1	La La
NEW BOOTH TO MATCH EXISTING - REWORK AND EXTEND END WALL		I No
EXTENDINEW SETTEE TO MATCH EXISTING, INCLUDING CONTINUOUS RECESS	3	525 525
WITH CLEAR ACRYLIC TOP FOR LED STRIP LIGHT,	1	
NEW CAFE CURTAINS - REPLACE ALL EXISTING AND NEW RODS TO MATCH EXISTING AT NEW BOOTH.		edx
NEW BAR HEIGHT SETTEE	·	ш
NEW DINING HEIGHT SETTEE WITH UPHOLSTERED 'ARMS'	- P	
NEW BAR DIE AND STONE DINING COUNTER WITH TILED FOOTREST/FRONT		
NEW WINE STORAGE AND DISPLAY CABINETS AND SHELVES		
ADA STEEL RAIL AT RAMP (BOTH SIDES)	Seal:	
ADA STEEL RAIL AT STEP (BOTH SIDES)		
(4) CUSTOM COPPER STOOLS		
CUSTOM LIGHT FIXTURE (2)		
HOSTESS STAND		
REWORKED HOSTESS STAND/DRINK RAIL		
CARRYOUT CUBBIES		
GLASS SNEEZEGUARD		
PAINTED WOOD DISPLAY SHELVES		
NEW UPHOLSTERED BOOTHS (2)		
NEW CABINET		
PROPOSED SEATING	Issue Date:	
PAR 6	SUBMISSION	08 05 2020
HIGHTOP 10 BOOTH 16	REVISION	09 02 2020
SETTEE (19)	INC VIAIUN	03/02/2020
NEW SETTEE B	REVISION	11 24 2020
NEW BOOTH 2	REVISION	05 07 2021
TOTAL (65)		
	PERMIT	10 01 2021
	ADMIN APPROVAL	11 12 2021
	Sheet Title;	
	Sile / Floo	n Plan
		// F1011
	Sheet Number:	
5 C		
	A10	12
	AIL	2
	1	





Administrative Approval Application

Planning Division

Form will not be processed until it is completely filled out.

1. Applicant

Address:	
850 S. Old Woodward, Birmingham MI 48009	
Phone Number: 248-646-7847	
Fax Number: 248-646-1850	
Email Address: hagopian@aol.com	

3. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person

Address:		
850 S. Old Woodward,	Birmingham MI 48009	
Phone Number:	248-646-7847	
Fax Number: 248	646-1850	
	uzanneh@originalhagopian.com	

5. Project Information

Address/Location of Property: 850 S. Old Woodward

Name of Development:	
Parcel ID#: 08-19-36-278-017	
Current Use: retail rug store	
Area in Acres:	
Current Zoning: Commercial Industrial Building	

6. Required Attachments

- Warranty Deed with legal description of property
- Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
- Completed Checklist
- Material Samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

2. Property Owner

Address: 3586 Burning Bush	
Bloomfield Hills MI 48301	
Phone Number: 248-646-6569	
Fax Number:	
Email Address: beierbw@aol.com	

4. Project Designer/Developer

Name:	
Address:	
Phone Number:	
Fax Number:	
Email Address:	

Name of Historic District if any:	
Date of HDC Approval, if any:	
Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan:	
Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval:	
Date of Application for Final Site Plan:	
Date of Final Site Plan Approval:	_
Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval:	

- One (1) digital copy of plans
- Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

This is a request of approval for paint color (Pantone SW	0038 Library Pewter) to paint trim on building per email to Bro	oks Cowan dated 9/24/21
2		
The undersigned states the above applicant to advise the Planning Di	information is true and correct, and un vision and/or Building Division of any	nderstands that it is the responsibility of the additional changes to the approved site plan.
Signature of Applicant:	not fin	Date: 10-1-21
0	Office Use Only	
Application #: <u>21-0106</u>	Date Received: 10-5-21	Fee:
Date of Approval: 10-5-21	Date of Denial:	Reviewed By: Buch

2010/01/2018/02/01/2018
ingham

CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

I, Brier Funny Real Estate, OF THE STATE OF Michigun AND (Name of Property Owner)			
COUNTY OF <u>Email T</u> STATE THE FOLLOWING:			
1. That I am the owner of real estate located at			
(Address of Affected Property)			
2. That I have read and examined the Application for Administrative Approval made to the City of			
Birmingham by: Suzanne Hagopian			
(Name of Applicant)			
3. That I have no objections to, and consent to the request(s) described in the Application made to the City of			
Birmingham.			
Name of Owner (Printed): Beier Family Real Estate			
Signature of Owner: Date: 10 121			

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Pam Coultis

From:	Pam Coultis	
Sent:	Friday, September 24, 2021 2:35 PM	
То:	bcowan@bhamgov.org	
Cc:	Suzanne Hagopian	
Subject:	Request for approval of paint color / 850 S. Old Woodward, Birmingham MI 48009 - Hagopian World of Rugs	
Attachments:	paintcolorsw0038.pdf; southsidewindow.jpg; frontentrace.jpg; frontwindows.jpg	
Tracking:	Recipient	Read
	bcowan@bhamgov.org	
	Suzanne Hagopian	Read: 9/24/2021 3:13 PM

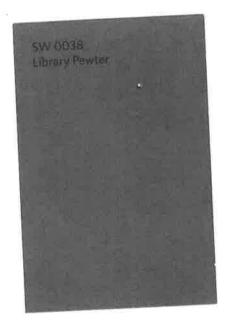
Hello Brooks,

I spoke to you in August about some exterior painting we would like to do before the weather changes. Suzanne Hagopian has selected a color (Sherwin Williams SW0038 Library Pewter) for our window trim and I would like to submit it here for approval. I am also attaching copies of the trim to be painted that include the southside of our building display window, the front entrance window and frame and 3 windows along the front of the building (triple paned) that have trim to be painted.

Please let me know if you need anything further and when we can expect a response.

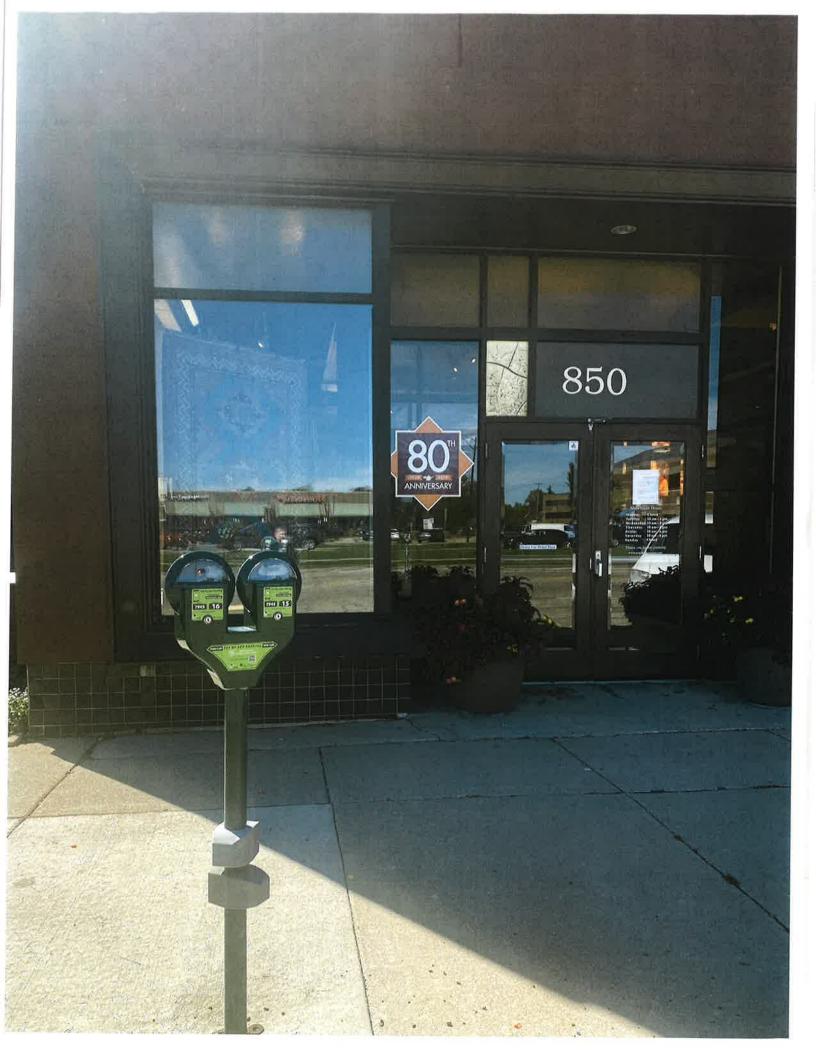
Thank you.

Pamela D. Coultis, Administrative Assistant Hagopian World of Rugs, Inc. 850 S. Old Woodward Birmingham, MI 248-646-7847









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	City of Birn	MPPROVED
	Administrative Annua	val Application
	Administrative Approv	
	Stortes - Planning Div	rision
	Strategis Form will not be processed until it	t is completely filled out.
1.	Alle Alle Alle	Troperty Owner That is only
		Name: 1-NODILE Centra
	S I C I C I C I C I C I C I C I C I C I	Address: 78505 3choolcoaft Livenia MI 48150
	Phone Number: 248 - 20252	Phone Number: 734 - 367 - 7200
	Fax Number:	Fax Number:
	Email Address: At Kinsone Strategistic	Email Address:
3		Project Designer/Developer
0.		Name: Kandtech
	Address:	Address: 1275 Mcbregar
		6 rawn MI 49637
		Phone Number: 231 943 0050 Fax Number:
	Email Address:	Email Address:
	Sec	
5.	Project Information	
		Name of Historic District if any:
	Name of Development: T-MONIE DE01248C	Date of HDC Approval, if any: Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan:
	Parcel ID#: $20 - 3(-202 - 00)$	Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval:
	Current Use: Cell tower	Date of Application for Final Site Plan:
	Area in Acres: Nomi NOU I	Date of Final Site Plan Approval:
	Current Zoning:	Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval:
6.	Required Attachments	
•••	Warranty Deed with legal description of property	• One (1) digital copy of plans
	• Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not	• Two (2) folded copies of plans including an
	owner)	itemized list of all changes for which
	Completed Checklist	Ladministrative approval is requested, with the
	 Material Samples Specification sheets for all proposed materials. 	changes marked in color on all elevations
	• Specification sheets for all proposed materials, 22/20	 Photographs of existing conditions on the site
	 Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment Y OF BIRMINGH Details of the Request for Administrative Approval 	where changes are proposed
7	Details of the Request for Administrative Approval	IAM
••	antenna replacement	1th Supporting
	equipment	and all all all all all all all all all al
	The undersigned states the above information is true and corre	ect. and understands that it is the responsibility of the
	applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Divisi	ion of any additional changes to the approved site plan.
		7 77 71
	Signature of Applicant:	Date: 7-22-21
<u> </u>	Office Use O	D nlv
	Application #: 21-0099 Date Received:	(2)
	9 11 - 0 1	
	Date of Approval: <u>9-14-21</u> Date of Denial:	Reviewed By



Tower Engineering Solutions Phone (972) 483-0607, Fax (972) 975-9615 1320 Greenway Drive, Suite 600, Irving, Texas 75038

Structural Analysis Report

Existing 120 ft Andrew Self Supporting Tower Customer Name: KGI Wireless, Inc. Customer Site Number: 27739 Customer Site Name: Birmingham Carrier Name: T-Mobile Carrier Site ID / Name: 27739 Site Location: 2080 East Maple Road Birmingham, Michigan OAKLAND County Latitude: 42.545200 Longitude: -83.193600 IIII 2.2.2021

Analysis Result: Max Structural Usage: 89.2% [Pass] Max Foundation Usage: 69% [Pass]

Report Prepared By: Stacey Hesselbein

CITY OF BIRMINGHAM COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPT MICH STACEY E HESSELBEIN ENGINEER 620106958 Mo 127/2021 ROFESS

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Concession of the

Tower Engineering Solutions Phone (972) 483-0607, Fax (972) 975-9615 1320 Greenway Drive, Suite 600, Irving, Texas 75038

Structural Analysis Report

Existing 120 ft Andrew Self Supporting Tower Customer Name: KGI Wireless, Inc. Customer Site Number: 27739 Customer Site Name: Birmingham Carrier Name: T-Mobile Carrier Site ID / Name: 27739 Site Location: 2080 East Maple Road Birmingham, Michigan OAKLAND County Latitude: 42.545200 Longitude: -83.193600

Analysis Result: Max Structural Usage: 89.2% [Pass] Max Foundation Usage: 69% [Pass]

Report Prepared By: Stacey Hesselbein

Introduction

The purpose of this report is to summarize the analysis results on the 120 ft Andrew Self Supporting Tower to support the proposed antennas and transmission lines in addition to those currently installed. Any modification listed under Sources of Information was assumed completed and was included in this analysis.

Tower Drawings	Andrew Dwg #LI-7033-01, dated August 30, 1987	
	Semaan Engineering Solutions analysis Dated 03/08/2018	
Foundation Drawing	Andrew Drawing #7033-01, dated August 6, 1987	
Geotechnical Report	SME Project # E10611 Dated 06/23/1987	
Modification Drawings	N/A	
Mount Analysis	TES, Project # 104006 Dated 04/09/2021	

Sources of Information

Analysis Criteria

The rigorous analysis was performed in accordance with the requirements and stipulations of the TIA-222-G-2. In accordance with this standard, the structure was analyzed using **TESTowers**, a proprietary analysis software. The program considers the structure as an elastic 3-D model with second-order effects and temperature effects incorporated in the analysis. The analysis was performed using multiple wind directions.

Wind Speed Used in the Analysis:	Ultimate Design Wind Speed V _{ult} = 115 mph (3-Sec. Gust)/ Nominal Design Wind Speed V _{asd} = 89.0 mph (3-Sec. Gust)
Wind Speed with Ice:	40 mph (3-Sec. Gust) with 1" radial ice concurrent
Operational Wind Speed:	60 mph + 0" Radial ice
Standard/Codes:	TIA-222-G-2 / 2015 Michigan Building Code
Exposure Category:	С
Structure Class:	1
Topographic Category:	1
Crest Height:	0 ft
Seismic Parameters:	$S_S = 0.089, S_1 = 0.045$

Existing Antennas, Mounts and Transmission Lines

The table below summarizes the antennas, mounts and transmission lines that were considered in the analysis as existing on the tower.

ltems	Elevation (ft)	Qty.	Antenna Descriptions	Mount Type & Qty.	Transmission Lines	Owner
1		12	Amphenol BXA-70080/8 Ft. Panel		s (12) 1 5/8'' (3) Hybrid	Verizon
2		12	Ericsson RRUS A2 Modules			
3		6	RRH 3JR52709AA 2X60 (AWS 60W)			
4	120.0	3	RRH 4X30-4T4R-B13 (700 60W)	Platform w/ Handrails		
5		3	RRH 4X30-4T4R-BAND 25 (PCS 60W RRH)			
6		12	10"x7"x2" TMAs			
7		3	OVP Junction Boxes			
8	110.0	9	Decibel DB848H80E-XY Panel	(3) T-Frames	(9) 7/8"	Sprint Nextel
		6	Andrew RR651900P - Panel		(18) 7/8"	T-Mobile
	100.0	3	Andrew TMBX-6516-R2M - Panel			
ас.,	100.0	3	Andrew ETW190VS12UB - TMA	(3) T-Frames		
T	6		Andrew ETW200VS12UB - TMA			
12		3	Allgon 7184 Panel			
13		3	Andrew SBNHH-1D65C Panel			
14	90.0	3 Powerwave RA21.7772.00 Panel			(1) 0.39" Fiber	
15		6	Powerwave LGP21401 TMA	(2) T Francisco	(2) 0.78" 8 AWG 6 (1) 3/8" RET	AT&T
16	50.0	3	Alcatel Lucent RRH2x40-07-L RRU	(3) T-Frames		
17		3	Alcatel Lucent RRH2x60-1900A-4R RRU			
18		1 Raycap DC6-48-60-18-8C OVP			(12) 7/8"	
19	9 1		Squid Box			
20	80.0	1	Andrew VHLP2.5-180 Dish	(1) Dish Mount	(2) 7/8"	Fibertower
21		3	Argus LLPX310R Panel			
22	75.0	3	Andrew VHLP2-23-1GR Dish	(2) 7 5	(6) 1/2" (2) 2"	Clearwire
23	/ 3.0	3	DragonWave Horizon DUO	(3) T-Frames		
24	6		Motorola WAP 450		(6) 5/16"	
25	65.0	3	Andrew SBH-2D6516 Panel	(2) 7.5	(4.9) 7 (9)	
26	03.0	3	EMS RR65-19-VDP/-R Panel	(3) T-Frames	(12) 7/8"	Metro PCS

Proposed Carrier's Final Configuration of Antennas, Mounts and Transmission Lines

Information pertaining to the proposed carrier's final configuration of antennas and transmission lines was provided by KGI Wireless, Inc. The proposed antennas and lines are listed below.

ltems	Elevation (ft)	Qty.	Antenna Descriptions	Mount Type & Qty.	Transmission Lines	Owner
9		3	Andrew HBXX-6517DS-A2M - Panel	(3) Sector Frames	(2) 1.55"	
10	100.0	3	Nokia AEHC Panel	(Commscope	Hybrid	T-Mobile
11		3	Nokia AHFIG RRU	SFG22HDX14-5)	(16) 7/8"	

See the attached coax layout for the line placement considered in the analysis.

Analysis Results

The results of the structural analysis, performed for the wind and ice loading and antenna equipment as defined above, are summarized as the following:

Tower Component	Legs	Diagonals	Horizontals
Max. Usage:	84.0%	89.2%	18.4%
Pass/Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass

Foundations

	Compression (Kips)	Uplift (Kips)	Shear (Kips)
Analysis Reactions	221.0	192.6	25.6

The foundation has been investigated using the supplied documents and soils report and was found adequate. Therefore, no modification to the foundation will be required.

Operational Condition (Rigidity):

The maximum twist and sway of the microwave dishes under the operational wind speed as specified in the Analysis Criteria are listed in the table below:

Elevation (ft)	Antenna / Dish	Carrier	Twist (deg)	Sway (deg)
80.0	Andrew VHLP2.5-180 Dish	Fibertower	0.009	0.163
75.0	Andrew VHLP2-23-1GR Dish	Clearwire	0.007	0.130

It is recommended that the carriers review the twist and sway values of the microwave dishes.

Conclusions

Based on the analysis results, the existing structure and its foundation were found to be adequate to safely support the existing and proposed equipment and meet the minimum requirements per the TIA-222 Standard under the design basic wind speed as specified in the Analysis Criteria.

Standard Conditions

- 1. This analysis was performed based on the information supplied to **(TES) Tower Engineering Solutions**, **LLC**. Verification of the information provided was not included in the Scope of Work for **TES**. The accuracy of the analysis is dependent on the accuracy of the information provided.
- 2. The structural analysis was performance based upon the evidence available at the time of this report. All information provided by the client is considered to be accurate.
- 3. The analyses will be performed based on the codes as specified by the client or based on the best knowledge of the engineering staff of **TES**. In the absence of information to the contrary, all work will be performed in accordance with the latest relevant revision of ANSI/TIA-222. If wind speed and/or ice loads are different from the minimum values recommended by the ANSI/TIA-222 standard or other codes, **TES** should be notified in writing and the applicable minimum values provided by the client.
- 4. The configuration of the existing mounts, antennas, coax and other appurtenances were supplied by the customer for the current structural analysis. **TES** has not visited the tower site to verify the adequacy of the information provided. If there is any discrepancy found in the report regarding the existing conditions, **TES** should be notified immediately to evaluate the effect of the discrepancy on the analysis results.
- 5. The client will assume responsibility for rework associated with the differences in initially provided information, including tower and foundation information, existing and/or proposed equipment and transmission lines.
- 6. If a feasibility analysis was performed, final acceptance of changed conditions shall be based upon a rigorous structural analysis.

Str	rolin	roy!	Upry	720	1.10	A1	
OH.	uctu	160	-4.1	1 35	1-rv	a	

Site Name:	Birmingham			Code: EIA/TIA-22	22-G	5/27/2021	(((1)))
Туре:	Self Support	Base Shape:	Triangle	Basic WS:	89.00		did. asa
leight:	120.00 (ft)	Base Width:	16.83	Basic Ice WS:	40.00		IFS
Base Elev:	0.00 (ft)	Top Width:	5.84	Operational WS:	60.00	Page: 1	Tower Engineering Solution

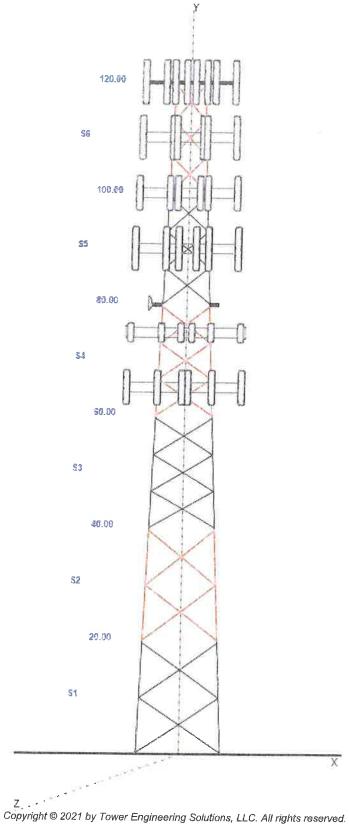
[Section Properties	
			Section Properties	
Sect	Leg M	ember	s Diagonal Members	Horizontal Members
1	PST 8" DIA PI	IPE	SAE 3.5X3.5X0.25	
2	PST 6" DIA PI	PE	SAE 3X3X0.25	
3	PST 5" DIA PI	PE	SAU 3X2.5X0_1875	
4	PST 5" DIA PI	PE	SAE 2.5X2.5X0.1875	
5	PST 4" DIA PI	PE	SAU 2.5X2X0.1875	
6	PST 3" DIA PI	PE	SAE 2X2X0.1875	SAE 2X2X0.1875
		Di	screte Appurtenances	8
Attach			_	
Elev (f				
120.0			1 6' Lightning rod	
120.00			1 Beacon	
120.00			2 BXA-70080/8CF (94.7")	
120.00			2 RRUS A2 Module	
120.00			5 3JR52709AA 2X60	
120.00			3 4X30-4T4R-B13	
120.00			3 4X30-4T4R-BAND 25	
120.00			2 10"x7"x2" TMAs	
120.00		3		
110.00		1 g	(net)	
110.00		3		
100.00		3		
100.00	100.00	3		
100.00	100.00	3		
100.00	100.00	1	(3) SFG22HDX	
90.00	90.00		7184	
90.00	90.00	3	SBNHH-1D65C	
90.00	90.00	3	RA21,7772.00	
90.00	90.00	6	LGP21401	
90.00	90.00	3	RRH2x40-07-L	
90.00	90.00	3	RRH2X60-1900A-4R	
90.00	90.00	1	DC6-48-60-18-8C	
90.00	90.00	1	Squid Box	
90.00	90.00	3	T-Frames	
80.00	80.00	1	VHLP2.5-180	
80.00	80.00	1	Dish Mount	
75.00	75.00	3	LLPX310R	
75.00	75.00	3	VHLP2-23-1GR	
75.00	75.00	3	Horizon DUO	
75.00	75.00	6	WAP 450	
75.00	75.00	3	T-Frames	1
65.00	65.00		SBH-2D6516	
65.00	65.00	3	RR65-19-VDP/-R	
65.00	65.00		T-Frames	
Elev	Flou	Lin	ear Appurtenances	
⊏iev om (ft)	Elev To (ft)	Qty	Description	ŀ
0.00	120.00		1 5/8" Coax	
0.00	120.00	2	1 5/8" Coax	
0.00	120.00	3	Hybrid	
0.00	120.00	1	W/G Ladder	Ĕ
0.00	110.00	9		
0.00	110.00	9	7/8" Coax	

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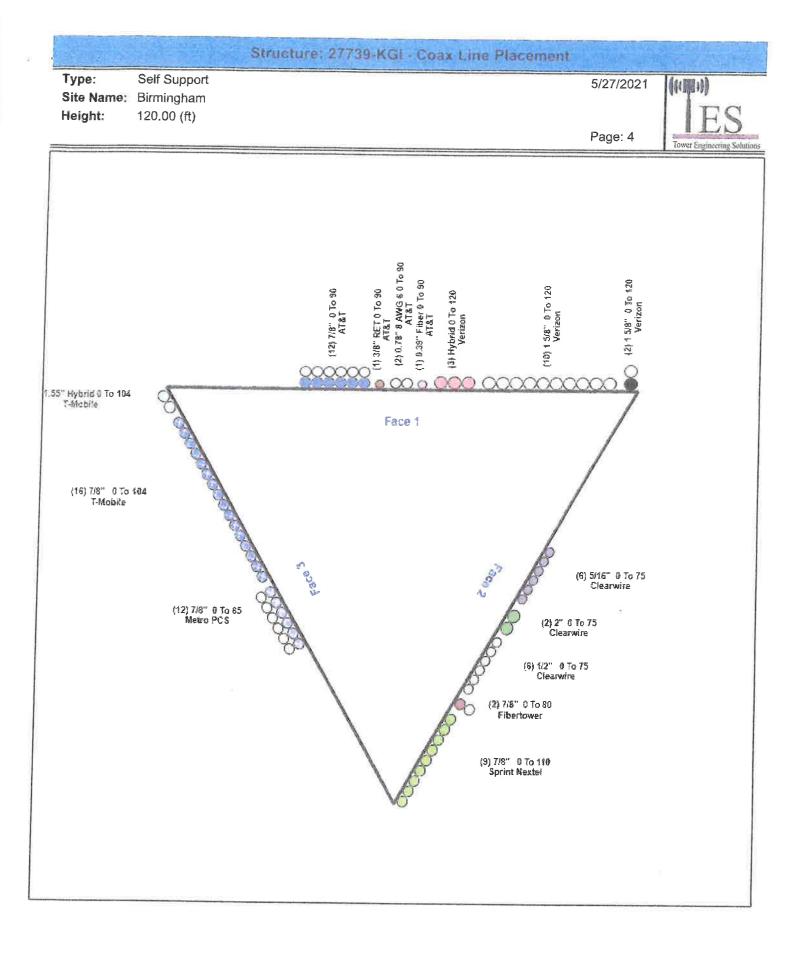
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						Structur	e: 277	39-KGI			
Site Nam Type:		mingh If Sup		Base Sha		tion als		EIA/TIA-22	22-G 89.00	5/27/2021	(((I))))
Height:		0.00 (f		Base Wid	-	riangle 5.83	Basic	: ws: : Ice WS:	40.00		LEC
Base Elev		00 (ft)		op Widtl		84		ational WS:	60.00	Page: 2	ILO
											Tower Engineering Solutions
0.00	110.00		W/G Lade	ler							
0.00	104.00	2	1.55" Hyb	rid							
0.00	104.00	16	7/8" Coa	ĸ							
0.00	104.00	1	W/G Lado	ler							
0.00	90.00	1	0.39" Fibe	r							
0.00	90.00	2	0.78" 8 A\	VG 6							
0.00	90.00	1	3/8" RET								
0.00	90.00	12	7/8" Coax								
0.00	90.00	1	W/G Ladd	er							
0.00	80.00	2	7/8" Coax								
0.00	75.00	6	1/2" Coax								
0.00	75.00	2	2" Coax								
0.00	75.00	6	5/16" Coa:	(
0.00	75.00	1	W/G Ladd	er							
0.00	65.00	12	7/8" Coax								
0.00	65.00	1	W/G Ladde	ər							
			Base Re	actions							
Leg			Ove	erturning				r;			
Max Uplift:	-192.55	(kips	Moment	3030.28	(ft-kips)						
lax Down:	220.97	(kips	Total Down	39.18	(kips)						
lax Shear:	25.56	(kips	Total Shear	42.86	(kips)						

	10月1日日11日		Structu	re: 27739-KGI			
Site Name:	Birmingham			Code: EIA/TIA-2	22-G	5/27/2021	(((WD)))
Туре:	Self Support	Base Shape:	Triangle	Basic WS:	89.00	0,11,7202	144.919.000
Height:	120.00 (ft)	Base Width:	16.83	Basic Ice WS:	40.00		IFC
Base Elev:	0.00 (ft)	Top Width:	5.84	Operational WS:	60.00	Page: 3	Tower Engineering Solu



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			Loadir	ig Sumn	ary						
Structure: 27739-KGI			C	ode:	EIA	VTIA-222	2-G	5/27	/2021		
Site Name: Birmingham			E	(posure:	С					(((眼)))	
Height: 120.00 (ft)				est Heigh	t: 0.0	n					
Base Elev: 0.000 (ft)				te Class:							5
Gh: 0.85	Topogra	aphy: 1				Stiff Soil		-		Tower Enginee	IN Solution
Discrete Appurtenances			51	ruct Class	. 11			Pa	ge: 5	tower elignice	inig solution
	10001		No Ice	lc	e						
Attach											Vert
Elev (ft) Description		Weight	CaAa	Weight	CaAa	Len	Width	Depth		Orientatio	_
(ft) Description 120.00 6' Lightning rod	Qty		(sf)	(lb)	(sf)	(in)	(in)	(in)	Ka	Factor	(ft)
120.00 Beacon	1	0.00	0.380	53.42	1.786	72.000	0.600	0.600	1.00	1.00	0.000
120.00 BXA-70080/8CF (94.7")	1 12	36.00 23.00	2.720	208.17	3.947	28.000	17.500	17.500	1.00	1.00	0.000
120.00 RRUS A2 Module	12		8.310	236.85		94.700	8.100	5.700	0.75	0.85	0.000
120.00 3JR52709AA 2X60	6	21,20 55.00	1.860	67.88	3.119	12.800	15.000	3.400	0.75	0.67	0.000
120.00 4X30-4T4R-B13	3	55.00 57.20	3.500	158.43	4.520	37.000	11.000	6.000	0.75	0.67	0.000
120.00 4X30-4T4R-BAND 25	3	51.00	2.160 2.140	137.72	2.949	21.600	12.000	9.000	0.75	0.67	0.000
120.00 10"x7"x2" TMAs	12	11.00	2.140	125.64 44.79	2.926	21.400	12.000	7.200	0.75	0.67	0.000
120.00 OVP Junction Box	3	30.00	0.970	44.79 66,11	1.160	10.000	8.000	2.200	0.75	0.75	0.000
120.00 Platform w/ Hand Rails (flat)	1	2000,0	40,000	4707.07	1.889	10.000	10.000	6.000	0.75	0.67	0.000
110.00 DB848H80E-XY	9	28.00	7,190		9.215	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	0.000
110.00 T-Frames	3	500.00	15.000	1176.77		96.000 0.000	6.500	8,000	0.80	1.00	0.000
100.00 HBXX-6517DS-A2M	3	40.80	8.550	264.09		74.900	0.000 12.000	0.000	0.75	0.75	0.000
100.00 AEHC	3	99.00	6.800	309.05	8.135	35.500	23.000	6.500 8.500	0.80 0.80	0.77	0.000
100.00 AHFIG	3	79.40	3.080	173.15	3.984	27.600	13.400	5.600	0.80	0.70	0.000
100.00 (3) SFG22HDX	1	1983.0	41.500	4438.35		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.80	0.67	0.000
90.00 7184	3	9.70	2.850	74.21	5.020	51.300	5,400	2,000	0.75	1.00	0.000
90.00 SBNHH-1D65C	3	49.60	11.390	398.79		96.000	11.900	7.100	0.80	0.69 0.84	0.000
90.00 RA21.7772.00	3	46.20	9.670	326.04		88.500	11.000	5.000	0.80	0.84	0.000 0.000
90.00 LGP21401	6	14.10	1.290	45.77	2.349	14.400	9.200	2.600	0.80	0.30	0.000
90.00 RRH2x40-07-L	3	52.40	1.710		2.850	19.300	10.600	9.700	0.80	0.67	0.000
90.00 RRH2X60-1900A-4R	3	46.00	1.880	139.81	2.644	20.100	11.200	7.600	0.80	0.67	0.000
90.00 DC6-48-60-18-8C	1	20.00	1.260		2.096	23.500	9.700	9,700	0.80	1.00	0.000
90.00 Squid Box	1	31.80	0.920		1,475	24.000	11.000	11.000	0.80	1.00	0.000
90.00 T-Frames	3	500.00	15.000	1163.32 3		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.75	0.75	0.000
80.00 VHLP2.5-180	1	69.00	6.190	227.24		30,000	30.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	0.000
80.00 Dish Mount	1	40.00	2.630	139.19 1		0.000	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	0.000
75.00 LLPX310R	3	28.60	4.300		6.351	42.000	11.800	4.500	0.80	0.69	0.000
75.00 VHLP2-23-1GR	3	31.00	4.690		6.268	26.100	26.100	0.000	1.00	1.00	0.000
75.00 Horizon DUO	3	10.60	0.430	38.44	1.062	4.700	9.300	9.300	0.80	0.75	0.000
75.00 WAP 450	6	26.00	1.850	83.07	3.260	25.000	7.600	5.500	0.80	0,75	0.000
75.00 T-Frames	3	500.00	15.000	1146,86 3	9.149	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.75	0.75	0.000
55.00 SBH-2D6516	3	26.00	5.040	153.19	7.626	63.400	8.000	8.000	0.80	1.00	0.000
5.00 RR65-19-VDP/-R	3	16.00	5.880	180.30	7.432	72.000	8.000	2.800	0.80	0.80	0.000
5.00 T-Frames	3	500.00	15.000	1146.86 39	9.149	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.75	0.75	0.000
Totals:	131 1	3,691.80		41,048.29					f Appur	tenances :	35

			Lo	ading Summa	ry		
Structure:	27739-KGI			Code:	EIA/TIA-222-G	5/27/2021	1
Site Name:	Birmingham			Exposure:	C		(((頭目))))
Height:	120.00 (ft)			Crest Height:	0.00		IDO
Base Elev:	0.000 (ft)			5	D - Stiff Soil		IES
Gh:	0.85	Topography:	1	Struct Class:	11	Page: 6	Tower Engineering Solutions

Linear Appurtenances Properties

Elev. From (ft)	Elev. To (ft)	Description	Qty	Width (in)	Weight (Ib/ft)	Pct In Block	Spread On Faces	i Bundling Arrangement	Cluster Dia (in)	Out of Zone		Orientation Factor	Ka Override
0.00	120.00		10	1.98	1.04	100.00	1	Individual NR	CONTROLOGICAL CONTROL	N	1.00	1.00	Committee
0.00	120.00	1 5/8" Coax	2	1.98	1.04	50.00	1	Block		N	0.50	1.00	
0.00	120.00	Hybrid	3	2.00	1.10	100.00	1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	120.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00	6.00	100.00	1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	110.00	7/8" Coax	9	1.11	0.52	100.00	2	Individual NR		N	1.00	0.43	
0.00	110.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00	6.00	100.00	2	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	104.00	1.55" Hybrid	2	1.55	1.15	100.00	3	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	104.00	7/8" Coax	16	1,11		100.00	3	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	104.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00		100.00	3	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	90.00	0.39" Fiber	1	0.39	0.05	100.00	1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	90.00	0.78" 8 AWG 6	2	0.88			1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	90.00	3/8" RET	1	0,38		100.00	1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	90.00	7/8" Coax	12	1.11	0.52	50.00	1	Block		N	0.50	1.00	
0.00	90.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00		100.00	1	Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00	
0.00	80.00	7/8" Coax	2	1.11	0.52	50.00		Block		N	0.50	1.00	
0.00	75.00	1/2" Coax	6	0.65		100.00		Individual NR		N	1.00	0.52	
0.00	75.00	2" Coax	2	2.00		100.00		Individual NR		N	1.00	0.52	
0.00	75.00	5/16" Coax	6	0.44		100.00		Individual NR		N	1.00	0.75	
0.00	75.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00		100.00		Individual NR		N	1.00		
0.00	65.00	7/8" Coax	12	1.11	0.52	50.00	_	Block		N	0.50	1.00	
0.00	65.00	W/G Ladder	1	3.00		100.00		Individual NR		N	1.00	1.00 1.00	

Sit	ucture: e Name								Code Expos	•	EIA C	/TIA-2	22-G	5/2	27/2021	((鋼)))
Hei	ight:	120.00	(ft)							Height	: 0.00)			x		TO
Bas	se Elev:	0.000 (f	t)					1	Site C	lass:	D -	Stiff So	bil	2,1			
Gh:		0.85		Торо	grap	hy:	1	ę	Struct	Class	: 11			31	Page: 7	Tower Eng	ineering So
Loa	d Case			ormal V	/ind		1.4.4277421-024	Concernant of the		194 CO2 117 118	and a second second second	1.20	+ 1.6W	' 89 mph	Wind a	t Norma	l To F
		Wind Load I Dead Load I		1.60 1.20										Wind I	mportan	ce Factor	
-	Ice I	Dead Load F	actor:	0.00										Ice I	mportan	ce Factor	
Sect Seq	Wind Height (ft)	Total Flat qz Area (psf) (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	lce Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight Ice (lb)	Struct Force (Ib)	Linear Force (lb)	Tota Force (lb)
1		14.65 20.939		0.00	0.15			1.00	0.00	33.66	181.88	0.00	5,697.6	0.0	1860.02	3024.07	4,884
	30.0	16.93 16.580 18.85 20.112		0.00	0.13			1.00	0.00		181.88	0.00	4,656.7		1783.62		5,278
2	500	10.00 20.112	18.57	0.00	0.15		1.00	1.00	0.00 0.00		181.88 161.03	0.00	4,149.9	-	2104.33		5,995
2 3		20 24 14 776	18 57	0 00	0.45	0 76						0.00	3.664.5	0.0	1840.55	3641.24	5,481
2	70.0	20.24 14.776 21.34 13.000	10101	0.00 0.00	0.15 0.16								2 750 7	0.0	1690.21	2014 20	4 600
2 3 4	70.0 2 90.0 2		15.02	0.00 0.00 0.00		2.75	1.00	1.00 1.00	0.00		124.95 70.08	0.00	2,759.7 1,823.0		1689.31 1389.55		4,600 3,058

LOa	a case	€: 1.	20 + 1	1.677.60	" Wind								1.2	D + 1.6V	V 89 mpł	n Wind a	at 60° F	rom Face
1		Wind	Load F	actor:	1.60										Mind I	monton	ce Factor	4 00
1		Dead	Load F	actor:	1.20										WITH I	nponan	ce racior	: 1.00
	lce	Dead	Load F	actor:	0.00				_						ice li	mportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
Sect Seq			Total Flat Area (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	lce Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)		Weight Ice (lb)	Struct Force (Ib)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)
1	10.0	14.65	20.939	28.79	0.00	0.15	2.77	0.80	1.00	0.00	29.47	181.88	0.00	5.697.6	0.0	1628.60	3024.07	4,652.67
2	30.0	16.93	16.580	22.11	0,00	0.13	2.84	0.80	1.00	0.00	23.98	181.88	0.00	4,656.7		1566.93		5,061.52
3	50.0	18.85	20.112	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.80	1.00	0.00	25.67	181.88	0.00	4,149.9	0.0	1819.31	3891.35	5,710.66
4	70.0	20.24	14.776	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.80	1.00	0.00	21.28	161.03	0.00	3,664.5	0.0	1616.09	3641.24	5.257.33
5	90.0	21.34	13.000	15.02	0.00	0.16	2.75	0.80	1.00	0.00	18,58	124.95	0.00	2,759.7	0.0	1481.96	2911.39	4,393,35
6	110.0	22.26	10.016	11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.80	1.00	0.00	14.65	70.08	0.00	1,823.0	0.0	1222.39	1668.73	2,891.12
														22,751.4	0.0			27,966.65

Loa	d Case	e: 1.	2D + ′	1.6W 90	° Wind								1.2	D + 1.6V	V 89 mpt	n Wind a	at 90° Fi	rom Face
		Wind	Load F	actor:	1.60										Wind I	moortan	ce Factor	: 1.00
		Dead	Load F	actor:	1.20										eenid s	mportan		• 1.00
	lce	Dead	Load F	actor:	0.00										lce i	mportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
Sect Seq	Wind Height (ft)		Total Flat Area (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	lce Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight Ice (Ib)	Struct Force (lb)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)
1	10.0	14.65	20.939	28,79	0.00	0.15	2.77	0.85	1.00	0.00	30.52	181.88	0.00	5,697.6	0.0	1686.46	3024.07	4,710,52
2	30.0	16.93	16.580	22.11	0.00	0.13	2.84	0.85	1.00	0.00	24.81	181.88	0.00	4,656.7	0.0	1621.11	3494.58	5,115.69
3	50.0	18.85	20.112	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	26.68	181.88	0.00	4,149.9	0.0	1890.56	3891.35	5,781,91
4	70.0	20.24	14.776	18,57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	22.02	161.03	0.00	3,664.5	0.0	1672.21	3641.24	5,313.45
5	90.0		13.000	15.02	0.00	0.16	2.75	0.85	1.00	0.00	19.23	124.95	0.00	2,759.7	0.0	1533.80	2911.39	4,445,19
6	110.0	22.26	10.016	11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	15.15	70.08	0.00	1,823.0	0.0	1264.18	1668.73	2,932.91
														22,751.4	0.0)		28,299.67

Str	ucture	: 27739	-KGI						Code		EIA	VTIA-2	22-G	5/	27/202	1	
Site	e Nam	e: Birmin	gham						Ехро	sure	С			01	LIILOL	(伸翻))	
Hei	ght:	120.00	_						-	Heigh		n			1		20
	se Elev		• /						Site C	•		Stiff Se	ail		A ANA		H
Gh:		0.85		.							_	Surs	OII	7.7	1	Tana Pa	
GII.		0.65		lop	ograp	ony:	1		Struc	t Class	s: 11				Page: 8	3 Tower Day	gineering So
Loa	d Cas	e: 0.9D +	1.6W N	lormal V	Vind							0.90) + 1.6V	V 89 mpł	n Wind a	at Norma	I To Fa
		Wind Load		1.6	-											ice Factor	
		Dead Load		0.9	С									e e na contra	mportar		•
-	lce	Dead Load	Factor:	0.00)									lce	Importan	ce Factor	: 1
	Wind	Tota Flat		lce Round								lce					
Sect	Height			Area	Sol				lce Thick	Eff Area	Linear Area	r Linear Area	Total Weight	Weight	Struct Force	Linear Force	Tota Force
Seq	(ft)	(psf) (sqft		(sqft)	Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	(in)	(sqft)	(sqft)	(sqft)	(ib)	Ice (lb)	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)
1	10.0	14.65 20.93	9 28.79	0.00	0.15	2.77	1.00	1.00	0.00	33.66	181.88	0.00	4.273.2	0.0	1860.02	3024.07	4,884
2	30.0	16.93 16.58	0 22.11	0.00	0.13	2.84	1.00	1.00	0.00	27.29	181.88	0.00	3,492.5			3494.58	5,278
3	50.0	18.85 20.11		0.00	0.15	2.76	1.00	1.00	0.00	29.70	181.88	0.00	3,112.4	0.0) 2104.33	3891.35	5,995
4	70.0	20.24 14.77			0.15	2.76	1.00	1.00	0.00	24.23	161.03	0.00	2,748.4	0.0	1840.55	3641.24	5,481
5	90.0	21.34 13.00	_		0.16	2.75	1.00	1.00	0.00	21.18	124.95	0.00	2,069.8	0.0	1689.31	2911.39	4,600
6	110.0	22.26 10.01	6 11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	1.00	1.00	0.00	16.65	70.08	0.00	1,367.2	0.0	1389.55	1668.73	3,058
													17,063.5	0.	0		29,298
.oad	Case	: 0.9D +	1.6W 60	° Wind	****	War Jona	-					0.90) + 1.6V	V 89 mpł	n Wind a	at 60° Fr	om Fa
	1	Wind Load F	actor:	1.60										Wind I	mnortano	e Factor:	1.
		Dead Load F		0.90											mportant		
-	ice l	Dead Load F		0.00										ice i	mportanc	e Factor:	1.
ect i eq	Wind Height (ft)	Total Flat qz Area (psf) (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	lce Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df		lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	lce Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight Ice (lb)	Struct Force (Ib)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)
		14.65 20.939		0.00	0.15		0.80	1.00	0.00	29.47	181.88	0.00	4,273.2	0.0	1628.60	3024.07	4,652.0
-		16.93 16.580		0.00		2,84		1.00	0.00		181.88	0.00	3,492.5	0.0	1566.93	3494.58	5,061.
		18.85 20.112		0.00	0.15		0.80		0.00		181.88	0.00	3,112.4	0.0	1819.31	3891.35	5,710.0
		20.24 14.776		0.00				1.00			161.03	0.00	2,748.4	0.0	1616.09	3641.24	5,257.3
		21.34 13.000		0.00				1.00	0.00		124,95	0.00	2,069.8		1481.96		4,393.3
	10.0	22.26 10.016	11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.80	1.00	0.00	14.65	70.08	0.00	1,367.2	the second s	1222.39	1668.73	2,891.1
5 1													7,063.5	0.0			27,966.0

Loa	d Case	e: 0.	9D + 1	1.6W 90	° Wind								0.9	D + 1.6V	V 89 mpł	Wind a	at 90° F	rom Face
		Wind	Load F	actor:	1.60										Wind I	mnortan	ce Factor	: 1.00
		Dead	Load F	actor:	0.90										vinita i	mportan		. 1.00
	Ice	Dead	Load F	actor:	0.00										ice i	mportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
Sect Seq	Wind Height (ft)		Total Flat Area (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	ice Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	lce Linear Area (sqft)		Weight Ice (Ib)	Struct Force (lb)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (lb)
1	10.0	14.65	20.939	28.79	0.00	0.15	2.77	0.85	1.00	0.00	30.52	181.88	0.00	4,273.2	0.0	1686.46	3024.07	4.710.52
2	30.0	16.93	16.580	22.11	0.00	0.13	2.84	0.85	1.00	0.00	24.81	181.88	0.00	3,492.5	0.0	1621.11	3494.58	5,115,69
3	50.0		20,112		0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	26.68	181.88	0.00	3,112.4	0.0	1890.56	3891.35	5,781.91
4			14.776	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	22,02	161.03	0.00	2,748.4	0.0	1672.21	3641.24	5,313.45
5	90.0		13.000	15.02	0.00	0.16	2.75	0.85	1.00	0.00	19.23	124.95	0.00	2,069.8	0.0	1533,80	2911.39	4,445.19
6	110.0	22.26	10.016	11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	15.15	70.08	0.00	1,367.2	0.0	1264.18	1668.73	2,932.91
													7.5000	17,063.5	0.0	5		28,299.67

				10						See	ction	Fore	es.						
9	itruct	ure:	27	7739-1	KGI						Code	•:	El/	A/TIA-2	22-G	5/2	27/2021	1.	
S	ite Na	ame	: Bi	rming	ham						Ехро	sure:	С				200	(特麗)	
ŀ	leight		12	20.00	(ft)							t Heigl		n			1	11-	
F	ase E	lev		000 (fi	• •							Class:		Stiff S	oil		And		H
	h:		3.0		•)	Tan							_	3011 3	OII	2.63		Towar Env	ineering Solutions
1		No.	0,0	50	A	тор	ograp	ony:	1		Struc	t Clas	s:			i	Page: 9	Tower Eng	meeting dotutions
L	oad C	ase	: 1.	2D +	1.0Di +	1.0Wi	Norma	al Wir	nd			1.	2D + 1	.0Di +	1.0Wi 4	0 mph Wi	ind at N	ormal F	rom Face
			Wind	Load F	Factor:	1.0	0												
			Dead	Load P	Factor:	1.2	0									AA111CL I	mportan	ce Factor	1.00
		Ice	Dead	Load F	actor:	1.0	0									íce i	mportan	ce Factor	1.00
				Total	Total	Ice				-			and in the	lce				A SURFICIENCY DURING	
S	Wi ect Hei	ind abt	qz	Flat Area	Round Area	Round					Ice	Eff		r Linear			Struct	Linear	Total
		t)		(sqft)	(sqft)	Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	Thick (in)	Area (sqft)	Area (sqft)		Weight (lb)	Weight Ice (lb)	Force (lb)	Force (ib)	Force (lb)
-	10.	0	2.96	20.939	62.73	33.94	0.25	2.45	1.00	1.00	-	57.59	241.04		19,926.	14228.5		1375.98	And in case of the local division of the
2				16.580		35.85	0.25		1.00	1.00		50.48	241.04		20,447.	14228.5		1712.88	1,730.35 1,827.00
3	50.	0	3.81	20.112	61.41	42.84	0.31		1.00			57.13	251.37		21,389.	17239.7		1850.98	2,269.70
4	70.	0	4.09	14.776	59.45	40.88	0.33	2.22	1.00	1.00	2.16	50.97	220.33		19,983.	16319.3		1809.15	2,202.15
5				13.000		38.59	0.36	2.16	1.00	1.00	2.21	46.17	161.81	309.5	15,894.	13134.3	364.55	1410.75	1,775.30
6	110	,0	4.50	10.016	50.10	38.42	0.40	2.05	1.00	1.00	2.26	42.00	90.38	158.6	10,245.	8422.8	329.72	725.67	1,055.39
														1	07,886.8	85135.5	5		10,859.89
·								_		-									
Lo	ad Ca	se:	1.2	D + 1	.0Di + 1	.0Wi 6	0° Wi	nd					1.2D	+ 1.0D	i + 1.0W	'i 40 mph	Wind a	t 60° Fro	om Face
				oad Fa		1.00												e Factor:	1.00
				oad Fa		1.20												• · ao(0].	1.00
	1	ce D	ead L	oad Fa	ictor:	1.00										ice In	nportanc	e Factor:	1.00
Sec Sec	Win t Heig (ft)	ht (i	qz / psf) (Area	Total Round Area (sqft)	Ice Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight ice (lb)		Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)

Sect Seq	Height (ft)	qz Area (psf) (sqft)	Area (sqft)	Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df		Thick (in)	Area (sqft)		Area (sqft)		Weight ice (lb)	Force (lb)	Force (lb)	Force (Ib)
1	10.0	2.96 20.939	62.73	33.94	0.25	2.45	0.80	1.00	1.77	53.40	241.04	343.1	19,926.	14228.5	328.60	1375.98	1,704.59
2	30.0	3.42 16.580	57.97	35.85										15791.0			
3	50.0	3.81 20.112	61,41	42.84									21,389.				
4	70.0	4.09 14.776	59.45	40.88	0.33	2.22	0.80	1.00	2.16	48.02	220.33	391.7	19,983.	16319.3	370.21	1809.15	2,179.36
5	90.0	4.31 13.000	53.61	38.59	0.36	2.16	0.80	1.00	2.21	43.57	161.81	309.5	15,894.	13134.3	344.02	1410.75	1.754.77
6	110.0	4.50 10.016	50.10	38.42							90.38						1,039.66
												1	07,886.8	85135.5	•		10,966.02

Loa	d Case	: 1.	2D + 1	1.0Di +	1.0Wi 9	0° Wi	nd					1.2D	+ 1.00)i + 1.0W	/i 40 mph	Wind	at 90° Fi	rom Face
			Load F		1.00										Wind In	nportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
			Load F		1.20											•		
	lce	Dead	Load F	actor:	1.00										Ice Ir	nportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
Sect Seq	Wind Height (ft)		Total Flat Area (sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	lce Round Area (sqft)	Soł Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight Ice (lb)	Struct Force (Ib)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)
1	10.0	2.96	20.939	62.73	33.94	0.25	2.45	0.85	1.00	1.77	54.45	241.04	343.1	19,926.	14228.5	335.04	1375.98	1,711.03
2	30.0		16.580		35.85	0.25	2.44	0.85	1.00	1.98	47.99	247.91	383.0	20,447.	15791.0	340.42	1712.88	2,053.30
3	50.0	3.81	20.112	61.41	42.84	0.31	2.26	0.85	1.00	2.08	54.11	251.37	403.0	21,389.	17239.7	396.60	1850.98	2,247.58
4	70.0		14.776		40.88	0.33	2.22	0.85	1.00	2.16	48.76	220.33	391.7	19,983.	16319.3	375.91	1809.15	2,185.06
5	90.0	4.31	13.000	53.61	38.59	0.36	2.16	0.85	1.00	2.21	44.22	161.81	309.5	15,894.	13134.3	349.15	1410.75	1,759.90
6	110.0	4.50	10.016	50.10	38.42	0.40	2.05	0.85	1.00	2.26	40.50	90.38	158.6	10,245. 07.886.8	8422.8 85135.5	317.93	725.67	1,043.60

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Res LITER	-																		
			9-4-06 							Sec	ction	For	es:			100			
St	ructur	e:	27739	9-K	GI					-	Code	1	ElA		222-G	5/2	27/2021	Τ.	
Si	te Nam	ie:	Birmir	ngł	nam						Expo	sure:	С					({《翻译》)	
He	eight:		120.0	0 (ft)						-	t Heigl	ht: 0.0	0			1 .	117	
	ise Ele	V:	0.000	•	·							Class:		Stiff S	Soil	2	sal st		ES.
Gł			0.85	1	/	Top	ograp	h	1			t Clas		ounic		20		CHERTONNES	ineering Solutions
postana		ive to	A CONTRACTOR			-	NAME OF COM	ny.		1000-000	Struc	t Cias	5: 11	THE R. LEWIS	and the second second	۳ 	age: 10	1	
Lo	ad Cas	se:	1.0D	+ 1	1.0W N	ormal V	Vind							1.0	D + 1.0V	V 60 mph	Wind a	it Norma	I To Face
			ind Loa			1.0										Wind	mportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
			ad Loa			1.0													
L	IC	e De	ad Loa	-	-	0.00)		and the state of the state							Ice I	mportan	ce Factor	: 1.00
	Wind	4	Tot Fla		Total Round	lce Round					Inc	Eff	1	Ice	- 7-4-1		044		~
Sec	t Heigh	it a	qz Are	a	Area	Area	Sol				lce Thick		Area	r Linea Area		Weight	Struct Force	Linear Force	Total Force
Sec	a (ft)	(P	sf) (sqi	ft)	(sqft)	(sqft)	Ratio	o Cf	Df	Dr	(in)	(sqft)	(sqft)		_	Ice (Ib)	(lb)	(lb)	(lb)
1	10.0	6	.66 20.9	939	28.79	0.00	0.15	2.77	1.00	1.00	0.00	36.24	181.88	0.00	4,748.0	0.0	568.80	859.00	1,427.80
2	30.0		.69 16.5		22.11	0.00	0.13			-		29.01	181.88	0.00	3,880.6	0.0	538.42	992.65	1,531.07
3	50.0		57 20.1		18.57	0.00	0.15					30.65		0.00	3,458.3	0.0		1105.36	1,722.38
4 5	70.0 90.0		.20 14.7 .70 13.0		18.57 15.02	0.00 0.00		2.76	1.00			25.32		0.00	3,053.8	0.0		1034.31	1,580.60
6	110.0		.12 10.0		11.68	0.00	0.16	2.75 2.76	1.00 1.00			21.54 16.65	124.95 70.08	0.00 0.00	2,299.8	0.0 0.0	487.84 394.71	826.99 474.01	1,314.84 868.72
Ū		1.0			11.00	0.00	0.10	2.10	1.00	1.00	0.00	10,00	70.00	0.00	1,519.1 18,959.5	0.0	-	474.01	8,445.40
Loa		Wir Dea	1.0D + Id Load Id Load Id Load	Fa Fa	ctor:	1.00 1.00								1.0	D + 1.0V		nportanc	e Factor:	1.00
	ICe	Uea	-	-		0.00	-		No.		-				,	Ice in	nportanc	e Factor:	1.00
	Wind		Tota Flat		Total Round	Ice Round					lce	Eff	Linear	lce Linear	Total		Struct	Linear	Total
	Height				Area	Агеа	Sol				Thick	Area	Area	Area	Weight	Weight	Force	Force	Force
Seq	(ft)	(ps	f) (sqft))	(sqft)	(sqft)	Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	(in)	(sqft)	(sqft)	(sqft)	(lb)	Ice (Ib)	(lb)	(Ib)	(lb)
1	10.0		66 20.93		28.79	0.00	0.15		0.80	1.00	0.00	32.05	181.88	0.00	4,748.0	0.0	503.06	859.00	1,362.06
2 3	30.0		59 16.58	-	22.11	0.00	0.13		0.80		0.00	25.69	181.88	0.00	3,880.6	0.0	476.87	992.65	1,469.52
3 4	50.0 70.0		57 20.11 20 14.77		18.57 18.57	0.00 0.00	0.15 0.15		0.80		0.00		181.88	0.00	3,458.3	0.0		1105.36	1,641.41
5	90.0		0 13.00		15.02	0.00			0.80 0.80		0.00		161.03	0.00	3,053.8	0.0	482.53		1,516.84
6	110.0		2 10.01		11.68	0.00	0.15		0.80			14.65	124.95 70.08	0.00 0.00	2,299.8 1,519.1		428.94 347.23	826.99 474.01	1,255.94 821.24
														-	18,959.5	0.0			8,067.01
																			0,001.01
Load	I Case:	: 1	.0D +	1.0	W 90°	Wind		-						1.0[) + 1.0W	/ 60 mph	Wind a	t 90° Fro	m Face
	١	Wind	Load I	Fac	tor:	1.00												Factor:	
	(Dead	Load F	Fac	tor:	1.00											POLICI	actor:	1.00
	Ice [Dead	Load F	ac	tor:	0.00										ice im	portance	Factor:	1.00
			Total		Total	Ice				COLUMN 2 IS NOT				lce		Come distance		CONTRACTOR OF STREET, ST.	

Sect Seq	Wind Height (ft)	f	Total Flat Area Sqft)	Total Round Area (sqft)	Ice Round Area (sqft)	Sol Ratio	Cf	Df	Dr	lce Thick (in)	Eff Area (sqft)	Linear Area (sqft)	ice Linear Area (sqft)	Total Weight (Ib)	Weight Ice (lb)	Struct Force (Ib)	Linear Force (Ib)	Total Force (Ib)
1	10.0	6.66 20	0.939	28.79	0.00	0.15	2.77	0.85	1.00	0.00	33.10	181.88	0.00	4,748.0	0.0	519.50	859.00	1,378.50
2	30.0	7.69 16	6.580	22.11	0.00	0.13	2.84	0.85	1.00	0.00	26.52	181.88	0.00	3,880.6	0.0	492.26	992.65	1,484.91
3	50.0	8.57 20	0.112	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	27.64	181.88	0.00	3,458.3	0.0	556.30	1105.36	1,661.65
4	70.0	9.20 14	4.776	18.57	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	23.10	161.03	0.00	3,053.8	0.0	498.47	1034.31	1.532.78
5	90_0	9,70 13	3.000	15.02	0.00	0.16	2.75	0.85	1.00	0.00	19,59	124.95	0.00	2,299.8	0.0	443.67	826,99	1.270.66
6	110.0	10.12 10	0.016	11.68	0.00	0.15	2.76	0.85	1.00	0.00	15.15	70.08	0.00	1,519.1	0.0	359.10	474.01	833.11
														18,959.5	0.0			8,161.61

Structure:	27739-KGI			Code:	EIA/TIA-222-G	5/27/2021
Site Name:	Birmingham			Exposure:	С	((1 BB)))
Height:	120.00 (ft)			Crest Height:	0.00	LIFS
Base Elev:	0.000 (ft)			Site Class:	D - Stiff Soil	IES IES
Gh:	0.85	Topography:	1	Struct Class:	14	Page: 11 Tower Engineering Solution

-	NAME OF A DESCRIPTION OF A	V Date of Local Division of the Local Divisi		LEG MEMBERS									
_	Тор		Force		Len	в	racin	g %		Fy	Mem Cap	Leg	
Sect	Elev	Member	(kips)	Load Case	(ft)	Х	Y	Z	KL/R	(ksi)	(kips)	Use %	Controls
1	20 PST - 8" DIA	A PIPE	-211_40	1 2D + 1 6W Normal Wind	9,76	100	100	100	39.85	50.00	336.56	62.8	Member X
2	40 PST - 6" DIA	A PIPE	-173.04	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	9.76	100	100	100	52.07	50.00	205.94	84.0	Member X
3	60 PST - 5" DIA	PIPE	-135.21	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	6.51	100	100	100	41.55	50.00	170.56	79.3	Member X
4	80 PST - 5" DIA	PIPE	-93.11	1,2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	6,51	100	100	100	41.55	50.00	170.56	54.6	Member X
5	100 PST - 4" DIA	PIPE	-52_38	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	6.51	100	100	100	51.73	50,00	117,30		Member X
6	120 PST - 3" DIA	PIPE	-18.53	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	6.51	100	100	100	67.34	50.00	72.03	25.7	Member X

Splices

			Top Splic	:e					Bottom Sp	lice		
Sect	Top Elev	Load Case	Force (kips)	Cap (kips)	Use %	Bolt Type	Num Bolts	Load Case	Force (kips)	Cap (kips)	Use Bolt % Type	Num Bolts
1	20	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	184.16	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	221.61	0.00		
2	40	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	143.30	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	184.16	0.00	1/8 A325	56
3	60	1 2D + 1 6W Normal Wind	101.15	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	143,30	0.00	1 A325	56
4	80	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	59.37	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	101.15	0.00	1 A325	5 5
5	100	1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	24.81	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	59.37	0.00	7/8 A325	5 5
6	120	1.2D + 1 0Di + 1 0Wi Normal Wi	4.13	0.00	0.0			1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	24.81	0.00	7/8 A325	4

	Tausaus	CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER		Contract Contract Contract	HORIZO	NTA	LME	MBE	RS								
Sect	Top Elev	Member	Force (kips		Len (ft)	B X	racin Y	g % Z	KL/R	Fy (ksi)		Num Bolts	Num Holes	Shear Cap (kips)	Сар	Use %	Controls
1	20										0.00	0	0				
2	40										0.00	0	0				
3	60										0.00	0	0				
4	80										0.00	0	0				
5	100										0.00	0	0				
6	120	SAE - 2X2X0.1875	-0.93	1.2D + 1.6W 60° Wind	5.84	100	100	100	177.86	36.00	5.07	1	1	12.43	9.79	18	Member Z

_		A ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD ROA		Contraction of the other states of	DIAGO	NAL	MEM	BER	S								
Sect	Top Elev	Member	Force (kips)	Load Case	Len (ft)	Br X	acin Y	g % Z	KL/R	Fy (ksi)		Num Bolts	Num	Shear Cap (kips)	Cap		
1	20	SAE - 3.5X3.5X0.25	-10.2	0.9D + 1.6W 90° Wind	18.29	48	48	48	151,77	36.00	16.58	1	1	17,89	14.3	71	Bolt Bear
2	40	SAE - 3X3X0.25	-9.60	1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	17.50	49	49	49	173.81	36.00	10.77	1	1	12.43	13.0	89	Member Z
3	60	SAU - 3X2.5X0 1875	-8.32	1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	14.40	48	48	48	155.60	36.00	9.33	1	1	12.43	9.79	89	Member Z
4	80	SAE - 2.5X2.5X0.1875	-7.64	1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	12.79	48	48	48	148.83	36.00	9.20	1	1	12.43	9.79	83	Member Z
5	100	SAU - 2.5X2X0.1875	-5.69	1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	11.25	48	48	48	151,78	36.00	7.94	1	1	12.43	9.79	72	Member Z
6	120	SAE - 2X2X0.1875	-3.59	1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	9.81	48	48	48	143.47	36.00	7.79	1	1	12.43	9.79	46	Member Z

		For	ce/S	tress Tension S	Summary		
Structure:	27739-KGI			Code:	EIA/TIA-222-G	5/27/2021	
Site Name:	Birmingham			Exposure:	С	41 F	他翻印
Height:	120.00 (ft)			Crest Height:	0.00	19	Ind
Base Elev:	0.000 (ft)			Site Class:	D - Stiff Soil	2 Participant	IES
Gh:	0.85	Topography:	1	Struct Class:	П	Page: 12	Tower Engineering Solution
		CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	Participant in the last		No. 1 Concentration of Second Street	No. of A state of A state	Statement of the second

LEG MEMBERS

5	τορ					Mem		ACT AND ADD IN COMPANY
Sect	Elev	Member	Force (kips)	Load Case	Fy	Cap	Leg	
1	20	PST - 8" DIA PIPE	and the second se		(ksi)	(kips)	Use %	Controls
			193.80	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	378.00	51.3	Member
2	40	PST - 6" DIA PIPE	159.91	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	251.10	63.7	Member
3	60	PST - 5" DIA PIPE	123.03	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	193.50	63.6	Member
4	80	PST - 5" DIA PIPE	84.59	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	193.50	43.7	Member
5	100	PST - 4" DIA PIPE	48.37					
-			40,57	0,9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	142,65	33.9	Member
6	120	PST - 3" DIA PIPE	18.55	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	50	100.35	18.5	Member

Splices

			Top Splic	ce				Bottom Splice					
Sect	Top Elev	Load Case	Force (kips)	Cap (kips)	Use %	Bolt Type	Num Bolts	Load Case	Force Cap (kips) (kips)	Use %	Bolt Type	Num Bolts	
1	20	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	159.64	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	193.8 0.00				
2	40	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	122.77	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	159.6 360.65	44.3	1 1/8 A32	5 6	
3	60	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	84.40	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	122.7 318.06	38.6	1 A32	•	
4	80	0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	48.18	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	84.40 265.05	31.8	1 A32		
5	100	0 9D + 1 6W 60° Wind	17.68	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	48.18 207.80	23.2	7/8 A32		
6	120		0.00	0.00	0.0			0.9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	17.68 166.24	10.6	7/8 A32		

	HORIZONTAL MEMBERS												
Sect	Top Elev	Member	Force (kips)	Load Case	Fy (ksi)	Mem Cap (kips)	Num Bolts	Num Holes	Shear Cap (kips)	Bear Cap (kips)	B.S. Cap (kips)	Use %	Controls
1	20	22			36	0.00	0	0					
2	40				36	0.00	D	0					
3	60	253			36	0.00	0	0					
4	80				36	0.00	D	0					
5	100	×			36	0.00	0	0					
6	120	SAE - 2X2X0.1875	0.91 0.9D	+ 1.6W Normal Wi		23.00	1	1	12.43	9.79	8.51	10.7	Blck Shear

	DIAGONAL MEMBERS											
Sect	Top Elev	Member	Force (kips) Load Case	Fy (ksi)	Mem Cap (kips)	Num Bolts	Num Holes	Shear Cap (kips)	Bear Cap (kips)	B.S. Cap (kips)	Use %	Controls
1	20	SAE - 3.5X3.5X0.25	10.13 1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	54.76	1	1	17.89	14.35	16.62	70.5	Bolt Bear
2	40	SAE - 3X3X0 25	9.78 1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	46,66	1	1	12.43	13.05	14.07	78.7	Bolt Shear
	60	SAU - 3X2.5X0.1875	8.30 1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	32.40	1	1	12.43	9.79	10.55		Bolt Bear
	80	SAE - 2.5X2.5X0.1875	7.61 1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	29,22	1	1	12.43	9.79	9.53		Blck Shear
	100	SAU - 2.5X2X0.1875	5.62 1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	26.24	1	1	12.43	9.79	9.53		Bick Shear
	120	SAE - 2X2X0.1875	3.49 0.9D + 1.6W 90° Wind	36	23.00	1	1	12.43	9.79	7.50		Blck Shear

						Seisi	mic Section	For	ces	The second			
	cture:	27739					Code:	E	IA/TIA-22	22-G		5/27/2021	A. mar. s.h.
	Name:	Birmin	-				Exposure:	C	2			NA.	(11開))
Heig		120.00	• •				Crest Heigh	it: O	.00			x	LC
Base	e Elev:	0.000 ((ft)				Site Class:	С) - Stiff Sc	li		z	ILO
Gh:		0.85		То	pogra	iphy: 1	Struct Class	s: 11				Page: 13	Tower Engineering Solutions
Load Case: 1.2D + 1.0E													
	Dea	d Load	Factor	· 1.	20	Sds 0.095	Ss 0.0890	Fa	1.6000	Ke	0.0000	I	
	Seism	ic Load	Factor	1.0	00	Sd1 0.072	S1 0.0450		2.4000	Ka	0.0000		
Seism	ic Impo	ortance	Factor		00	SA 0.095	R 3.0000		1.2405	-	3.2839		
				4.1	00		R 3.0000	v 5	1.2405		3.2039		
Sect #	Elev (ft)	Wz (lb)	а	b	с	Lateral Fsz (Ib)							
1			4.00.0			10.62							
2	30.00												
3	50.00		0.33			39.95							
4 5	90,00	6655.3 7188.4	0.64 1.06			119.92							
6		6720.6	1.59		0.17 0.65	205.54 385.54							
Load	Case:	0.9D + ⁻	1.0E										
	Dead	l Load	Factor	0.9	0	Sds 0.095	Ss 0.0890	Fa	1.6000	Ke	0.0000		
	Seismic	: Load I	Factor	1.0	0	Sd1 0.072	S1 0.0450	Fv	2.4000	Kq	0.0000		
eismi	c Impoi	tance F	actor	1.0	0	SA 0.095	R 3.0000		1.2405	-	3.2839		
iect#	Elev (ft)	Wz (lb)	a	b	с	Lateral Fsz (Ib)			,				
1	10.00	4747.9	0.01	0.06	0.03	10.62							
2	30.00	3880.5	0.12	0.07	0.03	22.73							
3	50.00	3458.2	0.33	0.04	0.01	39,95							
4	70.00	6655.3	0.64	-0.07	0.02	119.92							
	00.00												
5	90.00 110.00		1,06 1,59	-0.09 0.74	0.17 0.65	205.54 385.54							

<u> 같은 것은 것은 것 못</u> 전 것이다.	State of State	upport l	Forces Su	mmary			
Structure: 27739-KGI		(Code:	EIA/TIA-	222-G	5/27/2021	A
Site Name: Birmingham		E	Exposure:	С		×	(((1991)))
Height: 120.00 (ft)		0	Crest Heigh	t: 0.00		1 x	TC
Base Elev: 0.000 (ft)		5	Site Class:	D - Stiff S	Soil	2	IES
Gh: 0.85	Topography:	1 5	Struct Class	: 11		Page: 14	Tower Engineering Solut
Load Case	Node	FX (kips)	FY (kips)	FZ (kips)	(-) = Uplift	(+) = Down	
1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind	1	0.00	220.97	-25.56			
	1a	8.51	-90.89	-8.65			
	1b	-8.51	-90.89	-8.65			
1.2D + 1.6W 60° Wind	1	-3.09	114.35	-12.79			
	1a	-12.62	114.35	3.72			
	1b	-20.25	-189.51	-11.69			
1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind	1	-3.61	13.07	-0.74			
	1a	-19.74	189.64	9.32			
	16	-18.50	-163.53	-8.58			
.9D + 1.6W Normal Wind	1	0.00	217.47	-25.36			
	1a	8.68	-94.04	-8,75			
	1b	-8.68	-94.04	-8.75			
9D + 1.6W 60° Wind	1	-3.09	110,97	-12.58			
	1a	-12.44	110.97	3.62			
	1b	-20.43	-192.55	-11.79			
9D + 1.6W 90° Wind	1	-3.62	9,80	-0.54			
	1a	-19.56	186.18	9.22			
	1b	-18.68	-166.60	-8.68			
2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi Normal Wind	1						
	1a	0.00 1.88	113.60 16.62	-9.20 -2.36			
	1b	-1.88	16.62	-2.36			
2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi 60° Wind							
20 + 1:001 + 1:0001 60 VVIAd	1	-1.12	81.27	-5.23			
	1a 1b	-5.09 -5.95	81.27 -15.70	1.64			
-	Q1			-3.43			
2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi 90° Wind	1	-1.30		-1.20			
	1a	-7.42	105.05	3.53			
	1b	-5.35	-7.16	-2.34			
D + 1.0E	1	0.00	17.95	2.72			
	1a	2.95		-1.74			
	1b	-2.95	10.62	-1.74			
D + 1.0E	1	0.00	14.68	2.93			
	1a	3.13		-1.84			
	1b	-3.13	7.35	-1.84			
D + 1.0W Normal Wind	1	0.00	70.14	-7.78			
	1a	2.03		-2.25			
	1b	-2.03		2.25			
0 + 1.0W 60° Wind	4						
	1 1a	-0.89 -4.02		4.12			
	1a 1b	-4.02 -5.40		1.29 3.12			
	-						
0 + 1.0W 90° Wind	1	-1.04		0.67			
	1a	-6.06		2.90			
	1b	-4.90	-39.45 -	2.22			

Max Reactions

			Leg		Ove	rturning		
197	18	*Max Uplift:	-192.55	(kips)	Moment:	3030.28	(ft-kips)	
		Max Down:	220.97	(kips)	Total Down:	39.18	(kips)	
		Max Shear:	25.56	(kips)	Total Shear:	42.86	(kips)	

No. of State		An	alysis Summa	iry		
Structure:	27739-KGI		Code:	EIA/TIA-222-G	5/27/2021	L
Site Name:	Birmingham		Exposure:	С		(((1981)))
Height:	120.00 (ft)		Crest Height:	0.00		IDO
Base Elev:	0.000 (ft)		Site Class:	D - Stiff Soil		IES
Gh:	0.85	Topography: 1	Struct Class:	н	Page: 16	Tower Engineering Solution

Max Reactions

	Leg		Ove	Overturning		
Max Uplifi	t: -192.55	(kips)	Moment:	3030.28	(ft-kips)	
Max Down	: 220.97	(kips)	Total Down:	39,18	(kips)	
Max Shear	25.56	(kips)	Total Shear:	42.86	(kips)	

Anchor Bolts

Bolt Size (in.):	1.13	Number Bolts:	6
Yield Strength (Ksi):	105.00	Tensile Strength (Ksi):	125.00
Detail Type:	D	Length:	1.00

Interaction Ratio: 0.59

Max Usages

Max Leg: 84.0% (1.2D + 1.6W Normal Wind - Sect 2) Max Diag: 89.2% (1.2D + 1.6W 90° Wind - Sect 3) Max Horiz: 18.4% (1.2D + 1.6W 60° Wind - Sect 6)

Max Deflection. Twist and Sway

Load Case	Elevation (ft)	Deflection (ft)	Twist (deg)	Sway (deg)
0.9D + 1.0E - Normal To Face	66.75	0.0078	-0.0005	0.0124
	73.25	0.0092	0.0006	0.0133
	80.00	0.0107	0.0007	0.0172
	86.75	0.0123	0.0007	0.0149
	100.00	0.0159	0.0009	0.0206
	106.75	0.0178	0.0008	0.0164
	120.00	0.0217	0,0008	0.0190
0.9D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at 60° From Face	66.75	0.2541	0.0195	0.4184
	73.25	0,3043	0.0210	0,4496
	80.00	0.3605	0.0242	0.5716
	86.75	0.4200	0.0235	0.5065
	100.00	0.5458	0.0287	0.6856
	106.75	0.6136	0.0258	0.5588
	120.00	0.7494	0.0297	0.7015
0.9D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at 90° From Face	66.75	0.2553	-0.0223	0.4238
	73.25	0.3058	-0.0240	0.4552
	80.00	0.3622	-0.0274	0.5635
	86.75	0,4222	-0.0269	0.5110
	100.00	0,5487	-0.0326	0.6742
	106.75	0.6168	-0.0298	0.5644
	120.00	0.7535	-0.0339	0.6901

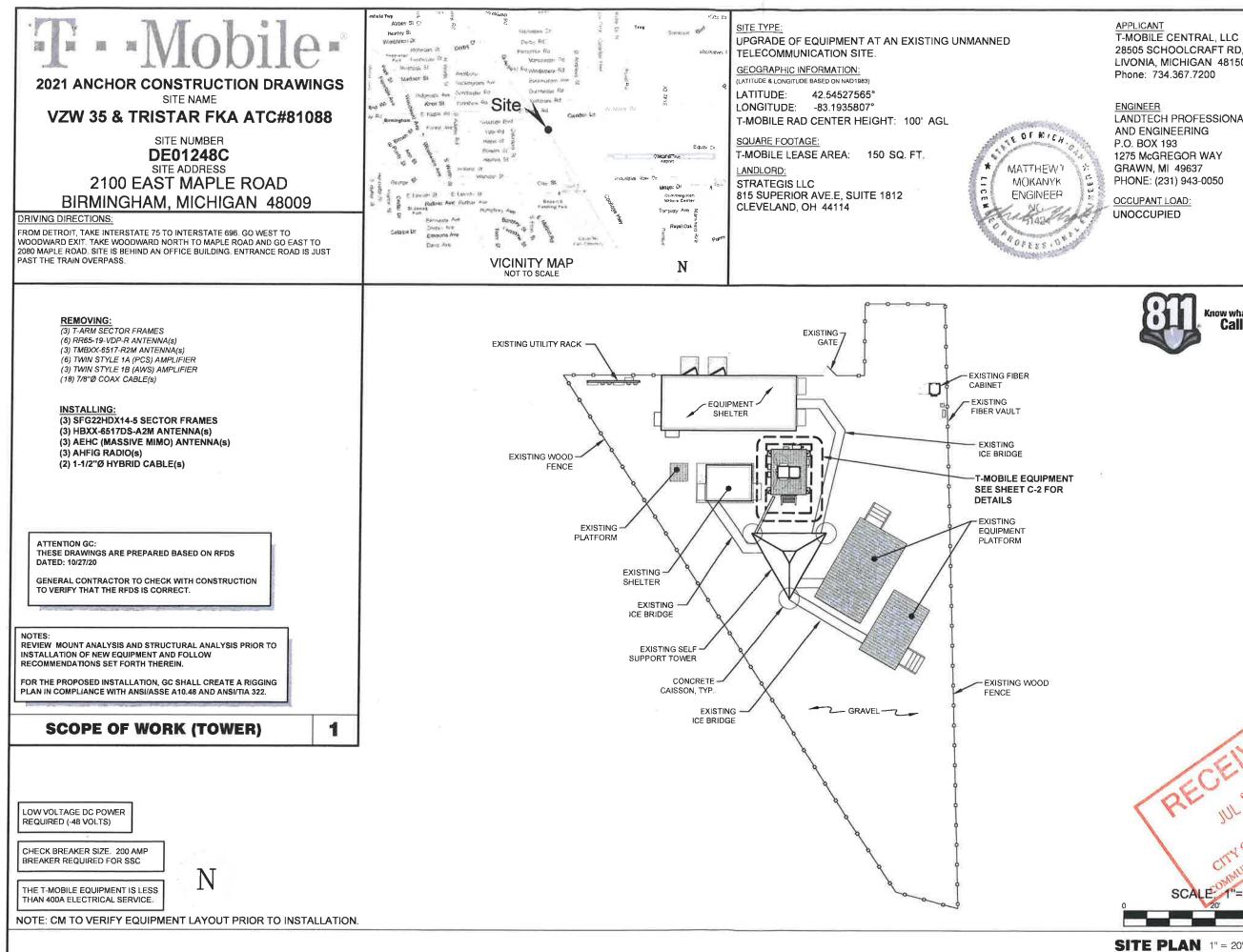
0.9D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at Normal To Face	66.75	0.2601	0.0197	0.4279
	73.25	0.3113	0.0211	0.4598
	80.00	0.3687	0.0239	0.5867
	86.75	0.4294	0.0237	0.5176
	100.00	0.5580	0.0284	0.7021
	106.75	0.6270	0.0263	0,5707
	120.00	0.7659	0.0297	0.7078
		011000	0.0207	0.7070
1.0D + 1.0W 60 mph Wind at 60° From Face	66.75	0.0723	0.0055	0.1190
	73.25	0.0866	0.0060	0.1279
	80.00	0.1026	0.0068	0.1624
	86.75	0.1195	0.0067	0.1439
	100.00	0.1554	0.0081	0.1948
	106.75	0.1746	0.0073	0.1588
	120,00	0.2133	0.0084	0.2020
1.0D + 1.0W 60 mph Wind at 90° From Face				
1.00 · 1.000 00 mph wind at 90 From Face	66.75	0.0728	-0.0064	0.1206
	73.25	0.0872	-0.0068	0.1296
	80.00	0.1033	-0.0078	0.1606
	86.75	0.1203	-0.0077	0.1454
	100.00	0.1563	-0.0093	0.1918
	106.75	0.1756	-0.0085	0.1605
	120.00	0.2145	-0.0096	0.1985
1.0D + 1.0W 60 mph Wind at Normal To Face				
1.55 Theve do high which at Normal TO Face	66.75	0.0743	0.0056	0.1220
	73.25	0.0888	0.0060	0.1310
	80.00	0.1052	0.0069	0.1672
	86.75	0.1225	0.0068	0.1474
	100.00	0.1590	-0.0082	0.1998
	106.75	0.1787	0.0075	0.1625
	120.00	0.2181	0.0085	0.1987
1.2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi 40 mph Wind at 60° From Face	00 7 5			
	66.75	0.0802	0.0059	0.1268
	73.25	0.0956	0.0064	0.1359
	80.00	0.1124	0.0073	0.1710
	86,75	0.1301	0.0070	0.1505
	100.00	0.1672	0.0083	0.1969
	106.75	0.1872	0.0075	0.1628
	120.00	0.2268	0.0084	0.2078
1.2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi 40 mph Wind at 90° From Face	66.75	0.0000	0.0007	
		0.0802	-0.0067	0.1280
	73.25	0.0956	-0.0073	0.1379
	80.00	0.1124	-0.0082	0.1700
	86.75	0.1302	-0.0080	0.1510
	100.00	0.1674	-0.0095	0.1960
	106.75	0.1874	-0.0087	0.1641
	120.00	0.2271	-0.0096	0.2034
1.2D + 1.0Di + 1.0Wi 40 mph Wind at Normal From Face	66.75	0.0799	0.0050	0.4070
			-0.0059	0.1278
	73.25	0.0953	0.0063	0.1381
	80.00	0.1123	0.0072	0.1749
	86.75	0.1303	0.0069	0.1518
	100.00	0.1678	0.0083	0.2014
	106.75	0.1877	-0.0076	0.1648
	120.00	0.2276	0.0084	0.1932
1.2D + 1.0E - Normal To Face	66.75	0.0078	-0.0005	0.0404
	73,25			0.0124
		0.0092	0.0006	0.0134
	80.00	0.0107	0.0007	0.0172
	86.75	0.0123	0.0007	0.0150
	100.00	0.0159	0.0009	0.0206
	106.75	0.0178	0.0008	0.0165
	120.00	0.0218	0.0008	0.0193
1.2D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at 60° From Face	66.75	0.2544	0.0100	
		0.2544	0.0196	0.4191
	73.25	0.3047	0.0210	0.4503
	80.00	0.3610	0.0243	0.5725
8	86.75	0.4206	0.0236	0.5073
	100.00	0.5466		0.6869
	106.75	0.6146	0.0259	0.5598
	120.00	0.7506	0.0298	0.7039

1.2D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at 90° From Face	66.75	0.2556	-0.0224	0,4245
2 2	73.25	0.3062	-0.0240	0.4559
	80.00	0.3627	-0.0274	0.5646
	86.75	0.4228	-0.0270	0,5119
	100.00	0.5495	-0.0327	0.6756
	106.75	0.6178	-0.0298	0.5654
	120.00	0.7547	-0.0339	0.6924
1.2D + 1.6W 89 mph Wind at Normal To Face	66.75	0.2605	0.0197	0.4287
	73.25	0.3117	0.0212	0.4606
	80.00	0.3693	0.0239	0.5880
	86.75	0.4301	0.0238	0.5185
	100.00	0.5588	0.0284	0.7036
	106.75	0.6280	0.0264	0.5718
	120.00	0.7672	0.0298	0.7082

1 64	(開井)			Belled Pi	ier F	our	ndation	Analy	sis and l	Design	-	Da 5/27/	
1	1	0		Customer Name:	KGI	Nirek	ess, Inc.	- Aller and a second	EIA/TIA Sta	ndard.		EIA-2	and the second
				Site Name:	Birmi					leight (Ft.):	+-	12	
1	A	N		Site Number:	27739	-			Engineer N		S	Hess	
Te	ower Engine	ering Solu	tion-	Engr. Number:	10949				Engineer L	The local division of the local division of	-	Tibble	
Foundati	on Info Obtai	ned from:		Mapping Operation	1				Engineer E	ogarie.			
Structure	Type:			Self Supporting Tower					4	3 ft.			
Analysis o	or Design?			Analysis			个 5.	00 ft.					
Base Read	ctions (Factor	ed):					*	111		- 17	77	A	-
Axial Load	d (Kips):		221.0	Shear Force (Kips):	25.6			111		11	11		
Uplift Ford			192.6	Moment (Kips-ft):	0.0			0.6	21.24	(20)	#9 reba		
-1	(192.0	Moment (Mps-11).	0.0			5.0 ft.	21.3 ft		#91604	1	
Foundatio	on Geometrie	<u>s:</u>					V			(2)	5) #3 tie	s	
Diameter	of Pier (ft.):		3.0	Depth of Base B. G. S. :	25.0	ft.					o º/		25 ft
Pier Heigh	it A. G. (ft.);		5.00	Bell Height:	3.8	ft.	-	1	÷_/		Y		
Bell Base T	Thickness (ft.):	:	0.50	Bell Base Diameter:	6.8	ft.		3.75 ft.					
								0.5 f	t.	— ľ		1	
Material P	roperties and	Reabr Info	2					y W	6.75 ft	t		×_	_
Concrete S	strength (psi):		3000	Steel Elastic Modulus:	29000	ksi			<	>			
Vertical ba	r yield (ksi)		60	Tie steel yield strength:	60	ksi		(20)	#9 rebar		= 3 ft (þ Pier	
Vertical Rel	bar Size #:		9	Tie / Stirrup Size #:	3			(20)		11		#3 ties	
Qty. of Ver	tical Rebars:		20	Tie Spacing:	12.0	in.			(P	0)]	1 207	no ties	
Concrete Co	over (in.):		3	Concrete unit weight:	150.0	pcf			112 0	. 11			
Coll Douloo					20010	201			The Party of the P	and the second second			
11	Parameters:								Belled Pier	r Foundation			
	e B.G.S. (ft);		6.0	Unit weight of water:	62.4	psf	Conside	r Skin Fri	ction on Uplift C	Calculation ?	Yes		
	lift/Axial Skin		1.0	Pullout failure Angle:	30	(°)				Sand			
Skin Friction	ns are to be ol	btained from	n:	Calculations I	Please E	nte r L	Ultimate End Bo	earing Pr	essure (psf):	8000	1		
Kc =	1.15	For Sand			Kt =	0.7	For Sand and	Silt	Friction δ Between Pier &	0.05			
Kc =	1.0	Silt/Clay			Kt =	0.85	For Clay		Soil =	0.95			
Depth of	Layers (ft)	Ysoil	φ	Cohesion				Call	Ultimate Uplift	Ultimate Axial	1	1	T
								Soil Types	Skin Friction		Kc	Kt	0
Тор	Bottom	(pcf)	(°)	(psf)	-	_		Types	(psf)	Skin Friction (psf)			
0.0	3.0	110	0	0			0	Sand			1.15	0.70	
3.0	6.0	110	0	2000				Clay	1000.0	1000.0	1.00	0.85	0.5
6.0 11.0	11.0	110	0	2000				Clay	1000.0	1000.0	_	0.85	
1111	35.0 40.0	110	0	2000			8000	Clay	1000.0	1000.0	1.00	0.85	
the second se	40.0							Clay			1.00	0.85	0.0
35.0	1												_
the second se													-
the second se													
the second se													-
35.0											Street, St	-	-
35.0	eight Increase	Pactor for	bouyant so	oils (1.0 to 1.15):	1.1					and the second second			
35.0	eight Increase	P Factor for	bouyant so	oils (1.0 to 1.15):	1.1								
35.0 Soil w		e Factor for	bouyant so		1.1 09491		Page 2	2/2	Date:	5/27/2021			
35.0		Factor for	bouyant so				Page 2	2/2	Date:	5/27/2021			
35.0 Soil wi	apacities:			TES Engr. Number: 10	09491		-				Usage		
35.0 Soil wi Check Soil Ca	apacities: oundation Allo	wable Axai	Capacity (TES Engr. Number: 10	09491 347.0		Design Factore	d Axial L	oad (Kips):	238	0.69		
35.0 Soil wi Check Soil Ca	apacities:	wable Axai	Capacity (TES Engr. Number: 10	09491		-	d Axial L	oad (Kips):				
35.0 Soil we Check Soil Ca Calculated Fo Calculated Fo	apacities: oundation Allo	owable Axai ift Capacity	Capacity ((Kips):	TES Engr. Number: 10	09491 347.0		Design Factore	d Axial L	oad (Kips):	238	0.69		

Reinforcing Concrete Pier:

Concrete Pier:					Usage	
Vertical Steel Rebar Area (sq. in./each):	1.00		Tie / Stirrup Area (sq. in./each):	0.11		
Calculated Moment Capacity (Mn,Kips-Ft):	1016	>	Design Factored Moment (Mu, K-Ft):	258.9	0.25	OK!
Calculated Shear Capacity (Kips):	72.7	>	Design Factored Shear (Kips):	34.6	0.48	OK!
Calculated Tension Capacity (Tn, Kips):	1080.0	>	Design Factored Tension (Tu Kips):	192.6	0.18	OK!
Calculated Compression Capacity (Pn, Kips):	1323	>	Design Factored Axial Load (Pu Kips):	221.0	0.17	OK!
Moment & Tension Strength Combination:	0.22	OK!	Max. Allowable Tie/Stirrup Spacing:	12.00	īn.	
Pier Reinforcement Ratio:	0.020	Re	Inforcement Ratio is satisfied per ACI			



APPLICANT T-MOBILE CENTRAL, LLC 28505 SCHOOLCRAFT RD, BLDG#6 LIVONIA, MICHIGAN 48150 Phone: 734.367.7200

ENGINEER LANDTECH PROFESSIONAL SURVEYING AND ENGINEERING P.O. BOX 193 1275 McGREGOR WAY **GRAWN, MI 49637** PHONE: (231) 943-0050

OCCUPANT LOAD: UNOCCUPIED



Know what's below. Call before you dig. 如服器 第 28505 SCHOOLCRAFT RD, BLDG#6 LIVONIA, MICHIGAN 48150 Phone: 734.367.7200 Fax: 734.367.7242

CONTACT: KEN KALOUSEK (734) 444-0181

21308004 LANDTECH PROJECT NUMBER DATE REV DESCRIPTION 04/26/21 PRELIMINARY CDs TLR 0 05/03/2 FINAL----PER STRATEGIS TIF 05/17/21 REV RAD

2021 ANCHOR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

NOTE: THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO SCALE WHEN PLOTTED ON 11"x17" SHEETS, REFER TO GRAPHIC SCALES ON REPRODUCTIONS



Professional Surveying & Engineering 231,943,0050 www.landtechrs.com 877,520 LAND

SITE #: DE01248C SITE NAME: VZW 35 & TRISTAR FKA ATC#81088 SITE ADDRESS:

2100 EAST MAPLE ROAD BIRMINGHAM, MICHIGAN 48009

Sheet Title:

SITE PLAN

Sheet Number:

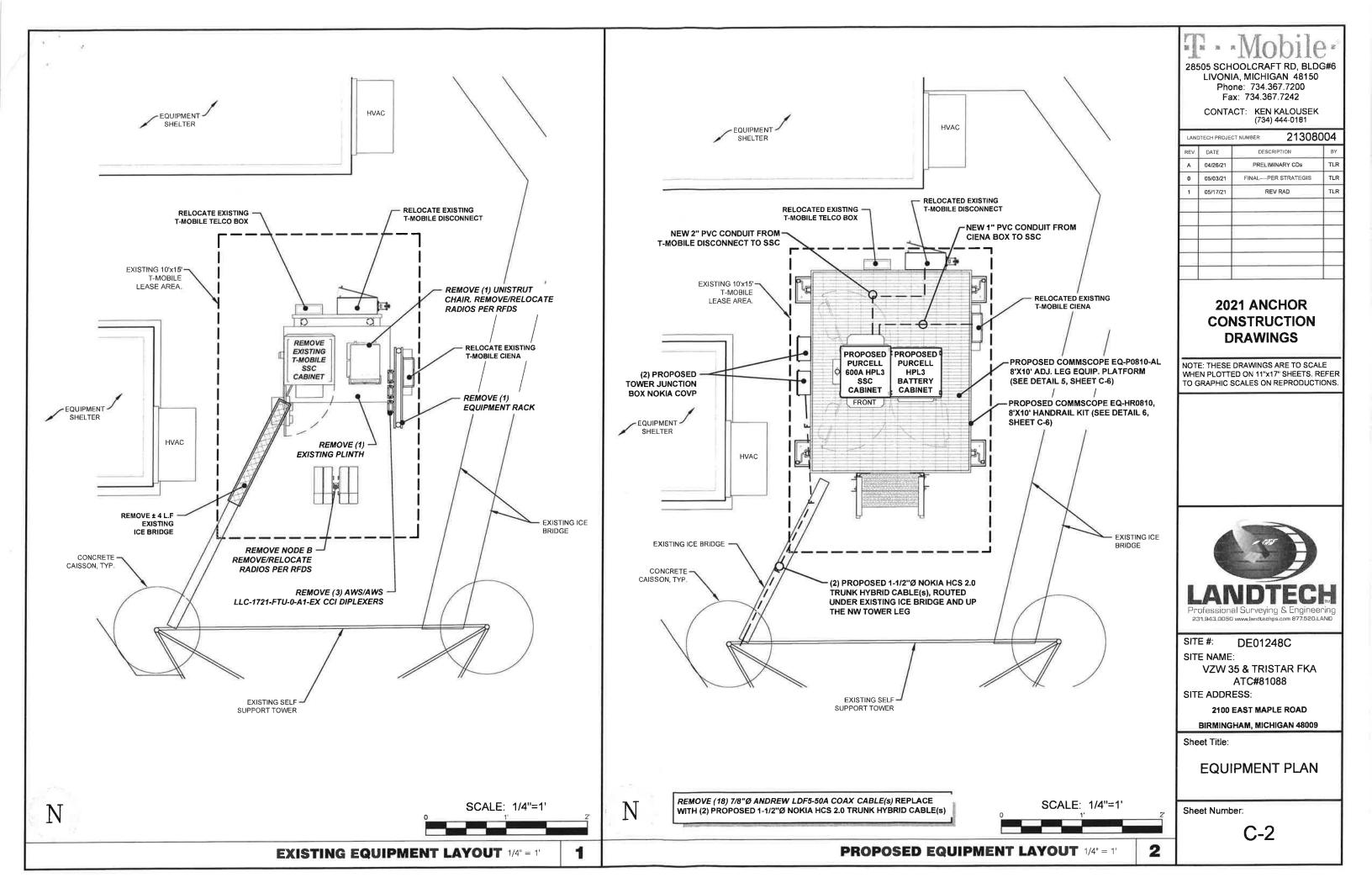
C-1

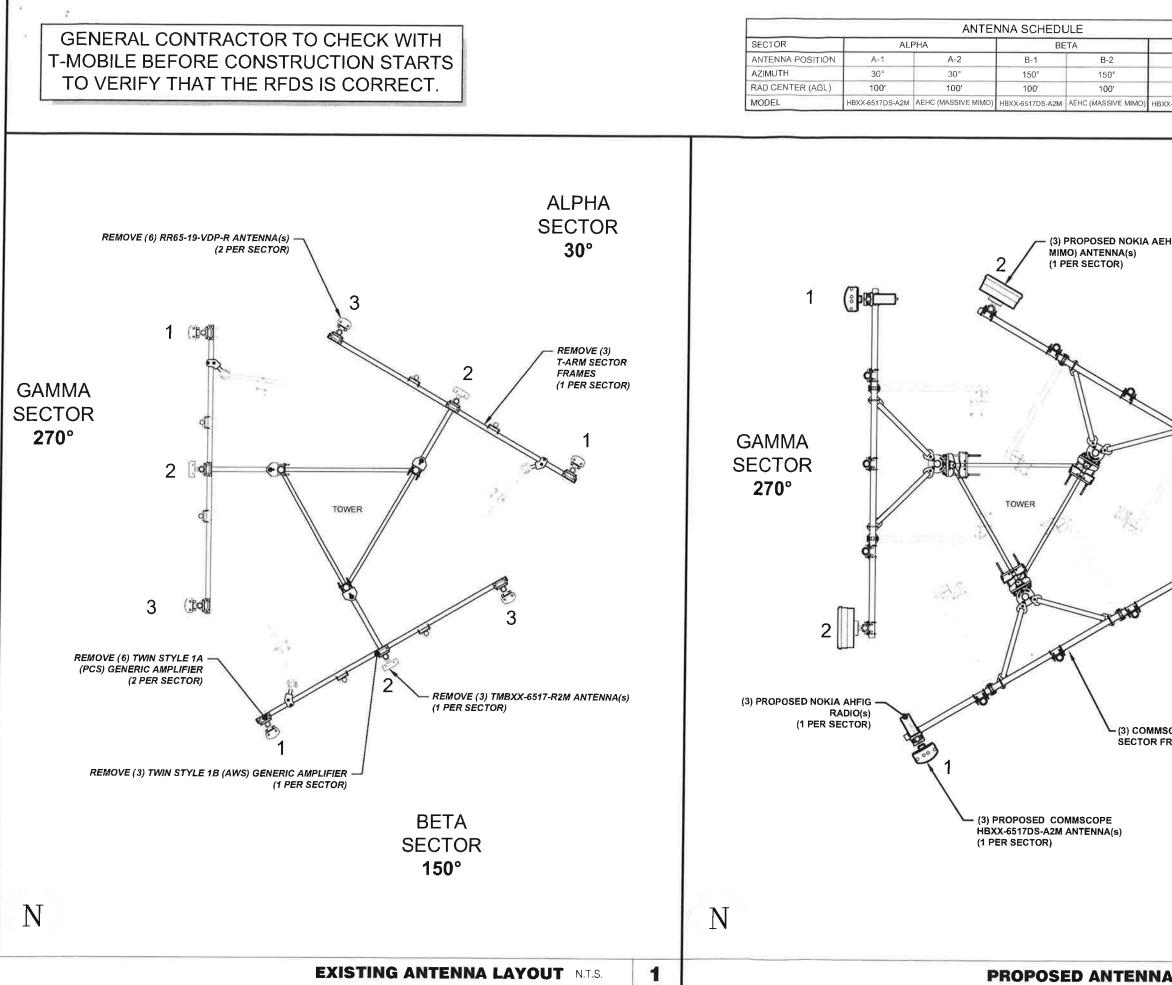
SCALE: 1"=20"

2

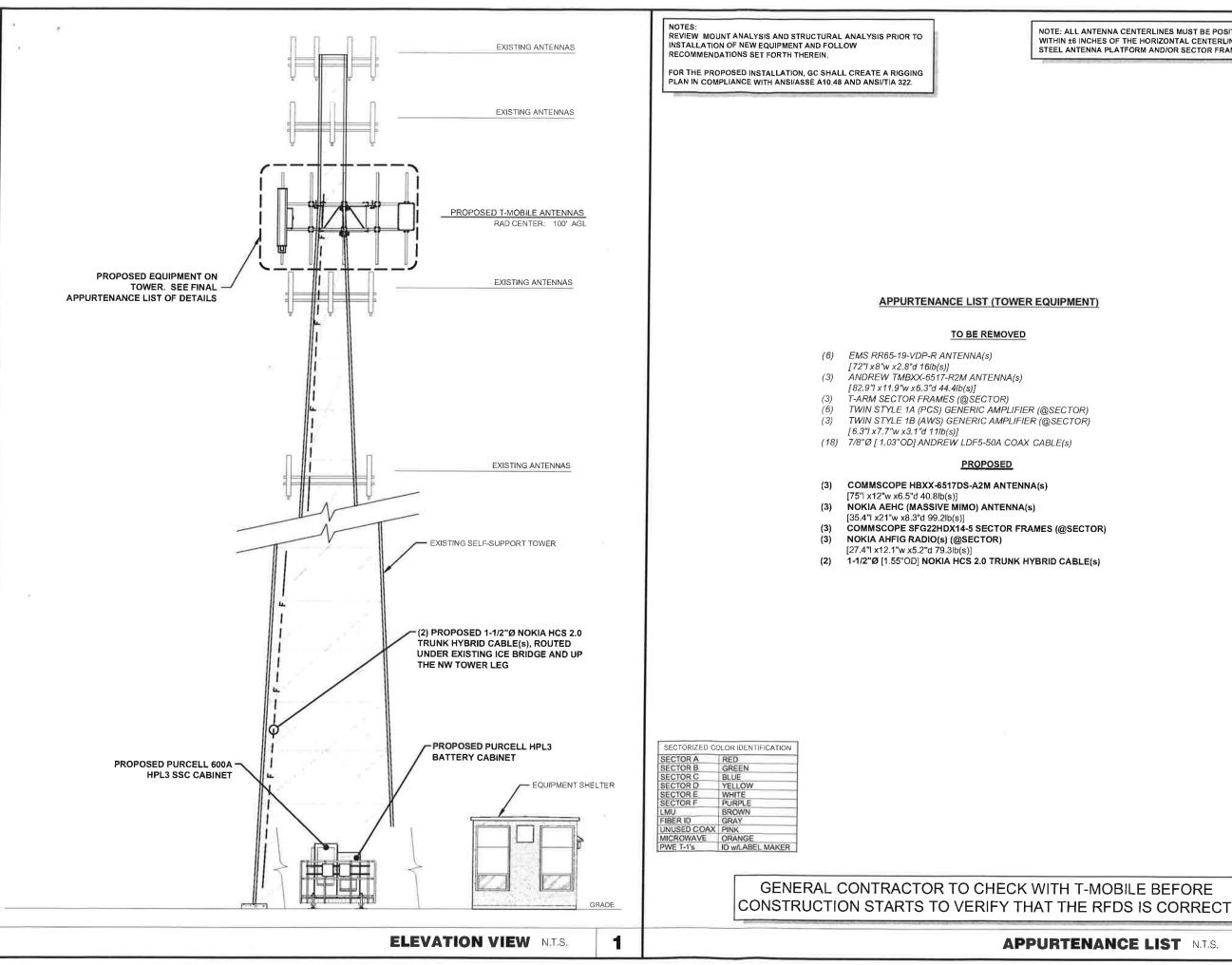
CITY OF BIRMINGH

JUL 2 2 2021

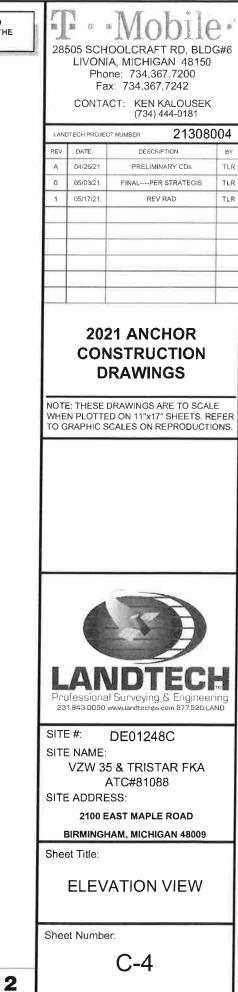


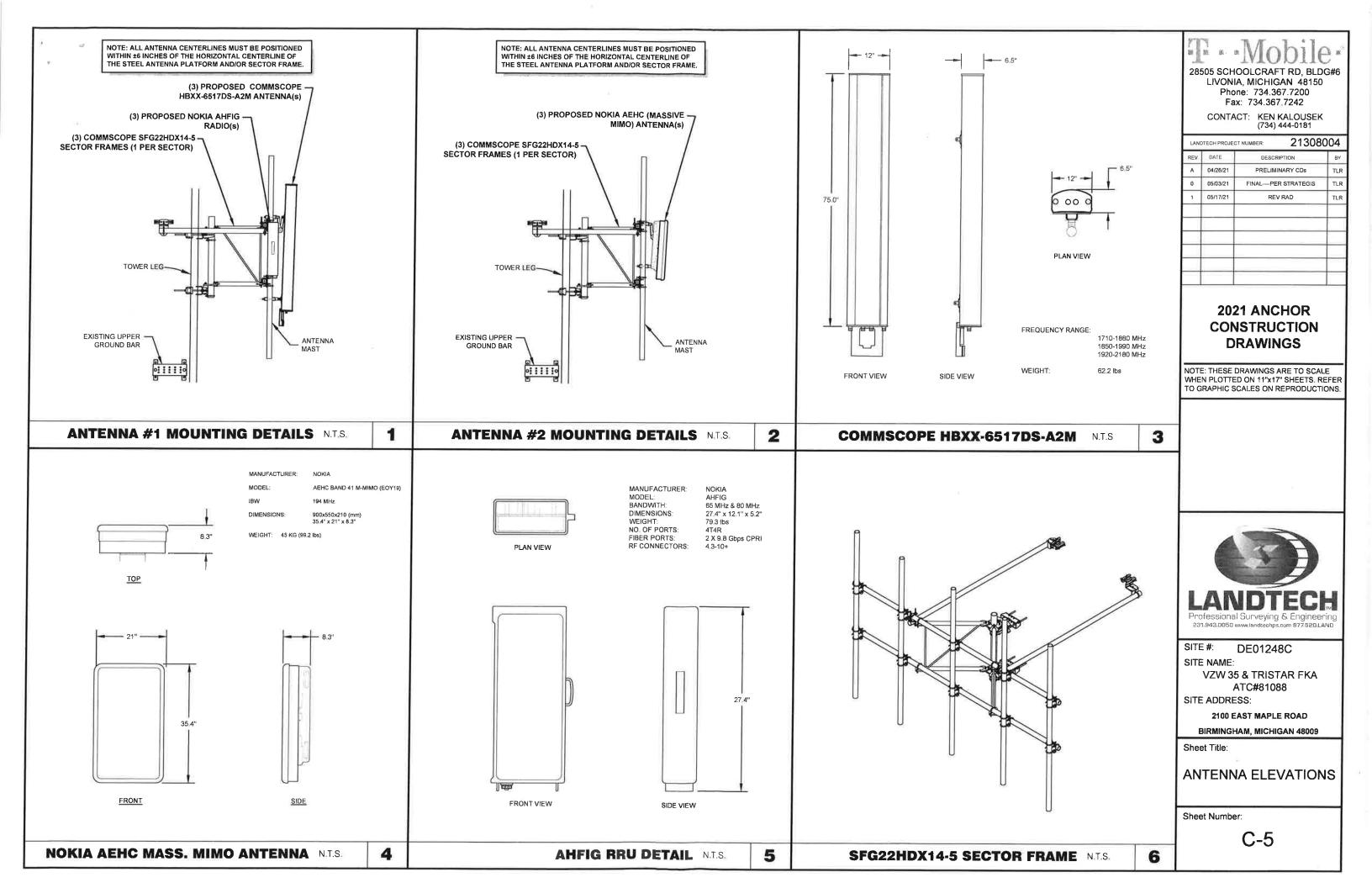


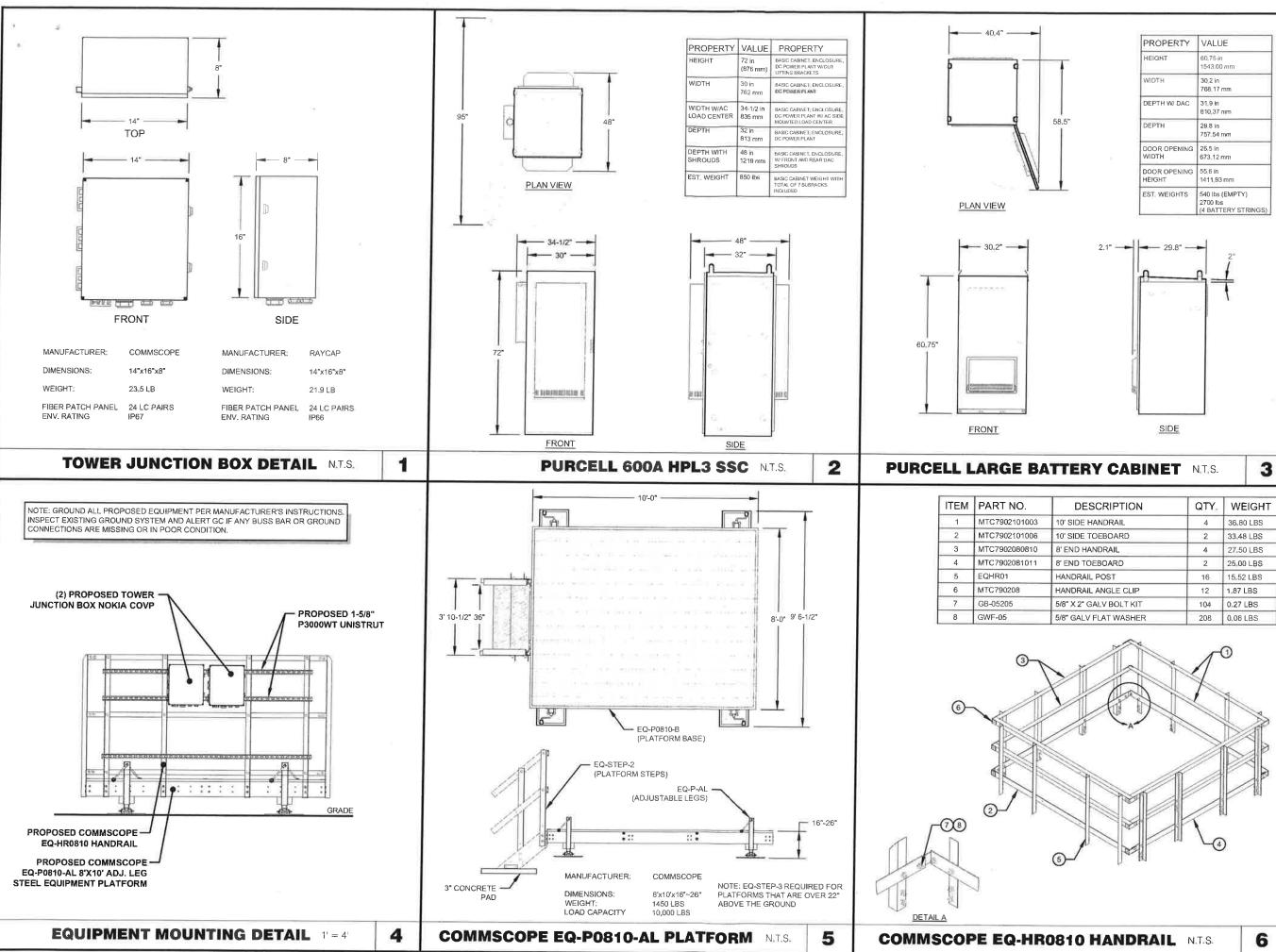
GAMMA C-1 C-2 270° 270° 100° 100° (x-6517DS-A2M AEHC (MASSIVE MIMO) AEHC (MASSIVE MIMO) AEHC (MASSIVE ALPHA SECTOR 30°	Image: Construction of the state o
1	2021 ANCHOR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS NOTE: THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO SCALE WHEN PLOTTED ON 11"x17" SHEETS. REFER TO GRAPHIC SCALES ON REPRODUCTIONS.
2	LANDTECH Professional Surveying & Engineering 231:943.0050 www.landtechps.com 87:520.LAND
BETA BETA SECTOR 150°	SITE #: DE01248C SITE NAME: VZW 35 & TRISTAR FKA ATC#81088 SITE ADDRESS: 2100 EAST MAPLE ROAD BIRMINGHAM, MICHIGAN 48009 Sheet Title: ANTENNA LAYOUT
A LAYOUT N.T.S. 2	Sheet Number: C-3



NOTE: ALL ANTENNA CENTERI INES MUST BE POSITIONED WITHIN ±6 INCHES OF THE HORIZONTAL CENTERLINE OF THE STEEL ANTENNA PLATFORM AND/OR SECTOR FRAME,







VALUE	1	1	R
60.75 in 1543.00 mm		285	50
30 2 in 768 17 mm			
31.9 in 810.37 mm	1		C
29.8 in 757.54 mm		LAND	TE
26.5 in 673.12 mm		REV	(
55 6 in 1411 93 mm		A	0
540 lbs (EMPTY) 2700 lbs (4 BATTERY STRINGS)		1	0
	60,75 in 1543.00 mm 30.2 in 768,17 mm 31.9 in 810,37 mm 29.8 in 757.54 mm 26,5 in 673,12 mm 55,6 in 1411,93 mm 540 lbs (EMPTY) 2700 lbs	60,75 in 1543.00 mm 30.2 in 768,17 mm 31.9 in 810,37 mm 29.8 in 757.54 mm 26,5 in 673,12 mm 55.6 in 1411,938 mm 540 lbs (EMPTY) 2700 lbs	60,75 in 1543.00 mm 285 30,2 in 768,17 mm 31,9 in 810,37 mm 29,8 in 757,54 mm 1 28,5 in 673,12 mm 1 26,5 in 673,12 mm REV 55,6 in 1411,93 mm A 0 540 lbs (EMPTY) 2700 lbs 1

,	-		
	CA	BINET	NTS.

CRIPTION	QTY,	WEIGHT
NDRAIL	4	36,80 LBS
EBOARD	2	33.48 LBS
DRAIL	4	27.50 LBS
BOARD	2	25.00 LBS
POST	16	15.52 LBS
ANGLE CLIP	12	1.87 LBS
LV BOLT KIT	104	0.27 LBS
LAT WASHER	208	0.06 LBS

05 SCHOOLCRAFT RD, BLDG#6 LIVONIA MICHIGAN 48150 Phone: 734.367.7200 Fax: 734.367.7242 CONTACT: KEN KALOUSEK

(734) 444-0181

LANE	TECH PROJEC	T NUMBER 213080	04
REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
Α	04/26/21	PRELIMINARY CDs	TLR
0	05/03/21	FINALPER STRATEGIS	TLR
1	05/17/21	REV RAD	TLR

2021 ANCHOR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

NOTE: THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO SCALE WHEN PLOTTED ON 11"x17" SHEETS, REFER TO GRAPHIC SCALES ON REPRODUCTIONS.



Professional Surveying & Engineering 231,943.0050 www.landtechps.com 877.520 LAND

SITE #: DE01248C SITE NAME: VZW 35 & TRISTAR FKA ATC#81088 SITE ADDRESS:

2100 EAST MAPLE ROAD **BIRMINGHAM, MICHIGAN 48009**

Sheet Title:

EQUIPMENT DETAILS

C-6

Sheet Number:



2 (di secondo da la contra da

OH

Administrative Approval Application **Planning Division** Form will not be processed until it is completely fitted out. PAAD 1. Applicant 2. Property Owner Name: Robert Chapman- SJR Pavement Repa Name:Saved Properties Address: 2425 E. Lincoln St. Suite 100 Address:22120 Ryan Road Warren MI 48091 Birmingham MI 48009 Phone Number:248-914-0818 Phone Number:248 901-0000 Fax Number:586-755-4252 i. Fax Number:248 901-0003 Email Address: sirpavementrepair@wowwav.com Email Address: debbie@drsaved.com 3. Applicant's Attorney/Contact Person 4. Project Designer/Developer Name: Name:SJR Pavement Repair Address: 22120 Ryan Rd Warren MI 48091 Address: Phone Number: 586-755-4206 Phone Number: Fax Number: Fax Number:586-755-4252 Email Address: sirpavementrepair@wowway.com Email Address: 5. Project Information Address/Location of Property:____ Name of Historic District if any: 2425 E. Lincoln St. Birmingham MI 48009 Date of HDC Approval, if any:____ Name of Development: Date of Application for Preliminary Site Plan: Parcel ID#:08-20-31-426-016 Date of Preliminary Site Plan Approval:_____ Current Use:_____ Date of Application for Final Site Plan: Date of Final Site Plan Approval: Area in Acres: Current Zoning: Date of Revised Final Site Plan Approval:

6. Required Attachments

- Warranty Deed with legal description of property
- Authorization from Owner(s) (if applicant is not owner)
- Completed Checklist
- Material Samples
- Specification sheets for all proposed materials, fixtures, and/or mechanical equipment

7. Details of the Request for Administrative Approval

- One (1) digital copy of plans
- Two (2) folded copies of plans including an itemized list of all changes for which administrative approval is requested, with the changes marked in color on all elevations
- Photographs of existing conditions on the site where changes are proposed

This Project is to Remove the 4" asphaalt in front of teh dumpster approach and remove the base concrete, and 8" of concrete for the first 10' then 6" concrete for the restof the approach leading the garbage truck is tearing up the asphlat and the concret will hold up to the heavy dump truck.

The undersigned states the above information is true and correct, and understands that it is the responsibility of the applicant to advise the Planning Division and/or Building Division of any additional changes to the approved site plan.

	Office Use Only	1 4
Application #: PAAƏ1-0114	Office Use Only Date Received: \0]21/2\	Fee: \$ 100-00
Date of Approval: 10125/2	Date of Denial: MA	Reviewed By:

Car of Burningham

CONSENT OF PROPERTY OWNER

 $\mathbf{E} = \frac{1}{2^{N+1}} = \frac{1}{$ COUNTRON CAREACE STATE OF CONTINUES 1. That I are the owner of real estate located at 1925 E. LINCOLA Birming hereit Address of Allered Property Microsof Allered Property MIT 946-1

2. That I have read and examined the Application for Vilministrative Approval made reduct (is of

Broughamme Bibert Chapman

3. That I have no objections to and consent to the requestion described in the Application made to the Curvat

Runngham

By providing your e-mail to the City, you agree to receive news notifications from the City. If you do not wish to receive these messages, you may unsubscribe at any time.

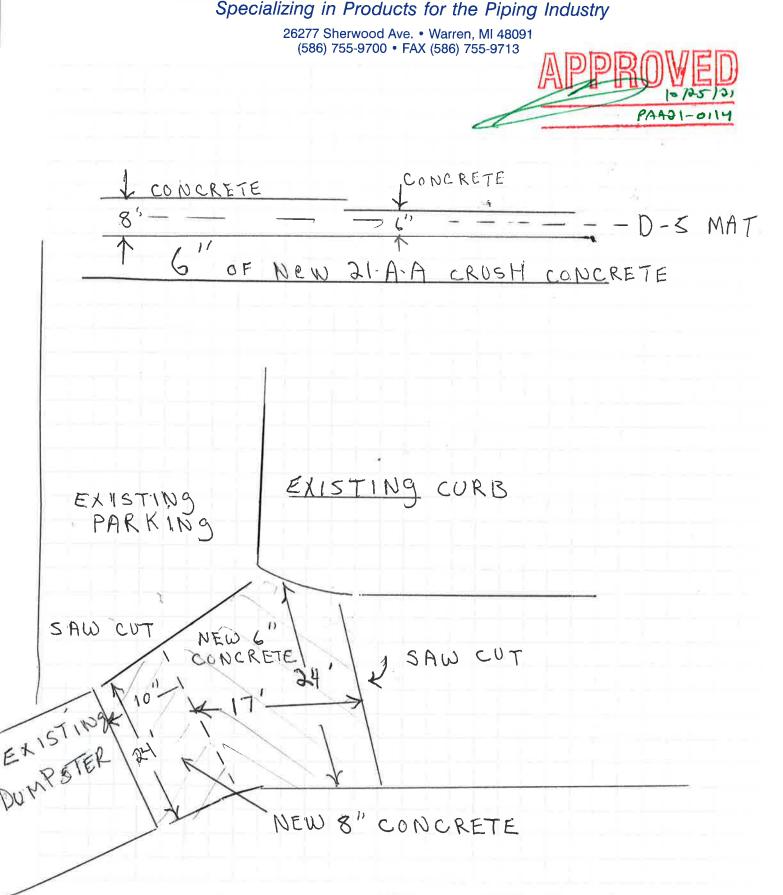
Name of Owner (Printed) Abdullah Suger

Signature of Owner-

Date 16-15 31

2





Stainless, Carbon, Copper, PVC and CPVC Materials in Stock

Linda Chapman

From: Sent: To: Subject: Robert Chapman <sjrpavementrepair@wowway.com> Monday, October 18, 2021 12:06 PM Linda Chapman Please Print

2425 East Lincoln Street, Birmingham, MI- Rmoving Asphalt and replacing with Cor

Area outlined in Red will be 6" Concrete with D5 Wire mat reinforcement. Area in Green will Be 8 " Concrete with D5 Wire Mat reinforcement. Base will be replaced with 4" of 21aa Crushed concrete. Approxomately 650 FT2



AGENDA REGUAR MEETING OF THE BIRMINGHAM PLANNING BOARD

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 2022

151 MARTIN ST., CITY COMMISSION ROOM 205, BIRMINGHAM MI*

The highly transmissible COVID-19 Delta variant is spreading throughout the nation at an alarming rate. As a result, the CDC is recommending that vaccinated and unvaccinated personnel wear a facemask indoors while in public if you live or work in a substantial or high transmission area. Oakland County is currently classified as a substantial transmission area. The City has reinstated mask requirements for all employees while indoors. The mask requirement also applies to all board and commission members as well as the public attending public meetings.

- A. Roll Call
- B. Review and Approval of the Minutes of the Regular Meeting of January 12, 2022
- **C.** Chairpersons' Comments
- **D.** Review of the Agenda
- E. Unfinished Business
- F. Rezoning Applications
- **G.** Community Impact Studies

1. 770 S. Adams – Request for a new 4 & 5-story mixed use building

- H. Special Land Use Permits
 - 1. 100 Townsend Townsend Hotel Request for a new outdoor dining platform in the Townsend right-of-way
- I. Site Plan & Design Reviews
 - 1. 770 S. Adams Request for a new 4 & 5-story mixed use building
 - 2. 100 Townsend Townsend Hotel Request for a new outdoor dining platform in the Townsend right-of-way
 - 3. 159 N. Eton Canelle Request for new outdoor dining patio and site changes
- J. Study Session
- K. Miscellaneous Business and Communications:
 - 1. Communications
 - 2. Administrative Approval Correspondence
 - 3. Draft Agenda February 9, 2022
 - 4. Other Business
- L. Planning Division Action Items
 - 1. Staff Report on Previous Requests
 - 2. Additional Items from Tonight's Meeting
- M. Adjournment

*Please note that board meetings will be conducted in person once again. Members of the public can attend in person at Birmingham City Hall OR may attend virtually at:

Link to Access Virtual Meeting: <u>https://zoom.us/j/111656967</u> Telephone Meeting Access: 877-853-5247 US Toll-Free Meeting ID Code: 111656967

NOTICE: Due to Building Security, public entrance during non-business hours is through the Police Department—Pierce St. Entrance only. Individuals with disabilities requiring assistance to enter the building should request aid via the intercom system at the parking lot entrance gate on Henrietta St.

Persons with disabilities that may require assistance for effective participation in this public meeting should contact the City Clerk's Office at the number (248) 530-1880, or (248) 644-5115 (for the hearing impaired) at least one day before the meeting to request help in mobility, visual, hearing, or other assistance.

Las personas con incapacidad que requieren algún tipo de ayuda para la participación en esta sesión pública deben ponerse en contacto con la oficina del escribano de la ciudad en el número (248) 530-1800 o al (248) 644-5115 (para las personas con incapacidad auditiva) por lo menos un dia antes de la reunión para solicitar ayuda a la movilidad, visual, auditiva, o de otras asistencias. (Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964).



FW: learning from the Daxton problem

2 messages

Scott Clein <sclein@giffelswebster.com> To: Nick Dupuis <ndupuis@bhamgov.org> Mon, Jan 3, 2022 at 10:49 AM

Nick

See below. I am not suggesting Mr. Bloom is correct or otherwise, but want to make sure it is forwarded out of courtesy. Will you please forward to the rest of the planning board and/or include in our next packet as appropriate.

Thanks.

Scott Clein, PE President | Partner



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28 W. Adams Street, Suite 1200 Detroit, MI, 48226 p 313.962.4442 m 313.330.0217 f 313.962.5068

sclein@giffelswebster.com www.giffelswebster.com privacy policy

From: David Bloom <davembloom@yahoo.com> Sent: Wednesday, December 29, 2021 11:44 PM To: Scott Clein <sclein@giffelswebster.com> Subject: learning from the Daxton problem

Hello Scott,

Happy Holidays. This email is for you and the other Planning Board Members. Would you please pass this email on to them? Thanks,

David Bloom

Dear Planning Board Members,

As 2022 begins and you continue your review of the second master plan draft I'd like to reinforce how important your work is for the future of Birmingham and ask you to be mindful of lessons learned with other projects as part of your deliberations and recommendations.

I address this letter to you with the hindsight of the issues that are now evident with the Daxton. If you are not aware I am sure Chief Clemence or Tom Marcus can bring you up to speed.

The Daxton site was built in a way that cannot enable certain operations to be efficiently conducted. This means that to operate the hotel, the public is at best inconvenienced, at worst, pedestrian and traffic safety is questionable. There is no dumpster at ground level in the Daxton, or it would seem space to put one. Waste is handled by using the sole loading dock which to my eyes appears to be undersized in the first place as the garbage can staging area.

For deliveries when the loading dock is unavailable or not large enough, trucks either have to either use the front entrance - which has blocked up Old Woodward to Maple because they do not, or cannot use the valet parking area, or use the north side of Brown blocking the only lane of traffic (the PD has specifically said this is not allowed for safety reasons though they did it anyway) or they use the south side of Brown and then the truck driver has to cross the street to get to the loading dock or garage entrance and back at least twice.

These are issues that cannot be fixed at this point, only managed in degrees, either to the hotel's or the public's detriment, or a combination of both.

Now being able to see these critical concerns and their significant effects, how did this get past your site review process and how can our community use this knowledge within the scope of the Planning Board to help ensure future plans - 2040 master planning and site planning - add to improving Birmingham and our quality of life instead of the opposite occurring? The consequences of these kinds of mistakes are ones we have to struggle with for decades to come so I ask that you please exercise your responsibilities with greater care and look to bring in as many different viewpoints and resources outside of the ones you have within the board to help us have the best possible decision making for our community.

Sincerely,

David Bloom

Sent from Yahoo Mail for iPhone

[EXTERNAL]

Nicholas Dupuis <ndupuis@bhamgov.org> To: Scott Clein <sclein@giffelswebster.com> Tue, Jan 4, 2022 at 10:21 AM

Thank you Scott,

I will include this in the next packet. This is also being worked on internally, thank you for the heads up! [Quoted text hidden]

Nicholas J. Dupuis

Planning Director



Email: ndupuis@bhamgov.org Office: 248-530-1856 Social: Linkedin

Important Note to Residents

Let's connect! Join the Citywide Email System to receive important City updates and critical information specific to your neighborhood at www.bhamgov.org/ citywideemail.



Planning Board Comment

2 messages

Joe Bongiovanni <jbongi05@gmail.com> To: Nicholas Dupuis <ndupuis@bhamgov.org> Mon, Dec 20, 2021 at 12:56 PM

Planning Board Members

Please recognize the following observations about the Bistro application process and consider the added responsibilities that the Commission seems to have placed on the Planning Board.

In the 11/8/21 Commission meeting, Bistro applicants were to be screened by commissioners to be sent to planning for their more detailed approvals.

Unfortunately the minutes do not reflect what occurred that evening accurately and we hope you will be made aware of some of the process that did not seem to be considered fully. In fact there was extensive dialog in which commissioners (3 of which are new) admittedly indicated that they were not familiar with the details of the ordinance in which they were being asked to vote on. Extra time was not taken to fully educate everyone necessary or to review the details fully before presenting.

Conceptually, we understand the process is the commissioners were to approve a "short version" of an application that met the principles of the ordinance, then more details are flushed at planning.

In this meeting considerations typically made would have included, Cuisine and Need for Such, Location and Need for Activation, Parking and Street Concerns, Potential affect on Neighborhoods. No discussion or review of these were considered.

That said, there was a quote by leadership responding to some of the ordinance questions by saying that "Planning will review the details". This signaled a change in thinking that we believe a greater responsibility falls to the planning board.

The process to award Bistro Licenses has always been held to a high standard, the city has in the past not wanted development in certain areas and has encouraged operators to seek the areas that need activation. Style and Offerings are to be considered as to their need in the area. We hope that the PB will carefully review the applicants under the auspices that they are the first to consider the whole ordinance in their recommendation.

Thank you for your attention to this matter

Joe Bongiovanni

Joe Bongiovanni 583 N. Old Woodward 48009 Cell: 248.425.4395 Market: 248.712.4953

Nicholas Dupuis <ndupuis@bhamgov.org> To: Joe Bongiovanni <jbongi05@gmail.com>

Received Joe!

This will go to the Planning Board at their next meeting on Jan. 12, 2021. [Quoted text hidden]

Nicholas J. Dupuis

Planning Director

Mon, Dec 20, 2021 at 1:00 PM